STATE OF NEW YORK

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Cal. No. 620

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2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 11, 2023

Introduced by Sens. RIVERA, CLEARE, GALLIVAN, GONZALEZ, GOUNARDES, HARCKHAM, HOYLMAN-SIGAL, JACKSON, KRUEGER, LIU, MAY, MYRIE, PERSAUD, SALAZAR, SEPULVEDA, WEBB -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health -- reported favorably from said committee, ordered to first and second report, ordered to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place in the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to the general hospital indigent care pool; and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. Subdivision 9 of section 2807-k of the public health law, as amended by section 17 of part B of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 9. In order for a general hospital to participate in the distribution 5 of funds from the pool, the general hospital must [implement minimum 6 collection policies and procedures approved] <u>utilize only a uniform</u>
 7 <u>financial assistance policy and form developed and provided</u> by the 8 [general hospitals that do not participate 9 in the indigent care pool shall also utilize only the uniform financial 10 assistance policy and form and otherwise comply with subdivision nine-a 11 of this section governing the provision of financial assistance and hospital collection procedures.
- § 1-a. Subdivision 9 of section 2807-k of the public health law, as 13 14 amended by section 1 of subpart C of part Y of chapter 57 of the laws of 15 2023, is amended to read as follows:
- 9. In order for a general hospital to participate in the distribution 16 17 of funds from the pool, the general hospital must [implement minimum collection policies and procedures approved by the commissioner, utiliz-18 19 ing utilize only a uniform financial assistance policy and form devel-

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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55 56 oped and provided by the department. All general hospitals that do not participate in the indigent care pool shall also utilize only the uniform financial assistance policy and form and otherwise comply with subdivision nine-a of this section governing the provision of financial assistance and hospital collection procedures.

- § 2. Subdivision 9-a of section 2807-k of the public health law, added by section 39-a of part A of chapter 57 of the laws of 2006, paragraph (k) as added by section 43 of part B of chapter 58 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 9-a. (a) (i) As a condition for participation in pool distributions authorized pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article for periods on and after January first, two thousand nine, general hospitals shall, effective for periods on and after January first, two thousand seven, establish financial [aid] 13 14 assistance policies and procedures, in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision, for reducing **hospital** charges otherwise applicable to low-income individuals [without health insurance, or who have exhausted their health insurance benefits, and] who can demonstrate an inability to pay full charges, and also, at the hospital's discretion, for reduc-20 ing or discounting the collection of co-pays and deductible payments from those individuals who can demonstrate an inability to pay such 22 amounts. Immigration status shall not be an eligibility criterion for 23 the purpose of determining financial assistance under this section.
 - (ii) A general hospital may use the New York state of health marketplace eligibility determination page to establish the patient's household income and residency in lieu of the financial application form, provided it has secured the consent of the patient. A general hospital shall not require a patient to apply for coverage through the New York state of health marketplace in order to receive care or financial assistance.
 - (iii) Upon submission of a completed application form, the patient is not liable for any bills and no interest may accrue until the general hospital has rendered a decision on the application in accordance with this subdivision.
 - (b) [Such The reductions from charges for [uninsured] patients described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision with incomes below [at least three six hundred percent of the federal poverty level shall result in a charge to such individuals that does not exceed [the greater of the amount that would have been paid for the same services [by the "highest volume payor" for such general hospital as defined in subparagraph (v) of this paragraph, or for services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), or for services] provided pursuant to title [XIX] XVIII of the federal social security act (medicaid), and provided further that such [amounts] amount shall be adjusted according to income level as follows:
 - (i) For patients with incomes at or below [at least one] two hundred percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall [collect no more than a nominal payment amount, consistent with guidelines established by the commissioner] waive all charges. No nominal payment shall be collected;
 - (ii) For patients with incomes [between at least one] above two hundred [ene] percent and [ene] up to four hundred [fifty] percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall collect no more than the amount identified after application of a proportional sliding fee schedule under which patients with lower incomes shall pay the lowest amount. [Such] The schedule shall provide that the amount the hospital may

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collect for [such patients] the patient increases from the nominal amount described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph in equal increments as the income of the patient increases, up to a maximum of twenty percent of the [greater of the] amount that would have been paid for the same services [by the "highest volume payor" for such general hospital, as defined in subparagraph (v) of this paragraph, or for services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or for services provided pursuant to title [XIX] XVIII of the federal social security act (medicaid);

