1	NEW YORK STATE SENATE
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4	THE STENOGRAPHIC RECORD
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9	ALBANY, NEW YORK
10	January 18, 2012
11	4:00 p.m.
12	
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14	REGULAR SESSION
15	
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17	
18	SENATOR THOMAS F. O'MARA, Acting President
19	FRANCIS W. PATIENCE, Secretary
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22	
23	
24	
25	

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: The
3	Senate will please come to order.
4	I ask everyone present to please
5	rise and repeat the Pledge of Allegiance.
6	(Whereupon, the assemblage recited
7	the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag.)
8	ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: In the
9	absence of clergy, may we bow our heads in a
10	moment of silence.
11	(Whereupon, the assemblage respected
12	a moment of silence.)
13	ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Thank
14	you.
15	The reading of the Journal.
16	THE SECRETARY: In Senate,
17	Tuesday, January 17th, the Senate met pursuant
18	to adjournment. The Journal of Monday,
19	January 16th, was read and approved. On
20	motion, Senate adjourned.
21	ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
22	Without objection, the Journal stands approved
23	as read.
24	Presentation of petitions.
25	Messages from the Assembly.

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1
                  The Secretary will read.
 2
                  THE SECRETARY:
                                   On page 7,
 3
     Senator Saland moves to discharge, from the
     Committee on Rules, Assembly Bill Number 8694A
 4
 5
     and substitute it for the identical Senate Bill
     Number 6116A, Third Reading Calendar 14.
 6
 7
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
 8
     Substitution ordered.
                  THE SECRETARY:
 9
                                   On page 7,
10
     Senator Ranzenhofer moves to discharge, from
     the Committee on Rules, Assembly Bill Number
11
     8692 and substitute it for the identical Senate
12
     Bill Number 6117, Third Reading Calendar 15.
13
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
14
15
     Substitution ordered.
16
                  THE SECRETARY:
                                   On page 7,
     Senator Savino moves to discharge, from the
17
18
     Committee on Rules, Assembly Bill Number 8909
     and substitute it for the identical Senate Bill
19
20
     Number 6124, Third Reading Calendar 17.
21
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
22
     Substitution ordered.
23
                  THE SECRETARY: And on page 8,
     Senator Seward moves to discharge, from the
24
25
     Committee on Rules, Assembly Bill Number 8903
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and substitute it for the identical Senate Bill
 1
     Number 6131, Third Reading Calendar 19.
 2
 3
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
     Substitution ordered.
 4
 5
                  Messages from the Governor.
                  Reports of standing committees.
 6
 7
                  Reports of select committees.
 8
                  Communications and reports from
     state officers.
9
10
                  Motions and resolutions.
                  Senator Libous.
11
12
                  SENATOR LIBOUS:
                                     Thank you,
13
     Mr. President.
                  On behalf of Senator DeFrancisco,
14
15
     I'd like to move that the following bill be
16
     discharged from its respective committee and be
     recommitted with instructions to strike the
17
18
     enacting clause. And that would be Senate
     Print 4310.
19
20
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              So
21
     ordered.
22
                  Senator Libous.
23
                  SENATOR LIBOUS:
                                     Thank you,
     Mr. President.
24
25
                  I believe there's a privileged
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resolution at the desk by Senator Sampson. 1 2 we please have it read in its entirety and then 3 call on Senator Sampson before we move for its 4 adoption. 5 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: The Secretary will read. 6 7 THE SECRETARY: Legislative resolution by Senator Sampson, memorializing 8 the 83rd Birthday of the Reverend Dr. Martin 9 10 Luther King, Jr. and his tremendous contributions to civil rights and American 11 12 society, and the 26th Anniversary of the national holiday that honors his birth and 13 14 achievements. 15 "WHEREAS, Today we celebrate the life and extraordinary achievements of one of 16 our nation's most beloved and influential 17 18 leaders, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., and the 26th Anniversary of the holiday that honors his 19 20 birth and achievements; and 21 "WHEREAS, Martin Luther King, Jr. was born on Tuesday, January 15, 1929, at his 22 family home in Atlanta, Georgia, and was the 23 first son and second child born to the Reverend 24 25 Martin Luther King, Sr., and Alberta Williams

1 King; and "WHEREAS, Martin Luther King, Jr. 2 3 began his education at the Yonge Street 4 Elementary School in Atlanta, Georgia, attended 5 the Atlanta University Laboratory School and Booker T. Washington High School, and was 6 7 admitted to Morehouse College at the age of 15; 8 and 9 "WHEREAS, At the age of 19, Martin 10 Luther King, Jr. graduated from Morehouse College with a Bachelor of Arts degree in 11 12 sociology, and three years later in 1951 was awarded a Bachelor of Divinity degree from 13 Crozer Theological Seminary in Chester, 14 15 Pennsylvania, where he also studied at the University of Pennsylvania and won several 16 awards for most outstanding student, among 17 18 which was the Crozer Fellowship for Graduate 19 Study at a university of his choice; and 20 "WHEREAS, In 1951, at the age of 21 22, Martin Luther King, Jr. began doctoral 22 studies in systematic theology at Boston University, and also studied at Harvard 23 University, and at the age of 26 was awarded a 24 25 Doctor of Philosophy degree from Boston

1 University in 1955; and 2 "WHEREAS, During his studies at 3 Boston and Harvard Universities, Dr. King 4 married the former Coretta Scott of Marion, 5 Alabama, in 1953; and "WHEREAS, Dr. King entered the 6 7 Christian ministry and was ordained in February 8 of 1948 at the age of 19 at Ebenezer Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia, and became pastor of 9 10 the Dexter Avenue Baptist Church of Montgomery, Alabama, from September of 1954 to November of 11 12 1959, when he resigned to move home to Atlanta; 13 and "WHEREAS, Dr. King was elected 14 15 president of the Montgomery Improvement Association, the organization which was 16 responsible for the successful Montgomery Bus 17 18 Boycott, which began in 1955 and lasted 19 381 days; and 20 "WHEREAS, Dr. King was incarcerated many times for his participation 21 in civil rights activities, was a founder of 22 the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, 23 which he led from 1957 to 1968, and was the 24 25 leader of the 1963 March on Washington for

Civil Rights, which is one of the largest 1 2 peaceful demonstrations in American history and is a defining moment in this nation's civil 3 4 rights movement; and 5 "WHEREAS, Dr. King was honored countless times for his leadership of the 6 7 United States civil rights movement, including his selection by Time magazine as Most 8 Outstanding Personality of 1957 and Man of the 9 10 Year of 1963, and his selection by Link Magazine of India, the home of Mahatma Gandhi, 11 as one of the 16 world leaders who had 12 contributed the most to the advancement of 13 freedom during 1959; and 14 15 "WHEREAS, Dr. King's receipt in 1964 of the Nobel Peace Prize, at the age of 16 35, made him the youngest recipient of that 17 18 prestigious award, and one of only three black 19 Americans who have received that award, along 20 with Dr. Ralph Bunche and President Barack 21 Obama, whose journey to become President owes 22 no small debt to the journey Dr. King and the millions of Americans who walked hand in hand 23 with him undertook to end segregation and 24 25 remind Americans of the great moral

