

# STATE OF NEW YORK

2434

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

January 17, 2025

Introduced by Sen. KRUEGER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to bribery and abuse of public trust

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 200.03 of the penal law, as amended by section 18  
2 of subpart A of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, is amended to  
3 read as follows:

4 § 200.03 Bribery in the second degree.

5 A person is guilty of bribery in the second degree when [~~he~~] such  
6 person confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit valued in  
7 excess of [~~five~~] one thousand dollars upon a public servant [~~upon an~~  
8 ~~agreement or understanding~~] with an intent to influence that such public  
9 servant's vote, opinion, judgment, action, decision or exercise of  
10 discretion as a public servant will thereby be influenced.

11 Bribery in the second degree is a class C felony.

12 § 2. Section 200.04 of the penal law, as amended by section 19 of  
13 subpart A of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, is amended to  
14 read as follows:

15 § 200.04 Bribery in the first degree.

16 A person is guilty of bribery in the first degree when [~~the~~] such  
17 person confers, or offers or agrees to confer: (1) any benefit upon a  
18 public servant [~~upon an agreement or understanding~~] with an intent to  
19 influence that such public servant's vote, opinion, judgment, action,  
20 decision or exercise of discretion as a public servant will thereby be  
21 influenced in the investigation, arrest, detention, prosecution or  
22 incarceration of any person for the commission or alleged commission of  
23 a class A felony defined in article two hundred twenty of this part or  
24 an attempt to commit any such class A felony; or (2) any benefit valued  
25 in excess of [~~one hundred~~] three thousand dollars upon a public servant  
26 [~~upon an agreement or understanding~~] with an intent to influence that  
27 such public servant's vote, opinion, judgment, action, decision or exer-  
28 cise of discretion as a public servant will thereby be influenced.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscoring) is new; matter in brackets  
[~~-~~] is old law to be omitted.

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1 Bribery in the first degree is a class B felony.

2 § 3. Section 200.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 833 of the  
3 laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

4 § 200.00 Bribery in the third degree.

5 A person is guilty of bribery in the third degree when [~~he~~] such  
6 person confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit upon a public  
7 servant [~~upon an agreement or understanding~~] with an intent to influence  
8 that such public servant's vote, opinion, judgment, action, decision or  
9 exercise of discretion as a public servant will thereby be influenced.

10 Bribery in the third degree is a class D felony.

11 § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by  
12 section 27 of subpart A of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, is  
13 amended to read as follows:

14 1. A sentence to pay a fine for a felony shall be a sentence to pay an  
15 amount, fixed by the court, not exceeding the higher of

16 a. five thousand dollars; or

17 b. double the amount of the defendant's gain from the commission of  
18 the crime or, if the defendant is convicted of a crime defined in arti-  
19 cle four hundred ninety-six of this chapter, any higher amount not  
20 exceeding three times the amount of the defendant's gain from the  
21 commission of such offense; or

22 c. if the conviction is for any felony defined in article two hundred  
23 twenty [~~or two hundred twenty one~~] of this chapter, according to the  
24 following schedule:

25 (i) for A-I felonies, one hundred thousand dollars;

26 (ii) for A-II felonies, fifty thousand dollars;

27 (iii) for B felonies, thirty thousand dollars;

28 (iv) for C felonies, fifteen thousand dollars.

29 When imposing a fine pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph, the  
30 court shall consider the profit gained by defendant's conduct, whether  
31 the amount of the fine is disproportionate to the conduct in which  
32 defendant engaged, its impact on any victims, and defendant's economic  
33 circumstances, including the defendant's ability to pay, the effect of  
34 the fine upon [~~his or her~~] the defendant's immediate family or any other  
35 persons to whom the defendant owes an obligation of support; or

36 d. for an abuse of public trust crime, as defined in section 196.00 of  
37 this chapter, or any offense for which the offender's status as a public  
38 servant constitutes an element of the offense as enumerated in paragraph  
39 (b) of subdivision one of section 196.00 of this chapter, the court, in  
40 addition to any other penalty which may be imposed pursuant to law,  
41 shall impose a fine in accordance with the provisions of paragraph a or  
42 b of this subdivision, whichever is greater.

43 § 5. Section 195.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 906 of the  
44 laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

45 § 195.00 Official misconduct in the third degree.

46 A public servant is guilty of official misconduct in the third degree  
47 when, with intent to obtain a benefit or deprive another person of a  
48 benefit:

49 1. [~~He~~] the public servant commits an act relating to [~~his~~] such  
50 public servant's office but constituting an unauthorized exercise of  
51 [~~his~~] the official functions of the office, knowing that such act is  
52 unauthorized; or

53 2. [~~He~~] the public servant knowingly refrains from performing a duty  
54 which is imposed upon [~~him~~] the public servant by law or is clearly  
55 inherent in the nature of [~~his~~] the office.

1 Official misconduct in the third degree is a class [~~A misdemeanor~~] E  
2 felony.

3 § 6. The penal law is amended by adding two new sections 195.03 and  
4 195.04 to read as follows:

5 § 195.03 Official misconduct in the second degree.

6 A public servant is guilty of official misconduct in the second degree  
7 when the public servant commits the crime of official misconduct in the  
8 third degree and the public servant obtains any benefit or deprives  
9 another person of a benefit valued in excess of one thousand dollars.

10 Official misconduct in the second degree is a class D felony.

11 § 195.04 Official misconduct in the first degree.

12 A public servant is guilty of official misconduct in the first degree  
13 when the public servant commits the crime of official misconduct in the  
14 third degree and the public servant obtains any benefit or deprives  
15 another person of a benefit valued in excess of three thousand dollars.