(iii) [For patients with incomes between at least one hundred fiftyone percent and two hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall collect no more than the amount identified after application of a proportional sliding fee schedule under which patients with lower income shall pay the lowest amounts. Such schedule shall provide that the amount the hospital may collect for such patients increases from the twenty percent figure described in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph in equal increments as the income of the patient increases, up to a maximum of the greater of the amount that would have been paid for the same services by the "highest volume payor" for such general hospital, as defined in subparagraph (v) of this paragraph, or for services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare) or for services provided pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act (medicaid); and

(iv) For patients with incomes [between at least two hundred fiftyone percent and three hundred above four hundred percent and up to six hundred percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall collect no more than the [greater of the] amount that would have been paid for the same services [by the "highest volume payor" for such general hospital as defined in subparagraph (v) of this paragraph, or for services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), or for services provided pursuant to title [XIX] XVIII of the federal social security act (medicaid).

[(v) For the purposes of this paragraph, "highest volume payor" shall mean the insurer, corporation or organization licensed, organized or certified pursuant to article thirty-two, forty-two or forty-three of the insurance law or article forty-four of this chapter, or other thirdparty payor, which has a contract or agreement to pay claims for services provided by the general hospital and incurred the highest volume of claims in the previous calendar year.

(vi) A hospital may implement policies and procedures to permit, but not require, consideration on a case-by-case basis of exceptions to the requirements described in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph based upon the existence of significant assets owned by the patient that should be taken into account in determining the appropriate payment amount for that patient's care, provided, however, that such proposed policies and procedures shall be subject to the prior review and approval of the commissioner and, if approved, shall be included in the hospital's financial assistance policy established pursuant to this section, and provided further that, if such approval is granted, the maximum amount that may be collected shall not exceed the greater of the amount that would have been paid for the same services by the "highest volume payor" for such general hospital as defined in subparagraph (v) of this paragraph, or for services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicare), or for services provided pursuant to title XIX of the federal social security act (medicaid). In 56 the event that a general hospital reviews a patient's assets in deter-

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mining payment adjustments such policies and procedures shall not consider as assets a patient's primary residence, assets held in a tax-deferred or comparable retirement savings account, college savings accounts, or cars used regularly by a patient or immediate family members.

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(vii) [(c) Nothing in this [paragraph] subdivision shall be construed to limit a hospital's ability to establish patient eligibility for payment discounts at income levels higher than those specified herein and/or to provide greater payment discounts for eligible patients than those required by this [paragraph] subdivision.

 $\left[\frac{\left(\mathbf{c}\right)}{\mathbf{c}}\right]$ Such policies and procedures shall be clear, understandable, in writing and publicly available in summary form [and each]. Each general hospital participating in the pool shall ensure that every patient is made aware of the existence of [such] the policies and procedures and is provided, in a timely manner, with a summary and a copy of [such policies and procedures upon request] the policy and form at intake, admission and discharge. Any summary provided to patients shall, at a minimum, include, in plain language, specific information as to income levels used to determine eligibility for assistance, [a description of the primary service area of the hospital] financial assistance available and the means of applying for assistance. [For general hospitals with twenty-four hour emergency departments, such policies and procedures A plain language summary of the collections process must also be made available. A general hospital shall [require the notification of patients | notify patients by providing written materials to patients or their authorized representatives during the intake and registration process, by making materials available in conspicuous locations in the hospital including emergency departments, waiting areas and other places patients congregate, through the conspicuous posting of language-appropriate information in the general hospital, and by including information on bills and statements sent to patients, that financial [aid] assistance may be available to qualified patients and how to obtain further information. [For specialty hospitals without twenty-four hour emergency departments, such notification shall take place through written materials provided to patients during the intake and registration process prior to the provision of any health care services or procedures, and through information on bills and statements sent to patients, that financial aid may be available to qualified patients and how to obtain further information. Application materials shall include a notice to patients that upon submission of a completed application, including any information or documentation needed to determine the patient's eligibility pursuant to the hospital's financial assistance policy, the patient may disregard any bills until the hospital has rendered a decision on the application in accordance with this paragraph General hospitals shall post the financial assistance application policy, procedures and form, and a summary of the policy and procedures and collection process, in a conspicuous location and downloadable form on the general hospital's website.

