STATE OF NEW YORK

4033--A

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 31, 2025

Introduced by Sen. HARCKHAM -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Environmental Conservation -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law and the state finance law, in relation to the disposition of certain fees and penalties

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 71-0211 of the environmental conservation law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 60 of the laws of 1993, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 460 of the laws of 1991, are amended to read as follows:

1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, all fines and penalties collected pursuant to title nineteen of this article, except amounts required to be paid into the conservation fund pursuant to subdivision two of section 71-1929 of such title; title twenty-one of this article; title twenty-seven of this article, except amounts required to be paid into the hazardous waste remedial fund pursuant to subdivision two of section 71-2725 of such title; and title forty-one of this article shall be paid into the [~~general fund to the credit of the state purposes account~~] **conservation fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law**.

2. Unless otherwise provided in this chapter, not later than the tenth day of each month, all fines, penalties and forfeitures collected for violations of this chapter or rules, regulations, local laws or ordinances adopted thereunder under judgment of any town or village court, shall be paid over by such court to the comptroller of the state, with a statement accompanying the same, setting forth the action or proceeding in which such moneys were collected, the name and residence of the defendant, the nature of the offense, and the fines and penalty imposed.

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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The comptroller shall pay these funds into the [~~general fund of the state~~] conservation fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law.

§ 2. Section 83 of the state finance law is amended by adding a new subdivision (k) to read as follows:

(k) All moneys, revenue, and interest thereon received and collected pursuant to titles nineteen, twenty-one and twenty-seven of article seventy-one of the environmental conservation law, and pursuant to section 71-0211 of the environmental conservation law, other than those amounts prescribed by law to be directed into other funds, shall be deposited in a special account within the conservation fund to be known as the conservation enforcement account. All of such moneys, revenues and interest shall be available to the department of environmental conservation, pursuant to appropriation, exclusively for funding the enforcement of the environmental conservation law, including funding for scientists, environmental law enforcement officers, attorneys, administrative support, and such other expenses the commissioner deems necessary for such enforcement. Such money shall be used to supplement and not supplant funding for the enforcement of the environmental conservation law as of the effective date of this subdivision. The department shall annually submit to the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the minority leader of the senate, and the minority leader of the assembly, following one year after the effective date of this subdivision, an annual expenditure report of the conservation fund.

§ 3. Subdivision 1 of section 71-0213 of the environmental conservation law, as added by section 1 of part DDD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

1. Whenever proceedings result in a conviction for an offense under this chapter there shall be levied, in addition to any sentence required or permitted by law, the following mandatory surcharges: (a) in the amount of twenty-five dollars for violations of sportfishing regulations set forth in 6 NYCRR 10; (b) in the amount of [~~seventy-five dollars~~] one hundred twelve dollars and fifty cents for all other offenses under this chapter provided, however, that convictions for offenses under articles seventeen, nineteen or twenty-seven of this chapter shall be subject to a mandatory surcharge equal to the greater of [~~seventy-five dollars~~] one hundred twelve dollars and fifty cents or [~~six~~] nine percent of any penalty or fine imposed. The mandatory surcharge shall be paid to the clerk of the court who shall remit such mandatory surcharge to the state comptroller provided, however, that in cases where the conviction was rendered by a town or a village justice court, the clerk of such court shall pay twenty-five dollars of such surcharge to the chief fiscal officer of the town or village in the case of surcharges resulting from paragraph (b) of this subdivision and ten dollars in the case of surcharges resulting from paragraph (a) of this subdivision and shall pay the remaining amounts of such mandatory surcharges to the state comptroller in the same manner as provided in section 71-0211 of this article. The comptroller shall pay such monies into the state treasury to the [~~credit of the general fund~~] conservation fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law.

§ 4. Section 71-0301 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0301. Summary abatement.

Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, whenever the commissioner finds, after investigation, that any person is causing, engaging in or maintaining a condition or activity which, in [~~his~~] **the** judgment **of the commissioner**, presents an imminent danger to the health or welfare of the people of the state or results in or is likely to result in irreversible or irreparable damage to natural resources, and relates to the prevention and abatement powers of the commissioner and it therefore appears to be prejudicial to the interests of the people of the state to delay action until an opportunity for a hearing can be provided, the commissioner may, without prior hearing, order such person by notice, in writing wherever practicable or in such other form as in the commissioner's judgment will reasonably notify such person whose practices are intended to be proscribed, to discontinue, abate or alleviate such condition or activity, and thereupon such person shall immediately discontinue, abate or alleviate such condition or activity. As promptly as possible thereafter, not to exceed fifteen days, the commissioner shall provide the person an opportunity to be heard and to present proof that such condition or activity does not violate the provisions of this section. The commissioner shall adopt any other appropriate rules and regulations prescribing the procedure to be followed in the issuance of such orders. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by this section, or any rule, regulation or order promulgated by the commissioner hereunder, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and, in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Penalties and injunctive relief provided herein shall be recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general at the request and in the name of the commissioner.

§ 5. Subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 71-0507 of the environmental conservation law, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 1973, are amended to read as follows:

3. Moneys received by a town justice or a village justice in any action for a penalty brought under the provisions of this chapter listed in section 71-0501 of titles 5 through 15 inclusive and title 33 or upon the settlement or compromise thereof, or a fine for a violation of the provisions of this chapter listed in section 71-0501 and titles 5 through 15 inclusive and title 33 of this article shall be paid to the State Comptroller as provided in section 27 of the Town Law and section 4-410 of the village law. From the moneys so received, the State Comptroller shall pay all lawful fees for services rendered in such actions when instituted by order of the department or upon information of a conservation officer, regional and assistant regional conservation officer, special game protector, district ranger, forest ranger, or member of the state police. The balance of such moneys arising from penalties under [~~articles~~] **article** 11 or 13 [~~or title 9~~] of this [~~article~~] **chapter** or upon the settlement or compromise thereof or from fines for violations of any of the provisions of [~~articles~~] **article** 11 or 13 [~~or title 9~~] of this [~~article~~] **chapter** after the payment of lawful fees shall be credited by the Comptroller to the conservation fund. The Comptroller shall adjust and settle [~~his~~] **their** account with the conservation fund in the manner provided by section 99-a of the State Finance Law. The balance of all other such moneys after payment of lawful fees shall be credited by the Comptroller to the [~~general fund~~] **conservation**

fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law.

4. All moneys received by any other person or court in an action for a penalty brought under the provisions of this chapter listed in section 71-0501 and titles 5 through 15 inclusive and title 33 of this article or upon the settlement or compromise thereof, or a fine for a violation of the provisions of this chapter listed in section 71-0501 and titles 5 through 15 inclusive and title 33 of this article, shall be paid by such person or court to the department within thirty days after receipt thereof. The department shall pay the expenses of collection and the lawful fees of magistrates and constables for services performed in criminal actions brought upon information of a conservation officer, regional and assistant regional conservation officer, special game protector, district ranger, forest ranger, or member of the state police. Such moneys derived from fines or penalties for violations of [~~articles~~] **article** 11 or 13 [~~or title 9~~] of this [~~article~~] **chapter** or from the settlement or compromise thereof shall be paid by the department to the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance and credited to the conservation fund. All other moneys so received by the department shall be paid to the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance and credited to the [~~general fund~~] **conservation fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law**.

§ 6. Subdivisions 1, 2, 6, 9 and 10 of section 71-0703 of the environmental conservation law, subdivisions 1, 2 and 6 as amended by chapter 602 of the laws of 2003, subdivision 9 as added by chapter 267 of the laws of 2012 and subdivision 10 as added by chapter 330 of the laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 4, 5, 6 or 7 of this section, any person who violates any provision of article 9 or the rules, regulations or orders promulgated pursuant thereto or the terms of any permit issued thereunder, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by any provision thereof shall be guilty of a violation, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than fifteen days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and in addition thereto shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than ten nor more than one hundred **fifty** dollars.

2. The violation of any of the provisions of the following sections shall subject the person guilty thereof to the following civil penalties in addition to the liability prescribed in subdivision 1 of this section:

a. Section 9-1113 of this chapter, [~~two~~] **three** dollars per tree;

b. Subdivision 3 of section 9-1105 of this chapter, [~~twenty-five~~] **thirty-seven** dollars **and fifty cents** per day;

c. Subdivision 4 of section 9-1105 of this chapter, and subdivision 1 of section 9-1117 of this chapter, [~~ten~~] **fifteen** dollars per mile per day;

d. Section 9-1115 of this chapter, [~~ten~~] **fifteen** dollars per mile;

e. Subdivision 2 of section 9-1117 of this chapter, one hundred **fifty** dollars per each offense; and

f. Section 9-1119 of this chapter, one hundred **fifty** dollars per day per locomotive.

With respect to the penalty for violation of subdivision 4 of section 9-1105 of this chapter, the owner and every person engaged in such

cutting shall be liable therefor; however, the liability for penalty shall not arise until the expiration of twenty days after service, personally or by mail upon the alleged violator at [~~his~~] their last known place of residence of a written notice of failure to comply with the requirements of subdivision 4 of section 9-1105 of this chapter.

6. (a) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who violates subdivision 1 of section 9-0303 of this chapter shall be liable to a civil penalty of [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars per tree or treble damages, based on the stumpage value of such tree or both. Where the order or decision finds that the defendant established by clear and convincing evidence, that when such defendant committed the violation, [~~he or she~~] they had cause to believe that the land was [~~his or her~~] their own, or that [~~he or she~~] such defendant had an easement or right of way across such land which permitted such action, damages shall be awarded on the basis of the stumpage value of such tree or trees in the market as if they were privately owned. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this section shall not be construed to authorize the cutting of timber or removal of trees where such action would otherwise be violative of any provision of the state constitution or law.

(b) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person who violates section 9-1501 of this chapter shall be liable for a civil penalty of [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars per tree or treble damages or both, based on the stumpage value of such tree or trees. Where the order or decision finds that the defendant established by clear and convincing evidence, that when such defendant committed the violation, [~~he or she~~] they had cause to believe that the land was [~~his or her~~] their own or that [~~he or she~~] such defendant had an easement or right of way across such land which permitted such action, damages shall be awarded on the basis of the stumpage value of such tree or trees. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this section shall not be construed to authorize the cutting of timber or removal of trees where such action would otherwise be violative of any provision of the state constitution or law.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "stumpage value" shall mean the current fair market value of a tree as it stands prior to the time of sale, cutting, or removal. Stumpage value shall be determined by one or more of the following methods: the sale price of the tree in an arm's-length sale, a review of solicited bids, the stumpage price report prepared by the department of environmental conservation, comparison with like sales on trees on state or private lands, or other appropriate means to assure that a fair market value is established within an acceptable range based on the appropriate geographic area.

9. a. Any person who transports, sells, imports or introduces invasive species, in violation of the regulations promulgated pursuant to section 9-1709 of this chapter shall be subject to the following:

For any first violation in lieu of a penalty there may be issued a written warning by the department and there may also be issued education materials at the discretion of the department regarding requirements related to invasive species. Such person shall, however, for any subsequent violation thereafter be subject to a fine of no less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars.

b. Any nursery grower licensed pursuant to article fourteen of the agriculture and markets law, any person who owns or operates a public vessel as such term is defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision six of section two of the navigation law, or any person who owns or operates a

commercial fishing vessel who transports, sells, imports or introduces invasive species in violation of the regulations promulgated pursuant to section 9-1709 of this chapter, shall be subject to a fine of not less than [~~six~~] nine hundred dollars upon the first penalty. Upon the second penalty such person shall be subject to a fine of not less than [~~two~~] three thousand dollars. Upon a subsequent penalty and after a hearing or opportunity to be heard upon due notice the following penalties may apply: (i) such nursery grower may be subject to the revocation procedures of section one hundred sixty-three-c of the agriculture and markets law (ii) such person's vessel registration may be suspended or (iii) such person's fishing permit may be revoked by the department.

