

§ 3. Application. 1. Hazardous employments. Compensation shall be payable for injuries or death incurred by employees in the following employments:

Group 1. Canning of:

Fish

Foodstuffs

Fruit

Vegetables

Group 2. Care of:

Buildings

Grounds

Trees

Group 3. Construction of:

Bridges

Buildings

Car shops

Conduits

Curbs

Dams

Dynamos

Electric light and power lines or appliances

Electric railways

Highways

Incline railways

Machine shops

Manufacturing plants

Power plants

Railways

Sewers

Sidewalks

Steam plants

Steam railways

Steel bridges and buildings

Street railways

Structures of all kinds

Subaqueous works

Subways

Telegraph lines

Telephone lines

Group 4. Installation of:

Boilers

Dynamos

Electric light and power

lines or appliances

Elevators

Engines, stationary

Fire escapes

Heating apparatus

Lighting apparatus

Machinery, heavy

Pipes

Telephones

Group 5. Laying of:

Cables

Floor coverings

Pipes

Tiles

Wires

Group 6. Manufacture of:

Acids

Adding machines

Aeroplanes

Agricultural implements

Aircraft

Alcohol

Ammonia

Ammunition

Anchors

Artificial ice or stone

Asbestos

Asphalt

Asphalted paper

Automobiles
Baby carriages, toy
Bags, cloth and paper
Barrels
Baskets
Beds
Bedsprings
Belting
Bicycles
Biscuits
Blacking or polish for shoes
Blankets
Boats, small
Boilers
Bolts
Bone articles
Boots
Boxes
Brick
Brooms
Brushes
Butter
Buttons
Cables
Calcium carbide
Cameras and supplies
Candles
Candy
Canoes
Canvas
Caps
Cardboard boxes
Carpets
Carpet sweepers
Carriage mountings
Carriages
Cash registers

Castings
Cattle foods
Celluloid
Cement
Cereals
Charcoal
Cheese
Cheese boxes
Chemical preparations, noncorrosive
Chemicals
Cigarettes
Cigars
Cloth
Clothing
Coffins
Collars
Color
Concrete blocks
Condiments
Confectionery
Cordage
Corrosive acids or salts
Corrugated paper boxes
Corsets
Crackers
Cutlery
Dairy products
Door screens
Doors
Drugs
Dyes
Electric fixtures
Elevators
Engines, heavy and traction
Excelsior
Explosives
Extracts

Fabrics
Fabrics, articles from
Felt
Fertilizers
Fibre
Films for pictures
Firearms
Fire-proofing
Fixtures, water, gas or

 electric
Foodstuffs
Forgings
Furnaces
Furniture
Furs
Gas fixtures
Gases
Gasoline
Gelatine
Glass
Glass products and wares
Gloves
Glue
Gold ware
Gun powder
Hardware
Harness
Hats
Headings
Hemp or manila products
Hose, rubber
Hosiery
Ice, artificial
Ice cream
Ink
Implements, agricultural

Instruments
Interior woodwork
Iron, structural
Ivory articles
Japans
Jewelry
Kegs
Leather goods and products
Light machines
Liquors
Locomotives
Machinery
Machines, adding, light and

threshing
Malt liquors
Manila or hemp products
Maltesses
Mattresses
Meat products
Meats
Medicines
Men's clothing
Metal articles, beds,

instruments, toys, utensils

and wares
Metal products, sheet
Metal, structural
Milk products
Mineral water
Motor vehicles
Mouldings
Moving picture films and machines
Nails
Oil

Organs
Paint
Paper
Paper boxes
Paper, tarred, pitched or asphalted
Paste
Paving blocks and material
Perfumes
Petroleum and products thereof
Pharmaceutical preparations
Photographic cameras and supplies
Pianos
Pipes
Pitched paper
Plaster, compounds of
Plated ware
Polish for shoes
Porcelain
Pottery
Printers' rollers
Printing ink
Pyroxylin and its compounds and plastics
Rails
Rattan ware
Registers, cash
Robes
Ropes
Rubber goods
Saddlery
Safes
Salts, or acids, corrosive
Sanitary fixtures
Screens, window and door
Screws
Shades, window
Shafting
Sheet metal and products thereof

