

# STATE OF NEW YORK

1788

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 14, 2025

Introduced by M. of A. ROSENTHAL, SIMON, GALLAGHER, SEAWRIGHT, EPSTEIN, CLARK, DINOWITZ, BUTTENSCHON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Transportation

AN ACT to amend the vehicle and traffic law and the insurance law, in relation to reckless driving and the implementation of a reckless driving and vehicular violence awareness component of the pre-licensing course for driver's licenses

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Legislative intent. The Legislature recognizes the height-  
2 ened responsibility of operating a multi-ton car or truck and that such  
3 motor vehicle is a dangerous instrument under state law that, in an  
4 instant, can cause lethal physical harm. For example, when operating a  
5 car at 30 miles per hour the average risk of a pedestrian dying upon  
6 impact with such car is 40%, at 40 miles per hour the risk of death is  
7 80%, and at speeds greater than 50 miles per hour the likelihood of  
8 death is near certain at nearly 100%.

9 When deaths resulting from alcohol-impaired driving were reduced from  
10 approximately 30,000 annually in the early 1980s across the United  
11 States to approximately 10,000 annually in recent years, that remarkable  
12 reduction was achieved in part by the certainty experienced by drivers  
13 that they would suffer legal consequences for driving impaired and risk-  
14 ing the lives of themselves and others, resulting from changes in laws  
15 prohibiting impaired driving. However, that certainty does not exist for  
16 other types of dangerous driving. A 2016 survey by the National Safety  
17 Council showed that "although 83% of drivers surveyed believe driving is  
18 a safety concern, a startling number say they are comfortable speeding  
19 (64%) and texting either manually or through voice controls (47%),"  
20 whereas far fewer (10%) say they are comfortable driving after they feel  
21 they've had too much alcohol. This shows that, while drunk driving has  
22 become socially unacceptable, most other forms of dangerous driving have

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 not, and New Yorkers are paying the price with lives lost and bodies and  
2 families shattered. Moreover, the New York city Department of Transpor-  
3 tation estimated in 2010 that the annual cost of all traffic crashes  
4 just in New York city to be \$4.29 billion annually, about 1% of the  
5 Gross City Product.

6 As evidenced by our country's experience combatting drunk driving,  
7 research has shown that perceived certainty of legal consequences is  
8 necessary to deter or prevent harmful acts, including dangerous driving.  
9 The original statutory language of the New York vehicle and traffic law  
10 section 1212, in and of itself, is favorable to a reasonable standard  
11 for reckless or dangerous driving, specifying that driving in a manner  
12 that "unreasonably interferes with" or "unreasonably endangers others"  
13 constitutes a violation of that section and is an unclassified misdemea-  
14 nor. However, that reasonableness standard has subsequently been height-  
15 ened by New York judicial interpretations that require factors such as a  
16 finding of seriously blameworthy conduct, an "affirmative act" by the  
17 driver, a "gross deviation" from the standard of conduct a reasonable  
18 person would observe, and additional "aggravating factors" on behalf of  
19 the driver -- all judicial interpretations not required by the original  
20 statutory text. This judicially imposed requirement fails to recognize  
21 the awesome responsibility that operating a multi-ton car or truck is  
22 and as a consequence, evidenced in part by the staggering injuries and  
23 deaths in our state, the statute has failed to achieve what it intended.  
24 Cars and trucks are dangerous instruments under state law and should be  
25 recognized as such when applying vehicle and traffic law section 1212.  
26 For these reasons the legislature is correcting the misapplication of  
27 vehicle and traffic law section 1212 and restoring the statute to its  
28 original intent to deter and prevent dangerous operation of heavy motor  
29 vehicles that pose a daily threat to public health and risk the lives of  
30 New Yorkers throughout our state.

