

STATE OF NEW YORK

3207--A

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 24, 2025

Introduced by Sen. KAVANAGH -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to establishing maximum contaminant levels and a hazard index in drinking water for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 1112 of the public health law is amended by adding
2 a new subdivision 12-a to read as follows:

3 12-a. a. The commissioner shall establish a maximum contaminant level
4 of:

5 (i) no higher than 4 parts per trillion (ppt) for perfluorooctane
6 sulfonic acid (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA); and

7 (ii) no higher than 10 parts per trillion (ppt) for perfluorononanoic
8 acid (PFNA), perfluorohexane sulfonate (PFHxS), and hexafluoropropylene
9 oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA).

10 b. The commissioner shall establish a hazard index to address cumula-
11 tive exposure to multiple per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances. The
12 hazard index shall include but not be limited to perfluorononanoic acid
13 (PFNA), perfluorohexane sulfonate (PFHxS), hexafluoropropylene oxide
14 dimer acid (HFPO-DA), and perfluorobutane sulfonate (PFBS).

15 c. The commissioner shall require that public water systems comply
16 with the requirements of the maximum contaminant levels and hazard index
17 required by this subdivision by May first, two thousand twenty-nine.

18 § 2. This act shall take effect one year after it shall have become a
19 law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any
20 rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its
21 effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such
22 effective date.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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