

STATE OF NEW YORK

897--A

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 9, 2023

Introduced by Sens. HOYLMAN-SIGAL, GOUNARDES, MAY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Environmental Conservation -- reported favorably from said committee and committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to climate corporate accountability

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "climate
2 corporate accountability act".

3 § 2. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
4 section 75-0121 to read as follows:

5 § 75-0121. Climate corporate accountability act.

6 1. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall
7 have the following meanings:

8 a. "Emissions registry" means an entity within the department or a
9 nonprofit emissions registry organization contracted by the department
10 pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision that:

11 i. Currently operates a voluntary greenhouse gas emissions registry
12 for organizations operating in the United States; or

13 ii. Has experience with voluntary greenhouse gas emissions disclosure
14 by entities operating in New York.

15 b. "Reporting entity" means a business entity with total revenues in
16 excess of one billion dollars in the preceding calendar year, including
17 revenues received by all the business entity's subsidiaries that does
18 business in this state.

19 c. "Scope one emissions" means all direct greenhouse gas emissions
20 that stem from sources that a reporting entity owns or directly

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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controls, regardless of location, including, but not limited to, fuel combustion activities.

d. "Scope two emissions" means indirect greenhouse gas emissions from electricity purchased and used by a reporting entity, regardless of location.

e. "Scope three emissions" means indirect greenhouse gas emissions, other than scope two emissions, from activities of a reporting entity that stem from sources that the reporting entity does not own or directly control and may include, but are not limited to, emissions associated with the reporting entity's supply chain, business travel, employee commutes, procurement, waste, and water usage, regardless of location.

2. a. The department shall adopt regulations to require a reporting entity to annually disclose and verify to the emissions registry all of the reporting entity's scope one emissions, scope two emissions, and scope three emissions. The regulations adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall require, at a minimum, that:

i. (1) Except as provided in clause two of this subparagraph, on or before July first of each year, a reporting entity shall publicly disclose to the emissions registry all of the reporting entity's scope one emissions and scope two emissions for the prior calendar year, and its scope three emissions for that same calendar year no later than December thirty-first, using the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard and the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard developed by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, including guidance for scope three emissions calculations that detail acceptable use of both primary and secondary data sources, including the use of industry average data, proxy data, and other generic data in its scope three emissions calculations.

(2) The department shall review, and update as necessary, the public disclosure deadlines established pursuant to clause one of this subparagraph to evaluate trends in scope three emissions reporting and consider changes to the disclosure deadlines to ensure that scope three emissions data is disclosed to the emissions registry as close in time as practicable to the deadline for reporting entities to disclose scope one emissions and scope two emissions data.

The reporting timelines shall take into account the timelines by which reporting entities typically receive scope one, scope two, and scope three emissions data, as well as the capacity for independent verification to be performed by a third-party auditor, as approved by the department.

ii. A reporting entity's public disclosure shall include the name of the reporting entity and any fictitious names, trade names, assumed names, subsidiaries and logos used by the reporting entity.

iii. A reporting entity's public disclosure shall be structured in ways that minimize duplication of effort and maximize and streamline reporting and ease of use in meeting the requirements of national and international disclosure programs and standards, including, but not limited to, adopted rules from the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and international standards such as those established by CDP Global.

iv. (1) A reporting entity's public disclosure shall be independently verified by the emissions registry or a third-party auditor approved by the department with expertise in greenhouse gas emissions accounting. The reporting entity shall ensure that a copy of the complete, audited greenhouse gas emissions inventory, including the name of the approved

1 third-party auditor, is provided to the emissions registry as part of or
2 in connection with the reporting entity's public disclosure.

3 (2) The department shall establish auditor qualifications and a proc-
4 ess for approval of auditors that ensures sufficient auditor capacity,
5 as well as timely reporting implementation as required under clause one
6 of subparagraph i of this paragraph.

7 b. The department shall create or contract with, an emissions registry
8 to develop a reporting and registry program to receive and make publicly
9 available disclosures required by this section. Emissions registries
10 shall not be authorized to provide services to a company where a
11 conflict of interest exists. A conflict of interest shall include:

12 i. The emissions registry and reporting entity sharing any management
13 staff or board of directors membership, or any of the senior management
14 staff of the reporting entity having been employed by the emissions
15 registry or reporting entity within the previous five years.

16 ii. Any employee of the emissions registry, or any employee of a
17 related entity, or a subcontractor who is a member of the emissions
18 registry having provided the reporting entity with services related to
19 the areas of emissions registry, or any services designated by the
20 department, within the previous five years.

21 iii. Any staff member of the emissions registry providing any type of
22 non-monetary incentive to a reporting entity to secure a services
23 contract.

24 c. The department may adopt or update any other regulations that it
25 deems necessary and appropriate to implement this subdivision.

26 3. a. The department shall prepare a report on the public disclosures
27 made by reporting entities to the emissions registry pursuant to subdi-
28 vision two of this section and the regulations adopted by the department
29 pursuant to such subdivision. In preparing the report, consideration
30 shall be given to, at a minimum, greenhouse gas emissions from reporting
31 entities in the context of state greenhouse gas emissions reduction and
32 climate goals. The department shall issue the report of its findings to
33 the governor, the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president of
34 the senate and shall publish such report on its website.

35 b. The emissions registry shall make the reporting entities' disclo-
36 tures available on the department's website within thirty days of
37 receipt of such disclosures.

38 4. The attorney general may bring a civil action against a reporting
39 entity seeking civil penalties of one hundred thousand dollars per day
40 for willful failure to comply with the requirements of this section or
41 regulations set forth by the department.

42 § 3. This act shall take effect two years after it shall have become a
43 law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any
44 rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its
45 effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such
46 effective date.