STATE OF NEW YORK

6553--B

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

March 6, 2025

Introduced by M. of A. RAJKUMAR -- read once and referred to the Committee on Correction -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, the social services law and the executive law, in relation to providing comprehensive services to individuals with a persistent pattern of involvement in the criminal justice system; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as "the 9,000 act".

§ 2. The administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new section 9-313 to read as follows:

§ 9-313 Comprehensive services to prevent recidivism. 1. The office shall identify no more than ninety-five hundred individuals with a persistent pattern of arrest and failure to appear in court and, in conjunction with: the office for neighborhood safety and the prevention of gun violence, the department of health and mental hygiene, the department of social services, the department of homeless services, the department of education, the state division of criminal justice services, the state office of temporary and disability assistance, the state office of children and family services, the state department of education, the state office of mental health, and the state office of addiction services and supports, engage with as many of such identified individuals as possible to provide comprehensive services including, but not limited to, education, vocational training, housing, financial support, healthcare, and mental healthcare. No provision of services

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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under this program shall be contingent on a criminal background check of such individuals.

2. Any individual identified by the office for whom an accusatory instrument is filed on behalf of the state may be offered a plea in satisfaction of such charges if such individual agrees to and participates in the comprehensive services program under this section.

3. An incarcerated individual who is identified under this section and who is eligible for presumptive release, parole, conditional release or release to post-release supervision prior to the expiration of their full term of imprisonment or maximum term for parole may receive such relief on the condition of participation in the program under this section.

4. Every five years, the office shall issue a report on outcomes of program participants with respect to re-arrests, health, housing security, and educational outcomes, including the association between each service and the probability of re-arrest.

§ 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 8 of section 131-a of the social services law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (xiv) to read as follows:

(xiv) all of the income of a dependent child or dependent adult living with a parent or other caretaker relative, which is derived from participation in a vocational training or other employment program in connection with services provided through a recidivism prevention program under section 9-313 of the administrative code of the city of New York.

§ 4. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 259-u to read as follows:

§ 259-u. Parole eligibility for certain incarcerated individuals identified by the New York city office of criminal justice. Any incarcerated individual eligible for discharge of sentence pursuant to this article may receive an absolute discharge from presumptive release, parole, conditional release or release to a period of post-release supervision on condition of participation in the program provided for by section 9-313 of the administrative code of the city of New York.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be deemed repealed ten years after it shall have become a law.