

# STATE OF NEW YORK

534

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

(Prefiled)

January 8, 2025

Introduced by Sens. MARTINS, CANZONERI-FITZPATRICK, GRIFFO, MATTERA, OBERACKER, PALUMBO, RHOADS, ROLISON, WEBER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to establishing the crime of aggravated disorderly conduct

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 240.20-a  
2 to read as follows:

3 § 240.20-a Aggravated disorderly conduct.

4 A person is guilty of aggravated disorderly conduct when, with intent  
5 to cause public inconvenience, annoyance or alarm, or recklessly creat-  
6 ing a risk thereof the person obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic  
7 or prevents the public from entering or exiting buildings during an  
8 unpermitted or unlawful protest, demonstration, or assembly.

9 Aggravated disorderly conduct is a class A misdemeanor.

10 § 2. Subdivision 3 of section 485.05 of the penal law, as amended by  
11 section 2 of part C of chapter 55 of the laws of 2024, is amended to  
12 read as follows:

13 3. A "specified offense" is an offense defined by any of the following  
14 provisions of this chapter: section 120.00 (assault in the third  
15 degree); section 120.05 (assault in the second degree); section 120.06  
16 (gang assault in the second degree); section 120.07 (gang assault in the  
17 first degree); section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); section  
18 120.12 (aggravated assault upon a person less than eleven years old);  
19 section 120.13 (menacing in the first degree); section 120.14 (menacing  
20 in the second degree); section 120.15 (menacing in the third degree);  
21 section 120.20 (reckless endangerment in the second degree); section  
22 120.25 (reckless endangerment in the first degree); section 121.11  
23 (criminal obstruction of breathing or blood circulation); section 121.12

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (strangulation in the second degree); section 121.13 (strangulation in  
2 the first degree); subdivision one of section 125.15 (manslaughter in  
3 the second degree); subdivision one, two or four of section 125.20  
4 (manslaughter in the first degree); section 125.25 (murder in the second  
5 degree); section 125.26 (aggravated murder); section 125.27 (murder in  
6 the first degree); section 120.45 (stalking in the fourth degree);  
7 section 120.50 (stalking in the third degree); section 120.55 (stalking  
8 in the second degree); section 120.60 (stalking in the first degree);  
9 section 130.20 (sexual misconduct); section 130.25 (rape in the third  
10 degree); section 130.30 (rape in the second degree); section 130.35  
11 (rape in the first degree); former section 130.40; former section  
12 130.45; former section 130.50; section 130.52 (forcible touching);  
13 section 130.53 (persistent sexual abuse); section 130.55 (sexual abuse  
14 in the third degree); section 130.60 (sexual abuse in the second  
15 degree); section 130.65 (sexual abuse in the first degree); section  
16 130.65-a (aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree); section 130.66  
17 (aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree); section 130.67 (aggra-  
18 vated sexual abuse in the second degree); section 130.70 (aggravated  
19 sexual abuse in the first degree); section 135.05 (unlawful imprisonment  
20 in the second degree); section 135.10 (unlawful imprisonment in the  
21 first degree); section 135.20 (kidnapping in the second degree); section  
22 135.25 (kidnapping in the first degree); section 135.60 (coercion in the  
23 third degree); section 135.61 (coercion in the second degree); section  
24 135.65 (coercion in the first degree); section 140.10 (criminal trespass  
25 in the third degree); section 140.15 (criminal trespass in the second  
26 degree); section 140.17 (criminal trespass in the first degree); section  
27 140.20 (burglary in the third degree); section 140.25 (burglary in the  
28 second degree); section 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); section  
29 145.00 (criminal mischief in the fourth degree); section 145.05 (crimi-  
30 nal mischief in the third degree); section 145.10 (criminal mischief in  
31 the second degree); section 145.12 (criminal mischief in the first  
32 degree); section 150.05 (arson in the fourth degree); section 150.10  
33 (arson in the third degree); section 150.15 (arson in the second  
34 degree); section 150.20 (arson in the first degree); section 155.25  
35 (petit larceny); section 155.30 (grand larceny in the fourth degree);  
36 section 155.35 (grand larceny in the third degree); section 155.40  
37 (grand larceny in the second degree); section 155.42 (grand larceny in  
38 the first degree); section 160.05 (robbery in the third degree); section  
39 160.10 (robbery in the second degree); section 160.15 (robbery in the  
40 first degree); section 240.20-a (aggravated disorderly conduct); section  
41 230.34 (sex trafficking); section 230.34-a (sex trafficking of a child);  
42 section 240.25 (harassment in the first degree); subdivision one, two or  
43 four of section 240.30 (aggravated harassment in the second degree);  
44 section 240.50 (falsely reporting an incident in the third degree);  
45 section 240.55 (falsely reporting an incident in the second degree);  
46 section 240.60 (falsely reporting an incident in the first degree);  
47 subdivision one of section 265.03 (criminal possession of a weapon in  
48 the second degree); subdivision one of section 265.04 (criminal  
49 possession of a weapon in the first degree); section 490.10 (soliciting  
50 or providing support for an act of terrorism in the second degree);  
51 section 490.15 (soliciting or providing support for an act of terrorism  
52 in the first degree); section 490.20 (making a terroristic threat);  
53 section 490.25 (crime of terrorism); section 490.30 (hindering prose-  
54 cution of terrorism in the second degree); section 490.35 (hindering  
55 prosecution of terrorism in the first degree); section 490.37 (criminal  
56 possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the third

1 degree); section 490.40 (criminal possession of a chemical weapon or  
2 biological weapon in the second degree); section 490.45 (criminal  
3 possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first  
4 degree); section 490.47 (criminal use of a chemical weapon or biological  
5 weapon in the third degree); section 490.50 (criminal use of a chemical  
6 weapon or biological weapon in the second degree); section 490.55 (crim-  
7 inal use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first degree);  
8 or any attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses.