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underpinnings of our federal Constitution,
 1
 2
     which provides that we are all created equal
     and of the incredible power of the American
 3
     ideal that we all deserve to live in a free and
 4
 5
     just society; and
                  "WHEREAS, Dr. King was murdered in
 6
 7
     Memphis, Tennessee, on April 4, 1968, by James
 8
     Earl Ray, and was mourned by millions of
     Americans of all ages, races, creeds and colors
 9
10
     on the national day of mourning declared by
     President Lyndon Johnson; and
11
12
                  "WHEREAS, Dr. King's birthday was
     made into a national holiday in 1986, was first
13
14
     celebrated in all 50 states in the year 2000,
15
     and is the only federal holiday to honor a
     private American citizen; and
16
                  "WHEREAS, Dr. King stands in a
17
18
     long line of great American leaders and
19
     represents the historical culmination and
20
     living embodiment of a spirit of united
     purpose, rooted in Black African culture and
21
22
     the American Dream; and
                  "WHEREAS, Dr. King taught us that
23
     through nonviolence, courage displaces fear,
24
25
     love transforms hate, acceptance dissipates
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prejudice, and mutual regard cancels 1 2 resentment; and "WHEREAS, Dr. King manifestly 3 contributed to the cause of America's freedom. 4 5 His commitment to human dignity is visibly mirrored in the spiritual, economic and 6 7 political dimensions of the civil rights 8 movement; now, therefore, be it 9 "RESOLVED, That this Legislative 10 Body pause in its deliberations to honor the life of the Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, 11 12 Jr., whose untimely death robbed America of his leadership at too early a date, and whose deeds 13 and words transformed America and live in our 14 15 homes, schools and public institutions to this day, continuing to inspire the millions of 16 Americans whose lives of purpose and 17 18 achievement might not have been possible but 19 for Dr. King's leadership and the examples set 20 by the millions of Americans who joined him in 21 one of the great moral crusades of the 20th century; and be it further 22 "RESOLVED, That this Legislative 23 Body calls upon its members and all New Yorkers 24 25 to observe the day of Dr. King's birth as a day

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of service to our family, friends, neighbors
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 2
     and those less fortunate than ourselves, and to
     moral causes greater than ourselves, and to the
 3
 4
     great State of New York, in keeping with the
 5
     ideals of the national Martin Luther King Day
     of Service, which was started by former
 6
     Pennsylvania State Senator Harris Wofford and
 7
     Congressman John Lewis from Atlanta, Georgia,
 8
     who coauthored the King Holiday and Service
 9
10
     Act, signed into law by President Bill Clinton
     in 1994; and be it further
11
                  "RESOLVED, That copies of this
12
     resolution, suitably engrossed, be transmitted
13
14
     to the family of Dr. King and to the King
15
     Center in Atlanta."
16
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
17
     Sampson.
18
                  SENATOR SAMPSON:
                                     Thank you very
     much, Mr. President.
19
20
                  Eighty-three years ago Sunday, in
     Atlanta, Georgia, the world changed forever:
21
     Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was born. Today we
22
     still ask, would this great man have been a
23
     Governor, would he have been a Senator, would
24
25
     he have been the President of the United
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States? Unfortunately, the "would" always remains.

But what we do know is that none of us would be the same without Dr. King. I know that I would not be standing in front of all of you if not for him.

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was one of the greatest visionaries this world has ever had. He spoke of a time when peace would reign and when compassion and understanding between all races would be a reality.

He was a man who lived in extraordinary times, who saw horrible injustices. Yet this humble preacher rose to the call of his people and his country. By his brave, heroic and selfless actions, Dr. King showed the world what a free, fair just society blind to social and ethnic differences would truly be like.

He taught us that violence never brings permanent peace, hate never brings everlasting change, and only compassion, civility and togetherness will rebuild a broken community. He told us that we must learn to live together as brothers or we shall perish

together as fools. And he called on us as one people to rise above hatred and fulfill the promise of equal opportunity for all.

Never before has his message been so important as today. Dr. King's belief in peaceful social change to create a better life for the poor, for the working class, and for the disenfranchised of all races continues to inspire millions around this world.

We cannot let this moment pass or his vision go unrealized. We must harness the inspiration through shared responsibilities and united actions and meet the challenges of our time.

We face significant challenges this year, my colleagues. But as we face these challenges, we must let the philosophy and teachings of Dr. King inspire us. We must let the principles of fairness, equity, and compassion guide us. Every year we take a day to remember and pay tribute to Dr. King. But to truly honor his memory and build upon his legacy, we must continue his work today and every day.

Thank you very much,

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Mr. President.
 1
 2
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
     Smith.
 3
 4
                  SENATOR SMITH:
                                   Thank you very
 5
     much, Mr. President.
                  And let me thank my colleague
 6
 7
     Minority Leader Sampson for bringing forth this
 8
     resolution today.
 9
                  I want to raise just one small
10
     phrase, if you will, that was stated in many of
     Dr. King's speeches. And it's a quick phrase
11
12
     where he talks about us being judged not by the
     color of our skin but by the contents of our
13
     character. What I want to pull out of that
14
15
     word "character" is the word "courage."
16
                  And I would hope, my colleagues,
     as we face a very challenging year -- not only
17
18
     here in Albany, but in our neighborhoods, in
19
     our districts, that we remember that word
20
     "courage."
21
                  There's going to come a time this
22
     year where we're going to have to display
     courage. There's going to come a time next
23
     year we're going to have to display courage.
24
25
     There's going to come a time when you are in
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front of young people and you are in front of a group that you have to display courage to them about making a decision.

This year we have a very challenging budget before us. We're going to have to display some courage. Later on this year, I can assure you some of you will be faced with a moment where you will have to represent a position that may not be one that you thought you would have to speak on behalf of. But yet and still, because of what individuals like Martin Luther King has done, what he represented, you will be faced with the decision of do you display courage or do you just go along with the program.

I think what Martin would have said had he stood on this Senate floor at about 4:17 on this day was "Courage is what is going to get us to that Promised Land." And the promised land is one where all of us, each and every one of us, will be able to stand firm and, when somebody says to you "What is it that I can describe is the contents of your character," they'll be able to describe it with one word.

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1
                  There was Bill Perkins on that day
 2
     who displayed courage. There was Senator
     Grisanti, who had to make a statement before a
 3
 4
     group that he felt was not going to agree with
 5
     what he had to say, but he displayed courage.
     There was Senator Fuschillo, when the time came
 6
     he thought that everybody would be with him, he
 7
     had to display courage. And there was Senator
 8
     Andrea Stewart-Cousins: When we all thought we
 9
10
     were good and had the right thing to say, she
11
     displayed courage.
12
                  This is a courage year. And I'd
     ask all my colleagues, as you begin to search
13
14
     your heart and your spirit, the day you have to
15
     make that decision that you rest on your
16
     courage blanket, the blanket that will cover
     you from this day forward as people describe
17
18
     the contents of your character and not the
19
     color of your skin: Courage. Dr. Martin
20
     Luther King.
21
                  Thank you, Mr. President.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
22
                                              Senator
     Espaillat.
23
24
                  SENATOR ESPAILLAT:
                                       Thank you,
25
     Mr. President.
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Every year we celebrate the great legacy of Martin Luther King, and every year we have the opportunity to wonder what would the great Martin Luther King think of some of the current issues, some of the current pressing issues that are affecting us today.

What would he be, as an 82-year-old man, thinking about when he saw the current issues affecting the great State of New York and the great nation? What would he think about working men and women, the working men and women across this state and across the nation that are being assaulted of their benefits, their pay? What would he would think of farmworkers right here in New York State that can easily qualify as modern-day indentured servants?

What would he think of the dropout rate of young men and women of color across this state? What would he think of gun violence and the many measures that we tried to implement -- microstamping and others -- that we failed to implement here in the great State of New York to stop the onslaught against young men and women across this state?