Shell articles
Shirts
Shoddy
Shoe blacking or polish
Shoes
Silver ware
Sleighs
Soaps
Socks
Soda water
Spices
Spirituous, liquors
Spokes
Stationery
Staves
Steel, structural
Stockings
Stone, artificial
Stoves
Structural steel, iron or metal
Sweepers, carpet
Tar
Tarred paper
Terra-cotta
Textiles
Textiles, articles from
Thread
Threshing machines
Tile
Tires, rubber
Tobacco and products thereof
Toilet preparations
Tools
Toys, metal and wooden
Traction engines
Trunks
Tubing, metal and rubber

Tubs
Turpentine
Typewriters
Umbrellas
Utensils
Valises
Varnish
Vats
Vehicles
Veneer
Wagons
Wallpaper
Water fixtures
Waters, mineral or soda
Wax
White ware
Wicker ware
Window screens and shades
Wine
Wire and wire goods
Women's clothing
Wooden articles
Woodwork, interior
Yarn

Group 7. Operation of:

Aeroplanes
Air craft
Baling machines
Barges
Boats
Boilers, stationary
Cables, telegraph
Car shops
Cars
Dynamamos
Electric light and power lines or appliances
Electric railways

Electric vehicles, rollers and engines
Elevators, freight,

passenger and grain
Engines, stationary and traction
Gas vehicles, rollers and engines
Gas wells
Gasoline vehicles, rollers and engines
Grain elevators
Hand trucks
Horse drawn vehicles, rollers

and engines
Incline railways
Lighters
Machine shops
Oil wells
Plants, power and other
Pressing machines
Railways
Rollers
Ships
Stationary engines and

boilers
Steam plants
Steam railways
Street railways
Telegraph lines
Telephone lines
Threshing machines
Traction engines
Transports
Trucks
Tug boats
Vehicles
Vessels

Wagons

Waterworks

Group 8. Preparation of:

Fish

Foodstuffs

Fruit

Gelatine

Meat stuffs

Meats

Metals

Minerals

Paste

Vegetables

Wax

Group 9. Removal of:

Ashes

Awnings

Garbage

Snow

Group 10. Sinking of:

Drilled wells

Gas wells

Oil wells

Salt wells

Group 11. Storage or handling of:

Ammunition

Cargoes

Corrosive acids or salts

Chemicals

Explosives

Gasoline

Gun powder

Ice

Petroleum

Group 12. Work as:

Barbers

Blacksmiths

Carpenters

Chauffeurs

Domestic workers, other than

those employed on farms, employed

by the same employer for a

minimum of forty hours per week

Drivers

Furriers

Garbage sorters

Horseshoers

Janitors

Jockeys, apprentice jockeys and exercise persons
licensed under article two or four of the racing,
pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law

Life guards

Longshoremen

Marble workers

Masons

Movers

Sheet metal workers

Teamsters

Theatrical electricians, flymen,

lamp operators, moving picture

machiners, property men, stage

carpenters and stage hands

Group 13. Work at:

Awning erection

Blasting

Bleaching

Boiler covering

Bookbinding

Booming timber or logs
Bottling
Bricklaying
Building, care, maintenance

and salvage
Cable laying or repair,

underground
Canning
Carpentry
Clam cultivating, harvesting,
Opening or planting
Cleaning clothes, streets,

windows, or buildings
Concreting
Cork cutting
Decorating
Disinfecting
Dredging
Dyeing
Electrotyping
Embossing
Engraving
Excavation
Glazing
Grave digging
Heating
Ice distribution, harvesting or storage
Landscape gardening
Lighting
Lithographing
Logging
Lumbering
Marble cutting
Marine wrecking

Milling
Mining
Multigraphing
Oyster cultivation, planting,

harvesting or opening
Ore reduction
Painting
Papering
Paving
Photo-engraving
Picture hanging
Pile driving
Pipe covering
Plastering
Plumbing
Printing
Rafting
Renovating
River-driving
Road building
Roofing
Salvaging of buildings

or contents
Sea food cultivation,

harvesting or planting
Shaft sinking
Ship building
Smelting
Stereotyping
Stone crushing,

cutting, dressing,

grinding or setting

Storage of all kinds and storage for hire
Street cleaning or construction
Structural carpentry
Subaqueous construction
Subway construction
Tree moving, planting,

trimming and surgery
Tunneling
Undertaking
Upholstering
Warehousing
Well digging or drilling
Window cleaning
Wrecking, marine

