

STATE OF NEW YORK

7544

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

April 22, 2025

Introduced by Sens. BROUK, CLEARE, MYRIE, RAMOS, SALAZAR, SCARCELLA-SPANTON -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Women's Issues

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to requiring the advisory council on maternal mortality and morbidity to undertake a review of the cesarean births at hospitals in the state

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 2509 of the
2 public health law, as amended by chapter 142 of the laws of 2019, is
3 amended to read as follows:

4 (a) There is hereby established in the department the maternal mortal-
5 ity review board for the purpose of reviewing maternal deaths and mater-
6 nal morbidity and developing and disseminating findings, recommenda-
7 tions, and best practices to contribute to the prevention of maternal
8 mortality and morbidity. The board shall assess the cause of death,
9 including whether there was a vaginal or cesarean birth, factors leading
10 to death and preventability for each maternal death reviewed and, in the
11 discretion of the board, cases of severe maternal morbidity, and shall
12 develop and disseminate strategies for reducing the risk of maternal
13 mortality and morbidity, including risk resulting from racial, economic,
14 or other disparities. The commissioner may delegate the authority to
15 conduct maternal mortality reviews.

16 § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 2509 of the public
17 health law, as amended by chapter 142 of the laws of 2019, is amended to
18 read as follows:

19 (a) shall make and report findings and recommendations to the commis-
20 sioner, and in the case of the city board to the commissioner and the
21 city commissioner regarding the cause of death, factors leading to
22 death, and preventability of each maternal death case, including whether
23 there was a vaginal or cesarean birth, and each case of severe maternal

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 morbidity reviewed by the board, by reviewing relevant information for
2 each case in the state or the city of New York, as the case may be, and
3 consulting with experts as needed to evaluate the information for each
4 death; and shall provide such findings and recommendations, including
5 best practices and strategies for reducing the risk of maternal mortal-
6 ity and morbidity, to the advisory council; provided that material
7 provided to the advisory council shall not include any information that
8 would be confidential under this section;

9 § 3. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subdivision 8 of section 2509 of the
10 public health law, as amended by chapter 142 of the laws of 2019, are
11 amended to read as follows:

12 (b) The advisory council:

13 (i) may review the findings of the boards;

14 (ii) may develop recommendations on policies, best practices, and
15 strategies to prevent maternal mortality and morbidity;

16 (iii) may hold public hearings on those matters;

17 (iv) may make findings and issue reports, including an annual report,
18 on such matters; ~~[and]~~

19 (v) may request and shall receive the assistance of the commissioner,
20 the city commissioner, and the boards in carrying out its functions~~[-];~~
21 and

22 (vi) shall undertake a review of cesarean births at hospitals in the
23 state. The council shall issue a final report and make recommendations
24 to reduce the rate of cesarean births in the state. The council shall
25 consider factors including, but not limited to: the primary and repeat
26 cesarean birth rates among hospitals in the state; the hospitals in the
27 state that allow or encourage vaginal births after cesarean births; the
28 rate of vaginal births after cesarean births among hospitals in the
29 state; the rate of vaginal births after cesarean births that were
30 offered by hospitals in the state but declined by the birthing person;
31 the rate of vaginal births after cesarean births that were attempted but
32 failed among hospitals in the state; the time of day unplanned cesarean
33 births occur in hospitals, and whether such correlates with the rate of
34 cesarean births in a hospital; the number of birthing people who elect
35 to have midwives attend labor and delivery in hospitals in the state;
36 the frequency of midwifery care during labor in hospitals across the
37 state and what impact, if any, this has on the rate of cesarean births;
38 and the number of birthing people who were informed by their health care
39 provider about the potential risks, benefits, and alternatives related
40 to cesarean births before labor.

41 (d) The members of the council shall be comprised of multidisciplinary
42 experts including two licensed midwives and lay persons knowledgeable in
43 the field of maternal mortality, women's health and public health and
44 shall include members who serve and are representative of the racial,
45 ethnic, and socioeconomic diversity of the women and mothers of the
46 state, and to the extent possible, the medically underserved areas of
47 the state or areas of the state with disproportionately high occurrences
48 of maternal mortality or morbidity.

49 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.