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1
                  What would he think of immigrants,
 2
     a group of young men and women called the
     Dreamers, that have embodied his message
 3
 4
     because they want to have access to higher
 5
     education? What would he think about that, our
     inability to open the doors to those young men
 6
     and women? What would Dr. King right now, at
 7
 8
     82, think about the dreamers?
 9
                  So I want to follow the lead of my
10
     great colleague Malcolm Smith and say that we
11
     should try to push for this to be not a
12
     drive-by analysis of Dr. King and his legacy
     but a work in progress. And that we should try
13
     to accomplish some of the things that I am sure
14
15
     that he would hold up as great accomplishments
     for the great State of New York.
16
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
17
                                              Senator
18
     Grisanti.
19
                  SENATOR GRISANTI:
                                      Yes, thank
20
     you, Mr. President.
21
                  And, Senator Smith, I want to
22
     thank you for those kind words that you stated
23
     earlier.
                  It's the Reverend Dr. Martin
24
25
     Luther King, as I was corrected a few times
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because I forgot the word "Reverend." But nonetheless, a man with a vision that would conquer without violence, as Senator Sampson has stated. And he would use his intellect and his reason to move things forward and in a progressive fashion.

There are certain issues in my area, certain issues where people still have not overcome. And that is not only true of my area but across this state and across this great nation. Now, there has been movement. But this road -- and what I've realized, being here in the New York State Senate -- still has to be traveled. The light at the end of the tunnel is bright, but to some it is not bright enough.

I urge all people, as I have been hearing throughout these last few days, to ask just to help one another. Do some community service, say nice words to somebody, help out a neighbor, help out a friend, listen and provide sound advice.

I ask that what we do, not only here today but every day, is keep the vision of this great man alive who asked little except

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for equality, economic justice, and hope for
 1
 2
     all -- and let us not forget a strong statement
     that he stated, education, which is a strong
 3
 4
     equalizer.
 5
                  I'm proud to join in this
     resolution, Mr. President. Thank you very
 6
 7
     much.
 8
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
9
     Parker.
10
                  SENATOR PARKER:
                                     Thank you,
     Mr. President.
11
12
                  First let me thank Senator Sampson
     for his leadership in putting forth this
13
     important resolution.
14
15
                  On this past Sunday, January 15th,
16
     Dr. King would have been 83 years old had he
     been allowed to live. But as he indicated,
17
18
     longevity has its place. For him, it was more
19
     important for him to expand what we see in
20
     society.
21
                  We are living now 44 years after
     the death of Dr. King in 1968 and about
22
23
     18 years after the creation of the holiday.
     have high school seniors right now who have
24
25
     lived their whole life with the holiday who
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don't remember not just the importance of Dr. King's life and legacy, but don't even recognize how hard it was to get this day.

That in fact it took about almost 10 years from the beginning, from the first time that the bill was introduced in Congress in 1986, to 1994 when it was finally signed into law and became the law of our land. And so Dr. King's legacy was being played out even then.

And so to those young high school seniors who don't remember the struggle that it took for Dr. King's day to become a holiday, I want us all to join them in rededicating ourselves to Dr. King's life and legacy, to the things that Dr. King believed in. And we heard a little bit about that today.

Particularly I want to point out what Senator Smith said about courage, which was really important. Because we're quick to talk about the dream, everybody wants to always talk about the dream. Which really, by the way, was just a little catch phrase that he was using at the end of an important speech, where he went to D.C. with -- you know, everybody acts like he was standing there by himself. He

was there with about 250,000 people who were 1 2 upset and who had come to Washington to look for justice. Who came there with a check that 3 had been marked "Insufficient" in the name of 4 5 justice and were looking for justice to be done. 6 7 The question is, as we stand here 8 today, has that check been cashed yet? 9 still, many of us, stand at the bank of 10 humanity and the bank of justice and ask, Can we get this check marked "Sufficient"? Can we 11 12 cash this check and find real justice in the State of New York? That's something that every 13 14 day we're going to have to deal with. 15 And I know we're all happy with 16 the notion of King as a nonviolent peacemaker. But let's be clear, that's not who Dr. King 17 18 was. And I'm not saying he was a violent man. But I'm saying we understand that the man was 19 20 involved with nonviolent engagement, direct 21 engagement. Dr. King spent more time in jail 22 than me. 23 (Laughter.) SENATOR PARKER: So you all know 24 25 that at the time of his life this was not a

popular man. 1 2 (Laughter.) 3 SENATOR PARKER: I want to invite 4 people to read what I've read during the 5 Dr. King holiday this year, which was "Letter from the Birmingham Jail." And in the "Letter 6 7 from the Birmingham Jail," Dr. King wrote a letter not to people who he saw as members of 8 the KKK or people that he saw as antagonistic 9 10 to his goal of racial justice, but he wrote that letter to other colleagues in the ministry 11 12 who had been critiquing him. That in fact some of his harshest critics were the very people he 13 was fighting for. 14 15 That now we all love Dr. King, and we stand here and we've got, you know, 16 billboards and placards and concerts in his 17 18 name. But at the time Dr. King was not somebody who people wanted to even have in 19 20 their church, let alone, you know, come to their community and start organizing. 21 And so we should celebrate his 22 life and legacy, but let's not have revisionist 23 history. Let's understand that that man walked 24 25 up the rough side of the mountain. And when he

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got a chance to look upon -- what did he call
 1
     it? -- the gleaming city on the top of the
 2
     hill, he knew that he was not going to get
 3
 4
     there. Because he knew that there were forces
 5
     in this country that were not going to allow
     him to get there and get to that bank to cash
 6
 7
     that check "Sufficient."
                  And so today I want to join all my
 8
 9
     colleagues in recommitting ourselves to
10
     Dr. King's message of justice. But not just
11
     justice, but direct engagement to the things
12
     that are not just in our society. Because only
     by standing up to injustice in our society can
13
     we truly have justice for one and all here in
14
15
     the State of New York.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
16
                                              Senator
17
     Adams.
18
                  SENATOR ADAMS:
                                   Thank you. And I
     too want to add my voice in thanking Senator
19
20
     Sampson for bringing this resolution to the
21
     floor.
                  You know, every year when I think
22
     about my brief moment of pausing and thinking
23
     of Dr. King, I look at it through the analogy
24
25
     of every year you have the Academy Awards, and
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1 awards are given to those who have the best 2 picture or the best producer. And I think that acknowledgment is done because they realize 3 it's not the individual that makes this real 4 5 life drama that we call our human existence possible, it's the combination of all those who 6 7 are involved. 8 And if Dr. King was here, he would probably tell us, I may have been the focal 9 10 point, but there were many people who 11 participated in this great experience that took place in this country. 12 13 And that was only the continuation of the sequel. His was not the original show. 14 15 There were many shows prior to his. There were the Chinese-Americans as they built the 16 American railroads, and their struggle. 17 The 18 Irish-Americans, as they came here to these 19 shores and were treated in a degrading 20 fashion. The Italian-Americans. 21 And so Dr. King's experience for African-Americans was the continuation of the 22 sequel of humankind being kind as human 23 beings. And if we attempt to just relegate it 24 25 just to people of darker skin tone looking for

their foothold in America, then I think we're doing a disservice to the spirit of Dr. King and the entire human experience.

The question now that lingers over us that we must change from a question mark to an exclamation point is how are we going to live in our sequel. Because we are living the sequel of all of those great movements that is concluding to this great show that we are experiencing now on the stage of real-life American history.