16 Official misconduct in the first degree is a class C felony.

17 § 7. The penal law is amended by adding a new article 196 to read as  
18 follows:

19 ARTICLE 196

20 ABUSE OF PUBLIC TRUST

21 Section 196.00 Abuse of public trust crime.

22 § 196.00 Abuse of public trust crime.

23 1. (a) A person commits an abuse of public trust crime when such  
24 person commits a felony offense and either:

25 (i) intentionally uses such person's position as a public servant in a  
26 manner that significantly facilitates the commission or concealment of  
27 the offense; or

28 (ii) attempts, conspires or solicits another to commit any felony, and  
29 in such attempt, conspiracy or solicitation intentionally uses such  
30 person's position as a public servant to significantly facilitate the  
31 commission or concealment of the offense.

32 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subdivision, an abuse of  
33 public trust crime shall not include any offense for which the  
34 offender's status as a public servant constitutes an element of the  
35 offense, including, but not limited to, the following provisions of this  
36 chapter: paragraph (g) of subdivision three of section 135.35 (labor  
37 trafficking); subdivision eight of section 135.60 (coercion in the third  
38 degree); section 135.61 (coercion in the second degree); paragraph (c)  
39 of subdivision two of section 135.65 (coercion in the first degree);  
40 paragraph (c) of subdivision two of section 155.40 (grand larceny in the  
41 second degree); section 175.40 (issuing a false certificate); section  
42 195.00 (official misconduct); section 200.10 (bribe receiving in the  
43 third degree); section 200.11 (bribe receiving in the second degree);  
44 section 200.12 (bribe receiving in the first degree); section 200.25  
45 (receiving reward for official misconduct in the second degree); section  
46 200.27 (receiving reward for official misconduct in the first degree);  
47 section 200.35 (receiving unlawful gratuities); section 200.50 (bribe  
48 receiving for public office); paragraph (g) of subdivision five of  
49 section 230.34 (sex trafficking); or any attempt or conspiracy to commit  
50 any of the foregoing offenses.

51 2. When a person is convicted of an abuse of public trust crime pursu-  
52 ant to subdivision one of this section and the specified offense is a  
53 class C, D or E felony, the crime shall be deemed to be one category  
54 higher than the specified offense the defendant committed, or one cate-  
55 gory higher than the offense level applicable to the defendant's

1 conviction for an attempt or conspiracy to commit a specified offense,  
2 whichever is applicable.

3 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when a person is  
4 convicted of a crime pursuant to subdivision one of this section and the  
5 specified offense is a class B felony:

6 (a) the maximum term of the indeterminate sentence must be at least  
7 six years if the defendant is sentenced pursuant to section 70.00 of  
8 this chapter;

9 (b) the term of the determinate sentence must be at least eight years  
10 if the defendant is sentenced pursuant to section 70.02 of this chapter;

11 (c) the term of the determinate sentence must be at least twelve years  
12 if the defendant is sentenced pursuant to section 70.04 of this chapter;

13 (d) the maximum term of the indeterminate sentence must be at least  
14 four years if the defendant is sentenced pursuant to section 70.05 of  
15 this chapter; and

16 (e) the maximum term of the indeterminate sentence or the term of the  
17 determinate sentence must be at least ten years if the defendant is  
18 sentenced pursuant to section 70.06 of this chapter.

19 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when a person is  
20 convicted of a crime pursuant to subdivision one of this section and the  
21 specified offense is a class A-I felony, the minimum period of the inde-  
22 terminate sentence shall be not less than twenty years.

23 § 8. Subdivision 4 of section 200.50 of the criminal procedure law, as  
24 amended by section 15 of subpart A of part H of chapter 55 of the laws  
25 of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

26 4. A statement in each count that the grand jury, or, where the accu-  
27 satory instrument is a superior court information, the district attor-  
28 ney, accuses the defendant or defendants of a designated offense,  
29 provided that in any prosecution under article four hundred eighty-five  
30 of the penal law, the designated offense shall be the specified offense,  
31 as defined in subdivision three of section 485.05 of the penal law,  
32 followed by the phrase "as a hate crime", and provided further that in  
33 any prosecution under section 490.25 of the penal law, the designated  
34 offense shall be the specified offense, as defined in subdivision three  
35 of section 490.05 of the penal law, followed by the phrase "as a crime  
36 of terrorism"; and provided further that in any prosecution under  
37 section 130.91 of the penal law, the designated offense shall be the  
38 specified offense, as defined in subdivision two of section 130.91 of  
39 the penal law, followed by the phrase "as a sexually motivated felony";  
40 and provided further that in any prosecution under section 496.06 of the  
41 penal law, the designated offense shall be the specified offense, as  
42 defined in subdivision two of such section, followed by the phrase "as a  
43 public corruption crime"; and provided further that in any prosecution  
44 under article one hundred ninety-six of the penal law, the designated  
45 offense shall be the designated felony offense, as defined in subdivi-  
46 sion two of section 196.00 of the penal law, followed by the phrase "as  
47 an abuse of public trust crime"; and

48 § 9. Subdivision 7 of section 200.50 of the criminal procedure law is  
49 amended by adding a new paragraph (f) to read as follows:

50 (f) in the case of an abuse of public trust crime, as defined in  
51 section 196.00 of the penal law, specifies, as applicable, that the  
52 defendant or defendants committed, or attempted, conspired or solicited  
53 another to commit, a felony and intentionally used the defendant's posi-  
54 tion as a public servant in a manner that significantly facilitated the  
55 commission or concealment of the offense; and

56 § 10. This act shall take effect immediately.