Group 14. Work in
Abattoirs
Bakeries
Bark mills
Boarding stables
Breweries
Caissons
Clay pits
Coal yards
Compressed air compartments
Dining cars
Distilleries
Express cars
Fish markets
Flax mills
Foundries
Garages
Garbage plants
Gravel pits
Groceries, wholesale
Hotels

Junk dealers' places
Knitting factories
Laboratories
Lath mills
Laundries
Life-saving stations
Lime kilns
Livery stables
Lumber yards
Machine shops
Markets, fish, meat, poultry
Meat markets
Packing houses
Paper mills
Parlor cars
Pickle factories
Planing mills
Poultry markets
Printing plants
Pulp mills
Quarries
Restaurants and Grills
Rolling mills
Sales stables
Sand pits
Sash and door factories
Saw mills
Sewage disposal plants
Shale pits
Shingle mills
Sleeping cars
Spinning manufactories
Stables, livery, boarding or sales
Storage warehouses
Sugar refineries
Tanneries
Weaving manufactories

Wholesale groceries

Group 14-a. On and after January first, nineteen hundred sixty-two, any other employment in a trade, business, or occupation carried on by the employer for pecuniary gain in which one or more employees are employed.

Group 14-b. Employment as a farm laborer as provided herein. A farmer shall provide coverage under this chapter for all farm laborers.

Group 15. Employment as a keeper, guard, resident physician, nurse, interne, resident interne, assistant resident interne or orderly in a prison reformatory, hospital for the mentally ill or hospital maintained or operated by a municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employment," "employer" or "employee" in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter.

Group 15-a. Employment as a county fire coordinator or as a deputy county fire coordinator pursuant to section two hundred twenty-five-a or section four hundred one of the county law, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employer", "employee" or "employment" in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter.

The terms "county fire coordinator" and "deputy county fire coordinator," as used in this group, shall include any county official who is not appointed pursuant to the provisions of section two hundred twenty-five-a of the county law, but is appointed pursuant to the provisions of a special law, a county charter or a county local law and who is authorized or required to perform in the county the duties which are similar to those of a county fire coordinator or deputy county fire coordinator under such section of the county law and sections eight hundred seven-a and eight hundred seven-b of the education law.

Group 16. Any employment by the state, including the employment of all elected and appointed public officers, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employment," "employer" or "employee," in subdivisions

three, four and five of section two of this chapter; but work as a civil defense volunteer under the provisions of the state defense emergency act shall not be deemed employment by the state. An employee engaged in any employment herein whose wages are paid by a municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state or by an employer other than the state shall be deemed an employee of such municipal corporation or other political subdivision of the state or such employer other than the state for the purposes of this chapter. The head of any department of the state government may, with the prior written approval of the director of the budget, accept or approve the acceptance by any bureau, agency or other unit within said department of the services of a volunteer worker without salary, and such a volunteer worker shall be deemed to be an employee in the employment of the state in the unclassified service for the purpose of this chapter.

Group 17. Any employment carried on by a municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state and enumerated in the foregoing groups one to fourteen, inclusive, and on and after July first, nineteen hundred fifty-one, other such employment to the extent of authorized services related to civil defense and performed by employees in the course of employment or in relation thereto; and the sheriff and undersheriff of any county and the duly appointed regular deputies of the sheriff, notwithstanding the definition of the term "employment" in subdivision five of section two of this chapter; but employment in the department of sanitation of the city of New York in the sanitation service classification of the classified civil service of such city shall not be within the coverage of this chapter. The activities of civil defense volunteers who are auxiliary firefighters and members of rescue squads in authorized services while undergoing training or practice sponsored or authorized by a local office of civil defense, as defined in the state defense emergency act, and on and after July first, nineteen hundred fifty-three, the activities of all civil defense volunteers who are personnel of such local office of civil defense in authorized services during authorized participation in training and practice exercises held at the direction of or designated as state training and practice exercises by the state civil defense commission pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-one, subdivision three-f of