31 § 2. Section 1212 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chap-  
32 ter 436 of the laws of 2024, is amended to read as follows:

33 § 1212. Reckless driving. (a) Reckless driving shall mean [~~driving~~]  
34 ~~operating~~ or using any motor vehicle, motorcycle or any other vehicle  
35 propelled by any power other than muscular power or any appliance or  
36 accessory thereof in a manner which unreasonably interferes with the  
37 free and [~~proper~~] ~~safe~~ use of the public highway or any parking lot, or  
38 unreasonably endangers users of the public highway or any parking lot.  
39 Reckless driving is prohibited. Every person violating this provision  
40 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Notwithstanding any other provision of  
41 this chapter or the penal law, there shall be a rebuttable presumption  
42 that every person violating this section and who causes physical injury,  
43 serious physical injury or death to another person shall be found to  
44 have acted with criminal negligence under section 15.05 of the penal  
45 law, and every person violating this section while acting with criminal  
46 negligence shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. A violation of this  
47 section does not require a finding of a minimum number of violations of  
48 law or a finding that a person was aware of, had perceived, or had  
49 created the risk of harm to another person.

50 (b) As used in this section, "parking lot" shall mean any area or  
51 areas of private property, including a driveway, near or contiguous to  
52 and provided in connection with premises and used as a means of access  
53 to and egress from a public highway to such premises and having a capac-  
54 ity for the parking of four or more motor vehicles. The provisions of  
55 this section shall not apply to any area or areas of private property

1 comprising all or part of property on which is situated a one or two  
2 family residence.

3 (c) Provided further, if the operator of a motor vehicle, motorcycle  
4 or any other vehicle propelled by any power other than muscular power or  
5 any appliance or accessory thereof operates in a manner that causes  
6 physical injury, serious physical injury or death to another person  
7 while violating one or more sections of this chapter or of a law, ordi-  
8 nance, order, rule or regulation relating to traffic, except parking,  
9 standing, or stopping offenses, then there shall be a rebuttable  
10 presumption such driver was operating in violation of subdivision (a) of  
11 this section. Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to  
12 supersede the provisions of any other applicable section of law.

13 (d) A driver of a motor vehicle or motorcycle guilty of violating this  
14 section shall additionally be required to participate in a motor vehicle  
15 accident prevention course approved by the commissioner pursuant to  
16 article twelve-B of this chapter.

17 § 3. Section 1146 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chap-  
18 ter 333 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

19 § 1146. Drivers to exercise due care. [~~(a)~~] Notwithstanding the  
20 provisions of any other law to the contrary, every driver of a vehicle  
21 shall exercise due care to avoid colliding with any bicyclist, pedestri-  
22 an, or domestic animal upon any roadway and shall give warning by sound-  
23 ing the horn when necessary. For the purposes of this section, the term  
24 "domestic animal" shall mean domesticated sheep, cattle, and goats which  
25 are under the supervision and control of a pedestrian.

26 [~~(b) 1. A driver of a motor vehicle who causes physical injury as~~  
27 ~~defined in article ten of the penal law to a pedestrian or bicyclist~~  
28 ~~while failing to exercise due care in violation of subdivision (a) of~~  
29 ~~this section, shall be guilty of a traffic infraction punishable by a~~  
30 ~~fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment for not~~  
31 ~~more than fifteen days or by both such fine and imprisonment.~~

32 ~~2. If such driver of a motor vehicle causes physical injury while~~  
33 ~~failing to exercise due care in violation of subdivision (a) of this~~  
34 ~~section, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that, as a result~~  
35 ~~of such failure to exercise due care, such person operated the motor~~  
36 ~~vehicle in a manner that caused such physical injury.~~

37 ~~(c) 1. A driver of a motor vehicle who causes serious physical injury~~  
38 ~~as defined in article ten of the penal law to a pedestrian or bicyclist~~  
39 ~~while failing to exercise due care in violation of subdivision (a) of~~  
40 ~~this section, shall be guilty of a traffic infraction punishable by a~~  
41 ~~fine of not more than seven hundred fifty dollars or by imprisonment for~~  
42 ~~not more than fifteen days or by required participation in a motor vehi-~~  
43 ~~cle accident prevention course pursuant to paragraph (c-1) of subdivi-~~  
44 ~~sion two of section 65.10 of the penal law or by any combination of such~~  
45 ~~fine, imprisonment or course, and by suspension of a license or regis-~~  
46 ~~tration pursuant to subparagraph (xiv) or (xv) of paragraph b of subdivi-~~  
47 ~~sion two of section five hundred ten of this chapter.~~

