

**BY:** M. of A. Rosenthal

**MEMORIALIZING** Governor Kathy Hochul to proclaim October 25-31, 2025, as Epidermolysis Bullosa Awareness Week in the State of New York, more commonly known as Butterfly Children Awareness Week

**WHEREAS,** It is the custom of this Legislative Body to recognize official days that are set aside to increase awareness of serious issues that affect the lives of the citizens of New York State; and

**WHEREAS,** It is the sense of this Legislative Body to memorialize Governor Kathy Hochul to proclaim October 25-31, 2025, as Epidermolysis Bullosa Awareness Week in the State of New York, more commonly known as Butterfly Children Awareness Week, in an effort to raise public awareness and understanding of Epidermolysis Bullosa; and

**WHEREAS,** Epidermolysis Bullosa (EB) is a rare, genetic, connective tissue disorder that is characterized by fragile skin and recurrent blister formation, inside and outside the body; today, there is no cure; and

**WHEREAS,** Severe forms of EB cause patients to live with constant pain and scarring; the worst forms of EB lead to eventual disfigurement, disability and often early death; phenotypes and outcomes run the gamut, from mild to severe; the more severe cases cause fatalities in the first year of life, and in many cases, children who suffer from the more severe forms do not live into their third decade of life; and

**WHEREAS,** There are five types of EB: EB simplex (EBS), Junctional EB (JEB), Dystrophic EB (DEB), Kindler EB (KEB) and EB Acquisita (EBA); EBS is the most common form of EB, while the other forms are relatively less common and affect the patient more severely; and

**WHEREAS,** The presence and type of EB is differentiated by the gene that is affected, and the particular protein that is produced by that gene, therefore, EB can be the result of a mutation in genes that produce one of 18 different structural proteins; and

**WHEREAS,** It has been estimated that one out of every 20,000 live births which is approximately 200 children a year, is affected with some type of EB; the disorder occurs in every racial and ethnic group throughout the world and affects both sexes equally; and

**WHEREAS,** The only treatment for EB is daily wound care, preventative bandaging and pain management; the simple act of bathing is a tortuous process that may take more than three hours when children are often bathed in a diluted bleach or vinegar solution to fight the ever present threat of infection; and

**WHEREAS,** EB has a long list of secondary complications including anemia, growth retardation, infection, bacterial sepsis, renal failure,

cardiomyopathy, corneal abrasions, malnutrition, premature tooth decay and squamous cell carcinoma; and

**WHEREAS,** With skin as fragile as a butterfly wing, EB patients are dubbed "Butterfly Children"; on the outside, physical wounds prevent them from normal daily activities enjoyed by other children; the slightest friction produces agonizing wounds that can cover up to 75% of their bodies; and

**WHEREAS,** There is a frightening lack of institutional knowledge; in other words, most physicians, nationally and internationally, are unaware of the disorder and its complexities, thus resulting in less than optimal treatment options for even the most common secondary complications; and

**WHEREAS,** Due to public and private insurance coverage limitations, caregivers may lack adequate wound care supplies that are essential in not only preventing infection and supporting wound closure, but also preventing new wounds from everyday activities, such as wearing clothing; many surgical procedures are only performed safely in three or four hospitals in the United States; and

**WHEREAS,** Researchers from around the globe are investigating new therapies to treat and cure EB, thereby leading to a better quality of life; and

**WHEREAS,** It is imperative that there be greater public awareness of this serious health issue, and more must be done to increase activity at the local, State and national levels to support the patients as well as their families; now, therefore, be it

**RESOLVED,** That this Legislative Body pause in its deliberations to memorialize Governor Kathy Hochul to proclaim October 25-31, 2025, as Epidermolysis Bullosa Awareness Week in the State of New York, more commonly known as Butterfly Children Awareness Week; and be it further

**RESOLVED,** That a copy of this Resolution, suitably engrossed, be transmitted to The Honorable Kathy Hochul, Governor of the State of New York.