[(d) Such] (e) The hospital's application materials shall include a notice to patients that upon submission of a completed application form, the patient shall not be liable for any bills until the general hospital has rendered a decision on the application in accordance with this subdivision. The application materials shall include specific information as the income levels used to determine eligibility for financial assistance, a description of the primary service area of the hospital and the means to apply for assistance. Nothing in this subdivision shall

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be construed as precluding the use of presumptive eligibility determinations by hospitals on behalf of patients. The policies and procedures shall include clear, objective criteria for determining a patient's 3 4 ability to pay and for providing such adjustments to payment require-5 ments as are necessary. In addition to adjustment mechanisms such as sliding fee schedules and discounts to fixed standards, such policies 7 and procedures shall also provide for the use of installment plans for 8 the payment of outstanding balances by patients pursuant to the 9 provisions of the hospital's financial assistance policy. The monthly 10 payment under such a plan shall not exceed [ten] five percent of the 11 gross monthly income of the patient[, provided, however, that if patient 12 assets are considered under such a policy, then patient assets which are not excluded assets pursuant to subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (b) of 13 this subdivision may be considered in addition to the limit on monthly 14 15 payments]. Installment plan payments may not be required to begin before one hundred eighty days after the date of the service or discharge, 16 17 whichever is later. The policy shall allow the patient and the hospital to mutually agree to modify the terms of an installment plan. The rate 18 interest charged to the patient on the unpaid balance, if any, shall 19 not exceed [the rate for a ninety-day security issued by the United 20 States Department of Treasury, plus .5 percent | two percentum per annum 21 22 and no plan shall include an accelerator or similar clause under which a 23 higher rate of interest is triggered upon a missed payment. [If such] 24 The policies and procedures shall not include a requirement of a deposit 25 prior to [non-emergent,] medically-necessary care[, such deposit must be included as part of any financial aid consideration]. The hospital 26 27 shall refund any payments made by the patient before the determination 28 of eligibility for financial assistance that exceeds the patient's 29 liability after discounts are applied. Such policies and procedures shall be applied consistently to all eligible patients. 30 31

[(e) Such policies and procedures shall permit patients to] (f) In any legal action by or on behalf of a hospital to collect a medical debt, the complaint shall be accompanied by an affidavit by the hospital's chief financial officer stating that the hospital has taken reasonable steps to determine whether the patient qualifies for financial assistance and upon information and belief the patient does not meet the income or residency criteria for financial assistance. Patients may apply for **financial** assistance [within at least ninety days of the date of discharge or date of service and provide at least twenty days for patients to submit a completed application at any time during the collection process, including after the commencement of a medical debt court action or upon the plaintiff obtaining a default judgment. A determination that a patient is eligible for financial assistance shall be valid for a minimum of twelve months and will apply to all outstanding medical bills. A hospital may use credit scoring software for the purposes of establishing income eligibility and approving financial assistance, but only if the hospital makes clear to the patient that providing a social security number is not mandatory and the scoring does not negatively impact the patient's credit score. However, credit scoring software shall not be solely relied upon by the hospital in denying a patient's application for financial assistance. Further, propensity to pay scores may not disqualify patients who otherwise qualify for eligibility from receiving financial assistance. [Such] The policies and procedures [may require that] shall allow patients seeking [payment adjustments | financial assistance to provide [appropriate] the following 56 financial information and documentation in support of their applica-

tion[revided, however, that such application process shall not unduly burdensome or complex]: pay checks or pay stubs; unemployment documentation; social security income; rent receipts; a letter from the 3 4 patient's employer attesting to the patient's gross income; documenta-5 tion of eligibility for other means-tested government benefits; or, if none of the aforementioned information and documentation are available, 7 a written self-attestation of the patient's income may be used. General 8 hospitals [shall, upon request,] must take reasonable steps to assist 9 patients in understanding the hospital's application and form, policies 10 and procedures and in applying for payment adjustments. Application 11 forms shall be printed and posted to its website in the "primary 12 languages" of patients served by the general hospital. For the purposes of this paragraph, "primary languages" shall include any language that 13 14 either (i) used to communicate, during at least five percent of 15 patient visits in a year, by patients who cannot speak, read, write or understand the English language at the level of proficiency necessary 16 17 for effective communication with health care providers, or (ii) spoken by [non-English] limited-English speaking individuals comprising more 18 than one percent of the primary hospital service area population, as 19 20 calculated using demographic information available from the United 21 States Bureau of the Census, supplemented by data from school systems. 22 Decisions regarding such applications shall be made within thirty days of receipt of a completed application. [Such] The policies and proce-23 dures shall require that the hospital issue any [denial/approval] denial 24 or approval of [such] the application in writing which clearly communi-25 26 cates the amount of assistance granted, any amounts still owed with 27 information on how to appeal the [denial] decision and shall require the 28 hospital to establish an appeals process under which it will evaluate 29 the [denial of] decision about an application. [Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as prohibiting a hospital from making the 30 31 availability of financial assistance contingent upon the patient first 32 applying for coverage under title XIX of the social security act (medi-33 caid) or another insurance program if, in the judgment of the hospital, 34 the patient may be eligible for medicaid or another insurance program, and upon the patient's cooperation in following the hospital's financial 35 36 assistance application requirements, including the provision of informa-37 tion needed to make a determination on the patient's application in accordance with the hospital's financial assistance policy | Nothing in 38 39 this subdivision shall prevent a hospital from informing and assisting a patient with an application for health insurance coverage with a local 40 services district or the marketplace. A hospital shall not make the 41 42 availability of financial assistance contingent upon the patient's 43 application for health insurance coverage. The hospital shall inform 44 patients on how to file a complaint against the hospital or a debt collector that is contracted on behalf of the hospital regarding the 45 46 patient's bill. General hospitals are required to take reasonable meas-47 ures to determine if a patient is eligible for financial assistance 48 including prior to making a referral to a third-party debt collector or 49 other extraordinary collections measures. 50