48 ~~2. If such driver of a motor vehicle causes serious physical injury~~  
49 ~~while failing to exercise due care in violation of subdivision (a) of~~  
50 ~~this section, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that, as a~~  
51 ~~result of such failure to exercise due care, such person operated the~~  
52 ~~motor vehicle in a manner that caused such serious physical injury.~~

53 ~~(d) A violation of subdivision (b) or (c) of this section committed by~~  
54 ~~a person who has previously been convicted of any violation of such~~  
55 ~~subdivisions within the preceding five years, shall constitute a class B~~

~~1 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars  
2 in addition to any other penalties provided by law.~~

~~3 (c) Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the court from  
4 imposing any other authorized disposition, including a period of commu-  
5 nity service.]~~

6 § 4. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) and paragraphs (b) and (d) of  
7 subdivision 4 of section 502 of the vehicle and traffic law, subpara-  
8 graph (i) of paragraph (a) and paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 379  
9 of the laws of 2022 and paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 477 of the  
10 laws of 2024, are amended and a new paragraph (c-6) is added to read as  
11 follows:

12 (i) Upon submission of an application for a driver's license, the  
13 applicant shall be required to take and pass a test, or submit evidence  
14 of passage of a test, with respect to the laws relating to traffic, the  
15 laws relating to driving while ability is impaired and while intoxicat-  
16 ed, under the overpowering influence of "Road Rage", "Work Zone Safety"  
17 awareness, "Motorcycle Safety" awareness and "Pedestrian and Bicyclist  
18 Safety" awareness as defined by the commissioner, "School Bus Safety"  
19 awareness, the laws relating to "Reckless Driving and Vehicular  
20 Violence" awareness, the law relating to exercising due care to avoid  
21 colliding with a parked, stopped or standing authorized emergency vehi-  
22 cle or hazard vehicle pursuant to section eleven hundred forty-four-a of  
23 this chapter, the ability to read and comprehend traffic signs and  
24 symbols and such other matters as the commissioner may prescribe, and to  
25 satisfactorily complete a course prescribed by the commissioner of not  
26 less than four hours and not more than five hours, consisting of class-  
27 room driver training and highway safety instruction or the equivalent  
28 thereof. Such test shall include at least seven written questions  
29 concerning the effects of consumption of alcohol or drugs on the ability  
30 of a person to operate a motor vehicle and the legal and financial  
31 consequences resulting from violations of section eleven hundred nine-  
32 ty-two of this chapter, prohibiting the operation of a motor vehicle  
33 while under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Such test shall include  
34 one or more written questions concerning the devastating effects of  
35 "Road Rage" on the ability of a person to operate a motor vehicle and  
36 the legal and financial consequences resulting from assaulting, threat-  
37 ening or interfering with the lawful conduct of another person legally  
38 using the roadway. Such test shall include one or more questions  
39 concerning the potential dangers to persons and equipment resulting from  
40 the unsafe operation of a motor vehicle in a work zone. Such test shall  
41 include one or more questions concerning reckless driving and exercising  
42 due care to avoid colliding with bicyclists and pedestrians. Such test  
43 may include one or more questions concerning motorcycle safety. Such  
44 test may include one or more questions concerning the law for exercising  
45 due care to avoid colliding with a parked, stopped or standing vehicle  
46 pursuant to section eleven hundred forty-four-a of this chapter. Such  
47 test may include one or more questions concerning school bus safety.  
48 Such test may include one or more questions concerning pedestrian and  
49 bicyclist safety. Such test shall be administered by the commissioner.  
50 The commissioner shall cause the applicant to take a vision test and a  
51 test for color blindness. Upon passage of the vision test, the applica-  
52 tion may be accepted and the application fee shall be payable.