9 § 3. Paragraphs (t) and (u) of subdivision 4 of section 510.10 of the  
10 criminal procedure law, paragraph (t) as amended and paragraph (u) as  
11 added by section 2 of subpart B of part UU of chapter 56 of the laws of  
12 2022, are amended and a new paragraph (v) is added to read as follows:

13 (t) any felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm to an identifi-  
14 able person or property, or any charge of criminal possession of a  
15 firearm as defined in section 265.01-b of the penal law, where such  
16 charge arose from conduct occurring while the defendant was released on  
17 [~~his or her~~] such defendant's own recognizance, released under condi-  
18 tions, or had yet to be arraigned after the issuance of a desk appear-  
19 ance ticket for a separate felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm  
20 to an identifiable person or property, or any charge of criminal  
21 possession of a firearm as defined in section 265.01-b of the penal law,  
22 provided, however, that the prosecutor must show reasonable cause to  
23 believe that the defendant committed the instant crime and any underly-  
24 ing crime. For the purposes of this subparagraph, any of the underlying  
25 crimes need not be a qualifying offense as defined in this subdivision.  
26 For the purposes of this paragraph, "harm to an identifiable person or  
27 property" shall include but not be limited to theft of or damage to  
28 property. However, based upon a review of the facts alleged in the accu-  
29 satory instrument, if the court determines that such theft is negligible  
30 and does not appear to be in furtherance of other criminal activity, the  
31 principal shall be released on [~~his or her~~] such principal's own recog-  
32 nizance or under appropriate non-monetary conditions; [~~or~~]

33 (u) criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in  
34 subdivision three of section 265.02 of the penal law or criminal sale of  
35 a firearm to a minor as defined in section 265.16 of the penal law[~~+~~];  
36 or

37 (v) aggravated disorderly conduct as defined in section 240.20-a of  
38 the penal law.

39 § 4. Subparagraphs (xx) and (xxi) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of  
40 section 530.20 of the criminal procedure law, subparagraph (xx) as  
41 amended and subparagraph (xxi) as added by section 4 of subpart C of  
42 part UU of chapter 56 of the laws of 2022, are amended and a new subpar-  
43 agraph (xxii) is added to read as follows:

44 (xx) any felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm to an identifi-  
45 able person or property, or any charge of criminal possession of a  
46 firearm as defined in section 265.01-b of the penal law where such  
47 charge arose from conduct occurring while the defendant was released on  
48 [~~his or her~~] such defendant's own recognizance, released under condi-  
49 tions, or had yet to be arraigned after the issuance of a desk appear-  
50 ance ticket for a separate felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm  
51 to an identifiable person or property, provided, however, that the  
52 prosecutor must show reasonable cause to believe that the defendant  
53 committed the instant crime and any underlying crime. For the purposes  
54 of this subparagraph, any of the underlying crimes need not be a quali-  
55 fying offense as defined in this subdivision. For the purposes of this  
56 paragraph, "harm to an identifiable person or property" shall include

1 but not be limited to theft of or damage to property. However, based  
2 upon a review of the facts alleged in the accusatory instrument, if the  
3 court determines that such theft is negligible and does not appear to be  
4 in furtherance of other criminal activity, the principal shall be  
5 released on ~~[his or her]~~ such principal's own recognizance or under  
6 appropriate non-monetary conditions; ~~[or]~~

7 (xxi) criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined  
8 in subdivision three of section 265.02 of the penal law or criminal sale  
9 of a firearm to a minor as defined in section 265.16 of the penal  
10 law~~[,]~~; or

11 (xxii) aggravated disorderly conduct as defined in section 240.20-a of  
12 the penal law.

13 § 5. Paragraphs (t) and (u) of subdivision 4 of section 530.40 of the  
14 criminal procedure law, paragraph (t) as amended and paragraph (u) as  
15 added by section 4 of subpart B of part UU of chapter 56 of the laws of  
16 2022, are amended and a new paragraph (v) is added to read as follows:

17 (t) any felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm to an identifi-  
18 able person or property, or any charge of criminal possession of a  
19 firearm as defined in section 265.01-b of the penal law, where such  
20 charge arose from conduct occurring while the defendant was released on  
21 ~~[his or her]~~ such defendant's own recognizance, released under condi-  
22 tions, or had yet to be arraigned after the issuance of a desk appear-  
23 ance ticket for a separate felony or class A misdemeanor involving harm  
24 to an identifiable person or property, or any charge of criminal  
25 possession of a firearm as defined in section 265.01-b of the penal law,  
26 provided, however, that the prosecutor must show reasonable cause to  
27 believe that the defendant committed the instant crime and any underly-  
28 ing crime. For the purposes of this subparagraph, any of the underlying  
29 crimes need not be a qualifying offense as defined in this subdivision.  
30 For the purposes of this paragraph, "harm to an identifiable person or  
31 property" shall include but not be limited to theft of or damage to  
32 property. However, based upon a review of the facts alleged in the accu-  
33 satory instrument, if the court determines that such theft is negligible  
34 and does not appear to be in furtherance of other criminal activity, the  
35 principal shall be released on ~~[his or her]~~ such principal's own recog-  
36 nizance or under appropriate non-monetary conditions; ~~[or]~~

37 (u) criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in  
38 subdivision three of section 265.02 of the penal law or criminal sale of  
39 a firearm to a minor as defined in section 265.16 of the penal law~~[,]~~;  
40 or

41 (v) aggravated disorderly conduct as defined in section 240.20-a of  
42 the penal law.

43 § 6. This act shall take effect immediately.