§ 3243. Remedies of bondholders and noteholders. 1. Subject to the provisions of section three thousand two hundred thirty-six of this title, in the event that the corporation shall default in the payment of principal of or interest on or sinking fund payment on any issue of bonds or notes after the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption, or in the event that the corporation or the state shall default in any agreement made with the holders of any issue of bonds or notes, the holders of twenty-five per centum in aggregate principal amount of the bonds or notes of such issue then outstanding, by instrument or instruments filed in the office of the clerk of the county of Albany and proved or acknowledged in the same manner as a deed to be recorded, may appoint a trustee to represent the holders of such bonds or notes for the purposes herein provided.

2. Such trustee, or any trustee appointed under section three thousand two hundred thirty-six of this title, may, and upon written request of the holders of twenty-five per centum in principal amount of such bonds or notes then outstanding shall, in his or its own name:

(a) by suit, action or proceeding in accordance with the civil practice law and rules, enforce all rights of the bondholders or noteholders, including the right to require the corporation to carry out any agreement with such holders and to perform its duties under this title;

(b) bring suit upon such bonds and notes;

(c) by action or suit, require the corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the holders of such bonds or notes;

(d) by action or suit, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the holders of such bonds or notes; and

(e) declare all such bonds or notes due and payable, and if all defaults shall be made good, then, with the consent of the holders of twenty-five per centum of the principal amount of such bonds or notes then outstanding annul such declaration and its consequences provided, however, that nothing herein shall preclude the corporation from agreeing that consent of the provider of a bond or note facility is required for an acceleration of related bonds or notes in the event of a default other than a failure to pay principal of or interest on the

bonds or notes when due.

3. The supreme court shall have jurisdiction of any suit, action or proceeding by the trustee on behalf of such bondholders or noteholders. The venue of any such suit, action or proceeding shall be laid in the county of Albany.

4. Before declaring the principal of bonds or notes due and payable, the trustee shall first give thirty days' notice in writing to the corporation, the governor, the comptroller, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly and to the attorney general of the state.