10. Any person who violates section 9-1710 of this chapter shall be guilty of a violation and shall be punishable and liable to a civil penalty as provided in subdivision one of this section, provided, however, that for any first violation in lieu of a penalty there shall be issued a written warning by the department and there shall also be issued education materials at the discretion of the department regarding requirements related to invasive species. Such person shall be subject to a fine of up to [~~one hundred fifty~~] two hundred seventy-five dollars for a second offense, up to [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars for a third offense, and no less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars nor more than [~~one thousand~~] five hundred dollars for a fourth or subsequent offense.

§ 7. Section 71-0707 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0707. Resisting or obstructing departmental agent or employee.

Any person who resists or obstructs an authorized agent or employee of the department while [~~he~~] such agent or employee is engaged in carrying out any provision of section 9-0305 shall be guilty of a violation which shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred fifty dollars and by an additional fine [~~of~~] not exceeding [~~twenty-five~~] thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents for each additional day of such resistance or obstruction.

§ 8. Section 71-0709 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0709. Injury to state lands.

Any person who intentionally or negligently causes a fire which burns on or over state lands shall be liable to the state for treble damages and, in addition, to a civil penalty of [~~ten~~] fifteen dollars for every tree killed or destroyed by such fire. Damages to state lands and timber shall be ascertained and determined at the same rate of value as if such property were privately owned.

§ 9. Section 71-0711 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0711. Injury to municipal or private lands.

Any person who causes a fire which burns on or over lands belonging to another person or to a municipality shall be liable to the party injured (a) for actual damages in case of fire negligently caused or (b) for the higher of actual damages or damages at the rate of [~~five~~] seven dollars and fifty cents for each tree killed or destroyed in case of fire wilfully caused.

§ 10. Section 71-0921 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 408 of the laws of 2017, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 468 of the laws of 2011, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 270 of the laws of 1997, subdivisions 4 and 5 as added by chapter 417 of the laws of 1996,

subparagraph 9 of paragraph a of subdivision 4 and subparagraph 5 of paragraph a of subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 41 of the laws of 2013, subparagraphs 2 and 3 of paragraph b of subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 347 of the laws of 2007, subdivisions 6 and 7 as amended by chapter 416 of the laws of 1989, subdivision 8 as amended by section 19 of part R of chapter 58 of the laws of 2013, subdivision 10 as added by chapter 31 of the laws of 1980, subdivision 10-a as added by chapter 762 of the laws of 2023, subdivision 11 as added by chapter 168 of the laws of 1989, subdivision 12 as added by chapter 143 of the laws of 1992, subdivision 13 as added by chapter 208 of the laws of 1999, subdivision 14 as added by chapter 532 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0921. Misdemeanors.

The following acts are misdemeanors, punishable as herein provided, when they are done in violation of the section or subdivision thereof specified, or if no section is specified, in violation of any section of the Fish and Wildlife Law:

1. (a) The illegal taking of big game prior to the first day of the open season or after the last day of the open season in the county or part thereof where taken, or the taking of big game with aid of an artificial light. Each such misdemeanor for a violation of this paragraph shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars nor more than [~~three thousand~~] **four thousand five hundred** dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

(b) Any illegal taking of a deer, other than a taking described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars nor more than [~~two~~] **three** thousand dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

2. The illegal taking of a bear less than one year old or the taking of a bear by a means or method not permitted by this chapter. Such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not more than [~~two~~] **three** thousand dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine. The sale of bear gallbladder/bile in violation of paragraph b of subdivision nine of section 11-0917 of this chapter shall be punishable by a fine of [~~five thousand~~] **seven thousand five hundred** dollars per violation.

3. Possession, use or discharge of a firearm in violation of subdivision 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6 of section 11-0931 of this chapter. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than three months or by a fine of not less than [~~two~~] **three** hundred dollars nor more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

4. a. Violations of:

(1) subdivision one of section 13-0309 of this chapter involving the taking of shellfish from uncertified shellfish lands, or the possession, transportation, sale or trafficking in shellfish so taken;

(2) subdivision two of section 13-0309 of this chapter involving the taking of shellfish between sunset and sunrise;

(3) subdivision ten of section 13-0309 of this chapter involving the possession of a stick dredge after one prior conviction under such subdivision for such activity;

(4) subdivision one of section 13-0311 of this chapter involving the taking of shellfish without the required digger's permit;

(5) subdivision seven of section 13-0311 of this chapter involving the taking of shellfish while one's digger's permit is suspended or revoked;

(6) subdivision one of section 13-0315 of this chapter involving the processing, transportation, shipment or sale of shellfish without the required shipper's or processor's permit;

(7) regulations promulgated by the department pursuant to section 13-0319 of this chapter involving the failure to tag or seal shellfish or the falsifying of any information required on any tag or seal required by said regulations;

(8) subdivision five of section 13-0325 of this chapter, regarding the taking of undersized clams, where the taking involves more than twenty-four percentum of clams of less than legal size;

(9) regulations promulgated by the department pursuant to section 13-0327 of this chapter, regarding the taking of undersized scallops, where the taking involves more than twenty-four percentum of scallops of less than legal size; and

(10) section 13-0344 of this chapter involving the dumping of objects into the water after being signaled by a police officer or peace officer to stop for inspection.

b. Each such misdemeanor identified in paragraph a of this subdivision shall be punishable as follows:

(1) For a first conviction for any of the violations listed in paragraph a of this subdivision, by imprisonment for not more than sixty days, a fine of not less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars plus, if applicable, an amount equal to the market value of the shellfish involved in the violation, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) For a second conviction for any of the violations listed in paragraph a of this subdivision, by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~twenty-five hundred~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars plus, if applicable, an amount equal to three times the market value of the shellfish involved in the violation, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

(3) For a third or subsequent conviction for any of the violations listed in paragraph a of this subdivision, by imprisonment for not more than one hundred eighty days, a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars nor more than [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars plus, if applicable, an amount equal to three times the market value of the shellfish involved in the violation, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

(4) Provided, further, that all equipment or conveyances used to harvest, transport or traffic in such illegal shellfish may be forfeited for any third or subsequent conviction of the above violations, in addition to such penalties or imprisonment. Such forfeiture shall be in addition to any forfeiture authorized by section 71-0909 of this article.

5. a. Violations of:

(1) subdivision three of section 13-0309 of this chapter involving the illegal use of dredges, scrapes or other devices operated by power or by boats propelled by motor or other mechanical means for the purpose of taking shellfish;

(2) subdivision eight of section 13-0309 of this chapter involving the operation, use or placing, for whatever purpose, of dredges, rakes, tongs or other devices for the taking of shellfish in uncertified

shellfish lands after a prior conviction under such subdivision for such activity;

(3) subdivision nine of section 13-0309 of this chapter involving the altering, damaging, mutilating, moving or carrying away of buoys or markers used to designate the uncertified waters of the state;

(4) subdivision five of section 13-0325 of this chapter regarding the taking of undersized clams, where the taking involves between ten and twenty-four percentum of clams of less than legal size; and

(5) regulations promulgated by the department pursuant to section 13-0327 of this chapter, regarding the taking of undersized scallops, where the taking involves between ten and twenty-four percentum of scallops of less than legal size.

b. Each such misdemeanor identified in paragraph a of this subdivision shall be punishable as follows:

(1) For a first conviction of any of the violations listed in paragraph a of this subdivision, by imprisonment for not more than thirty days, a fine of not less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars nor more than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars plus, if applicable, an amount equal to the market value of the shellfish involved in the violation, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) For a second conviction for any of the violations listed in paragraph a of this subdivision, by imprisonment not to exceed sixty days, a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars plus, if applicable, an amount equal to the market value of the shellfish involved in the violation, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

(3) For a third or subsequent conviction for any of the violations listed in paragraph a of this subdivision, by imprisonment for not more than one hundred eighty days, a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars nor more than [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars plus, if applicable, an amount equal to the market value of the shellfish involved in the violation, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

6. Violations of paragraph b of subdivision 3 or subdivision 5 or 12 of section 13-0329 of this chapter. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~two~~] three thousand dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

7. Violations of subdivision 7 or 11 of section 13-0329 of this chapter. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than ninety days or by a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

8. Making a false statement in applying for a license, privilege or permit under the Fish and Wildlife Law, or for a certificate in lieu of a lost license or privilege or a duplicate hunting license tag under title 7 of article 11 of this chapter. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than three months, or by a fine of not more than [~~two~~] three hundred dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine. In addition, the department may immediately revoke the license, privilege, permit or certificate for which application was made for the remainder of its effective term.

9. Failure to give the department the prompt notification required under [~~subdivision 10 of~~] regulations promulgated pursuant to section 13-0301 of this chapter, when the specified buoys or markers are destroyed. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for

not more than one year or by a fine of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

10. Violation of subdivision 10 of section 11-0901 involving the illegal taking of a moose. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not more than [~~two~~] three thousand dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

10-a. Violations of subdivision fourteen of section 11-0901 of this chapter involving unlawful contests, competitions, tournaments and derbys to take wildlife. Each such violation shall be punishable by a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~two~~] three thousand dollars.

11. Any person who violates the provisions of section 11-0537 of this chapter, in the case of a first violation, shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety days, or both; provided that in the case of a second or subsequent violation such person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars or imprisonment not to exceed one year, or both; provided, further, that the commission of each taking or other act prohibited by section 11-0537 of this chapter with respect to a bald or golden eagle shall constitute a separate violation of this section; provided, further, that one-half of any such fine, but not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars, shall be paid to the person or persons giving information which leads to conviction.

12. Any violation of section 13-0344 of this chapter is punishable by imprisonment for not more than thirty days, or by a fine of not less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

13. Violations of subdivision one or two of section 11-1904 of this chapter. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by a fine of not more than [~~two thousand five hundred~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment; except that where the person convicted of violating such subdivision has gained money or property through the commission of the violation, in lieu of the [~~two thousand five hundred~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollar maximum fine provided for herein, the court may impose a fine in accordance with the provisions of subdivision five of section 80.05 of the penal law.

14. Violation of subparagraph one, two or four of paragraph b of subdivision one of section 11-0719 of this chapter involving the revocation and suspension of hunting, trapping, or fishing licenses. Each such misdemeanor shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or by a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

§ 11. Section 71-0923 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, subdivision 1 as amended and subdivision 6 as added by chapter 417 of the laws of 1996, subdivision 3 as amended by section 53 of part F of chapter 82 of the laws of 2002, subdivision 5 as added by chapter 896 of the laws of 1980, subdivision 8 as amended by chapter 284 of the laws of 2004, subdivision 9 as added by chapter 881 of the laws of 1986 and as renumbered by chapter 586 of the laws of 1991, subdivision 10 as added by chapter 586 of the laws of

1991, subdivision 11 as added by chapter 381 of the laws of 1997, subdivision 12 as added by chapter 653 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0923. Violations.

1. Any offense specified in section 71-0919 of this article, unless made a misdemeanor by section 71-0921 of this article or another provision of such chapter, shall be a violation, punishable, except as otherwise provided in this section, by imprisonment for not more than fifteen days, or by a fine of not more than [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

2. A violation of subdivision 1 of section 11-0705 of this chapter shall be punishable as follows:

a. As provided in subdivision 1 of this section, if the violation consisted of a refusal to exhibit a license on demand of any environmental conservation officer or other person;

b. By forfeiture of the license and by a fine of not more than [~~twenty-five dollars~~] **thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents** if the violation was committed while exercising the privileges of a special antlerless deer license and consisted of failure of the offender to have on [~~his~~] **their** person a license held by [~~him~~] **such person** entitling [~~him~~] **such person** to exercise those privileges.

