

# STATE OF NEW YORK

697--A

Cal. No. 27

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

(Prefiled)

January 8, 2025

Introduced by M. of A. GONZALEZ-ROJAS, MEEKS, DAVILA, LUCAS, LUNSFORD, SIMON, REYES, BORES, CLARK, TAYLOR, ROSENTHAL, GALLAGHER, BURDICK, SHIMSKY, CUNNINGHAM, KELLES, SEAWRIGHT, SIMONE, OTIS -- read once and referred to the Committee on Health -- ordered to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the public health law, the county law, the executive law and the state finance law, in relation to prohibiting the use of the term excited delirium as a diagnosis, label, or cause of death

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 4141 of the public health law is  
2 amended by adding a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:

3 (e) No death certificate shall cite excited delirium as a diagnosis,  
4 label, cause of death, or contributing factor to any death. For the  
5 purposes of this paragraph, the term "excited delirium" shall mean a  
6 term used to describe a person's state of agitation, excitability, para-  
7 noia, extreme aggression, physical violence, and apparent immunity to  
8 pain that is not listed in the most current version of the Diagnostic  
9 and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, or for which the court finds  
10 there is insufficient scientific evidence or diagnostic criteria to be  
11 recognized as a medical condition. Excited delirium also includes  
12 excited delirium syndrome, excited delirium, hyperactive delirium,  
13 agitated delirium, and exhaustive mania.

14 § 2. Section 677 of the county law is amended by adding a new subdivi-  
15 sion 2-a to read as follows:

16 2-a. No report of any autopsy or other examination shall cite excited  
17 delirium as a cause or means or manner of death. For the purposes of  
18 this subdivision, the term "excited delirium" shall mean a term used to  
19 describe a person's state of agitation, excitability, paranoia, extreme

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 aggression, physical violence, and apparent immunity to pain that is not  
2 listed in the most current version of the Diagnostic and Statistical  
3 Manual of Mental Disorders, or for which the court finds there is insuf-  
4 ficient scientific evidence or diagnostic criteria to be recognized as a  
5 medical condition. Excited delirium also includes excited delirium  
6 syndrome, excited delirium, hyperactive delirium, agitated delirium, and  
7 exhaustive mania.

8 § 3. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 837-aa to  
9 read as follows:

10 § 837-aa. Prohibition of use of excited delirium. 1. No report by a  
11 law enforcement officer or peace officer shall reference excited deliri-  
12 um in such report.

13 2. No law enforcement officer or peace officer shall take any action  
14 with respect to an individual in response to such individual being diag-  
15 nosd or labeled as having or being in a state of excited delirium. No  
16 training shall be provided that requires, encourages, or permits any  
17 action in response to an individual being diagnosed or labeled as having  
18 or being in a state of excited delirium.

19 3. For the purposes of this section, "excited delirium" shall mean a  
20 term used to describe a person's state of agitation, excitability, para-  
21 noia, extreme aggression, physical violence, and apparent immunity to  
22 pain that is not listed in the most current version of the Diagnostic  
23 and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, or for which the court finds  
24 there is insufficient scientific evidence or diagnostic criteria to be  
25 recognized as a medical condition. Excited delirium also includes  
26 excited delirium syndrome, excited delirium, hyperactive delirium,  
27 agitated delirium, and exhaustive mania.

28 § 4. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 139-n to  
29 read as follows:

30 § 139-n. Prohibition of use of excited delirium. 1. As used in this  
31 section:

32 (a) "Contractor" means any person, firm, partnership, corporation,  
33 association, company, organization or other similar entity, or any  
34 combination thereof, including any subcontractor thereof, that employs  
35 employees to perform work pursuant to an agreement with a public agency.

36 (b) "Public agency" means the state, and any department, agency,  
37 board, bureau, commission, division, council or office of the state or  
38 any political subdivision thereof, as defined in section one hundred of  
39 the general municipal law, a municipal corporation as defined in section  
40 sixty-six of the general construction law and any district thereof, a  
41 public benefit corporation, or local or state authority as defined in  
42 section two of the public authorities law, and any other entity author-  
43 ized and empowered to enter into any contract or arrangement to conduct  
44 economic development activity on behalf of any such public agency.

45 (c) "Excited delirium" means a term used to describe a person's state  
46 of agitation, excitability, paranoia, extreme aggression, physical  
47 violence, and apparent immunity to pain that is not listed in the most  
48 current version of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental  
49 Disorders, or for which the court finds there is insufficient scientific  
50 evidence or diagnostic criteria to be recognized as a medical condition.  
51 Excited delirium also includes excited delirium syndrome, excited deli-  
52 rium, hyperactive delirium, agitated delirium, and exhaustive mania.

53 2. No employee of a public agency or contractor or employee of a  
54 contractor shall issue a diagnosis of excited delirium, report excited  
55 delirium as a cause of death or a contributing factor to a death, or

1 conduct any trainings or share materials attesting to the validity of  
2 excited delirium as a cause of death.

3 3. No public agency or contractor shall adopt or maintain any policy  
4 or procedure, including but not limited to police manuals and trainings,  
5 that acknowledges the validity of the diagnosis, cause of death, or  
6 label of excited delirium.

7 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately.