# STATE OF NEW YORK

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9823

## IN ASSEMBLY

April 9, 2024

Introduced by M. of A. JACKSON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Judiciary

AN ACT to amend the real property law, in relation to prohibiting single-agent dual agency, requiring representation agreements, allowing buyers and tenants to negotiate broker fees, and prohibiting landlords, lessors, sub-lessors, and grantors from requiring a tenant to pay brokers' fees as a condition of entering into a lease agreement

# The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 238-a of the real property law, as amended by chapter 789 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

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3 (a) Except in instances where statutes or regulations provide for a payment, fee or charge, no landlord, lessor, sub-lessor or grantor may demand any payment, fee, or charge for the processing, review or acceptance of an application, or demand any other payment, fee or charge 8 before or at the beginning of the tenancy, including but not limited to 9 broker's fees, except background checks and credit checks as provided by 10 paragraph (b) of this subdivision, provided that this subdivision shall 11 not apply to entrance fees charged by continuing care retirement communities licensed pursuant to article forty-six or forty-six-A of the 13 public health law, assisted living providers licensed pursuant to arti-14 cle forty-six-B of the public health law, adult care facilities licensed 15 pursuant to article seven of the social services law, senior residential communities that have submitted an offering plan to the attorney gener-16 al, or not-for-profit independent retirement communities that offer 17 personal emergency response, housekeeping, transportation and meals to 18 19 their residents. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit a cooperative 20 housing corporation, other than a cooperative housing corporation 21 subject to the provisions of article two, article four, article five or 22 article eleven of the private housing finance law, from demanding from a 23 prospective tenant any payment, fee or charge which is necessary to 24 compensate a managing agent and/or transfer agent for the processing, 25 review or acceptance of such prospective tenant's application where such

EXPLANATION--Matter in <a href="italics">italics</a> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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prospective tenant would become a dwelling unit owner or shareholder of such cooperative housing corporation.

- § 2. The real property law is amended by adding a new section 443-b to read as follows:
- § 443-b. Agency relationships. 1. Application. The agency relationships and requirements specified in this section or in rules or requlations promulgated by the secretary of state shall supersede any agency relationships and requirements between a licensee and a party to a residential real estate transaction which are based upon common law principles of agency if such common law principles are inconsistent with those specified in this section. This section shall apply only to transactions involving residential real property.
- 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms
  shall have the following meanings:
  - (a) "Dual agent" shall mean an agent who is acting as a buyer's agent and a seller's agent or a tenant's agent and a landlord's agent in the same transaction.
  - (b) "Designated sales agent" shall mean a licensed real estate salesperson or associate broker, working under the supervision of a real estate broker, who has been assigned to represent a client when a different client is also represented by such real estate broker in the same transaction.
  - (c) "Representation agreement" shall mean a written contract between a buyer or tenant of residential real property and a licensee, by which the licensee has been authorized to act as an agent on behalf of the buyer or tenant to locate residential real property, present an offer to purchase or lease to the seller, seller's agent, landlord or landlord's agent, and negotiates on behalf of the buyer or tenant.
- 3. Individual dual agency prohibited. No individual real estate 29 30 broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson shall 31 act as a buyer's agent and seller's agent in the same transaction, or 32 act as a tenant's agent and landlord's agent in the same transaction; 33 provided, however that a real estate broker may assign a separate real 34 estate salesperson or associate broker working under their supervision 35 to act as a designated sales agent to represent a client when a differ-36 ent client is also represented by such real estate broker in the same 37 transaction.
- 38 <u>4. Buyer or tenant representation agreements. (a) A representation</u> 39 <u>agreement shall:</u>
  - (i) be written in clear and unambiguous language;
  - (ii) fully set forth all material terms, including the terms of licensee compensation;
- 43 <u>(iii) have a definite duration or expiration date, including dates of</u>
  44 <u>inception and expiration; and</u>
  - (iv) be signed by all parties to the agreement.
- 46 (b) No real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real 47 estate salesperson shall locate residential real property for a tenant and/or negotiate on behalf of such tenant unless such real estate 48 49 broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson has entered into a representation agreement to represent such tenant as such 50 51 tenant's agent. Such representation agreement must be entered into prior 52 to or immediately after a licensee shows any property to a tenant for 53 the first time.
- 54 <u>(c) No real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real</u>
  55 <u>estate salesperson shall present an offer to purchase residential real</u>
  56 <u>property to a seller or seller's agent and negotiate on behalf of the</u>

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buyer unless such real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson has entered into a written representation agree-3 ment to represent such buyer as such buyer's agent. Such representation 4 agreement must be entered into no later than when the offer to purchase 5 is made to the seller or seller's agent.