3. A violation of subdivision 2 of section 11-0705 of this chapter shall be punishable by forfeiture of licenses and tags issued pursuant to this chapter which authorizes the holder to hunt wildlife and by a fine of not more than [~~twenty-five dollars~~] **thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents**.

4. When a license or license tag is forfeited as provided in this section, the licensee shall surrender it to any environmental conservation officer, special game protector or any other person authorized by the department to receive it. Such forfeiture does not prevent the procurement of another license.

5. A violation of subdivision one of section 11-0923 **of this chapter** is punishable by imprisonment for not more than ten days, or by a fine of not less than [~~two~~] **three** hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

6. A first conviction for a violation of subdivision eight of section 13-0309 of this chapter, involving devices for taking shellfish in uncertified lands, or a violation of subdivision ten of section 13-0309 of this chapter, involving possession of a stick dredge, shall be punishable as a violation under this section.

8. Any violation of sections 13-0329, 13-0330, 13-0331, 13-0333, 13-0334, 13-0335, subdivision one of section 13-0337, 13-0338, 13-0339, 13-0339-a, 13-0340, 13-0340-a through 13-0340-g, 13-0341, 13-0342, 13-0343, 13-0347, and 13-0349 of this chapter, or of any regulation adopted pursuant to the foregoing sections, shall be punishable by imprisonment of not more than fifteen days or by a fine of the greater of [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars or:

a. for violations involving one to five fish, shellfish or crustaceans, [~~twenty-five dollars~~] **thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents** for each fish, shellfish or crustacean taken or possessed in violation of the above sections;

b. for violations involving six to twenty-five fish, shellfish or crustaceans, [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** dollars for each fish, shellfish or crustacean taken or possessed in violation of the above sections;

c. for violations involving more than twenty-five fish, shellfish or crustaceans, one hundred **fifty** dollars for each fish, shellfish or crus-

tacean taken or possessed in violation of the above sections; or by both such fine and imprisonment.

For purposes of determining the applicable fine pursuant to this subdivision, the number of fish, crustaceans or shellfish shall be the aggregate number involved in the violation, regardless of species.

9. A violation of section 11-0110 of this chapter is punishable by imprisonment for not more than ten days, or by a fine of not more than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

10. A violation of subdivision twelve of section 11-1101 of this chapter is punishable by imprisonment of not more than ten days, or by a fine of not more than one hundred fifty dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

11. A violation of subdivision eight of section 11-0505 of this chapter shall be punishable by a fine of not more than [~~fifty~~] seventy-five dollars.

12. A violation of section 11-1906 of this chapter shall be punishable by a fine of not more than [~~two thousand five hundred~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars.

§ 12. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 71-0924 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 326 of the laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

1. where the value of fish, shellfish, crustaceans, wildlife, or parts thereof, is two hundred fifty dollars or less, the offense shall be a violation punishable by a fine of [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars and/or not more than fifteen days of imprisonment;

2. where the value of fish, shellfish, crustaceans, wildlife, or parts thereof, is more than two hundred fifty dollars but does not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars, the offense shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars and/or not more than one year of imprisonment;

§ 13. Section 71-0925 of the environmental conservation law, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 98 of the laws of 1996, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 408 of the laws of 2017, subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 570 of the laws of 1994, subdivisions 7 and 7-a as amended and subdivisions 7-b and 7-c as renumbered by chapter 284 of the laws of 2004, subdivision 7-b as added by chapter 441 of the laws of 1977, subdivision 7-c as added by chapter 60 of the laws of 1997, subdivision 13 as amended by chapter 352 of the laws of 2021, subdivision 14 as added by chapter 113 of the laws of 1985, subdivision 15 as added by chapter 417 of the laws of 2013, subdivision 16 as added by chapter 326 of the laws of 2014, subdivision 17 as added by chapter 651 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-0925. Civil penalties.

The penalties referred to in section 71-0919 of this title, to which a person is liable upon violation of provisions of the Fish and Wildlife Law or any order, rule or regulation of the department, shall be:

1. Unless another penalty is specifically provided for in this subdivision or elsewhere in the Fish and Wildlife Law, [~~two~~] three hundred dollars and an additional penalty of one hundred fifty dollars for each fish, bird or animal or part thereof, other than shellfish or crustacea, involved in the violation; an additional penalty of one hundred fifty dollars for each bushel of shellfish or each crustacean, including lobster, or part thereof, plus an amount equal to the market value or actual price paid, whichever is greater, of the shellfish or crustacea involved in the violation;

2. Except as provided in subdivision 3 of this section or another provision of the Fish and Wildlife Law, if the violation relates to deer, bear, elk, except captive bred and raised North American elk (Cervus elaphus), moose, caribou, antelope, wild turkey, lynx, beaver, or a part thereof, [~~two~~] three hundred dollars, and an additional penalty of two hundred dollars for each such animal or part thereof involved in the violation;

3. (a) If the violation involves the illegal taking of a deer prior to the first day of the open season or after the last day of the open season in the county or part of a county in which taken, or the taking of deer with aid of an artificial light, not less than five hundred dollars and not more than one thousand dollars for the first deer taken and a further penalty of not less than [~~five hundred~~] dollars and not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each succeeding deer taken; provided, however, that any person having been held liable for a violation pursuant to this paragraph in the preceding five years shall be subject to a fine of not less than [~~seven hundred fifty~~] one thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars and not more than [~~two~~] three thousand dollars for the first deer taken and a further penalty of not less than [~~seven hundred fifty~~] one thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars and not more than [~~two~~] three thousand dollars for each succeeding deer taken;

(b) If the violation involves any illegal taking of a wild deer, other than a taking described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for the first deer taken and a further penalty of [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each succeeding deer taken;

4. If the violation was an act prohibited by section 11-1321 of this chapter or by subdivision 2 of section 11-0503 of this chapter, or by subdivision 2 of section 11-0505 of this chapter, or section 13-0345 of this chapter, [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars, and an additional penalty of [~~ten~~] fifteen dollars for each fish taken, killed or possessed in violation thereof;

5. If the violation was any act prohibited by subdivision 1 of section 11-0503 of this chapter, not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each offense and an additional penalty of [~~ten~~] fifteen dollars for each fish killed in violation thereof;

6. If the violation was a violation of paragraph b of subdivision 4 of section 11-0321 of this chapter, a violation of subdivision 1 of section 11-2113 of this chapter, or a violation of section 11-2115 of this chapter, not less than [~~twenty-five dollars~~] thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents nor more than one hundred fifty dollars; and in addition, as determined by the court, to either actual damages or the sum of [~~ten~~] fifteen dollars for each sign injured, defaced or removed in violation of section 11-2113 of this chapter, which shall be payable to the person sustaining the damage, injury, defacement or removal of such sign, and costs of suit, all of which may be recovered in the same action;

7. If the violation was a violation of sections 13-0329, 13-0330, 13-0331, 13-0333, 13-0334, 13-0335, subdivision one of section 13-0337, 13-0338, 13-0339, 13-0339-a, 13-0340, 13-0340-a through 13-0340-g, 13-0341, 13-0342, 13-0343, 13-0347, and 13-0349 of this chapter, or of any regulation adopted pursuant to the foregoing sections, the greater of [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars or:

a. for violations involving one to five fish, shellfish or crustaceans, [~~twenty-five dollars~~] **thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents** for each fish, shellfish or crustacean taken or possessed in violation of the above sections;

b. for violations involving six to twenty-five fish, shellfish or crustaceans, [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** dollars for each fish, shellfish or crustacean taken or possessed in violation of the above sections;

c. for violations involving more than twenty-five fish, shellfish or crustaceans, one hundred **fifty** dollars for each fish, shellfish or crustacean taken or possessed in violation of the above sections.

For purposes of determining the applicable fine pursuant to this subdivision, the number of fish, crustaceans or shellfish shall be the aggregate number involved in the violation, regardless of species;

7-a. If the violation was a violation of subdivision 1 or 2 of section 13-0309, or section 13-0323 or 13-0327, or section 13-0344 **of this chapter**, not less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars nor more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each offense;

7-b. If the violation was a violation of subdivision one or two of section 13-0325 of this chapter there shall be a minimum penalty of twenty-five dollars and a maximum of [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars per container or bushel involved in the violation.

7-c. If the violation was a violation of subdivision 4 or 5 of section 13-0333 **of this chapter**, not less than [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars nor more than [~~ten~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars for each offense;

8. If a violation of subdivisions 1 or 2 of section 13-0309 **of this chapter** occurs during the time when a permit or license to take shellfish has been suspended or revoked pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 3 of section 13-0311 or subparagraph (3) of paragraph b of subdivision 1 of section 11-0719 **of this chapter**, not less than five hundred dollars nor more than [~~fifteen hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars for each offense, and in addition the forfeiture to the state of the tongs, rakes, dredges or devices other than boats used by or in connection with such illegal taking;

9. If the violation was a failure by any public officer to perform any duty imposed by the Fish and Wildlife Law or by any rule or regulation of the department, one hundred **fifty** dollars;

10. If the violation was an act prohibited by section 11-2117 **of this chapter**, one hundred **fifty** dollars, one-half of which shall be payable to the owner or occupant of the damaged property, in addition to the actual damages, if any, recoverable by the person sustaining the damage;

11. If the violation involved the illegal taking or possessing of muskrats taken from a registered muskrat marsh covered by a permit under section 11-1109 **of this chapter**, when the violation is committed by the registrant holding the permit or other person designated in writing to trap on the marsh of such registrant, while the permit is in force, not less than one hundred **fifty** dollars nor more than [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars;

12. If the violation was a violation of section 11-1731 **of this chapter**; relating to bird plumage for fish-fly tying, [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars.

13. If the violation was an act prohibited by subdivision two of section 11-0535 or by section 11-0536 of this chapter, or by any lawful rule or regulation of the department promulgated pursuant thereto, not more than [~~four~~] **six** thousand dollars, and an additional penalty of not

more than [~~seven hundred~~] **one thousand fifty** dollars for each fish, shellfish, crustacea, wildlife or part thereof involved in the violation. If the violation was an act prohibited by any regulation of the department promulgated pursuant to subdivision three of section 11-0535 of this chapter, then such penalty shall be not more than two thousand dollars, and an additional penalty of not more than four hundred dollars for each fish, shellfish, crustacea, wildlife or part thereof involved in the violation.

14. If the violation was a violation of subdivision ten of section 11-0901 **of this chapter** involving the illegal taking of a moose, [~~two~~] **three** thousand dollars.

15. If the violation was a first or second violation of section 11-0514 of this chapter, a fine of up to [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars for each animal for each act of importation, possession, introduction, sale, offer for sale, distribution, transportation or otherwise marketing or trading. For a third or subsequent separate violation of section 11-0514 of this chapter, the greater of a. a fine of one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each animal for each act of importation, breeding, possession, introduction, sale, offer for sale, distribution, transportation or otherwise marketing or trading or b. an amount equal to three times (1) the financial security provided by customers for the opportunity to take the animal or (2) the value of a boar for meat production or as breeding stock.

16. If the violation was an act prohibited by section 11-0535-a of this chapter, not more than [~~three thousand~~] **four thousand five hundred** dollars or not more than two times the value of the article involved, whichever is greater. If the violation is a second or subsequent violation of such section 11-0535-a, not more than [~~six~~] **nine** thousand dollars or not more than three times the value of the article involved, whichever is greater.

17. If the violation was an act prohibited by section 11-0535-b of this chapter, not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars or not more than two times the value of the article involved, whichever is greater. If the violation is a second or subsequent violation of such section 11-0535-b, not more than [~~two~~] **three** thousand dollars or not more than three times the value of the article involved, whichever is greater.

§ 14. Section 71-1105 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1105. Enforcement of subdivision 4 of section 15-0313.

Any violation of subdivision 4 of section 15-0313 shall be a violation, punishable by a fine of not more than [~~one thousand eight~~] **two thousand seven** hundred dollars, and in addition thereto, by a civil penalty of not more than [~~one thousand eight~~] **two thousand seven** hundred dollars.

§ 15. Section 71-1107 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1107. Punishment for violations of title 5 of article 15.

1. A violation of section 15-0501, 15-0503 or 15-0505, shall constitute a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not to exceed [~~ten~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not to exceed one year or by both such fine and imprisonment and, in addition thereto, by a civil penalty of not more than [~~five thousand~~] **seven thousand five hundred** dollars.

2. A subcontractor, employee or agent of such person or public corporation, or of a state department who knowingly and intentionally acts, or a prime contractor of such person, public corporation or state department who acts with or without an intention to violate the provisions of title 5 of article 15, in disregard of specifications provided in a construction contract protecting against stream damage, shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not less than [~~twenty-five~~] thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents, nor more than [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than fifteen days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and, in addition, thereto, by a civil penalty of not more than [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars.

§ 16. Section 71-1109 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 364 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1109. Enforcement of subdivisions 1 and 4 of section 15-0507.

1. Any owner violating subdivision 1 of section 15-0507 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto may be liable for a penalty not to exceed [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each and every offense; every violation of such subdivision shall be a separate and distinct offense; and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

2. Any owner violating subdivision 4 of section 15-0507 may be liable for a penalty not to exceed [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars for each and every offense; every violation of an order referred to in such subdivision shall be a separate and distinct offense; and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

§ 17. Section 71-1111 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 364 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1111. Enforcement of subdivision 3 of section 15-0511.

Any person or local public corporation violating subdivision 3 of section 15-0511 may be liable for a penalty not to exceed [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars for each and every offense; every violation of an order referred to in such subdivision shall be a separate and distinct offense; and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

§ 18. Subdivision 2 of section 71-1113 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 356 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

2. Any person who violates the provisions of section 15-1506 of this chapter or the rules, regulations, orders or determinations of the commissioner promulgated thereto or the terms of any permit issued thereunder, shall be liable for a civil penalty not less than [~~twenty-five~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars per day of such violation.

§ 19. Section 71-1115 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1115. Enforcement of section 15-1525.

Any person violating the provisions of section 15-1525 shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars, and in addition thereto, shall be liable for a civil

penalty of not more than [~~fifteen hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars.

§ 20. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 71-1117 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, are amended to read as follows:

1. Any person or public corporation violating subdivision 1 of section 15-1745, shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not more than [~~five thousand~~] **seven thousand five hundred** dollars.

2. In addition, the department may, in an action instituted by it in any court of competent jurisdiction, recover from any such person or public corporation the sum of [~~one hundred fifty~~] **two hundred twenty-five** dollars per day for each day that such person or public corporation continues to take, draw, divert or make use of any part or portion of such waters.

§ 21. Section 71-1121 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1121. Enforcement of subdivision 2 of section 15-1947.

Violation of subdivision 2 of section 15-1947 shall constitute a violation, punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars, and in addition thereto, a civil penalty of not more than [~~fifteen hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars.

§ 22. Section 71-1123 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1123. Enforcement of section 15-2133.

1. Any neglect of the provisions of section 15-2133 by any officer or person in charge of any reservoir shall be a violation punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars, and in addition thereto, by a civil penalty of not more than [~~fifteen hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars.

2. Any person violating the provisions of subdivision 3 of section 15-2133 shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars, and in addition thereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~fifteen hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars.

§ 23. Section 71-1125 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1125. Enforcement of section 15-2315.

Any person who violates the provisions of the first sentence of section 15-2315 shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars, and in addition thereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~fifteen hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars.

§ 24. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1127 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 401 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by article 15 except section 15-1713, or who violates or who fails to comply with any rule, regulation, determination or order of the department heretofore or hereafter promulgated pursuant to article 15 except section 15-1713, or any condition of a permit issued pursuant to article 15 of this chapter, or any determination or order of the former water resources commission or the department heretofore promulgated pursuant to former article 5 of the Conservation Law,

shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~two thousand five~~] **three thousand seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for such violation and an additional civil penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and, in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation as otherwise provided in article 15 except section 15-1713.

§ 25. Section 71-1131 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1131. Violations; criminal liability.

Except as otherwise specifically provided, any person who violates any of the provisions of article 15 of this chapter, or any rule, regulation or order promulgated pursuant thereto, or the terms of any permit issued thereunder shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars.

§ 26. Section 71-1203 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 384 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1203. Penalties.

Any person who violates the provisions of article twenty-two of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed [~~ten~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars for each day during which such violation occurred; provided, however, that the total penalty to be imposed shall not exceed one million **five hundred thousand** dollars.

§ 27. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 71-1307 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

1. Administrative sanctions. Any person who violates any provision of article 23 of this chapter or commits any offense described in section 71-1305 of this title shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~eight~~] **twelve** thousand dollars and an additional penalty of [~~two~~] **three** thousand dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard. The commissioner, acting by the attorney general, may bring suit for collection of such assessed civil penalty in any court of competent jurisdiction. Such civil penalty may be released or compromised by the commissioner before the matter has been referred to the attorney general; and where such matter has been referred to the attorney general, any such penalty may be released or compromised and any action commenced to recover the same may be settled and discontinued by the attorney general with the consent of the commissioner. In addition, the commissioner shall have the power, following a hearing conducted pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the department, to direct the violator to cease the violation and reclaim and repair the affected site to a condition acceptable to the commissioner, to the extent possible within a reasonable time and under the direction and supervision of the commissioner. Any such order of the commissioner shall be enforceable in any action brought by the commissioner in any court of competent jurisdiction. Any civil penalty or order issued by the commissioner under this subdivision shall be reviewable in a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

3. Criminal sanctions. Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in sections 15.05 and 20.20 of the penal law, violates any provision of article 23 of this chapter or commits any offense described in section 71-1305 of this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during

which such violation continues or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for a subsequent offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~eight~~] twelve thousand dollars for each day during which such violation continues or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 28. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1707 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who violates, disobeys or disregards any term or provision of this chapter listed in section 71-1701, or of titles 17 through 21 inclusive of this article or of any lawful notice, order or regulation pursuant thereto for which a civil penalty is not otherwise expressly prescribed by law, shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty of not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars for every such violation.

§ 29. Section 71-1711 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1711. Willful violation of health laws.

1. A person who willfully violates or refuses or omits to comply with any lawful order or regulation prescribed by any local board of health or local health officer, is guilty of a misdemeanor; except, however, that where such order or regulation applies to a tenant with respect to [~~his~~] such tenant's own dwelling unit or to an owner occupied one or two family dwelling, such person is guilty of an offense for the first violation punishable by a fine not to exceed [~~fifty~~] seventy-five dollars and for a second or subsequent violation is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars or by imprisonment not to exceed six months or by both such fine and imprisonment.

2. A person who willfully violates any provision of this chapter listed in section 71-1701, or of titles 17 through 21 inclusive of this article, or any regulation lawfully made or established by any public officer or board under authority of such provisions, the punishment for violating which is not otherwise prescribed by such provisions or any other law, is punishable by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by a fine not exceeding [~~two~~] three thousand dollars or by both.

§ 30. Section 71-1725 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1725. Assessment of Penalties.

The commissioner may assess any penalty prescribed for a violation of or a failure to comply with any provision contained in this title or listed in section 71-1701, or any lawful notice, order or regulation prescribed by the commissioner under any such provision, one thousand five hundred dollars for every such violation or failure, which penalty may be assessed after a hearing or an opportunity to be heard.

§ 31. Section 71-1905 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1905. Enforcement of section 17-1705.

Any person violating any provision of section 17-1705 shall forfeit to the county where the violation occurred the sum of [~~fifty~~] seventy-five dollars for every such violation.

§ 32. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1907 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

1. Every person violating any provision of section 17-1707 shall forfeit to the municipality having a local board of health where the violation occurs the sum of [~~twenty-five~~] thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents for the first day when the violation takes place, and the sum of [~~ten~~] fifteen dollars for every subsequent day that such violation is repeated or continued.

§ 33. Subdivision 2 of section 71-1909 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 35 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

2. Any person violating any provision of section 17-1709 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and punishable by a fine of not more than [~~seven hundred fifty~~] one thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 34. Section 71-1911 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 36 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1911. Enforcement of section 17-1711.

Any person violating any provision of section 17-1711 shall be guilty of an offense, and punishable by a fine of not more than [~~seventy-five~~] one hundred twelve dollars and fifty cents.

§ 35. Subdivision 2 of section 71-1913 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

2. Any person violating any provision of section 17-1713 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and punishable by a fine of not more than [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 36. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1915 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person violating any provision of section 17-1715 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and punishable by a fine of not more than [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 37. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1921 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person putting in or constructing or maintaining a conduit, discharge pipe or other means of discharging or casting any refuse or waste matter in violation of section 17-1729 shall forfeit to the people of the state [~~five~~] seven dollars and fifty cents a day for each day the same is used or maintained for such purpose, to be collected in an action brought by the commissioner.

§ 38. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1929 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 37 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

1. A person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by titles 1 through 11 inclusive and title 19 of article 17, or the rules, regulations, orders or determinations of the commissioner promulgated thereto or the terms of any permit issued thereunder, shall be liable to a penalty of not to exceed [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars per day for each violation, and, in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation as hereinafter provided. Violation of a permit condition shall constitute grounds for revocation of such permit, which revocation may be accomplished either as provided in paragraph f of subdivision 4 of section 17-0303 or by order of judg-

ment of the supreme court as an alternate or additional civil penalty in an action brought pursuant to subdivision 3 of this section.

§ 39. Subdivision 1 and subparagraphs i, ii, iii and iv of paragraph b of subdivision 8 of section 71-1933 of the environmental conservation law, subdivision 1 as amended by section 38 and subparagraphs i, ii, iii and iv of paragraph b of subdivision 8 as amended by section 39 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, are amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in section 15.05 of the penal law, shall violate any of the provisions of titles 1 through 5, 9 through 11 and 19 of article 17 or the rules, regulations, orders or determinations of the commissioner promulgated thereto, or the terms of any permit issued thereunder, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~three thousand seven hundred fifty~~] five thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars nor more than [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars per day of violation or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for an offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine of not more than [~~seventy-five thousand~~] one hundred twelve thousand five hundred dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by both.

i. [~~$750,000~~] $1,125,000 for a class C felony committed by an organization as defined in section 71-1932 of this title;

ii. [~~$375,000~~] $562,500 for a class C felony;

iii. [~~$75,000~~] $112,500 per day of continuing violation for a class E felony defined under subdivision four of this section but in no event less than [~~$7,500~~] $11,250; and [~~$15,000~~] $22,500 for a class E felony defined under subdivision seven of this section;

iv. [~~$37,500~~] $56,250 per day of continuing violation for a class A misdemeanor but in no event less than [~~$3,750~~] $5,625.

§ 40. Paragraph b of subdivision 3 of section 71-1939 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 543 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

b. All fines and penalties collected pursuant to this subdivision shall be paid to the district or county, provided, however, that one-quarter of such fines and penalties received shall be paid to the [~~general fund to the credit of the state purposes account~~] conservation fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law.