And that's what I want to be a part of. I don't want to continue to look at the rewinds or look at the old clips, I want to make sure I'm part of the new clips. And the new clips states that it does not matter of ethnicity, it does not matter if you're in a synagogue or mosque or in a Christian church. It's about America pricking the conscience of the globe to state you have a right to be here, worship here, thrive here and live a productive life. That's the America I want to be a part of.

So the greatest contribution we can make to Dr. King and all of the supporting

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1
     cast that participated in the civil rights
 2
     movement, that lived through their sequel, is
     that we can continue ours and make sure that we
 3
 4
     have a landmark, a treasure, a great script in
 5
     this real-life human experience that our
     children can build upon and make sure that they
 6
 7
     too can say we have a movie we saw with our
 8
     dads and our mothers and our Senators and our
     Assemblypersons and our Governors that made the
 9
10
     State of New York a great place to be.
     folks will reflect on the dream that we laid
11
12
     for others to live through.
13
                  That's what Dr. King was about.
     That's what I believe we should be about. And
14
15
     that's what I will commit my life to be about.
16
                  Thank you, Mr. President.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
17
                                              Senator
18
     Perkins.
19
                  SENATOR PERKINS:
                                      Thank you very
20
     much.
21
                  I just want to first register my
22
     appreciation to Senator Sampson for the
     resolution that he provides us with an
23
     opportunity to speak on, and also to register a
24
25
     complaint about all those who spoke before me
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and stole my presentation. 1 2 (Laughter.) 3 SENATOR PERKINS: Especially you, Eric Adams. 4 5 But nevertheless, nevertheless, I'm going to just be brief in recognizing that, 6 7 you know, I had the privilege of being a part of the Poor People's Campaign. And it was the 8 last campaign that Dr. King participated in or 9 10 organized. And just before that, as you know, was Memphis, where he was assassinated. 11 12 The workers and the poor people, the people that we all represent. And the 13 14 dream that he has is what we are trying to 15 embrace and trying to use as we do our work 16 here. 17 So we need to make sure that this 18 session we have like a report card that is our 19 Dr. King report card that basically measures 20 whether or not it was rhetoric in the record or 21 it was something that we actually did that Dr. King could smile about because we didn't 22 just take the opening session of session to 23 praise him and then deny him when it came time 24 25 to legislation that reflects the needs of the

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poor, that reflects the needs of the working
 1
 2
     class, the workers in general.
                  So I'm honored to have the
 3
 4
     opportunity to have my words plagiarized before
 5
     me and to be associated with all of you as we
     travel this path to really fulfill in our
 6
 7
     legislation the dream of Dr. King in New York
 8
     State.
 9
                  Thank you.
10
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
     Savino.
11
12
                  SENATOR SAVINO:
                                     Thank you,
13
     Mr. President.
                  I also rise and I want to thank
14
15
     Senator Sampson and Senator Smith for bringing
16
     this resolution to the floor.
17
                  Every year when this resolution
18
     has come forward I feel the need to stand and
19
     speak about what Dr. Martin Luther King meant
20
     to me.
21
                  I think we should always remember
22
     where he was on the day that he was killed --
     leading a strike of striking sanitation workers
23
     in the City of Memphis, workers who were denied
24
25
     equal treatment to their white counterparts,
```

workers who were denied being treated as human beings at all by the City of Memphis. The sad thing is is some of those workers that were on strike that day to this day still don't have a pension from the City of Memphis.

So you wonder what would Dr. King think about what's happening to working people today. What would he think about the way executives and town supervisors and mayors across this country and editorial boards are looking to attack workers' rights, denigrate the representatives of workers' rights, silence the critics every day.

We should remember where

Dr. Martin Luther King was on the day he was

killed. We should remember what he was

fighting for. We should not allow this

economic crisis to turn our backs on the rights

of working people.

So we should remember that as we go forward this year and we make hard decisions that will affect workers and workers' rights, that we live up to the promise of Dr. Martin Luther King. That workers should have the right to band together for mutual aid and

protection, that we should have a right to have a say in our workplace, that we are entitled to dignity not just in our everyday work life but in our retirement as well. And that we should not vilify those who stand up to speak for the rights of workers.

That is his message to me this year. And I hope it's his message to all of you in this chamber. Because I don't think that Dr. King would be very proud of what's happening across this country. And I wonder what he would think about what happened in Wisconsin earlier this year. He probably would have been very, very disappointed in some of the people out there. But then I think today he might be very proud as a million people signed a petition to start a recall effort of a governor who sought to vilify workers and their rights.

So as we go forward, let's remember that Dr. King believed in the rights of workers and believed in the rights of all humanity.

Thank you, Mr. President.

ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator

Huntley. 1 2 SENATOR HUNTLEY: Yes, thank you, 3 Mr. President. 4 I personally knew Dr. Martin 5 Luther King. I was involved with the Poor Folks March, along with him and in those days 6 7 it was Reverend Jackson. I remember it very well: My husband and I, our youngest child on 8 his back, and a brown bag with lunch. And we 9 10 went, we worked, we helped the poor people, we passed out food, we gave our clothing. And I 11 also remember the water hose and the dogs. 12 13 And when I think of Dr. Martin Luther King, I often wonder how he survived as 14 15 long as he did. He did not have an easy life. I just heard when Senator Parker talked about 16 how things were tough -- he left his family, he 17 18 cared about people. And when time came to pass 19 the bill, there were actually people who didn't 20 want to vote to make this a holiday. And I also think about how we talk 21 about Dr. King once a year, how everybody has 22 great things to say about him, and yet we do 23 not -- now I'm personally speaking for me -- we 24 25 do not live the dream.

There are a number of young people 1 2 in our schools who know absolutely nothing about Dr. King because they're a different 3 4 generation. And we really don't take time in 5 our schools across the state to teach them about Dr. Martin Luther King. And I think 6 7 that's one thing that we should inform schools 8 they need to know. You know, whether they live 9 the dream or not. But I think he's a person 10 that everyone should know about. I mean, we all know about other top figures. And I think 11 12 he's made his place in America, and I think we owe him that much. 13 14 Thank you. 15 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator Stewart-Cousins. 16 17 SENATOR STEWART-COUSINS: Thank 18 you, Mr. President. 19 I also want to thank Senator 20 Sampson for bringing forth this resolution. 21 And as I was listening to all of 22 my distinguished colleagues talk about the past, the present, the future, I thought about 23 what I did this weekend. And I'm sure it 24 25 mirrored what most of you did this weekend,

going to events given by different groups to rekindle the message of Dr. King.

One of the events that I went to was down in the city, and it was an event called Occupy the Dream. And I looked at this crowd of well over a thousand people who had marched from St. John the Divine to Riverside Church to carry the banner of Dr. King. And it was an Occupy the Dream night.

What an incredible sight to see.

Not only the people who knew Dr. King or who organized, but the young, vibrant, energized people who understood, despite the fact that many of them were born long after Dr. King's death, they understood almost on a cellular level how important it was to continue to push forward the ideals that Dr. King represented.

They understood that we still are a nation that has too many people in poverty, that one out of two people are poor or near poor, that one-quarter of our children in this nation are hunger. And they understood that that dream can only be fulfilled when we find a way to make sure that our children are fed, that their minds and bodies are whole and given

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1
     what the nourishment is that they need, and
     that we each have an opportunity to fulfill
 2
     what we can in life through work that is valued
 3
 4
     and remunerated properly.
 5
                  So the dream for those who think
     that young people don't know, it's alive, it's
 6
 7
     Occupy, and it's up to us to help fulfill
     Dr. King's mission.
 8
 9
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
10
     Little.
11
                  SENATOR LITTLE:
                                     Thank you,
     Mr. President.
12
                  I too would like to thank Senator
13
14
     Sampson for presenting this resolution today.
15
                  This past weekend I was privileged
     to participate in two ceremonies, one in
16
     Glens Falls and one in the city of
17
18
     Plattsburgh. And in both of those ceremonies
19
     we marched, we had thoughtful remarks by
20
     participants, we had musical selections and
     song as we celebrated and remembered the life
21
     and the accomplishments of the Reverend
22
     Dr. Martin Luther King.
23
                  But last year I read a book, and
24
     the book was called Behind the Dream:
25
                                             The
```

```
1
     Making of the Speech that Transformed a
 2
              It's by Clarence Jones.
                                       In 1963,
     Clarence Jones was in his early 30s.
 3
 4
     counsel to Dr. King. And he also was a draft
 5
     speech writer.
                  So as they sat at the Lincoln
 6
 7
     Memorial waiting for Dr. King to do his
 8
     speech -- or actually before they sat there,
     Clarence Jones decided that it might be a good
 9
10
     idea, something he had never done before, but
     he copyrighted Dr. King's speech. And in doing
11
12
     so, it was no longer in the public domain, it
     became a copyrighted speech.
13
                  At the time of the speech that he
14
15
     had presented to Dr. King, it did not have the
16
     "I have a dream" words in it, but that speech
     had been given at another time. But also
17
18
     sitting on the stage was Mahalia Jackson, who
19
     had sung in the ceremony. And as Dr. King was
20
     speaking, Mahalia Jackson spoke out and said to
21
     Dr. King, "Tell them about your dream,
22
     Martin." And he began the "I have a dream"
23
     talk.
                  The copyright to that speech has
24
25
     brought in a revenue stream to the King Center
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1
     ever since.
                  Something that maybe no one had
     ever thought of doing, and Clarence Jones had
 2
     done it on a whim, just decided that he would
 3
 4
     do that. And the results have been funding
 5
     that has continued the spirit and the goals of
     Dr. Martin Luther King through the years.
 6
                  So I would recommend the book.
 7
                                                   Ιt
     was really very interesting and an inside story
 8
     as to leading up to the speech and afterwards.
 9
10
                  Thank you.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
11
                                              Senator
12
     Krueger.
13
                  SENATOR KRUEGER:
                                      Thank you,
14
     Mr. President.
15
                  I also want to thank John Sampson
     for bringing this resolution today. But mostly
16
     I wanted to thank my colleagues who stood up
17
18
     and spoke so eloquently not just about
19
     Dr. Martin Luther King but what it meant to
20
     their lives and their communities.
                  So I'd like to go on the record
21
22
     and point out that I suspect many of my
     colleagues who spoke here today wouldn't be
23
     here if not for Martin Luther King, the work he
24
25
     did, what he represented, the fight he fought,
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```
1
     the fight we all continue and are obligated to
 2
     continue to fight for the heart and soul of
 3
     this country.
                  And so I thank Dr. Martin Luther
 4
 5
     King for doing the work he did that impacted so
     many but, for us here in New York State,
 6
 7
     brought us great legislators like the ones who
 8
     spoke on his behalf today.
 9
                  Thank you, Mr. President.
10
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
     Hassell-Thompson.
11
12
                  SENATOR HASSELL-THOMPSON:
                                               Thank
     you, Mr. President.
13
                  I rise to add my thanks to our
14
15
     leader, John Sampson, and Senator Smith.
16
                  I think many of us raced to have
     the opportunity to put in this resolution
17
18
     because each of us feels very strongly that --
19
     particularly those of us who have people of
20
     color believe that were it not for the efforts
21
     of Dr. King, none of us would be here.
22
     the days of Reconstruction, we represent the
23
     largest body of elected officials that help to
     develop policy across this nation. And I don't
24
25
     take any of that lightly.
```