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[(f) Such] (g) The policies and procedures shall provide that patients with incomes below [three] six hundred percent of the federal poverty level are deemed [presumptively] eligible for payment adjustments and shall conform to the requirements set forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as precluding hospitals from extending such payment adjustments to other patients, either generally or on a case-by-case

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basis. [Such policies and procedures shall provide financial aid for emergency hospital services, including emergency transfers pursuant to 2 the federal emergency medical treatment and active labor act (42 USC 3 1395dd), to patients who reside in New York state and for medically 4 necessary hospital services for patients who reside in the hospital's 5 6 primary service area as determined according to criteria established by 7 the commissioner. In developing such criteria, the commissioner shall 8 consult with representatives of the hospital industry, health care 9 consumer advocates and local public health officials. Such criteria 10 shall be made available to the public no less than thirty days prior to the date of implementation and shall, at a minimum: 11

- (i) prohibit a hospital from developing or altering its primary service area in a manner designed to avoid medically underserved communities or communities with high percentages of uninsured residents;
- (ii) ensure that every geographic area of the state is included in least one general hospital's primary service area so that eligible patients may access care and financial assistance; and
- (iii) require the hospital to notify the commissioner upon making any change to its primary service area, and to include a description of its primary service area in the hospital's annual implementation report filed pursuant to subdivision three of section twenty-eight hundred three-l of this article.
- (g) Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as precluding hospitals from extending payment adjustments for medically necessary non-emergency hospital services to patients outside of the hospital's primary service area. For patients determined to be eligible for financial [aid] assistance under the terms of a hospital's financial [aid] assistance policy, [such] the policies and procedures shall prohibit any limitations on financial [aid assistance for services based on the medical condition of the applicant, other than typical limitations or exclusions based on medical necessity or the clinical or therapeutic benefit of a procedure or treatment.
- (h) [Such policies and procedures shall not permit the forced] A hospital or its agent shall not issue, authorize or permit an income execution of a patient's wages, secure a lien or force a sale or foreclosure of a patient's primary residence in order to collect an outstanding medical bill and shall [require the hospital to refrain from sending not send an account to collection if the patient has submitted a completed application for financial [aid, including any required supporting documentation] assistance, while the hospital determines the patient's eligibility for [such aid | financial assistance. [Such | policies and procedures shall provide for written notification, which shall include notification on a patient bill, to a patient not less than thirty days prior to the referral of debts for collection and shall require that the collection agency obtain the hospital's written consent prior to commencing a legal action. [Such] The policies and procedures shall require all general hospital staff who interact with patients or have responsibility for billing and collections to be trained in [such] the policies and procedures, and require the implementation of a mechanism for the general hospital to measure its compliance with [such] the policies and procedures. [Such] The policies and procedures shall require that any collection agency, lawyer or firm under contract with a general hospital for the collection of debts follow the hospital's financial assistance policy, including providing information to patients 55 on how to apply for financial assistance where appropriate. [Such] The 56 policies and procedures shall prohibit collections from a patient who is

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determined to be eligible for medical assistance [pursuant to title of the federal social security act] under title eleven of article five of the social services law at the time services were rendered and for which services medicaid payment is available.

(i) Reports required to be submitted to the department by each general hospital as a condition for participation in the pools[7 and which contain, in accordance with applicable regulations, shall contain: (i) a certification from an independent certified public accountant or independent licensed public accountant or an attestation from a senior official of the hospital that the hospital is in compliance with conditions of participation in the pools[, shall also contain, for reporting periods on and after January first, two thousand seven:];

(ii) a report on hospital costs incurred and uncollected amounts in providing services to [eligible] patients [without insurance] found eligible for financial assistance, including the amount of care provided for [a nominal payment amount] patients under two hundred percent poverty, during the period covered by the report;

[(iii)] (iii) hospital costs incurred and uncollected amounts for deductibles and coinsurance for eligible patients with insurance or other third-party payor coverage;

[(iii) (iv) the number of patients, organized according to United States postal service zip code, race, ethnicity and gender, who applied for financial assistance [pursuant to] under the hospital's financial assistance policy, and the number, organized according to United States postal service zip code, race, ethnicity and gender, whose applications were approved and whose applications were denied;

[(iv)] (v) the reimbursement received for indigent care from the pool established [pursuant to] under this section;

[(v)] <u>(vi)</u> the amount of funds that have been expended on [charity care] financial assistance from charitable bequests made or trusts established for the purpose of providing financial assistance to patients who are eligible in accordance with the terms of [such] the bequests or trusts;

[(vi)] (vii) for hospitals located in social services districts in which the district allows hospitals to assist patients with such applications, the number of applications for eligibility for medicaid under title [XIX of the social security act (medicaid)] eleven of article five of the social services law that the hospital assisted patients in completing and the number denied and approved;

[(vii) (viii) the hospital's financial losses resulting from services provided under medicaid; and

[(viii)] (ix) the number of referrals to collection agents or contracted external collection vendors, court cases and liens placed on [the primary] any residences of patients through the collection process used by a hospital.

(j) Within ninety days of the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-three which amended this subdivision each hospital shall submit to the commissioner a written report on its policies and procedures for financial assistance to patients which are used by the hospital [on the] as of such effective date [of this subdivision]. Such report shall include copies of its policies and procedures, including material which is distributed to patients, and a description the hospital's financial aid policies and procedures. description shall include the income levels of patients on which eligi-55 bility is based, the financial aid eligible patients receive and the

means of calculating such aid, and the service area, if any, used by the hospital to determine eligibility.

(k) The commissioner shall include the data collected under paragraph
 (i) of this subdivision in regular audits of the annual general hospital institutional cost report.

(1) In the event [it is determined by the commissioner that] the state [will be] is unable to secure all necessary federal approvals to include, as part of the state's approved state plan under title nineteen of the federal social security act, a requirement[, as set forth in paragraph one of this subdivision,] that compliance with this subdivision is a condition of participation in pool distributions authorized pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article, then such condition of participation shall be deemed null and void [and, notwithstanding]. Notwithstanding section twelve of this chapter, failure to comply with [the provisions of] this subdivision by a general hospital [on and after the date of such determination] shall make [such] the hospital liable for a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each [such] violation. The imposition of [such] the civil penalties shall be subject to [the provisions of] section twelve-a of this chapter.

(m) A hospital or its collection agents shall not report adverse information about a patient to a consumer or financial reporting entity. A hospital or its collection agent shall not commence a civil action against a patient or delegate a collection activity to a debt collector for nonpayment for one hundred eighty days after the first post-service bill is issued and until a hospital has made reasonable efforts to determine whether a patient qualifies for financial assistance. A hospital shall not commence a civil action against a patient or delegate a collection activity to a debt collector, if: the hospital was notified that an appeal or a review of a health insurance decision is pending within the immediately preceding sixty days; or the patient has a pending application for or qualified for financial assistance.

§ 3. Subdivision 9-a of section 2807-k of the public health law, as amended by section two of this act, is amended to read as follows:

9-a. (a) (i) As a condition for participation in pool distributions authorized pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article for periods on and after January first, general hospitals shall, effective for periods on and thousand nine, after January first, two thousand [seven, establish] twenty-five, adopt and implement the uniform financial assistance [policies and procedures, in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision, [form and policy, to be developed and issued by the commissioner. General hospitals shall implement the uniform policy and form for reducing hospital charges otherwise applicable to low-income individuals who can demonstrate an inability to pay full charges, and also, at the hospital's discretion, for reducing or discounting the collection of co-pays and deductible payments from those individuals who can demonstrate an inability to pay such amounts. Immigration status shall not be an eligibility criterion for the purpose of determining financial assistance under this section. As used in this section, "affiliated provider" means a provider that is: (A) employed by the hospital; (B) under a professional services agreement with the hospital; or (C) a clinical faculty member of a medical school or other school that trains individuals to be providers and that is affiliated with the hospital or health system.

(ii) A general hospital may use the New York state of health marketplace eligibility determination page to establish the patient's house-

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hold income and residency in lieu of the financial application form, provided it has secured the consent of the patient. A general hospital shall not require a patient to apply for coverage through the New York state of health marketplace in order to receive care or financial assistance.

- (iii) Upon submission of a completed application form, the patient is not liable for any bills and no interest may accrue until the general hospital has rendered a decision on the application in accordance with this subdivision.
- The reductions from charges for patients described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision with incomes below six hundred percent of the federal poverty level shall result in a charge to such individuals that does not exceed the amount that would have been paid for the same services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicaid), and provided further that such amount shall be adjusted according to income level as follows:
- (i) For patients with incomes at or below two hundred percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall waive all charges. No nominal payment shall be collected;
- (ii) For patients with incomes above two hundred percent and up to four hundred percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall collect no more than the amount identified after application of a proportional sliding fee schedule under which patients with lower incomes shall pay the lowest amount. The schedule shall provide that the amount the hospital may collect for the patient increases from the 26 nominal amount described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph in equal increments as the income of the patient increases, up to a maximum of twenty percent of the amount that would have been paid for the same services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicaid);
- (iii) For patients with incomes above four hundred percent and up to 32 six hundred percent of the federal poverty level, the hospital shall collect no more than the amount that would have been paid for the same services provided pursuant to title XVIII of the federal social security act (medicaid).
 - (c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit a hospital's ability to establish patient eligibility for payment discounts at income levels higher than those specified herein and/or to provide greater payment discounts for eligible patients than those required by this subdivision.
- (d) [Such policies and procedures shall be clear, understandable, in writing and publicly available in summary form.] Each general hospital participating in the pool shall ensure that every patient is made aware the existence of [the policies and procedures] the uniform financial assistance form and policy and is provided, in a timely manner, with [a **summary** and] a copy of the policy and form at intake, admission and discharge. [Any summary provided to patients shall, at a minimum, include, in plain language, specific information as to income levels used to determine eligibility for assistance, financial assitance avail-50 able and the means of applying for assistance. A plain language summary of the collections process must also be made available. A general hospital shall notify patients by providing written materials to patients or their authorized representatives during the intake and registration process, by making materials available in conspicuous locations in the 55 hospital including emergency departments, waiting areas and other places 56 patients congregate, through the conspicuous posting of language-appro-

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priate information in the general hospital, and by including information on bills and statements sent to patients, that financial assistance may be available to qualified patients and how to obtain further informa-General hospitals shall post the $\underline{\tt uniform}$ financial assistance tion. application policy[- procedures] and form, and a summary of the policy [and procedures] and collection process, in a conspicuous location and downloadable form on the general hospital's website. The commissioner shall post the uniform financial assistance form and policy in downloadable form on the department's hospital profile page or any successor website.

(e) The [hospital's] commissioner shall provide application materials general hospitals, including the uniform financial assistance application form and policy. These application materials shall include a notice to patients that upon submission of a completed application form, the patient shall not be liable for any bills until the general hospital has rendered a decision on the application in accordance with this subdivision. The application materials shall include specific information as the income levels used to determine eligibility for financial and the means to apply for assistance. Nothing in this subdivision shall construed as precluding the use of presumptive eligibility determinations by hospitals on behalf of patients. The [policies and procedures uniform application form and policy shall include clear, objective criteria for determining a patient's ability to pay and for providing such adjustments to payment requirements as are necessary. In addition to adjustment mechanisms such as sliding fee schedules and discounts to fixed standards, [such policies and procedures] the uniform policy shall also provide for the use of installment plans for the payment of outstanding balances by patients [pursuant to the provisions of the hospital's financial assistance policy]. The monthly payment under such a plan shall not exceed five percent of the gross monthly income of the patient. Installment plan payments may not be required to begin before one hundred eighty days after the date of the service or discharge, whichever is later. The policy shall allow the patient and the hospital to mutually agree to modify the terms of an installment The rate of interest charged to the patient on the unpaid plan. balance, if any, shall not exceed two percentum per annum and no plan shall include an accelerator or similar clause under which a higher rate of interest is triggered upon a missed payment. The [policies and procedures uniform policy shall not include a requirement of a deposit prior to medically-necessary care. The hospital shall refund any payments made by the patient before the determination of eligibility for assistance that exceeds the patient's liability after discounts are applied. Such policies and procedures shall be applied consistently to all eligible patients.

