

# STATE OF NEW YORK

9552

## IN SENATE

March 24, 2026

Introduced by Sen. ADDABBO -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Education

AN ACT to amend the education law and the election law, in relation to school session days

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 8 of section 3604 of the education law, as  
2 amended by chapter 359 of the laws of 2023, is amended to read as  
3 follows:  
4 8. No school shall be in session on a Saturday, the first day of the  
5 second lunar month after the winter solstice in the preceding calendar  
6 year known as Asian Lunar New Year, or a legal holiday, except [~~general~~  
7 ~~election-day,~~] Washington's birthday and Lincoln's birthday, and except  
8 that driver education classes may be conducted on a Saturday. A school  
9 district may elect to require staff attendance on a general election day  
10 or to schedule a professional development day. A deficiency not exceed-  
11 ing four days during any school year caused by teachers' attendance upon  
12 conferences held by superintendents of schools of city school districts  
13 or other school districts employing superintendents of schools shall be  
14 excused by the commissioner, notwithstanding any provision of law, rule  
15 or regulation to the contrary, a school district may elect to schedule  
16 such conference days in the last two weeks of August, subject to collec-  
17 tive bargaining requirements pursuant to article fourteen of the civil  
18 service law, and such days shall be counted towards the required one  
19 hundred eighty days of session, provided however, that such scheduling  
20 shall not alter the obligation of the school district to provide trans-  
21 portation to students in non-public elementary and secondary schools or  
22 charter schools. At least two such conference days during such school  
23 year shall be dedicated to staff attendance upon conferences providing  
24 staff development relating to implementation of the new high learning  
25 standards and assessments, as adopted by the board of regents. Notwith-  
26 standing any other provision of law, rule or regulation to the contrary,  
27 school districts may elect to use one or more of such allowable confer-  
28 ence days in units of not less than one hour each to provide staff

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD03525-01-5

1 development activities relating to implementation of the new high learn-  
2 ing standards and assessments. A district making such election may  
3 provide such staff development on any day during which sessions are  
4 allowed and apply such units to satisfy a deficiency in the length of  
5 one or more daily sessions of instruction for pupils as specified in  
6 regulations of the commissioner. The commissioner shall assure that such  
7 conference days include appropriate school violence prevention and  
8 intervention training, and may require that up to one such conference  
9 day be dedicated for such purpose.

10 § 2. Subdivision 3 of section 4-104 of the election law, as amended by  
11 chapter 694 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:

12 3. A building exempt from taxation shall be used whenever possible as  
13 a polling place if it is situated in the same or a contiguous election  
14 district, and may contain as many distinctly separate polling places as  
15 public convenience may require. The expense, if any, incidental to its  
16 use, shall be paid like the expense of other places of registration and  
17 voting. If a board or body empowered to designate polling places chooses  
18 a public school building for such purpose, the board or agency which  
19 controls such building must make available a room or rooms in such  
20 building which are suitable for registration and voting and which are as  
21 close as possible to a convenient entrance to such building and must  
22 make available any such room or rooms which the board or body designat-  
23 ing such building determines are accessible to physically disabled  
24 voters as provided in subdivision one-a of this section. Notwithstanding  
25 the provisions of any general, special or local law, if a board or body  
26 empowered to designate polling places chooses a publicly owned or leased  
27 building~~[, other than a public school building,~~ for such purposes the  
28 board or body which controls such building must make available a room or  
29 rooms in such building which are suitable for registration and voting  
30 and which are as close as possible to a convenient entrance to such  
31 building, and must make available any such room or rooms which the board  
32 or body designating such building determines are accessible to phys-  
33 ically disabled voters unless, not later than thirty days after notice  
34 of its designation as a polling place, the board or body controlling  
35 such building, files a written request for a cancellation of such desig-  
36 nation with the board or body empowered to designate polling places on  
37 such form as shall be provided by the board or body making such desig-  
38 nation. The board or body empowered to so designate shall, within twenty  
39 days after such request is filed, determine whether the use of such  
40 building as a polling place would unreasonably interfere with the usual  
41 activities conducted in such building and upon such determination, may  
42 cancel such designation.

43 § 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 2027.