And so as I celebrated this weekend, as others did, at occasions it gave me an opportunity to pause. Because as we continue to read the writings of this man, we recognize that leadership was not something that he chose.

He did not want to be a leader.

He chose to be a pastor who wanted to be the spiritual leader. But somewhere in his orations, people found that he could make people listen. And that's a quality that leaders must have. He could make people come together and at least look at his ideas.

That's the quality that a leader must have.

And in his ability to do so, he was able to get people to pause in their deliberations, and think. And those are qualities that a leader must have.

And so he excelled in his oration as someone who understood word language and knew how to use the power of that language to say to people, There is good in you and I'm looking for that good to join with me to find the good in each other so that we can make all of these truths that we have avowed to be true that so

that all people, all people can be considered as equal.

And that if we just stop and think with tolerance and think with love, just allow those things that are in all of us to reside, then we can then accept that all people deserve to be free.

So I appreciate every opportunity that we have to celebrate the life of an extraordinary man who I had the pleasure of not only meeting personally but being a part of the Northern movement here, writing letters, collecting money, sending volunteers.

And knowing the volatility of my own personality, I was not a good marcher. I could not be tolerant when people spit on me or when some of the other atrocities happened to them.

And so they said, "No, you stay in the North, and there's work for you to do there. Because we need people who can withstand some of the things that will happen." Because they anticipated what was going to happen, and they trained people to be able to be in those marches. That was not accidental, it was very purposeful.

And so that there were some of us

```
1
    who really understood that our own natures were
    not to be part of the march, but certainly we all
   had a role to play.
 3
 4
                 And I am very grateful as I stand
 5
    here each year and recognize over and over again
    the blessings that we had in having him in
 6
 7
    leadership that allowed me to be here to serve
    the people of the 36th Senatorial District.
 8
 9
                 I thank you, Mr. President.
10
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
     Marcellino.
11
12
                  SENATOR MARCELLINO:
                                         Thank you,
     Mr. President.
13
14
                  And I thank Senator Sampson, my
15
     brother from another mother, for bringing up
16
     this resolution.
                  The other day, on Sunday, I
17
18
     attended, as many did, sessions and meetings
19
     celebrating Dr. King's birth and delivering his
20
     message and repeating the speech that Dr. King
     had given over and over again. And one of the
21
     previous speakers -- I don't recall which, I
22
     apologize -- had mentioned what would he think
23
     looking down. What would he think, what would
24
25
     he say about what's going on here? What would
```

his opinion be about what is happening in the world today or in our state?

That same afternoon when I left the ceremony from the First Baptist Church in Glen Cove, in my district, I went to a Catholic church in the village of Sea Cliff, not too far away, which had been the day before vandalized and graffitied with racial symbols, swastikas. Homes nearby also defaced with similar types of expressions.

So in our conversations, I would say that Dr. King would be looking down on us and saying, My work isn't done. There is a lot more to do here.

As was pointed out, I think it was by Senator Parker, a whole generation coming along has no idea. To them Martin Luther King is maybe a shopping day, a day to go to the mall.

Those of us who have been around a while, who have the gray hair or those of us who have no hair or those of us who are hiding the gray hair through various ways, perhaps we have to go back and perhaps we have to send a message and deliver that message over and over

again because it's got to be relearned. It can never be forgotten.

