

STATE OF NEW YORK

5786

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

March 3, 2025

Introduced by Sen. SEPULVEDA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to requiring certain eligible persons or entities to acquire and possess opioid antagonists

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The public health law is amended by adding a new section
2 3000-g to read as follows:

3 § 3000-g. Opioid antagonist. 1. Definitions. As used in this section:

4 (a) "Eligible person or entity" means (i) an ambulance service or
5 advanced life support first response service; a certified first respon-
6 der, emergency medical technician, or advanced emergency medical techni-
7 cian, who is employed by or an enrolled member of any such service; (ii)
8 a children's overnight camp as defined in subdivision one of section
9 thirteen hundred ninety-two of this chapter, a summer day camp as
10 defined in subdivision two of section thirteen hundred ninety-two of
11 this chapter, a traveling summer day camp as defined in subdivision
12 three of section thirteen hundred ninety-two of this chapter; or a
13 person employed by such a camp; (iii) a school district, board of coop-
14 erative educational services, county vocational education and extension
15 board, charter school, non-public elementary and secondary school,
16 colleges, and universities in this state; or any person employed by any
17 such entity, or employed by a contractor of such an entity while
18 performing services for the entity; (iv) a government office; an educa-
19 tional institution or after-school program; a community center; a
20 publicly or privately operated shelter; or any person employed by any
21 such entity, or employed by a contractor of such an entity while
22 performing services for the entity; (v) a correctional facility, a coun-
23 ty jail, a police station, or a fire station; a pharmacy, doctor's
24 office; or any person employed by any such entity, or employed by a
25 contractor of such an entity while performing services for the entity;
26 and (vi) any other person or entity designated or approved, or in a
27 category designated or approved pursuant to regulations of the commis-
28 sioner in consultation with other appropriate agencies.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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(b) "Opioid antagonist" means a drug approved by the Food and Drug Administration that, when administered, negates or neutralizes in whole or in part the pharmacological effects of an opioid in the body. "Opioid antagonist" shall be limited to naloxone and other medications approved by the department for such purpose.

(c) "Health care practitioner" means a health care practitioner licensed, certified, or authorized to practice under title eight of the education law who is authorized thereby to administer drugs, and who is acting within the scope of their practice.

2. Possession and use. (a) Any eligible person or entity shall acquire and possess and may use an opioid antagonist for emergency treatment of a person appearing to experience an opioid-related overdose.

(b) An eligible person or entity shall possess at least two provisions of an opioid antagonist at all times.

(c) An eligible person or entity shall designate one or more individuals who have completed the training required by paragraph (d) of this subdivision to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of the opioid antagonist acquired by the eligible person or entity.

(d) No one may use an opioid antagonist on behalf of an eligible person or entity unless such person has successfully completed a training course in the use of opioid antagonists approved by the commissioner, or is directed in a specific instance to use an opioid antagonist by a health care practitioner.

(e) This section does not prohibit the use of an opioid antagonist (i) by a health care practitioner or (ii) by a person acting pursuant to a lawful patient-specific prescription.

(f) Every eligible person and entity authorized to possess and use an opioid antagonist pursuant to this section shall use, maintain and dispose of such antagonist pursuant to regulations of the department.

(g) Nothing in this section shall require any eligible person or entity to administer an opioid antagonist.

3. Prescriptions. (a) A health care practitioner who is authorized to prescribe drugs may prescribe, dispense or provide an opioid antagonist to or for an eligible person or entity by a non-patient-specific prescription.

(b) A pharmacist may dispense an opioid antagonist pursuant to a non-patient-specific prescription under this subdivision.

(c) This subdivision does not limit any other authority a health care practitioner or pharmacist has to prescribe, dispense, provide or administer an opioid antagonist.

4. Application of other laws. (a) Use of an opioid antagonist pursuant to this section shall be considered first aid or emergency treatment for the purpose of any statute relating to liability.

(b) Purchase, acquisition, possession or use of an opioid antagonist pursuant to this section shall not constitute the unlawful practice of a profession or other violation under title eight of the education law or article thirty-three of this chapter.

(c) Any person otherwise authorized to sell or provide an opioid antagonist may sell or provide it to a person or entity authorized to possess it pursuant to this section.

§ 2. This act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day after it shall have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date.