§ 41. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1941 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 40 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

1. Except where the owner of or a person in actual or constructive possession or control of more than one thousand one hundred gallons, in bulk, of any liquid including petroleum which, if released, would or would be likely to pollute the lands or waters of the state including the groundwaters thereof can prove that the entry or presence of any part of such liquid onto such lands or into or in such waters causing or contributing to a condition therein in contravention of the standards adopted or deemed adopted by the water pollution control board or any of its legal successors was caused solely by (A) an act of God, (B) an act of war, (C) negligence on the part of the United States or New York State Government or (D) an act or omission of a third party without regard to whether any such act or omission was or was not negligent, or

any combination of the foregoing clauses, such owner or person shall be liable for a penalty of not more than [~~three thousand seven hundred fifty~~] five thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars for an initial incident resulting in or contributing to such a contravention and for an additional penalty not to exceed [~~seven hundred fifty~~] one thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars for each day during which such contravention or contribution thereto continues, and in addition shall be liable to the people of the state of New York for the actual costs incurred by or on behalf of the people of the state for the removal or neutralization of such liquid and for any and all reasonable measures taken or attempted to reduce, limit or diminish the extent or effect of such contravention.

§ 42. Section 71-1943 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 41 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1943. Enforcement of section 17-1743.

Any person who fails to so notify the department of such release, discharge or spill into the waters of the state as described in section 17-1743 of this chapter shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than [~~three thousand seven hundred fifty~~] five thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

§ 43. Section 71-1945 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 205 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-1945. Enforcement of title 21 of article 17.

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who violates any provision of title 21 of article 17 of this chapter or any rule, regulation or order issued thereunder shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for a first violation, and not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars for each subsequent violation, to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

2. Any owner or owner's agent, or occupant of a household who violates any provision of title 21 of article 17 of this chapter or any rule, regulation or order issued thereunder shall, for a first violation be issued a written warning and be provided educational materials. Upon a second violation, the owner or owner's agent, or occupant of a household shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars, and for any subsequent violations shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred twenty-five dollars. No owner or owner's agent of a household shall be held liable for any violation by an occupant. Such penalties may be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

§ 44. Subdivision 1 of section 71-2103 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

1. Except as provided in section 71-2113, any person who violates any provision of article nineteen or any code, rule or regulation which was promulgated pursuant thereto; or any order except an order directing such person to pay a penalty by a specified date issued by the commissioner pursuant thereto, shall be liable, in the case of a first violation, for a penalty not less than [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~eighteen~~] twenty-seven thousand dollars for said violation and an additional penalty of not to exceed [~~fifteen thousand~~] twenty thousand five hundred dollars for each day during which such violation continues. In the case of a second or any further violation,

the liability shall be for a penalty not to exceed [~~twenty-six~~] thirty-nine thousand dollars for said violation and an additional penalty not to exceed [~~twenty-two thousand five hundred~~] thirty-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for each day during which such violation continues. In addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation as hereinafter provided.

§ 45. Subdivision 1 of section 71-2105 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

1. Except as provided in section 71-2113, any person who shall wilfully violate any of the provisions of article 19 or any code, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to article 19 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine, in the case of a first conviction, of not less than [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~eighteen~~] twenty-seven thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, for each separate violation. If the conviction is for an offense committed after the first conviction of such person under this subdivision, such person shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~twenty-six~~] thirty-nine thousand dollars, or by imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Each day on which such violation occurs shall constitute a separate violation.

§ 46. Section 71-2111 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 400 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2111. Enforcement of air pollution emergency rules and regulations.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of any regulation promulgated by the commissioner under authority of paragraph y of subdivision one of section 3-0301 shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five~~] three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and, in addition thereto, such persons may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Penalties and injunctive relief provided herein shall be recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general at the request and in the name of the commissioner.

§ 47. Section 71-2113 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 942 of the laws of 1984, subdivision 1 as amended by section 23 and subdivision 2 as amended by section 24 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2113. Violations of section 19-0304 of article 19 of this chapter.

1. Civil and administrative sanctions. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 19-0304 of this chapter, or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to article 19 of this chapter concerning a violation of section 19-0304 of this chapter shall be liable in the case of a first violation, for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars and an additional penalty of not more than [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2107 of this title, and, in addition thereto, such person may by

similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied. In the case of a second and any further violation, the liability shall be for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] **one hundred twelve** thousand **five hundred** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty not to exceed seventy-five thousand dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

2. Criminal sanctions. Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in section 15.05 of the penal law, shall violate any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 19-0304 of this chapter, or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to article 19 of this chapter concerning a violation of section 19-0304 of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for a first conviction be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] **fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty** dollars per day of violation or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for an offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] **one hundred twelve** thousand **five hundred** dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 48. Section 71-2201 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 740 of the laws of 1978, the opening paragraph and subdivision 1 as amended and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 901 of the laws of 1983, subdivision 4 as added by chapter 294 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2201. Enforcement of title 23 of article 23 of this chapter.

Administrative and civil sanctions. 1. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 23 of article 23 except the duty to accept used oil pursuant to section 23-2307 or any person subject to section 23-2308 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this section shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this chapter, and, in addition thereto, such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied.

2. Any person who refuses to accept used oil as required pursuant to subdivision two of section 23-2307 shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred **fifty** dollars.

3. Any person who violates any provision of section 23-2308 of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars for each violation.

4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who shall violate the provisions of paragraph [~~(c)~~] **c** of subdivision one of section 23-2307 or paragraph [~~(d)~~] **d** of subdivision two of section

23-2307 of this chapter shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars, and an additional civil penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, not to exceed [~~ten~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars.

§ 49. Section 71-2303 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by section 15 of part QQ of chapter 58 of the laws of 2022, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2303. Violation; penalties.

1. Civil sanctions. a. Any person who violates, disobeys or disregards any provision of article twenty-four, including title five and section 24-0507 thereof or any rule or regulation, local law or ordinance, permit or order issued pursuant thereto, shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty of not to exceed [~~eleven~~] **sixteen** thousand **five hundred** dollars for every such violation, to be assessed, after a hearing or opportunity to be heard upon due notice and with the rights to specification of the charges and representation by counsel at such hearing, by the commissioner or local government or in an action initiated by the attorney general pursuant to section 71-2305 of this title or on the attorney general's own initiative. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct violation and, in the case of a continuing violation, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct violation. Such penalty assessed by the commissioner or local government may be recovered in an action brought by the attorney general at the request and in the name of the commissioner or local government in any court of competent jurisdiction. Such civil penalty may be released or compromised by the commissioner or local government before the matter has been referred to the attorney general; and where such matter has been referred to the attorney general, any such penalty may be released or compromised and any action commenced to recover the same may be settled and discontinued by the attorney general with the consent of the commissioner or local government. In addition, the commissioner or local government shall have power, following a hearing held in conformance with the procedures set forth in section 71-1709 of this article, to direct the violator to cease violating the act and to restore the affected freshwater wetland to its condition prior to the violation, insofar as that is possible within a reasonable time and under the supervision of the commissioner or local government. Any such order of the commissioner or local government shall be enforceable in an action brought by the attorney general at the request and in the name of the commissioner or local government in any court of competent jurisdiction. Any civil penalty or order issued by the commissioner or local government pursuant to this subdivision shall be reviewable in a proceeding pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

b. Upon determining that significant damage to the functions and benefits of a freshwater wetland is occurring or is imminent as a result of any violation of article twenty-four of this chapter, including but not limited to (i) activity taking place requiring a permit under article twenty-four of this chapter but for which no permit has been granted or (ii) failure on the part of a permittee to adhere to permit conditions, the commissioner or local government shall have power to direct the violator to cease and desist from violating the act. In such cases the violator shall be provided an opportunity to be heard within ten days of receipt of the notice to cease and desist.

2. Criminal sanctions. Any person who violates any provision of article twenty-four of this chapter, including any rule or regulation, local law or ordinance, permit or order issued pursuant thereto, shall, in addition, for the first offense, be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not less than [~~two~~] three thousand nor more than [~~five~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars; for a second and each subsequent offense [~~he~~] such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than [~~four~~] six thousand nor more than [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars or a term of imprisonment of not less than fifteen days nor more than six months or both. In addition to these punishments, any offender may be punishable by being ordered by the court to restore the affected freshwater wetland or adjacent area to its condition prior to the offense, insofar as that is possible. The court shall specify a reasonable time for the completion of such restoration, which shall be effected under the supervision of the commissioner or local government. Each offense shall be a separate and distinct offense and, in the case of a continuing offense, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

3. All fines collected pursuant to this section shall be paid into the environmental protection fund established pursuant to section ninety-two-s of the state finance law.

§ 50. Paragraph a of subdivision 1 and subdivision 2 of section 71-2503 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 666 of the laws of 1989, are amended to read as follows:

a. Any person who violates, disobeys or disregards any provision of article twenty-five shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty of not to exceed [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars for every such violation, to be assessed, after a hearing or opportunity to be heard, by the commissioner. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct violation and, in the case of a continuing violation, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct violation. The penalty may be recovered in an action brought by the commissioner in any court of competent jurisdiction. Such civil penalty may be released or compromised by the commissioner before the matter has been referred to the attorney general; and where such matter has been referred to the attorney general, any such penalty may be released or compromised and any action commenced to recover the same may be settled and discontinued by the attorney general with the consent of the commissioner.

2. Criminal sanctions. Any person who violates any provision of article twenty-five shall, in addition, for the first offense, be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not less than [~~five~~] seven hundred fifty nor more than [~~five~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars; for a second and each subsequent offense such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred nor more than [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars or a term of imprisonment of not less than fifteen days nor more than six months or both. In addition to or instead of these punishments, any offender shall be punishable by being ordered by the court to restore the affected tidal wetland or area immediately adjacent thereto to its condition prior to the offense, insofar as that is possible. The court shall specify a reasonable time for the completion of the restoration, which shall be effected under the supervision of the commissioner. Each offense shall be a separate and distinct offense and, in the case of a continuing offense, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

§ 51. Section 71-2505 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 249 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2505. Enforcement.

The attorney general, on [~~his~~] **their** own initiative or at the request of the commissioner, shall prosecute persons who violate article twenty-five. In addition the attorney general, on [~~his~~] **their** own initiative or at the request of the commissioner, shall have the right to recover a civil penalty of up to [~~ten~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars for every violation of any provision of such article, and to seek equitable relief to restrain any violation or threatened violation of such article and to require the restoration of any affected tidal wetland or area immediately adjacent thereto to its condition prior to the violation, insofar as that is possible, within a reasonable time and under the supervision of the commissioner. In the case of a continuing violation, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct violation.

§ 52. Subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of section 71-2703 of the environmental conservation law, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 508 of the laws of 1995, paragraph a of subdivision 1 as amended by section 25, subparagraphs i and ii of paragraph b of subdivision 1 as amended by section 26, paragraph a and subparagraphs i and ii of paragraph b of subdivision 2 as amended by section 27, subparagraphs i and ii of paragraph c of subdivision 2 as amended by section 28 and subdivision 3 as amended by section 29 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, are amended to read as follows:

1. Civil and administrative sanctions. a. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 3 or 7 of article 27 of this chapter or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~seven thousand five hundred~~] **eleven thousand two hundred fifty** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~one thousand five hundred~~] **two thousand two hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2727 of this title, and, in addition thereto, such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied.

b. i. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by, title 3 or 7 of article 27 of this chapter, or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto and thereby causes the release of solid waste into the environment, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~eleven thousand two hundred fifty~~] **sixteen thousand eight hundred seventy-five** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~eleven thousand two hundred fifty~~] **sixteen thousand eight hundred seventy-five** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2727 of this title, and, in

addition thereto, such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied.

ii. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by, title 3 or 7 of article 27 of this chapter, or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto and thereby causes the release of more than ten cubic yards of solid waste into the environment, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~twenty-two thousand five hundred~~] thirty-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~twenty-two thousand five hundred~~] thirty-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2727 of this title, and, in addition thereto, such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied.

c. The court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2727 of this chapter may exercise all powers exercisable by the commissioner.