We must never let Dr. King's message be forgotten because it's one about peace, love and caring for one another. That's the key. Forget about the individual. He was a flawed person, we all know that. We're all flawed. Everybody's flawed. But the message was pure, the message was real, and the message must be remembered and delivered to generation after generation after generation. We can never let it die. That is our obligation, that is our responsibility as we pass it on to the next generation so that they can carry the message forward.

I suggest Dr. King would be both pleased and displeased. Pleased that he's still being talked about and still being remembered and the message is there, but displeased that there's a heck of a lot of work left to do.

So, Mr. President, I move that we get on with the business of the day and get on with Dr. King's message and keep delivering the message. It's most important to us all.

```
1
                  Thank you.
 2
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Thank
 3
     you.
 4
                  Seeing no other Senator wishing to
 5
     be heard, the question is on the resolution.
     All those in favor signify by saying aye.
 6
 7
                 (Response of "Aye.")
 8
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Any
9
     opposed say nay.
10
                 (No response.)
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              The
11
12
     resolution is adopted.
13
                  Senator Libous.
                  SENATOR LIBOUS: Mr. President, I
14
15
     believe that Senator Sampson would like to open
     that resolution up for all members.
16
17
                  And unless for some reason someone
18
     wishes not to be on it, every member's name
     will be on that resolution.
19
20
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              The
21
     resolution is open for cosponsorship.
                                             Should
22
     anyone not wish to be a cosponsor, please
     notify the desk.
23
24
                  Senator Libous.
25
                  SENATOR LIBOUS: Mr. President, I
```

1 believe there's a resolution at the desk by 2 Senator Perkins. May we have it read in its entirety and move for its adoption after you 3 4 call on Senator Perkins. 5 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: The Secretary will read. 6 7 THE SECRETARY: Legislative resolution by Senator Perkins, mourning the 8 death of acclaimed civil rights pioneer and 9 10 federal judge Robert L. Carter. "WHEREAS, Born on March 11, 1917, 11 12 in Caryville, Florida, as the youngest of nine children, Robert L. Carter soon after moved to 13 Newark, New Jersey, with his mother, where he 14 15 was raised; and 16 "WHEREAS, He graduated from high school at the age of 16 and earned his 17 18 undergraduate degree in political science from 19 Lincoln University and his law degree from 20 Howard University School of Law in 1940, both on scholarship. The following year he went to 21 22 earn his LLM from Columbia Law School; and "WHEREAS, Robert L. Carter joined 23 24 the United States Army Air Corps just a few 25 months prior to the United States entering

```
World War II; and
 1
                  "WHEREAS, Despite repeated
 2
     antagonisms, he completed officer candidate
 3
     school and earned the rank of second
 4
 5
     lieutenant; and
                  "WHEREAS, At the time he was the
 6
 7
     only black officer at Harding Field in Baton
 8
     Rouge, Louisiana. As a result, he continued to
     face the constant barrage of racial hostility;
 9
10
     and
                  "WHEREAS, Following his military
11
12
     service, Robert L. Carter began to work with
     the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund;
13
14
     and
                  "WHEREAS, In 1945, Robert L.
15
16
     Carter was an assistant special counsel at the
     Legal Defense Fund, and in 1948 he became a
17
18
     legal assistant to Thurgood Marshall; and
19
                  "WHEREAS, in 1956, Robert L.
20
     Carter succeeded Thurgood Marshall as the
21
     general counsel of the NAACP, and over the
22
     course of his tenure he argued or coargued and
23
     won 21 of 22 cases in the United States Supreme
     Court; and
24
25
                  "WHEREAS, Robert L. Carter played
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1
     an integral role in landmark cases such as
 2
     Sweatt v. Painter, Sipuel v. Board of Regents
     of the University of Oklahoma, Brown v. Board
 3
     of Education, and NAACP v. Alabama; and
 4
 5
                  "WHEREAS, In 1968, Robert L.
     Carter resigned from the NAACP, along with his
 6
 7
     entire legal staff, in protest to the firing of
 8
     NAACP employee Lewis Steele; and
 9
                  "WHEREAS, Following his departure
10
     from the NAACP, Robert L. Carter cofounded the
     National Conference of Black Lawyers, an
11
12
     organization formed to serve as the Black
     Liberation movement's legal arm and aid other
13
     black activists. Notable clients were
14
15
     individuals such as Angela Davis, Assata
     Shakur, the Attica Brothers, Geronimo Pratt,
16
     Mumia Abu-Jamal, Ben Chavis and the Wilmington
17
18
     Ten; and
19
                  "WHEREAS, The National Conference
20
     of Black Lawyers also lobbied against apartheid
     in South Africa; and
21
                  "WHEREAS, In 1972, at the
22
     recommendation of U.S. Senator Jacob Javits,
23
     President Richard M. Nixon nominated Robert L.
24
25
     Carter to the federal bench for the Southern
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District of New York; and 1 2 "WHEREAS, On the bench, Robert L. Carter became well-known for his involvement in 3 4 cases involving professional basketball. 5 oversaw the merger of the National Basketball Association and the American Basketball 6 7 Association in the 1970s, the settlement of a class-action antitrust suit against the NBA, 8 and a number of high-profile free-agent 9 10 arbitration disputes; and "WHEREAS, In 1979, his judicial 11 12 findings as they related to biases against black and Hispanic applicants to the New York 13 14 City Police Department led to significant 15 changes in hiring policies and minority representation on the force; and 16 "WHEREAS, In his later years, 17 18 Robert L. Carter remained a passionate and 19 outspoken supporter of current issues related 20 to racial bias and unequal treatment, never wavering from the opinion that much remained to 21 22 be accomplished in the pursuit to achieve true racial equality; now, therefore, be it 23 "RESOLVED, That this Legislative 24 25 Body pause in its deliberations to mourn the

```
1
     death of acclaimed civil rights pioneer and
 2
     federal judge Robert L. Carter; and be it
 3
     further
 4
                  "RESOLVED, That a copy of this
 5
     resolution, suitably engrossed, be transmitted
     to the family of Robert L. Carter."
 6
 7
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
 8
     Perkins on the resolution.
 9
                  SENATOR PERKINS: Thank you very
     much.
10
                  You know, again, I want to express
11
12
     my appreciation for the fact that we're opening
     up our session with these remarkable icons of
13
     our nation that have made such important
14
15
     contributions and give us hopefully some
     guidance on the work that we'll be doing for
16
     the balance of the session.
17
18
                  The Honorable Robert Carter was
     known as a great legal strategist best known
19
20
     for the Brown v. Board of Education case in
     1954, for which I and I daresay so many of us
21
     are grateful products of that successful legal
22
     work, including President Obama.
23
                  However, according to his memoir,
24
25
     according to Mr. Carter's memoir, called A
```