53 (b) Upon successful completion of the requirements set forth in para-  
54 graph (a) of this subdivision which shall include an alcohol and drug  
55 education component as described in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, a  
56 "Road Rage" awareness component as described in paragraph (c-1) of this

1 subdivision, a "Work Zone Safety" awareness component as described in  
2 paragraph (c-2) of this subdivision, a "Motorcycle Safety" awareness  
3 component as described in paragraph (c-3) of this subdivision, a "School  
4 Bus Safety" awareness component as described in paragraph (c-4) of this  
5 subdivision, ~~and~~ a "Pedestrian and Bicyclist Safety" awareness compo-  
6 nent as described in paragraph (c-5) of this subdivision, and a "Reck-  
7 less Driving and Vehicular Violence" awareness component as described in  
8 paragraph (c-6) of this subdivision, the commissioner shall cause the  
9 applicant to take a road test in a representative vehicle of a type  
10 prescribed by the commissioner which shall be appropriate to the type of  
11 license for which application is made, except that the commissioner may  
12 waive the road test requirements for certain classes of applicants.  
13 Provided, however, that the term "representative vehicle" shall not  
14 include a three-wheeled motor vehicle that has two wheels situated in  
15 the front and one wheel in the rear, has a steering mechanism and seat-  
16 ing which does not require the operator to straddle or sit astride, is  
17 equipped with safety belts for all occupants and is manufactured to  
18 comply with federal motor vehicle safety standards for motorcycles  
19 including, but not limited to, 49 C.F.R. part 571. The commissioner  
20 shall have the power to establish a program to allow persons other than  
21 employees of the department to conduct road tests in representative  
22 vehicles when such tests are required for applicants to obtain a class  
23 A, B or C license. If ~~she~~ such commissioner chooses to do so, ~~she~~  
24 they shall set forth ~~her~~ the reasons in writing and conduct a public  
25 hearing on the matter. ~~she~~ Such commissioner shall only establish such  
26 a program after holding the public hearing.

27 (c-6) "Reckless Driving and Vehicular Violence" awareness component.  
28 (i) The commissioner shall provide in the pre-licensing course, set  
29 forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, a mandatory component in  
30 "Reckless Driving and Vehicular Violence" awareness education as a  
31 prerequisite for obtaining a license to operate a motor vehicle. The  
32 purpose of the component is to educate prospective licensees on the  
33 potential dangers to pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorized  
34 vehicles created by motor vehicles, and the consequences of committing a  
35 vehicular crime that causes injury or death to another individual.

36 (ii) The curriculum shall include, but shall not be limited to, an  
37 overview of traffic laws governing motor vehicle operators' duty to  
38 exercise due care with respect to pedestrians and bicyclists, including  
39 but not limited to understanding bicyclists' and pedestrians' rights of  
40 way, safe operation near bicyclists and pedestrians, including children  
41 and blind, deaf, elderly and disabled pedestrians, bicycle lanes as  
42 defined in section one hundred two-a of this chapter, safety overtaking  
43 a bicycle, the dangers of distracted driving and reckless driving, driv-  
44 ing at appropriate reduced speeds when special hazards exist with  
45 respect to pedestrians or other weather or highway conditions, safely  
46 turning, stopping, standing, and parking, motor vehicle operators' obli-  
47 gations to comply with article twenty-two of this chapter, traffic  
48 control devices and markings related to bicyclists and pedestrians, and  
49 an overview of laws governing conduct committed while operating a motor-  
50 ized vehicle that causes injury or death to another person.

51 (iii) In developing such curriculum, the commissioner shall consult  
52 with the commissioner of transportation, the superintendent of state  
53 police, the commissioners of transportation and police of the city of  
54 New York, medical professionals and bicycle and pedestrian safety advo-  
55 cates.

1 (d) (i) The commissioner shall make available for distribution upon  
2 registration at each location where the pre-licensing course will be  
3 given (1) instructional handbooks outlining the content of the entire  
4 curriculum of the pre-licensing course including the information  
5 required to be included in the course pursuant to paragraphs (c), (c-1),  
6 (c-2), (c-3), (c-4) [and], (c-5) and (c-6) of this subdivision, and (2)  
7 information as to how a person may register in the New York state organ  
8 and tissue donor registry under section forty-three hundred ten of the  
9 public health law.