(f) In any legal action by or on behalf of a hospital to collect a medical debt, the complaint shall be accompanied by an affidavit by the hospital's chief financial officer stating that the hospital has taken reasonable steps to determine whether the patient qualifies for financial assistance and upon information and belief the patient does not meet the income or residency criteria for financial assistance. Patients may apply for financial assistance at any time during the collection process, including after the commencement of a medical debt court action or upon the plaintiff obtaining a default judgment. A determination that a patient is eligible for financial assistance shall be valid for a 56 minimum of twelve months and will apply to all outstanding medical

A hospital may use credit scoring software for the purposes of establishing income eligibility and approving financial assistance, but only if the hospital makes clear to the patient that providing a social security number is not mandatory and the scoring does not negatively 5 impact the patient's credit score. However, credit scoring software shall not be solely relied upon by the hospital in denying a patient's 7 application for financial assistance. Further, propensity to pay scores may not disqualify patients who otherwise qualify for eligibility from 9 receiving financial assistance. Further, propensity to pay scores shall 10 not disqualify patients who otherwise qualify for eligibility from receiving financial assistance. The [policies and procedures] uniform 11 12 policy and form policies and procedures shall allow patients seeking financial assistance to provide the following financial information and 13 14 documentation in support of their application: pay checks or pay stubs; 15 unemployment documentation; social security income; rent receipts; a letter from the patient's employer attesting to the patient's gross 16 17 income; documentation of eligibility for other means-tested government benefits; or, if none of the aforementioned information and documenta-18 19 tion are available, a written self-attestation of the patient's income 20 may be used. General hospitals must take reasonable steps to assist 21 patients in understanding the hospital's application and form, policies and procedures and in applying for payment adjustments. [Application forms shall be printed and posted] The commissioner shall translate the 23 uniform financial assistance application form and policy into the 24 25 "primary languages" of each general hospital. Each general hospital 26 shall print and post these materials to its website in the "primary 27 languages" of patients served by the general hospital. For the purposes 28 of this paragraph, "primary languages" shall include any language that 29 either (i) used to communicate, during at least five percent of patient visits in a year, by patients who cannot speak, read, write or 30 31 understand the English language at the level of proficiency necessary 32 for effective communication with health care providers, or (ii) spoken 33 by limited-English speaking individuals comprising more than one percent 34 the primary hospital service area population, as calculated using 35 demographic information available from the United States Bureau of the 36 Census, supplemented by data from school systems. Decisions regarding 37 such applications shall be made within thirty days of receipt of a completed application. The [policies and procedures] uniform financial 39 assistance policy shall require that the hospital issue any denial or 40 approval of the application in writing which clearly communicates the amount of assistance granted, any amounts still owed with information on 41 42 how to appeal the decision and shall require the hospital to establish 43 appeals process under which it will evaluate the decision about an 44 application. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent a hospital from 45 informing and assisting a patient with an application for health insur-46 ance coverage with a local services district or the marketplace. A 47 hospital shall not make the availability of financial assistance contin-48 gent upon the patient's application for health insurance coverage. hospital shall inform patients on how to file a complaint against the 49 hospital or a debt collector that is contracted on behalf of the hospi-50 51 tal regarding the patient's bill. General hospitals are required to 52 take reasonable measures to determine if a patient is eligible for 53 financial assistance including prior to making a referral to a third-54 party debt collector or other extraordinary collections measures. 55

(g) The [policies and procedures] uniform financial assistance policy shall provide that patients with incomes below six hundred percent of

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the federal poverty level are deemed eligible for payment adjustments and shall conform to the requirements set forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall 4 be interpreted as precluding hospitals from extending such payment 5 adjustments to other patients, either generally or on a case-by-case For patients determined to be eligible for financial assistance 7 under the terms of [a hospital's] the uniform financial assistance policy, the [policies and procedures] financial assistance policy shall prohibit any limitations on financial assistance for services based on 10 the medical condition of the applicant, other than typical limitations or exclusions based on medical necessity or the clinical or therapeutic 12 benefit of a procedure or treatment.

(h) A hospital or its agent shall not issue, authorize or permit income execution of a patient's wages, secure a lien or force a sale or foreclosure of a patient's primary residence in order to collect an outstanding medical bill and shall not send an account to collection if the patient has submitted a completed application for financial assistance, until it has made reasonable efforts to determine whether a patient qualifies for financial assistance or while the hospital determines the patient's eligibility for financial assistance. The [policies and procedures uniform policy shall provide for written notification, which shall include notification on a patient bill, to a patient not less than thirty days prior to the referral of debts for collection and shall require that the collection agency obtain the hospital's written consent prior to commencing a legal action. The [policies and procedures uniform policy shall require all general hospital staff who interact with patients or have responsibility for billing and collections to be trained in the [policies and procedures] uniform policy, and require the implementation of a mechanism for the general hospital to measure its compliance with the [policies and procedures] uniform policy. The [policies and procedures] uniform policy shall require that any collection agency, lawyer or firm under contract with a general hospital for the collection of debts follow the [hospital's] uniform financial assistance policy, including providing information to patients on how to apply for financial assistance where appropriate. The [policies and procedures uniform policy shall prohibit collections from a patient who is determined to be eligible for medical assistance under title eleven of article five of the social services law at the time services were rendered and for which services medicaid payment is available.