```
Matter of Law, written in 2005: "It was the
 1
 2
     Army that made a militant of me and instilled
     in me a fierce determination to fight against
 3
 4
     racism with all my intellectual and physical
 5
     strength."
                  In true tribute to him, let that
 6
 7
     be our marching orders, to fight racism with
 8
     all of our intellectual and physical strength.
 9
                  And furthermore, in true tribute
10
     to him, let us extend this determination to
11
     include sexism, homophobia, anti-Semitism and
     all the other "isms" that undermine the
12
     integrity of our democracy and humanity.
13
     Ultimately, he wasn't just an outstanding civil
14
15
     rights lawyer, but a fierce human rights
16
     advocate.
17
                  Thank you.
18
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Thank
     you, Senator.
19
20
                  Seeing no other Senators wishing
21
     to be heard, the question is on the resolution.
22
     All those in favor signify by saying aye.
23
                 (Response of "Aye.")
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
24
25
     Opposed, nay.
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1
                 (No response.)
 2
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              The
 3
     resolution is adopted.
 4
                  Senator Libous.
 5
                  SENATOR LIBOUS: Mr. President, I
     believe that on that resolution, Senator
 6
 7
     Perkins, you'll open it up to cosponsorship for
 8
     everyone, and if anyone wants to have their
 9
     name removed from it, let the desk know?
10
                  SENATOR PERKINS:
                                      Please.
                                     Thank you,
11
                  SENATOR LIBOUS:
     Mr. President.
12
13
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              The
     resolution is open for cosponsorship.
14
                                             Should
15
     anyone not wish to be a cosponsor, please
16
     notify the desk.
17
                  Senator Libous.
18
                  SENATOR LIBOUS: Mr. President,
19
     at this time may we please return to the
20
     reports of standing committees.
21
                  I believe there's a report of the
22
     Finance Committee at the desk, and may we
     please have it read.
23
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
24
                                              Reports
25
     of standing committees.
```