10 (ii) The commissioner shall also provide for the additional training  
11 of the instructors necessary for the competent instruction of the alco-  
12 hol and drug education, "Road Rage" awareness, "Work Zone Safety" aware-  
13 ness, "Motorcycle Safety" awareness, "School Bus Safety" awareness  
14 [and], "Pedestrian and Bicyclist Safety" awareness and "Reckless Driving  
15 and Vehicular Violence" awareness component subject matters of the pre-  
16 licensing course.

17 § 5. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 2336 of the insurance  
18 law, as amended by section 3 of chapter 4 of the laws of 2021, is  
19 amended to read as follows:

20 (1) Any schedule of rates or rating plan for motor vehicle liability  
21 and collision insurance submitted to the superintendent shall provide  
22 for an actuarially appropriate reduction in premium charges for any  
23 insured for a three year period after successfully completing a motor  
24 vehicle accident prevention course, known as the national safety coun-  
25 cil's defensive driving course, or any driver improvement course  
26 approved by the department of motor vehicles as being equivalent to the  
27 national safety council's defensive driving course, provided that,  
28 except as provided in article twelve-C of the vehicle and traffic law,  
29 there shall be no reduction in premiums for a self-instruction defensive  
30 driving course or a course that does not provide for actual classroom  
31 instruction for a minimum number of hours as determined by the depart-  
32 ment of motor vehicles. Such reduction in premium charges shall be  
33 subsequently modified to the extent appropriate, based upon analysis of  
34 loss experience statistics and other relevant factors. All such accident  
35 prevention courses shall be monitored by the department of motor vehi-  
36 cles and shall include components of instruction in "Road Rage" aware-  
37 ness [and], in "Work Zone Safety" awareness and in "Reckless Driving and  
38 Vehicular Violence" awareness as defined by the commissioner of motor  
39 vehicles. The provisions of this section shall not apply to attendance  
40 at a program pursuant to article twenty-one of the vehicle and traffic  
41 law as a result of any traffic infraction.

42 § 6. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 2336 of the insurance  
43 law, as amended by section 4 of chapter 4 of the laws of 2021, is  
44 amended to read as follows:

45 (1) Any schedule of rates or rating plan for motor vehicle liability  
46 and collision insurance submitted to the superintendent shall provide  
47 for an actuarially appropriate reduction in premium charges for any  
48 insured for a three year period after successfully completing a motor  
49 vehicle accident prevention course, known as the national safety coun-  
50 cil's defensive driving course, or any driver improvement course  
51 approved by the department of motor vehicles as being equivalent to the  
52 national safety council's defensive driving course, provided that in  
53 either event there shall be no reduction in premiums for a self-instruc-  
54 tion defensive driving course or a course that does not provide for  
55 actual classroom instruction for a minimum number of hours as determined  
56 by the department of motor vehicles. Such reduction in premium charges

1 shall be subsequently modified to the extent appropriate, based upon  
2 analysis of loss experience statistics and other relevant factors. All  
3 such accident prevention courses shall be monitored by the department of  
4 motor vehicles and shall include components of instruction in "Road  
5 Rage" awareness [~~and~~], in "Work Zone Safety" awareness and in "Reckless  
6 Driving and Vehicular Violence" awareness as defined by the commissioner  
7 of motor vehicles. The provisions of this section shall not apply to  
8 attendance at a program pursuant to article twenty-one of the vehicle  
9 and traffic law as a result of any traffic infraction.

10 § 7. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after  
11 it shall have become a law provided, however, that the amendments to  
12 paragraph (d) of subdivision 4 of section 502 of the vehicle and traffic  
13 law made by section four of this act shall take effect on the same date  
14 and in the same manner as chapter 477 of the laws of 2024, takes effect;  
15 provided, further, that the amendments to subsection (a) of section 2336  
16 of the insurance law made by section five of this act shall be subject  
17 to the expiration and reversion of such subsection pursuant to section 5  
18 of chapter 751 of the laws of 2005, as amended, when upon such date the  
19 provisions of section six of this act shall take effect.