- (i) Reports required to be submitted to the department by each general hospital as a condition for participation in the pools shall contain: (i) a certification from an independent certified public accountant or independent licensed public accountant or an attestation from a senior official of the hospital that the hospital is in compliance with conditions of participation in the pools;
- (ii) a report on hospital costs incurred and uncollected amounts providing services to patients found eligible for financial assistance, including the amount of care provided for patients under two hundred percent poverty, during the period covered by the report;
- (iii) hospital costs incurred and uncollected amounts for deductibles and coinsurance for eligible patients with insurance or other third-party payor coverage;
- (iv) the number of patients, organized according to United States 55 postal service zip code, race, ethnicity and gender, who applied for 56 financial assistance under the $\left[\frac{\text{hospital's}}{\text{possible}}\right]$ uniform financial assistance

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policy, and the number, organized according to United States postal service zip code, race, ethnicity and gender, whose applications were approved and whose applications were denied;

- (v) the reimbursement received for indigent care from the pool established under this section;
- (vi) the amount of funds that have been expended on financial assistance from charitable bequests made or trusts established for the purpose of providing financial assistance to patients who are eligible in accordance with the terms of the bequests or trusts;
- (vii) for hospitals located in social services districts in which the district allows hospitals to assist patients with such applications, the number of applications for eligibility for medicaid under title eleven of article five of the social services law that the hospital assisted patients in completing and the number denied and approved;
- the hospital's financial losses resulting from services (viii) provided under medicaid; and
- (ix) the number of referrals to collection agents or contracted external collection vendors, court cases and liens placed on any residences of patients through the collection process used by a hospital.
- (j) [Within ninety days of the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-three which amended this subdivision each hospital shall submit to the commissioner a written report on its policies and procedures for financial assistance to patients which are used by the hospital as of such effective date. Such report shall include copies of its policies and procedures, including material which is distributed to patients, and a description of the hospital's financial aid policies and procedures. Such description shall include the income levels of patients on which eligibility is based, the financial aid eligible patients receive and the means of calculating such aid, and the service area, if any, used by the hospital to determine eligibility.
- (k) The commissioner shall include the data collected under paragraph (i) of this subdivision in regular audits of the annual general hospital institutional cost report.
- $[\frac{1}{k}]$ In the event the state is unable to secure all necessary federal approvals to include, as part of the state's approved state plan under title nineteen of the federal social security act, a requirement that compliance with this subdivision is a condition of participation in pool distributions authorized pursuant to this section and section twenty-eight hundred seven-w of this article, then such condition of participation shall be deemed null and void. Notwithstanding section twelve of this chapter, failure to comply with this subdivision by a general hospital shall make the hospital liable for a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each violation. The imposition of the civil penalties shall be subject to section twelve-a of this chapter.

 $\left[\frac{m}{m}\right]$ (1) A hospital or its collection agents shall not report adverse information about a patient to a consumer or financial reporting entity. A hospital or its collection agent shall not commence civil action against a patient or delegate a collection activity to a debt collector for nonpayment for one hundred eighty days after the first post-service bill is issued and until a hospital has made reasonable efforts to determine whether a patient qualifies for financial assistance. A hospital or its collection agent shall not commence a civil action against a patient or delegate a collection activity to a debt collector, if: the 54 hospital was notified that an appeal or a review of a health insurance 55 decision is pending within the immediately preceding sixty days; or the

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1 patient has a pending application for or qualified for financial assist-

- 3 § 4. Subdivision 14 of section 2807-k of the public health law is 4 REPEALED and subdivisions 15, 16 and 17 are renumbered subdivisions 14, 15 and 16.
- § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided 7 section two of this act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day after it shall have become a law; and (b) sections one, one-a and 9 three of this act shall take effect October 1, 2024 and apply to funding 10 distributions made on or after January 1, 2025; provided, however, that if subpart C of part Y of chapter 57 of the laws of 2023 shall not have taken effect on or before such date then section one-a of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as such subpart of 13 14 such part of such chapter of the laws of 2023, takes effect. Effective 15 immediately, the commissioner of health may make regulations and take 16 other actions reasonably necessary to implement sections one, two and three of this act on their respective effective dates.