2. Criminal sanctions. a. Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in section 15.05 of the penal law, shall violate any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 3 or 7 of article 27 of this chapter, or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a violation and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~one thousand five hundred~~] two thousand two hundred fifty dollars nor more than [~~fifteen~~] twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars per day of violation or by imprisonment for not more than fifteen days or by both such fine and imprisonment.

b. i. Any person who shall violate paragraph a of this subdivision and thereby causes or attempts to cause the release of more than ten cubic yards of solid waste into the environment shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~three thousand seven hundred fifty~~] five thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars per day nor more than [~~twenty-two thousand five hundred~~] thirty-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for a term in accordance with the penal law, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ii. Any person who shall violate paragraph a of this subdivision and thereby causes or attempts to cause the release of more than ten cubic yards of solid waste into the environment, after having been convicted of a violation of this subdivision within the preceding five years, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~three thousand seven hundred fifty~~] five thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars per day nor more than [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for a term in accordance with the penal law, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

c. i. Any person who shall violate paragraph a of this subdivision and thereby causes or attempts to cause the release of more than seventy

cubic yards of solid waste into the environment shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~three thousand seven hundred fifty~~] five thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars per day nor more than [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for a term in accordance with the penal law, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ii. Any person who shall violate paragraph a of this subdivision and thereby causes or attempts to cause the release of more than seventy cubic yards of solid waste into the environment, after having been convicted of a violation of this subdivision within the preceding five years, shall be guilty of a class E felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~seven thousand five hundred~~] eleven thousand two hundred fifty dollars per day nor more than [~~seventy-five~~] one hundred twelve thousand five hundred dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for a term in accordance with the penal law, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

3. Additional sanctions. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 7 of article 27, with regard to the construction and operation of facilities for the disposal of construction and demolition debris or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~fifteen~~] twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars and each day of such deposition shall constitute a separate violation and said civil penalty is in addition to any other fines or penalties which may be applied pursuant to this title.

§ 53. Section 71-2705 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 550 of the laws of 1980, subdivision 1 as amended by section 30 and subdivision 2 as amended by section 31 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2705. Violations of titles 9, 11 and 13 of article 27 of this chapter.

1. Civil and administrative sanctions. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by titles 9, 11 and 13 of article 27 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be liable in the case of a first violation, for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars and an additional penalty of not more than [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2727 of this title, and, in addition thereto, such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied. In the case of a second and any further violation, the liability shall be for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] one hundred twelve thousand five hundred dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] one hundred twelve thousand five hundred dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

2. Criminal sanctions. Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in section 15.05 of the penal law, shall violate any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by titles 9, 11 and 13 of article 27 or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for a first conviction be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] **fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty** dollars per day of violation or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for an offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] **one hundred twelve** thousand **five hundred** dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 54. Subdivision 2 of section 71-2721 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 32 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

2. Fines. A sentence to pay a fine shall be a sentence to pay an amount fixed by the court, not exceeding the higher of:

(a) [~~Three~~] **Four** hundred **fifty** thousand dollars for a class C felony;

(b) [~~Two hundred twenty-five thousand~~] **Three hundred thirty-seven thousand five hundred** dollars for a class D felony;

(c) [~~One hundred fifty thousand~~] **Two hundred twenty-two thousand five hundred** dollars for a class E felony;

(d) [~~Thirty-seven thousand five hundred~~] **Fifty-six thousand two hundred fifty** dollars for a class A misdemeanor;

(e) [~~Fifteen~~] **Two hundred twenty-five** thousand dollars for a class B misdemeanor; or

(f) Double the amount of the defendant's gain from the commission of the crime.

§ 55. Subdivisions 1, 2 and 5 of section 71-2722 of the environmental conservation law, subdivision 1 as amended by section 33 and subdivision 2 as amended by section 34 of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, and subdivision 5 as added by chapter 152 of the laws of 1990, are amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates any of the provisions or fails to perform any duty imposed by section 27-1701 of this chapter, except the duty to accept a lead-acid battery pursuant to subdivision four of such section, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] **one hundred twelve** dollars **and fifty cents** for each violation, provided that such civil penalty shall be in addition to any other penalties authorized under other state or local laws governing the illegal disposal of lead-acid batteries.

2. Any retailer or distributor who refuses to accept a lead-acid battery as required pursuant to subdivision four of section 27-1701 of this chapter shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~seven hundred fifty~~] **one thousand one hundred twenty-five** dollars.

5. All civil penalties and fines collected for any violation of such title seventeen shall be paid over to the commissioner for deposit in the [~~general fund~~] **conservation fund to the credit of the conservation enforcement account established pursuant to subdivision (k) of section eighty-three of the state finance law**; provided however, that all civil penalties collected for any violation of such title seventeen which have been imposed by the environmental control board of the city of New York,

or a local adjudicatory body pursuant to subdivision four of this section, shall be paid into an environmental fund of such city or locality.

§ 56. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 71-2724 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 30 of the laws of 2020, are amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates any provision of or fails to perform any duty pursuant to title twenty-one of article twenty-seven of this chapter, except subdivision one of section 27-2105 of this chapter, shall upon the first finding of such a violation be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred **fifty** dollars. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each violation.

2. Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates or fails to perform any duty imposed by subdivision one of section 27-2105 of this chapter shall upon the first finding of such a violation be provided with educational materials describing the requirements for mercury disposal and the effects of improper mercury disposal, and be warned that future violations shall result in the imposition of a fine. Any person convicted of a second violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** dollars. Any person convicted of a third violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~seventy-five~~] **one hundred twelve** dollars **and fifty cents**. Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars for each violation.

§ 57. Subdivision 1 of section 71-2728 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 641 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates any provision of or fails to perform any duty imposed pursuant to title 27 of article 27 of this chapter shall upon the first finding of such a violation be provided with a warning that future violations shall result in the imposition of a fine. Any person convicted of a second violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred **fifty** dollars. Any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars.

§ 58. Section 71-2729 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-2729. Enforcement of title 26 of article 27 of this chapter.

1. a. Any consumer, as defined in title twenty-six of article twenty-seven of this chapter, who violates any provision of, or fails to perform any duty imposed by, section 27-2611 of this chapter, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred **fifty** dollars for each violation.

b. Any person, except a consumer, manufacturer, or an owner or operator of an electronic waste collection site, electronic waste consolidation facility, or electronic waste recycling facility as these terms are defined in title twenty-six of article twenty-seven of this chapter, who violates any provision, or fails to perform any duty imposed by section 27-2611 of this chapter, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars for each violation.

c. Any manufacturer, or any person operating an electronic waste collection site, an electronic waste consolidation facility, or an elec-

tronic waste recycling facility as those terms are defined in title twenty-six of article twenty-seven of this chapter, who:

i. fails to submit any report, registration, fee, or surcharge to the department as required by title twenty-six of article twenty-seven of this chapter shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day such report, registration, fee, or surcharge is not submitted; and

ii. violates any other provision of title twenty-six of article twenty-seven of this chapter or fails to perform any duty imposed by such title, except for subdivision four of section 27-2603 of this chapter, shall be liable for a civil penalty for each violation not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for the first violation, [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for the second violation and [~~five~~] **seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars for the third and subsequent violations of this title within a twelve-month period.

d. Any retailer, as defined by section 27-2601 of this chapter, who violates any provision of title twenty-six of article twenty-seven of this chapter or fails to perform any duty imposed by such title, shall be liable for a civil penalty for each violation not to exceed [~~two hundred fifty~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars for the first violation, [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for the second violation and one thousand **five hundred** dollars for the third and subsequent violations of this title in a twelve-month period.

e. Civil penalties under this section shall be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to this section, and, in addition thereto, such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation.

2. All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be paid over to the commissioner for deposit to the environmental protection fund established pursuant to section ninety-two-s of the state finance law.

§ 59. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 71-2907 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 285 of the laws of 2000, are amended to read as follows:

1. Administrative sanctions. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, any person who violates any provision of article 33 of this chapter or any rule, regulation or order issued thereunder or commits any offense described in section 33-1301 of this chapter shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five~~] **seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars for a first violation, and not to exceed [~~ten~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars for a subsequent offense, to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an owner or owner's agent of a multiple dwelling or owner, owner's agent or a person in a position of authority for all other types of premises, as such terms are defined in paragraph d of subdivision five of section 33-0905 of this chapter, who violates any provision of a local law adopted pursuant to subdivision one of section 33-1004 of this chapter relating to paragraph b of such subdivision, and a person, who violates any provision of a local law adopted pursuant to subdivision one of section 33-1004 of this chapter relating to paragraph c of such subdivision, and a person who violates the provisions of subdivision three of section three hundred ninety-c of the social services law shall, for a first such violation, in lieu of a penalty, be issued a written warning and shall also be issued educational materials pursuant to subdivision two

of section 33-1005 of this chapter. Such person shall, however, for a second violation, be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred **fifty** dollars, and not to exceed [~~**two hundred fifty**~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars for any subsequent violation, such penalties to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any person who violates the provisions of a local law adopted pursuant to subdivision one of section 33-1004 of this chapter relating to paragraph a of such subdivision, shall be issued a warning for the first violation and shall be provided seven days to correct such violation; and shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred **fifty** dollars for a second violation, and not to exceed [~~**two hundred fifty**~~] **three hundred seventy-five** dollars for a subsequent violation, to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard. The commissioner, acting by the attorney general, may bring suit for collection of such assessed civil penalty in any court of competent jurisdiction. Such civil penalty may be released or compromised by the commissioner before the matter has been referred to the attorney general; and where such matter has been referred to the attorney general, any such penalty may be released or compromised and any action commenced to recover the same may be settled and discontinued by the attorney general with the consent of the commissioner. Any civil penalty assessed by the commissioner under this subdivision shall be reviewable in a proceeding under article 78 of the civil practice law and rules.

3. Criminal sanctions. Any person who, having the culpable mental states defined in subdivision one or two of section 15.05 or in section 20.20 of the penal law, violates any provision of article 33 of this chapter or any rule, regulation thereunder or commits any offense described in section 33-1301 of this chapter, except an offense relating to the application of a general use pesticide shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~**five**~~] **seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for a subsequent offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~**ten**~~] **fifteen** thousand dollars for each day during which such violation continues or by imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. When a violation consists of the manufacture or production of any prohibited article, each day during which or any part of which such manufacture or production is carried on or continued, shall be deemed a separate violation. Any person who violates any provision of article 33 of this chapter or any rule or regulation thereunder or commits any offense described in section 33-1301 of this chapter relating to the use of a general use pesticide shall be guilty of a violation and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~**twenty-five hundred**~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars. If the conviction is for a subsequent offense committed after the first such conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~**five**~~] **seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars. Prosecution hereunder may be conducted by either the attorney general or the district attorney consistent with section 71-0403 of this article. With respect to violations of section 33-1004 of this chapter, penalties

imposed pursuant to this subdivision may be assessed only against a person providing a commercial lawn application.

§ 60. Section 71-3103 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3103. Enforcement of article 35.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duties imposed by article 35 or any regulation promulgated by the commissioner thereunder, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and, in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Penalties and injunctive relief provided herein shall be recoverable in an action brought by the Attorney General at the request and in the name of the commissioner.

§ 61. Subdivision 1 of section 71-3303 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 617 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who violates any provision of, or fails to perform any duty imposed by article forty-three of this chapter or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the Lake George park commission made pursuant to article forty-three of this chapter shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the Lake George park commission after an opportunity to be heard, or by the court in any action or proceeding initiated by the attorney general in the name of the Lake George park commission. In addition thereto, such person may, by similar process, be enjoined from continuing such violation, and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended, or a pending renewal application denied based upon such violation.

§ 62. Section 71-3307 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 617 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3307. Criminal sanctions.

Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in section 15.05 of the penal law, shall violate any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by article forty-three of this chapter or any rules or regulations promulgated thereto, or any final determination or order of the Lake George park commission shall be guilty of a violation, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each violation and [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day such violation shall continue.

§ 63. Section 71-3501 of the environmental conservation law is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3501. Putting noisome or unwholesome substances or maintaining noisome business on or near highway.

A person, who deposits, leaves or keeps, on or near a highway or route of public travel, either on the land or on the water, any noisome or unwholesome substance, or establishes, maintains or carries on, upon or near a public highway or route of public travel, either on the land or on the water, any business, trade or manufacture which is noisome or detrimental to public health, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by

a fine of not less than one hundred **fifty** dollars, or by imprisonment not less than three nor more than six months, or both.

§ 64. Section 71-3703 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 259 of the laws of 2011, subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 44 of the laws of 2020, subdivision 5 as added by chapter 829 of the laws of 2021, subdivision 6 as added by chapter 111 of the laws of 2023, and subdivision 7 as added by chapter 107 of the laws of 2024, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3703. Enforcement of article 37.

1. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-0107 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and, in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation.

2. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-0505 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Such person shall for a second violation be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

3. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-0705 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Such person shall for a second violation be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

4. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-0117 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Such person shall for a second violation be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

5. Any person who violates any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by sections 37-1003 and 37-1007 of this chapter or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Such person shall for a second violation be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

6. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-0121 of this chapter or any rule

or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Such person shall for a second violation be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

7. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-1101 of this chapter or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto, shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Such person shall for a second violation be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~two thousand five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

§ 65. Subdivision 1 of section 71-3705 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 43 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who violates any provision of or fails to perform any duty imposed by section 37-0115 of this chapter shall upon the first finding of such a violation be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars for each violation. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~twenty-five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each violation.

§ 66. Section 71-3803 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 713 of the laws of 1975, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3803. Enforcement of article thirty-eight.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by article thirty-eight or any regulation promulgated by the commissioner thereunder, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five hundred~~] **three thousand seven hundred fifty** dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and, in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation. Penalties and injunctive relief provided herein shall be recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general acting alone or at the request of the commissioner.

§ 67. Section 71-3903 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 732 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3903. Violations; penalties.

1. Administrative sanctions. Any person who violates, disobeys or disregards any provision of article thirty-nine shall be liable to the people of the state for a civil penalty of not to exceed [~~three~~] **four** thousand **five hundred** dollars for every such violation, to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard. The penalty may be recovered in an action brought by the commissioner in any court of competent jurisdiction. Such civil penalty may be released or [~~comprised~~] **compromised** by the commissioner before the matter has been referred to the attorney general; and where such matter has been referred to the attorney general, any such penalty may be released or [~~comprised~~] **compromised** and any action commenced to recover the same may be settled and discontinued by the attorney general with the consent of

the commissioner. In addition, the commissioner shall have power, following a hearing, to direct the violator to cease [~~his~~] **their** violation of article thirty-nine and, where appropriate, to recall any sewage system cleaners or additives sold or distributed in violation of said article. Any such order of the commissioner shall be enforceable in an action brought by the commissioner in any court of competent jurisdiction. Any civil penalty or order issued by the commissioner under this subdivision shall be reviewable in a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules commenced within thirty days of such penalty or order.

2. Criminal sanctions. Any person who knowingly violates any provision of section 39-0105 of this chapter shall, in addition to the sanctions provided in subdivision one of this section, for the first offense, be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not less than [~~five~~] **seven** hundred **fifty** nor more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars; for a second and each subsequent offense [~~he~~] **such person** shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than one thousand **five hundred** nor more than [~~three~~] **four** thousand **five hundred** dollars or a term of imprisonment of not more than six months or both. In addition to or instead of these sanctions, any offender shall be punishable by being ordered by the court to recall any sewage system cleaners or additives sold or distributed in violation of article thirty-nine. The court shall specify a reasonable time for the completion of the recall. Each offense shall be a separate and distinct offense and, in the case of a continuing offense, each day's continuance thereof shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.

§ 68. Section 71-3905 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 732 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-3905. Enforcement.

The attorney general or a district attorney, at the request of the attorney general or the commissioner, may prosecute persons who violate article thirty-nine. In addition the attorney general, on [~~his~~] **their** own initiative or at the request of the commissioner, shall have the right to recover a civil penalty of not to exceed [~~three~~] **four** thousand **five hundred** dollars for every violation of any provision of said article, and to seek equitable relief to restrain any violation or threatened violation of such article and to require the recall of any sewage system cleaners or additives sold or distributed in violation of said article.

§ 69. Section 71-4001 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-4001. General criminal penalty.

Except as otherwise specifically provided elsewhere in this chapter or in the penal law, (a) a person who violates any provision of this chapter, or any rule, regulation or order promulgated pursuant thereto, or the terms or conditions of any permit issued thereunder, shall be guilty of a violation; (b) each day on which such violation occurs shall constitute a separate violation; and (c) for each such violation the person shall be subject upon conviction to imprisonment for not more than fifteen days or to a fine of not more than [~~nine~~] **one thousand three** hundred **fifty** dollars, or to both such imprisonment and such fine.

§ 70. Section 71-4003 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-4003. General civil penalty.

Except as otherwise specifically provided elsewhere in this chapter, a person who violates any provision of this chapter, or any rule, regulation or order promulgated pursuant thereto, or the terms or conditions of any permit issued thereunder, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars, and an additional civil penalty of not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which each such violation continues. Any civil penalty provided for by this chapter may be assessed following a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

§ 71. Section 71-4103 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 608 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-4103. Enforcement of article seventy-two.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of article seventy-two of this chapter or the regulations promulgated thereunder shall be liable for a civil penalty of up to one thousand **five hundred** dollars in addition to any amount assessed as a penalty pursuant to subdivision five of section 72-0201 of this chapter, except that any person who fails to pay fees required pursuant to section 72-0303 of this chapter shall be subject to penalty provisions pursuant to subdivision twelve of section 72-0201 of this chapter.

§ 72. Section 71-4303 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 672 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-4303. Violations of article forty of this chapter.

1. Civil and administrative sanctions. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by, article forty of this chapter or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, or any terms or conditions of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title, shall be liable in the case of a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand **five hundred** dollars and an additional penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five thousand~~] **thirty-seven thousand five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this article or by a court in any action or proceeding pursuant to this title, and, in addition thereto such person may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation. In addition, upon the provision of notice stating the grounds for its action and giving an opportunity for hearing, the commissioner may revoke, suspend or deny a certificate or a renewal of a certificate issued pursuant to article forty of this chapter. In the case of a second violation, the liability shall be for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** thousand dollars for such violation and an additional penalty not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** thousand dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

2. Criminal sanctions. Any person who, having any of the culpable mental states defined in section 15.05 of the penal law, shall violate any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by article forty of this chapter or any rules or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for a first conviction be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~twenty-five~~] **thirty-seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars per day of violation or by imprisonment for a term

of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for an offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this subdivision, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** thousand dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 73. Section 71-4402 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 180 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:

§ 71-4402. Violations of title 15 of article 27 of this chapter.

1. Civil and administrative sanctions.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 15 of article 27 of this chapter, or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be liable in the case of a first violation, for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~twenty-five~~] **thirty-seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars and an additional penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five~~] **thirty-seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day during which such violation continues, to be assessed by the commissioner after an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this chapter, or by the court in any action or proceeding pursuant to section 71-2727 of this chapter, and, in addition thereto, such persons may by similar process be enjoined from continuing such violation and any permit or certificate issued to such person may be revoked or suspended or a pending renewal application denied. In the case of a second and any further violation, the liability shall be for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** thousand dollars for each such violation and an additional penalty not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** thousand dollars for each day during which such violation continues.

2. Criminal sanctions.

a. Any person who violates any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 15 of article 27 of this chapter or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a violation and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~five~~] **seven** thousand **five hundred** dollars per day of violation, or by imprisonment for a term of not more than fifteen days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

b. Any person who, intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly shall violate any of the provisions of or who fails to perform any duty imposed by title 15 of article 27 of this chapter or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any term or condition of any certificate or permit issued pursuant thereto, or any final determination or order of the commissioner made pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for a first conviction be punished by a fine not to exceed [~~fifteen~~] **twenty-two** thousand **five hundred** dollars per day of violation or by imprisonment for a term of not more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment. If the conviction is for an offense committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, within the preceding five years, such person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor and upon conviction, punishment shall be by a fine not to exceed [~~fifty~~] **seventy-five** thousand **five hundred** dollars per day of violation, or by

imprisonment for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 74. Subdivision 2 of section 71-4411 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 180 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:

2. Fines. A sentence to pay a fine shall be a sentence to pay any amount fixed by the court, not exceeding the higher of:

(a) [~~one hundred fifty~~] two hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for a class D felony;

(b) one hundred fifty thousand dollars for a class E felony;

(c) [~~fifty~~] seventy-five thousand dollars for a class A misdemeanor;

(d) [~~fifteen~~] twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars for a class B misdemeanor; or

(e) double the amount of the defendant's gain from the commission of the crime.

§ 75. The opening paragraph of subdivision 5 and subdivision 12 of section 72-0201 of the environmental conservation law, the opening paragraph of subdivision 5 as added by chapter 15 of the laws of 1983, and subdivision 12 as added by chapter 608 of the laws of 1993, are amended to read as follows:

If the amount of the fee is not paid within forty-five days of the last date prescribed under subdivision four of this section, a penalty shall be imposed on such deficiency. The amount of such penalty shall not exceed [~~five~~] seven and one half percent of such deficiency per month and the total penalty shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the deficiency.

12. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any person who fails to pay fees required pursuant to section 72-0303 of this article shall pay a penalty of [~~fifty~~] seventy-five per centum of the unpaid fee amount, plus interest on the unpaid fee amount computed in accordance with section 6621(a)(2) of the United States internal revenue code of 1986 (Public Law 99-514, 26 U.S.C. section 1 et seq.) from the date the fee was required to be paid.

§ 76. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 57-0136 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 289 of the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

2. Civil penalties. (a) For a violation that takes place in the "core preservation area" as defined in subdivision eleven of section 57-0107 of this title, any person who violates any provision of this title, the land use plan adopted by the commission, any regulation promulgated by the commission, or the terms or conditions of any order, permit, or determination issued by the commission pursuant to this title shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~twenty-five thousand~~] thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars for each violation and an additional civil penalty of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each day that such violation continues.

(b) For a violation that takes place in the "compatible growth area" as defined in subdivision twelve of section 57-0107 of this title, any person who violates any provision of this title, the land use plan adopted by the commission, any regulation promulgated by the commission, or the terms or conditions of any order, permit, or determination issued by the commission pursuant to this title shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars for each violation and an additional civil penalty of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each day that such violation continues.

3. Criminal penalties. (a) For a violation that takes place in the "core preservation area" as defined in subdivision eleven of section 57-0107 of this title, any person who willfully or intentionally violates any provision of this title, the land use plan adopted by the commission, any regulation promulgated by the commission, or the terms or conditions of any order, permit, or determination issued by the commission pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than [~~twenty-five thousand~~] thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars for each violation and an additional fine of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each day that such violation continues.

(b) For a violation that takes place in the "compatible growth area" as defined in subdivision twelve of section 57-0107 of this title, any person who willfully or intentionally violates any provision of this title, the land use plan adopted by the commission, any regulation promulgated by the commission, or the terms or conditions of any order, permit, or determination issued by the commission pursuant to this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars for each violation and an additional fine of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each day that such violation continues.

