CIVIL RIGHTS LAW

Laws 1909, Chap. 14.

AN ACT relating to civil rights, constituting chapter six of the consolidated laws.

Became a law, February 17, 1909, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

CHAPTER 6 OF THE CONSOLIDATED LAWS

CIVIL RIGHTS LAW

Article 1. Short title (§§ 1--1-a).

2. Bill of rights (§§ 2-15).

2-A. Equal rights to publicly-aided housing (§§ 18-a--19-b).

3. Privilege from arrest (§§ 20-29).

4. Equal rights in places of public accommodation and amusement (§§ 40-45).

4-B. Rights of persons with a disability accompanied by guide dogs, hearing dogs or service dogs (§§ 47--47-c).

4-C. Employment of persons with certain genetic disorders (§§ 48--48-b).

5. Right of privacy (§§ 50--52-d).

V-A. Membership corporations and unincorporated associations (§§ 53-57).

6. Change of name (§§ 60-65).

6-A. Change of sex designation (§§ 67--67-b).

7. Miscellaneous rights and immunities (§§ 70--79-q).

8. Causes of action for alienation of affections, criminal conversation, seduction and breach of contract to marry abolished (§§ 80-a--84).

8-A. New York state Bivens act (§§ 85-86).

9. Right to call police and emergency assistance/victim protections (§§ 90-98).

10. Law enforcement face coverings (§§ 100-102).

15. Laws repealed; when to take effect (§§ 100-101).