

# STATE OF NEW YORK

10618

## IN SENATE

June 1, 2026

Introduced by Sen. MYRIE -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules

AN ACT to amend the election law, in relation to prohibiting members of the military or armed government presence from interfering with elections

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The election law is amended by adding four new sections  
2 17-172, 17-174, 17-176, and 17-178 to read as follows:

3 § 17-172. Troops or armed government presence at polls. 1. Whoever,  
4 being an officer of the army or navy, or other person in the civil,  
5 military, or naval service of the state of New York or the United  
6 States, orders, brings, keeps, or has under their authority or control  
7 any troops or armed persons at any place where an election is held,  
8 unless such force be necessary to repel armed enemies of the United  
9 States, and thereby acts in violation of federal law, shall be fined or  
10 imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

11 2. This section shall not prevent any officer or member of the armed  
12 forces of the state of New York or United States from exercising the  
13 right of suffrage.

14 3. This section shall not apply to:

15 (a) law enforcement whose presence has been requested or authorized by  
16 the presiding election officer to respond to a specific emergency or  
17 disturbance that poses an imminent threat to the life, physical safety,  
18 or right to vote of an individual in the election officer's jurisdic-  
19 tion;

20 (b) law enforcement whose presence is otherwise required by law; or

21 (c) an officer or member of the state or national guard of the state  
22 of New York who has been activated by the governor of the state of New  
23 York to perform election-related duties under the supervision of an  
24 election officer.

25 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the attorney general  
26 shall have jurisdiction to prosecute any offenses under this section.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 5. The terms in this section shall be construed consistently with the  
2 same or similar terms in 18 U.S.C. § 592. This section shall not be read  
3 to permit any conduct prohibited by 18 U.S.C. § 592.

4 § 17-174. Interference by armed forces. 1. Whoever, being an officer  
5 or member of the armed forces of the state of New York or United States:  
6 (a) prescribes or fixes or attempts to prescribe or fix, whether by  
7 proclamation, order or otherwise, the qualifications of voters at any  
8 election in the state, and thereby acts in violation of federal law; (b)  
9 prevents or attempts to prevent by force, threat, intimidation, advice  
10 or otherwise any qualified voter of the state from fully exercising the  
11 right of suffrage at any election, and thereby acts in violation of  
12 federal law; (c) orders or compels or attempts to compel any election  
13 officer in the state to receive a vote from a person not legally quali-  
14 fied to vote, and thereby acts in violation of federal law; (d) imposes  
15 or attempts to impose any regulations for conducting any election in the  
16 state, different from those prescribed by law, and thereby acts in  
17 violation of federal law; or (e) interferes in any manner with an  
18 election officer's discharge of their duties, and thereby acts in  
19 violation of federal law shall be fined or imprisoned not more than five  
20 years, or both.

21 2. This section shall not prevent any officer or member of the armed  
22 forces from exercising the right of suffrage.

23 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the attorney general  
24 shall have jurisdiction to prosecute any offenses under this section.

25 4. The terms in this section shall be construed consistently with the  
26 same or similar terms in 18 U.S.C. § 593. This section shall not be read  
27 to permit any conduct prohibited by 18 U.S.C. § 593.

28 § 17-176. Interference by administrative employees of federal, state,  
29 or local governments. 1. Whoever, being a person employed in any admin-  
30 istrative position by the United States, or by any department or agency  
31 thereof, or by the state of New York, or any political subdivision,  
32 municipality, or agency thereof, or agency of such political subdivision  
33 or municipality (including any corporation owned or controlled by the  
34 state of New York or by any such political subdivision, municipality, or  
35 agency), in connection with any activity which is financed in whole or  
36 in part by loans or grants made by the United States or the state of New  
37 York, or any department or agency thereof, uses their official authority  
38 for the purpose of interfering with the nomination or the election of  
39 any candidate for federal, state, or local public office, and thereby  
40 acts in violation of federal law, shall be fined or imprisoned not more  
41 than one year, or both.

42 2. This section shall not prohibit or make unlawful any act by any  
43 officer or employee of any educational or research institution, estab-  
44 lishment, agency, or system which is supported in whole or in part by  
45 any state or political subdivision thereof, or by the District of Colum-  
46 bia or by any territory or possession of the United States; or by any  
47 recognized religious, philanthropic or cultural organization.

48 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the attorney general  
49 shall have jurisdiction to prosecute any offenses under this section.

50 4. The terms in this section shall be construed consistently with the  
51 same or similar terms in 18 U.S.C. § 595. This section shall not be read  
52 to permit any conduct prohibited by 18 U.S.C. § 595.

53 § 17-178. Civil enforcement of prohibitions on troops or armed govern-  
54 ment presence at polls, interference by armed forces, and interference  
55 by administrative employees of federal, state, or local governments. 1.  
56 A person aggrieved by a violation of section 17-172, 17-174, or 17-176

1 of this title may enforce the provisions of such section in a suit in  
2 equity. A prevailing plaintiff in such an action shall recover reason-  
3 able attorney's fees, reasonable expert fees, reasonable litigation  
4 expenses, and all such fees as are appropriate as part of the costs to  
5 be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction.

6 2. An election officer holding an election or conducting a canvass may  
7 enforce the provisions of section 17-172, 17-174, or 17-176 of this  
8 title and may institute an action for equitable relief on behalf of an  
9 aggrieved person who is in the officer's jurisdiction or is eligible to  
10 vote in the officer's jurisdiction.

11 3. The attorney general may enforce the provisions of section 17-172,  
12 17-174, or 17-176 of this title and may institute for the state, or in  
13 the name of the state, an action for equitable relief, including an  
14 application for a temporary or permanent injunction, restraining order,  
15 or other order.

16 4. A suit brought by an election officer holding an election or  
17 conducting a canvass or the attorney general under this section does not  
18 preclude a contemporaneous private suit by an aggrieved person to  
19 enforce the provisions of section 17-172, 17-174, or 17-176 of this  
20 title.

21 5. The provisions of sections 17-172, 17-174, and 17-176 of this title  
22 are cumulative and shall not be construed as restricting the application  
23 of any other law, including, but not limited to, the application of a  
24 criminal law to a person whose conduct violates this act.

25 6. Actions brought pursuant to this section must be subject to expe-  
26 ditied pretrial and trial proceedings and receive an automatic calendar  
27 preference.

28 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section  
29 or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent juris-  
30 diction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invali-  
31 date the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to  
32 the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof  
33 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have  
34 been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature  
35 that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions  
36 had not been included herein.

37 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.