§ 77. Subdivision 1 of section 37-0211 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 286 of the laws of 1990, such section as renumbered by chapter 307 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

1. A violation of any of the provisions of this title or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant thereto shall be punishable in the case of a first violation, by a civil penalty not to exceed [~~ten~~] fifteen thousand dollars. In the case of a second and any further violation, the liability shall be for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~twenty-five thousand~~] thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars for each violation.

§ 78. Section 33-0925 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 43 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

§ 33-0925. Sanctions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation pursuant to this title and/or any provision of this article as it relates to the application of aquatic antifouling paints, any person who violates any provision of this title or any rule, regulation or order issued thereunder shall be liable to the people of this state for a civil penalty of up to one thousand five hundred dollars for a first violation to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing or opportunity to be heard. In determining the amount of the penalty, the commissioner shall take into account whether the violation posed an immediate threat to the environment or the health and safety of the public. Any subsequent violation of this title and/or any provision of this article as it relates to the application of aquatic antifouling paints would be subject to the appropriate sanctions pursuant to sections 71-2907 and 71-2911 of this chapter.

§ 79. Subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of section 27-1809 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 562 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

1. Any person who violates the provisions of section 27-1805 of this title shall be liable for a civil penalty in the amount of [~~fifty~~] seventy-five dollars for the first violation, one hundred fifty dollars for a second violation committed within twelve months of a prior

violation and [~~two~~] three hundred dollars for a third or subsequent violation committed within twelve months of any prior violation.

2. Any retailer as that term is defined in section 27-1803 of this title, who violates the provisions of section 27-1807 of this title shall be liable for a civil penalty in the amount of [~~two~~] three hundred dollars for the first violation, [~~four~~] six hundred dollars for a second violation committed within twelve months of a prior violation, and [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for a third or subsequent violation committed within twelve months of any prior violation.

3. Any battery manufacturer, as that term is defined in section 27-1803 of this title, who violates the provisions of section 27-1807 of this title shall be liable for a civil penalty in the amount of [~~two~~] three thousand dollars for the first violation, [~~four~~] six thousand dollars for a second violation committed within twelve months of a prior violation, and [~~five thousand~~] seven thousand five hundred dollars for a third or subsequent violation committed within twelve months of any prior violation.

§ 80. Paragraph a of subdivision 9 of section 27-1012 of the environmental conservation law, as added by section 8 of part SS of chapter 59 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

a. Any person required to be registered under this section who, without being so registered, sells or offers for sale beverage containers in this state, in addition to any other penalty imposed by this title, shall be subject to a penalty to be assessed by the commissioner of taxation and finance in an amount not to exceed [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for the first day on which such sales or offers for sale are made, plus an amount not to exceed [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each subsequent day on which such sales or offers for sale are made, not to exceed [~~twenty-five thousand~~] thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars in the aggregate.

§ 81. Subdivisions 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 27-1015 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 8 of part F of chapter 58 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and section 27-1012 of this title, any person who shall violate any provision of this title shall be liable to the state of New York for a civil penalty of not more than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars, and an additional civil penalty of not more than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each day during which each such violation continues. Any civil penalty may be assessed following a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

2. Any distributor, deposit initiator, redemption center or dealer who violates any provision of this title, except as provided in section 27-1012 of this title, shall be liable to the state of New York for a civil penalty of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars, and an additional civil penalty of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each day during which each such violation continues. Any civil penalty may be assessed following a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

3. It shall be unlawful for a distributor or deposit initiator, acting alone or aided by another, to return any empty beverage container to a dealer or redemption center for its refund value if the distributor or deposit initiator had previously accepted such beverage container from any dealer or operator of a redemption center or if such container was previously accepted by a reverse vending machine. A violation of this subdivision shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand

five hundred dollars and an amount equal to two times the amount of money received as a result of such violation.

4. Any person who willfully tenders to a dealer, distributor, redemption center or deposit initiator more than forty-eight empty beverage containers for which such person knows or should reasonably know that no deposit was paid in New York state may be assessed by the department a civil penalty of up to one hundred fifty dollars for each container or up to [~~twenty-five thousand~~] thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars for each such tender of containers. At each location where a person tenders containers for redemption, dealers and redemption centers must conspicuously display a sign in letters that are at least one inch in height with the following information: "WARNING: Persons tendering for redemption containers on which a deposit was never paid in this state may be subject to a civil penalty of up to one hundred fifty dollars per container or up to [~~twenty-five thousand~~] thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars for each such tender of containers." Any civil penalty may be assessed following a hearing or opportunity to be heard.

§ 82. Subdivision 1 of section 27-2807 of the environmental conservation law, as added by section 2 of part H of chapter 58 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

1. Any person required to collect tax who violates any provision of section 27-2803 of this title shall receive a warning notice for the first such violation. A person required to collect tax shall be liable to the state of New York for a civil penalty of [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars for the first violation after receiving a warning and [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for any subsequent violation in the same calendar year. For purposes of this section, each commercial transaction shall constitute no more than one violation. A hearing or opportunity to be heard shall be provided prior to the assessment of any civil penalty.

§ 83. Subdivision 1 of section 27-3205 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 734 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. A hotel that violates a provision of this title shall receive a warning notice for the first such violation, detailing the hotel's requirement to correct the violation within thirty days from the date the notice is sent. A hotel shall be liable to the state for a civil penalty of [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars for the first violation after receiving a warning and failing to correct the violation within thirty days and [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for any subsequent violation in the same calendar year. A hearing or opportunity to be heard shall be provided prior to the assessment of any civil penalty.

§ 84. Section 27-3317 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 82 of the laws of 2023, is amended to read as follows:

§ 27-3317. Penalties.

Any producer, representative organization, or retailer who violates any provision of or fails to perform any duty imposed pursuant to this title shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each violation and an additional penalty of not more than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for each day during which such violation continues. Civil penalties shall be assessed by the department after a hearing or opportunity to be heard pursuant to the provisions of section 71-1709 of this chapter.

§ 85. Subdivision 6 of section 27-3309 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 795 of the laws of 2022, is amended to read as follows:

6. Starting four years after the plan is approved by the department pursuant to this section, the department shall impose a penalty of [~~twenty-five~~] **thirty-eight** cents per pound to be assessed on the producer or representative organization for the number of additional pounds of carpet that would have needed to be recycled through the program to achieve the performance goals specified in the approved stewardship plan. All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be paid over to the commissioner for deposit to the environmental protection fund established pursuant to section ninety-two-s of the state finance law.

§ 86. Subdivision 4 of section 23-1715 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 233 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:

4. In the event of the failure of the holder of an environmental safety permit issued under section 23-1707 **of this title**, of route certification under section 23-1713 **of this title**, or of a non-conforming facility under section 23-1719 **of this title** to comply with the terms thereof or the provisions of the rules and regulations adopted under article 70 of this chapter, the department may revoke said permit or certificate pursuant to the provisions of article 70 of this chapter and impose upon the holder of such permit or certificate a civil penalty of up to one thousand **five hundred** dollars for each day the holder thereof has failed to comply with this title or a permit or certificate issued hereunder, together with the allocated costs of the revocation and enforcement proceeding itself.

§ 87. Subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 19-0320 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 621 of the laws of 1998, the opening paragraph of subdivision 4 as amended by section 1 and the opening paragraph of subdivision 5 as amended by section 2 of part W1 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, are amended to read as follows:

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of title twenty-one of article seventy-one of this chapter, operation of a heavy duty vehicle which, when tested, exceeds emission levels set forth in regulations promulgated pursuant to this section shall be a violation, and the following penalties shall apply to any violation found as a result of roadside emissions inspections:

a. First violation: [~~$ 700.00~~] **$1050.00**
Second and subsequent violations: [~~$1300.00~~] **$1950.00**.

b. The penalties set forth in paragraph a of this subdivision shall be reduced to [~~one hundred fifty~~] **two hundred twenty-five** dollars for the first violation and [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars for the second and subsequent violations by the court or administrative tribunal before which the summons or appearance ticket is returnable if the violation set forth in the summons or appearance ticket is corrected not later than thirty days after the issuance of the summons or appearance ticket and proof of such correction, as defined in paragraph c of this subdivision, is submitted to the court or administrative tribunal. The penalties described in this section shall not apply to vehicles defined by section one hundred forty-two of the vehicle and traffic law or owned by a county, town, city, or village for a first violation provided the vehicle is repaired within thirty days of ticket issuance.

c. Acceptable proof of repair or adjustment shall be submitted to the court or administrative tribunal on or before the return date of the

summons or appearance ticket in a form and manner prescribed by regulations adopted pursuant to this section.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of title twenty-one of article seventy-one of this chapter, operation of any heavy duty vehicle registered or required to be registered in this state without a certificate of inspection resulting from an annual inspection as required by regulations adopted pursuant to this section shall be a violation, and the following violation structure shall apply to such violations:

a. First violation: [~~$ 700.00~~] $1050.00
Second and subsequent violations: [~~$1300.00~~] $1950.00.

b. The penalties defined in paragraph a of this subdivision shall be reduced to [~~three hundred fifty~~] five hundred twenty-five dollars for the first violation and [~~seven hundred fifty~~] one thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars for second and subsequent violations, provided that the vehicle in question bears a certificate which was valid within the last thirty days. The penalties described in this section shall not apply to vehicles defined by section one hundred forty-two or owned by a county, town, city, or village of the vehicle and traffic law for a first violation provided the vehicle is repaired within thirty days of ticket issuance.

§ 88. Subdivision 6 of section 17-1745 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 199 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

6. Penalties. Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall result in fines of [~~two hundred fifty~~] three hundred seventy-five dollars per day for each violation.

§ 89. Section 15-2723 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 613 of the laws of 1975, is amended to read as follows:

§ 15-2723. Penalties and enforcement.

Any person who violates any provision of this title or any regulation or order issued pursuant to this act by the commissioner or the agency may be compelled to comply with or obey the same by injunction, mandamus or other appropriate remedy. In addition, any such person shall pay a civil penalty of not less than one hundred fifty dollars or more than one thousand five hundred dollars for each day of such violation. The commissioner or the agency as the case may be, is authorized to commence a civil action to recover such civil penalties or other appropriate relief.

§ 90. Subdivision 2 of section 11-1209 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 726 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

2. Whoever shall hunt while in an intoxicated condition or while [~~his~~] their ability to hunt is impaired by the use of a drug shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in a penitentiary or county jail for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 91. Subdivision 3 of section 11-0538 of the environmental conservation law, as added by chapter 307 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

3. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be subject to a penalty of not more than [~~five hundred~~] seven hundred fifty dollars for the first offense and not more than one thousand five hundred dollars for a second and subsequent offenses. Each instance of

allowing direct contact of a big cat with the public in violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

§ 92. Subdivision 9 of section 11-0512 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 326 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who knowingly breeds a wild animal or knowingly possesses, owns, harbors, sells, barters, transfers, exchanges, or imports a wild animal for use as a pet or intentionally releases or sets at-large any wild animal, authorized by this section for use as a pet, from the location where the animal is permitted to be possessed or harbored in violation of the provisions of this section shall be subject to a penalty of not more than [~~five hundred~~] **seven hundred fifty** dollars for the first offense and not more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars for a second and subsequent offenses. Each instance of breeding, owning, harboring, sale, barter, release, transfer, exchange, or import of a wild animal in violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

§ 93. Subdivision 3 of section 9-1503 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 222 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows:

3. No person shall, in any area designated by such list or lists, knowingly pick, pluck, sever, remove, damage by the application of herbicides or defoliants or carry away, without the consent of the owner thereof, any protected plant. An offense under this section shall be a violation, punishable by a fine of not to exceed [~~twenty-five dollars~~] **thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents**.

§ 94. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law.