the state defense emergency act, are hazardous employments carried on by the municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state that created the local office under the state defense emergency act and such members of an auxiliary police organization located in a municipal corporation which elected to include such persons within the definition of "employee" as authorized by subdivision four of section two of this chapter shall be deemed employees of the municipal corporation authorizing their services, and such members of rescue squads, auxiliary firefighters, and civil defense volunteers shall be deemed employees of the municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state for purposes of this chapter, provided, however, that each such municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state or insurance carrier shall in the first instance pay all awards of workers' compensation, including medical benefits, provided by this chapter; and such municipal corporation or other subdivision of the state or insurance carrier shall be reimbursed by the comptroller of the state of New York, periodically every six months, on vouchers certified by the state civil defense commission, for one-half of all workers' compensation benefits, including both cash and medical benefits, paid pursuant to awards of the board, to the extent not previously reimbursed, paid for injury or death of a civil defense volunteer caused by an accident that arose out of and in the course of any such training and practice exercise, held on and after July first, nineteen hundred fifty-three, at the direction of or designated as a state training and practice exercise by the state civil defense commission pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-one, subdivision three-f of the state defense emergency act. A town shall not be deemed to be the employer of the officers and employees of a fire district and shall not be liable for payment of compensation to such officers or employees under any provision of this chapter. A social services official, as defined in subdivision fourteen of section two of the social services law, may accept or approve the services of volunteer workers without salary, in accordance with the regulations of the state department of social services, and such a voluntary worker shall be deemed to be an employee of the social services district in the unclassified service for the purpose of this chapter.

Group 18. All other employments, except persons engaged in a teaching

or nonmanual capacity in or for a religious, charitable or educational institution, notwithstanding the definition of employment in subdivision five of section two, not hereinbefore enumerated, carried on by any person, firm or corporation in which there are engaged or employed one or more employees regularly, in the same business or in or about the same establishment either upon the premises or at the plant or away from the plant of the employer, under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, except farm laborers and domestics other than those within the coverage of this chapter pursuant to groups fourteen-b and twelve respectively of this subdivision, unless the employer has elected to bring such employees under the law by securing compensation in accordance with the terms of section fifty of this chapter and persons engaged in voluntary service not under contract of hire. A duly ordained, commissioned or licensed minister, priest or rabbi, a sexton, a christian science reader, or a member of a religious order, shall not be deemed to be employed or engaged in employment under the terms of this section. Recipients of charitable aid from a religious or charitable institution who perform work in or for the institution which is incidental to or in return for the aid conferred, and not under any express contract of hire, shall not be deemed to be employed or engaged in employment under the terms of this section. All persons who are members of a supervised amateur athletic activity operated on a non-profit basis shall not be deemed to be employed or engaged in employment under the terms of this section, provided that said members are not also otherwise engaged or employed by any person, firm or corporation participating in said athletic activity. The terms "religious, charitable or educational institution" mean a corporation, unincorporated association, community chest, fund or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Group 19. An employer may bring an employment that is not listed in this section within the coverage of this chapter by securing compensation to his employee or employees engaged in such employment in accordance with section fifty of this chapter.

Any municipal corporation or other political subdivision of the state may bring its employees or officers, elective or appointed or otherwise, not enumerated in groups one to seventeen of subdivision one of this section inclusive, of this chapter within the coverage of this chapter by appropriate action of the legislative or governmental body of the municipal corporation or political subdivision, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employment," "employer" or "employee" in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter; and by separate and distinct action of said legislative or governmental body may bring within the coverage of this chapter any group, as defined by order of the New York state civil defense commission, of civil defense volunteers not enumerated in group seventeen of subdivision one of this section, who are personnel of a volunteer agency of the local office of such municipal corporation or other political subdivision, as defined in the state defense emergency act, as to their authorized civil defense services to the extent not covered under article ten of this chapter. Where one or more groups of such civil defense volunteers of a county office of civil defense are not brought within the coverage of this chapter by the county, a town or a village in such county or a city participating in the consolidated county office of civil defense of such county may, by separate and distinct action of its legislative or governmental body, bring the members of such group or groups of duly enrolled civil defense volunteers who are residents of and are enrolled from such town, village or city within the coverage of this chapter during any period when the county has not so provided; however, whenever a county brings one or more groups of its civil defense volunteers within the coverage of this chapter, such other coverage of members of such group or groups by the town, village or city shall be deemed terminated to the extent and as of the date coverage is afforded by the county. A village may not provide such coverage during any period coverage is provided by a town in which the village is located, except where there is a deputy director of civil defense for a village not wholly within one town.