```
1
                  The Secretary will read.
 2
                  THE SECRETARY:
                                   Senator
 3
     DeFrancisco, from the Committee on Finance,
     offers the following nomination.
 4
 5
                  As a member of the Adirondack Park
     Agency, Sherman Craig, of Wanakena.
 6
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
 7
                                             Senator
 8
     DeFrancisco.
 9
                  SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: I move the
10
     nomination.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                             On the
11
12
     nomination, all in favor please signify by
13
     saying aye.
                 (Response of "Aye.")
14
15
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Any
16
     opposed?
17
                 (No response.)
18
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Sherman
19
     Craig is hereby confirmed as a member of the
20
     Adirondack Park Agency.
21
                  The Secretary will continue to
22
     read.
23
                  THE SECRETARY: As Commissioner
     of the Division of Homeland Security and
24
25
     Emergency Services, Jerome Hauer, of
```

Guilderland. 1 2 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator 3 DeFrancisco. 4 SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: Yes, I 5 would proudly move this nomination. The Governor has done a wonderful 6 7 job in making his appointments this year, and I think this appointment or this nomination is 8 probably at the top if not at least near the 9 10 top. The qualifications of Mr. Hauer 11 12 are just remarkable. I've got his bio here, and I could spend a good amount of time here, 13 14 but he's spent enough time here already. 15 It's an amazing biography that 16 shows that the individual has the technical knowledge, the academic knowledge, the 17 18 knowledge and experience from the private 19 sector. And he's done homeland security and 20 dealt with homeland security and emergency 21 issues from the local level, as a member of the volunteer fire department, and as high up as 22 giving presentations to President Clinton and 23 becoming part of our national homeland security 24 25 operation. Just a remarkable set of

1 achievements. 2 I said to him, when I first met 3 him in my office, that I'm just happy that 4 you're willing to do this. I can't believe 5 you're willing to do this because of the awesome responsibilities. And he said, "The 6 7 Governor is very persuasive." 8 Well, I'm glad we have a Governor 9 that's very persuasive, and I'm glad this 10 nominee was willing to serve in this incredibly important capacity. And I very happily and 11 12 proudly move his nomination. 13 And I would request that, 14 Mr. President, you recognize Senator Ball to 15 second the nomination. 16 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator Ball. 17 18 SENATOR BALL: It's indeed my honor to rise to second the nomination. 19 20 And just to say, to echo those 21 comments, you know, in all seriousness we live 22 in a state that on most days is terrorist target number one, especially the New York City 23 metropolitan region. 24 25 And this Governor has proven an

uncanny ability to pick the exact right person for the exact right position. And Jerry Hauer is at the top of the list of being an example of exactly that, and I know that I will rest a little bit better tonight knowing that he is at the helm. And I have gotten to know him a little bit over the past several months, and I can tell you it's very rare in politics that you hear only good things about an individual. And whether it be rank-and-file law enforcement or first responders or those at the highest

levels in the same community, they have nothing but accolades to serve upon Jerry.

You know, we have a lot of lingering issues in this state, over 10 years

now after 9/11, from operability, interoperability, turf battles that still rage. And it's going to take an extraordinary leader to move all these various issues forward in a constructive way. And I know that this

So God bless you for your work, and I look forward to working with you side by side. Thank you, sir, for your service.

Governor has picked the exact right person.

1 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator 2 Adams. 3 SENATOR ADAMS: Thank you, 4 Mr. President. 5 And I want to add my voice to Senator Ball's comments. 6 7 You know, when you protect your 8 home, you can take shortcuts on many areas but 9 not the locks on the doors. And whoever is 10 there to provide for your security is where you should put the maximum amount of resources and 11 the maximum amount of trust. 12 13 And I think that we're fortunate 14 and I truly want to commend the Governor on his 15 choice. Not only is Commissioner Hauer an expert in the area of law enforcement and 16 protecting our homeland, but I consider him to 17 18 be a friend. As I served as a law enforcement 19 20 officer, he was in charge under the mayor, and 21 he did a job where many of us felt that it was 22 commendable during some very difficult and 23 challenging times. And now we are pleased and we should be thankful to have him back in 24 public service here in the State of New York. 25

1 And I thank him for agreeing to 2 take such an important assignment to make sure that the locks on our doors of New York State 3 4 are safely protected. 5 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator Seward. 6 7 SENATOR SEWARD: Thank you, 8 Mr. President. 9 I rise to join my colleagues in 10 congratulating the Governor on an outstanding 11 nomination of Jerry Hauer to be our Commissioner of the Division of Homeland 12 13 Security and Emergency Services. And we're 14 delighted that he's convinced Jerry to serve us 15 here in New York State. He's a man with 16 impeccable credentials to assume this responsibility. 17 18 And as we confirm Jerry Hauer, it 19 gives me an opportunity as a Senator from an 20 area that was flood-damaged last year during 21 Hurricane Irene and Tropical Storm Lee, the 22 Schoharie Valley and part of Greene County in particular, those sections of my district. And 23 I just want to thank the Governor and his 24 25 entire administration for the response during

the immediate flood but also through the recovery period, which is ongoing.

And no question, the Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Services and the personnel associated with that agency worked and continue to work tirelessly to assist our local communities in their recovery efforts.

And so I'm delighted to stand to support this confirmation and also to thank the Governor, the entire administration, and this agency in particular for their ongoing efforts to assist the communities of our state that greatly need their help at this difficult time.

And certainly, going forward,
we've learned a lot from what went on in 2011
during these floods. And as good as our
response was, we can do better. And Jerry
Hauer is just the right individual to help to
improve our response to emergencies, whether it
be in communications or deployment of resources
and assistance to communities in that great
time of need.

So, Jerry, congratulations, and we look forward to continuing to work with you and

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1
     your entire agency as we recover from this
 2
     flood and, God forbid, if we have further
     emergencies and situations in the future.
 3
 4
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Senator
 5
     Krueger.
 6
                  SENATOR KRUEGER:
                                      Thank you,
 7
     Mr. President.
 8
                  I also rise to join in the support
 9
     of Mr. Hauer to become the head of Homeland
10
     Security and Emergency Services in New York.
                  And certainly Governor Cuomo has
11
12
     sent us a great nominee. And he is persuasive,
     our Governor. But for the record, Jerry Hauer
13
14
     has had an amazing career doing exactly the job
15
     that we are asking him to do here in New York
16
     State.
17
                  So I thank Mr. Hauer for being
18
     willing to come back and serve the State of
19
     New York after having probably had every
20
     imaginable job that he will need to have had to
21
     become the leader of these important issues in
22
     our state.
23
                  And I share the concern of my
     colleagues who pointed out they hope that we
24
     don't need to deal with these issues again in
25
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1 the future, and wouldn't that be a wonderful 2 thing. But as my mother says, if you live long 3 enough, you see everything. 4 Now, Mr. Hauer hasn't lived long 5 enough, but he may have seen almost everything already in his career, which is very important 6 for us because it will make sure that the State 7 8 of New York is more prepared to deal with anything and everything that in fact we may be 9 handed to live with in our future. So I look 10 11 forward to working with Mr. Hauer. And by the way, for the record, 12 the nicer we are to you on the floor, the more 13 likely we are to yell at you once you take the 14 15 job. 16 (Laughter.) 17 SENATOR KRUEGER: So thank you 18 again for taking this job, and I'm delighted to 19 stand here in support of this nomination. 20 And yes, the Governor gave us an 21 excellent nominee for this position. 22 Thank you, Mr. President. 23 ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Senator Diaz. 24 25 SENATOR DIAZ: Thank you,

Mr. President.

You know, in my 10 years here in the Senate I have seen many nominees from different governors. And every time that as a governor gets elected, he has to fill vacancies. And people recommend to him, elected officials, we elected officials recommend someone for the governor and the governor to do us a favor, whoever it is, but he appointed somebody. And most of the appointees that I've seen are political hacks, favors that the governor had to make.

Today, today, I'm here and taking this opportunity to say that Jerry Hauer is a person that doesn't need a resume. We don't need a resume to read all the things that he has done.

The image, the image of Jerry

Hauer during the critical times of that crisis
in the two World Trade Centers, seeing Jerry

Hauer organizing, walking around, going to the
place, inhaling the dust, and making the City
of New York and the mayor of New York to be
called "America's Mayor," he made us proud. He
risked his life.

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1
                  Jerry Hauer is not a political
 2
     hack, Jerry Hauer is not somebody that the
     Governor appointed to make somebody happy.
 3
 4
     This man, this man is a person that make us
 5
     look good, that will make the State of New York
     look good, that made us happy to see him
 6
 7
     working. This guy is a hero.
 8
                  And today -- many times I take
 9
     this opportunity to criticize the Governor and
10
     to speak against what the Governor does. Today
     I'm here to say thank you, Governor Cuomo.
11
12
     Thank you because this person that you're
     appointing, that you're sending us today, is
13
     not one of the best, he is the best. He is our
14
15
     hero. He is the person that we need to
     coordinate all the emergency services when the
16
     crisis comes.
17
18
                  And I'm honored to say thank you,
     Governor Cuomo, and thank you, Commissioner
19
20
     Hauer, for accepting this nomination, and I'm
21
     proud to say yes.
22
                  Thank you, Mr. President.
                                              Thank
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
23
24
     you.
25
                  Seeing no other Senator wishing to
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be heard, the question is on the nomination of
 1
 2
     Jerome Hauer as Commissioner of the Division of
     Homeland Security and Emergency Services. All
 3
 4
     in favor signify by saying aye.
 5
                 (Response of "Aye.")
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
 6
 7
     Opposed, nay.
 8
                 (No response.)
 9
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                             Jerome
10
     Hauer is hereby confirmed as Commissioner of
11
     the Division of Homeland Security and Emergency
     Services.
12
13
                 (Applause.)
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
14
15
     Congratulations, Mr. Hauer.
16
                  Mr. Hauer is joined in the balcony
     by his wife, Traci Brown-Hauer, and his son,
17
18
     Michael Hauer.
19
                  Senator Marcellino.
20
                  SENATOR MARCELLINO: Thank you,
21
     Mr. President.
22
                  May we now have the reading of the
     noncontroversial calendar.
23
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
24
                                              The
25
     Secretary will read.
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214

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1
                  THE SECRETARY: Calendar Number
 2
     10, by Senator Maziarz, Senate Print 6039, an
 3
     act to amend the Tax Law.
 4
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                             Read
 5
     the last section.
                  THE SECRETARY: Section 3. This
 6
 7
     act shall take effect immediately.
 8
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Call
9
     the roll.
10
                 (The Secretary called the roll.)
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
11
     Announce the results.
12
13
                  THE SECRETARY: Ayes, 59.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
14
15
    bill is passed.
16
                  THE SECRETARY: Calendar Number
     14, substituted earlier today by Member of the
17
18
    Assembly Paulin, Assembly Print Number 8694A,
19
     an act to amend the Family Court Act.
20
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                            Read
21
     the last section.
22
                  THE SECRETARY: Section 2. This
23
     act shall take effect immediately.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Call
24
25
     the roll.
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(The Secretary called the roll.)
 1
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
 2
 3
     Announce the results.
 4
                  THE SECRETARY: Ayes, 59.
 5
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                             The
     bill is passed.
 6
 7
                  THE SECRETARY: Calendar Number
 8
     15, substituted earlier today by Member of the
 9
     Assembly Heastie, Assembly Print Number 8692,
10
     an act to amend the General Municipal Law.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Read
11
     the last section.
12
13
                  THE SECRETARY: Section 3. This
     act shall take effect on the same date and in
14
15
     the same manner as a chapter of the Laws of
16
     2011.
17
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                             Call
18
     the roll.
                 (The Secretary called the roll.)
19
20
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
21
     Announce the results.
22
                  THE SECRETARY: Ayes, 59.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
23
                                             The
     bill is passed.
24
25
                  THE SECRETARY: Calendar Number
```

```
17, substituted earlier today by Member of the
 1
 2
     Assembly Jeffries, Assembly Print Number 8909,
     an act to amend the Banking Law.
 3
 4
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Read
 5
     the last section.
                                                This
                  THE SECRETARY: Section 2.
 6
     act shall take effect on the same date and in
 7
 8
     the same manner as Section 1 of Chapter 593.
 9
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              Call
10
     the roll.
                 (The Secretary called the roll.)
11
12
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
     Announce the results.
13
14
                  THE SECRETARY: Ayes, 59.
15
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              The
16
     bill is passed.
                  THE SECRETARY: Calendar Number
17
18
     19, substituted earlier today by Member of the
19
     Assembly Morelle, Assembly Print Number 8903,
20
     an act to amend the Insurance Law.
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
21
                                              Read
22
     the last section.
23
                  THE SECRETARY:
                                   Section 2.
                                                This
     act shall take effect on the same date and in
24
25
     the same manner as Chapter 600 of the Laws of
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2011.
 1
 2
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA: Call
 3
     the roll.
                 (The Secretary called the roll.)
 4
 5
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
     Announce the results.
 6
 7
                  THE SECRETARY: Ayes, 59.
 8
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              The
9
     bill is passed.
10
                  Senator Marcellino, that completes
     the noncontroversial reading of the calendar.
11
12
                  SENATOR MARCELLINO:
                                          Mr.
     President, is there any other business before
13
     the desk?
14
15
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              There
16
     is no other business before the desk.
17
                  SENATOR MARCELLINO:
                                         There being
18
     no further business, I move we adjourn until
     Thursday, January 19th, at 11:00 a.m.
19
20
                  ACTING PRESIDENT O'MARA:
                                              On
21
     motion, the Senate stands adjourned until
22
     Thursday, January 19th, at 11:00 a.m.
                 (Whereupon, at 5:11 p.m., the Senate
23
    adjourned.)
24
25
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