A public or not-for-profit corporation, association, institution or agency organized as an unincorporated association or duly incorporated under the laws of this state shall be deemed to be an employer of

persons who are performing services for it pursuant to paragraphs (h) and (i) of subdivision two of section 65.10 of the penal law in fulfillment of a sentence of probation or of conditional discharge and of persons performing such services pursuant to the provisions of section 170.55 or 170.56 of the criminal procedure law, and such persons shall for the purposes of this chapter be deemed to be employees for the public or not-for-profit corporation, association, institution or agency. Said employer may elect to bring such employees within the coverage of this chapter by securing compensation in accordance with the terms of section fifty of this chapter.

Group 20. In a city having a population of one million or more, teachers, regular or substitute, of shop work, manual training, industrial or trade subjects, mechanic arts, textiles, machine shop assistants, laboratory assistants, laboratory specialists, laboratory technicians, and teachers of any subject, trade, or employment requiring, for instruction purposes, use of tools or machinery for which protective, guarding or safety devices are required by the labor law, may elect to receive the benefits prescribed by this chapter provided they are not qualified to receive benefits even if eligible to apply for retirement under the teachers' retirement system in said city. An election to come within this chapter shall constitute a waiver of any right to receive absence refunds from the board of education of said city. But a teacher shall, if incapacitated to teach by reason of his injuries, be entitled to the refund of his accumulated deductions in the teachers' retirement system or in lieu thereof he may elect to receive an annuity which shall be the actuarial equivalent of said accumulated deductions. Any election or choice provided for herein may be made for the teacher by one acting in the teacher's behalf if said teacher is incapacitated to act for himself.

Group 20-a. For the purposes of this chapter, the work of any person employed as a school aide by school authorities of any school district, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employer," "employee" or "employment" in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter.

Group 20-b. For the purposes of this chapter, the work of any person employed in a nonpedagogical capacity by school authorities within a city having a population of one million or more, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employer", "employee" or "employment" in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter.

Group 21. For the purposes of this chapter, on and after January first, nineteen hundred sixty-two, the work of a newspaper carrier as defined in section thirty-two hundred twenty-eight of the education law for an employer of one or more employees as defined in subdivisions three and four of section two of this chapter.

Group 22. Employment as a teacher in a public school or place of instruction maintained or operated by a board of education or trustees of a school district, other than a school district located in a city having a population of more than one million, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employment," "employer" or "employee" in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter.

Group 23. For the purposes of this chapter, the work of any person employed to direct vehicular traffic at any street crossing or highway intersection crossed by pupils in going to and returning from any school in this state, whose chief duty primarily is to guard the life and safety of such pupils.

Group 24. For the purposes of this chapter, employment of any person appointed by the board of water supply of the city of New York pursuant to the provisions of section K51-36.0 of the administrative code of the city of New York, notwithstanding the definitions of the terms "employment", "employer", or "employee", in subdivisions three, four and five of section two of this chapter.

2. Occupational diseases. Compensation shall be payable for disabilities sustained or death incurred by an employee resulting from the following occupational diseases:

COLUMN ONE	COLUMN TWO
Description of Diseases	Description of Process

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| 1. Anthrax. | 1. Handling of wool, hair, bristles, hides or skins. |
| 2. Lead poisoning or its sequelae. | 2. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with lead or its preparations or compounds. |
| 3. Zinc poisoning or its sequelae. | 3. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with zinc or its preparations or compounds or alloys. |
| 4. Mercury poisoning or its sequelae. | 4. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with mercury or its preparations or compounds. |
| 5. Phosphorus poisoning or its sequelae. | 5. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with phosphorous or its preparations or compounds. |
| 6. Arsenic poisoning or its sequelae. | 6. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with arsenic or its preparations or compounds. |
| 7. Poisoning by wood alcohol. | 7. Any process involving the use of wood alcohol or any preparation containing wood alcohol. |
| 8. Poisoning by benzol or nitro-, hydro-, hydroxy- and amido-derivatives of benzene (dinitro-benzol, anilin, and others), or its sequelae. | 8. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with benzol or nitro-, hydro-, hydroxy-, or amido-derivatives of benzene or its preparations or compounds. |
| 9. Poisoning by carbon bisulphide or its sequelae, or any | 9. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with carbon bisulphide or |

sulphide.

10. Poisoning by nitrous fumes or its sequelae.
11. Poisoning by nickel carbonyl or its sequelae.
12. Dope poisoning (poisoning by tetrachlor-methane or any substance used as or in conjunction with a solvent for acetate of cellulose or nitro cellulose, or its sequelae.
13. Poisoning by formaldehyde and its preparations.
14. Chrome ulceration or its sequelae or chrome poisoning.
15. Epitheliomatous cancer or ulceration of the skin or of the corneal surface of the eye, due to tar, pitch, bitumen, mineral oil, or paraffin, or any compound, product or residue of any of these substances.
16. Glanders.

its preparations or compounds, or any sulphide.

10. Any process in which nitrous fumes are evolved.
11. Any process in which nickel carbonyl is evolved.
12. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with any substance used as or in conjunction with a solvent for acetate of cellulose or nitro cellulose.
13. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with formaldehyde and its preparations.
14. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with chromic acid or bichromate of ammonium, potassium or sodium, or their preparations.
15. Handling or use of tar, pitch, bitumen, mineral oil, or paraffin or any compound, product or residue of any of these substances.
16. Care or handling of any

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| | equine animal or the carcass of any such animal. |
| 17. Compressed air illness or its sequelae. | 17. Any process carried on in compressed air. |
| 18. Miners' diseases, including only cellulitis, bursitis, ankylostomiasis, tenosynovitis and nystagmus. | 18. Any process involving mining. |
| 19. Cataract in glassworkers. | 19. Processes in the manufacture of glass involving exposure to the glare of molten glass. |
| 20. Radium poisoning or disability due to radio-active properties of substances or to Roentgen rays (X-rays) or exposure to ionizing radiation. | 20. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with radium or radio-active substance or the use of or direct exposure to Roentgen rays (X-rays) or ionizing radiation. |
| 21. Methyl chloride poisoning. | 21. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with methyl chloride or its preparations or compounds. |
| 22. Carbon monoxide poisoning. | 22. Any process involving direct exposure to carbon monoxide in buildings, sheds or enclosed places. |
| 23. Poisoning by sulphuric, hydro-chloric or hydro-fluoric acid. | 23. Any process involving the use of or direct contact with sulphuric, hydrochloric or hydrofluoric acids or their fumes. |
| 24. Respiratory, | 24. Any process involving the |

gastro-intestinal
or physiological
nerve and eye dis-
orders due to con-
tact with petroleum
products and their
fumes.

- 25. Disability arising
from blisters or
abrasions.
- 26. Disability arising
from bursitis or
synovitis.
- 27. Dermatitis
(venenata).
- 28. Byssinosis.
- 29. Silicosis or other
dust diseases.
- 30. Any and all
occupational diseases.

use of or direct contact
with petroleum or petroleum
products and their fumes.

- 25. Any process involving
continuous friction,
rubbing or vibration
causing blisters or
abrasions.
- 26. Any process involving
continuous rubbing, pre-
sure or vibration of the
parts affected.
- 27. Any process involving the
use of or direct contact
with acids, alkalies, acids
or oil, or with brick,
cement, lime, concrete or
mortar capable of causing
dermatitis (venenata).
- 28. Any process involving
exposure to raw cotton.
- 29. Any process involving ex-
posure to silica or other
harmful dust.
- 30. Any and all employments
enumerated in subdivision
one of section three of
this chapter.

Nothing in paragraph thirty of this subdivision shall be construed to apply to any disability or death due to any disease described in paragraph twenty-nine of this subdivision.