- 5. Agent compensation from buyer or tenant. (a) No real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson shall collect or demand compensation from a tenant in connection with a residential real property transaction unless such real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson has entered into a signed representation agreement with such tenant to act as such tenant's agent in the transaction.
- (b) No real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson shall collect or demand compensation from a buyer in connection with a residential real property transaction unless such real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson has entered into a signed representation agreement with such buyer to act as such buyer's agent in the transaction.
- 6. No discrimination. No real estate broker, associate real estate broker, real estate salesperson, or landlord may discriminate or take adverse action against a potential tenant or buyer based on their representation status.
- 7. Written permission or authorization to offer or advertise property for sale or lease required. (a) No real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson shall offer or advertise residential real property for sale or lease unless such real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson has the written permission or authorization of the owner of such residential real property or such owner's authorized representative.
- (b) If a real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson offers or advertises residential real property for lease with the written permission or authorization of the owner of such residential real property or the owner's authorized representative pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision and does not have a listing agreement with such owner or such owner's authorized representative, such real estate broker, associate real estate broker, or real estate salesperson shall not enter into a representation agreement with and/or be compensated by any tenant in connection with such residential real property.
- $\S$  3. Paragraphs i, p, and q of subdivision 1, paragraph f of  $\:$  subdivision 3, and subdivisions 4 and 6 of section 443 of the real property law, paragraph i of subdivision 1, subdivision 4 and subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 549 of the laws of 2007, and paragraphs p and q of subdivision 1 and paragraph f of subdivision 3 as added and paragraphs a and b of subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 443 of the laws of are amended to read as follows:
- 47 i. ["Dual agent"] "Representation agreement" means [an agent who is 48 acting as a [buyer's agent] written contract between a buyer or tenant 49 of residential real property and a [seller's] licensee, by which such 50 licensee has been authorized to act as an agent on behalf of such buyer [a tenant's agent and a] tenant to locate residential real property, 51 52 present an offer to purchase or lease to the seller, such seller's 53 agent, the landlord, or such landlord's agent [in the same transaction], 54 and negotiates on behalf of such buyer or tenant.
- [ "Advance consent to dual agency" means written informed consent 56 signed by the seller/landlord or buyer/tenant that the listing agent

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a dual agent for that seller/landlord and/or buyer's agent may act and a buyer/tenant for residential real property which is the subject of a listing agreement.

- means written informed consent signed by the seller/landlord buyer/tenant that indicates the name of the agent appointed to represent the seller/landlord or buyer/tenant as a designated sales agent for residential real property which is the subject of a listing agreement.
- f. A seller/landlord or buyer/tenant may provide advance informed consent to [dual agency and] dual agency with designated sales agents by indicating the same on the form set forth in subdivision four of this section.
- 4. a. For buyer-seller transactions, the following shall be the disclosure form:

#### NEW YORK STATE DISCLOSURE FORM

FOR

#### BUYER AND SELLER

#### THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT

New York state law requires real estate licensees who are acting as agents of buyers or sellers of property to advise the potential buyers or sellers with whom they work of the nature of their agency relationship and the rights and obligations it creates. This disclosure will help you to make informed choices about your relationship with the real estate broker and its sales agents.

Throughout the transaction you may receive more than one disclosure form. The law may require each agent assisting in the transaction to present you with this disclosure form. A real estate agent is a person qualified to advise about real estate.

If you need legal, tax or other advice, consult with a professional in that field.

## DISCLOSURE REGARDING REAL ESTATE AGENCY RELATIONSHIPS SELLER'S AGENT

seller's agent is an agent who is engaged by a seller to represent the seller's interests. The seller's agent does this by securing a buyer for the seller's home at a price and on terms acceptable to the seller. A seller's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the seller: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A seller's agent does not represent the interests of the buyer. The obligations of a seller's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the seller. In dealings with the buyer, a seller's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of property, except as otherwise provided by law.

### BUYER'S AGENT

A buyer's agent is an agent who is engaged by a buyer to represent the buyer's interests. The buyer's agent does this by negotiating the purchase of a home at a price and on terms acceptable to the buyer. A buyer's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the buyer: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A buyer's agent does not represent the interests of the seller. The obligations of a buyer's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in [an] the representation agreement between the agent and the buyer. Such represen-56 tation agreement must be entered into prior to when the offer to

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purchase is made to the seller or seller's agent. In dealings with the seller, a buyer's agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the buyer's ability and/or willingness to perform a contract to acquire seller's property that are not inconsistent with the agent's fiduciary duties to the buyer.

#### BROKER'S AGENTS

A broker's agent is an agent that cooperates or is engaged by a listing agent or a buyer's agent (but does not work for the same firm as the listing agent or buyer's agent) to assist the listing agent or buyer's agent in locating a property to sell or buy, respectively, for the listing agent's seller or the buyer agent's buyer. The broker's agent does not have a direct relationship with the buyer or seller and the buyer or seller can not provide instructions or direction directly to the broker's agent. The buyer and the seller therefore do not have vicarious liability for the acts of the broker's agent. The listing agent or buyer's agent do provide direction and instruction to the broker's agent and therefore the listing agent or buyer's agent will have liability for the acts of the broker's agent.

#### [ DUAL ACENT

real estate broker may represent both the buyer and the seller if both the buyer and seller give their informed consent in writing. In such a dual agency situation, the agent will not be able to provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the buyer and seller. The obligations of an agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent, and the buyer and seller. An agent acting as a dual agent must explain carefully to both the buyer and seller that the agent is acting for the other party as well. The agent should also explain the possible effects of dual representation, including that by consenting to the dual agency relationship the buyer and seller are giving up their right to undivided loyalty. A buyer or seller should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relation-34 ship before agreeing to such representation. A seller or buyer may 35 provide advance informed consent to dual agency by indicating the same on this form.

#### DUAL AGENT

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## DESIGNATED SALES AGENTS

If the buyer and the seller provide their informed consent in writing, the principals and the real estate broker who represents both parties as a dual agent may designate a sales agent to represent the buyer and another sales agent to represent the seller to negotiate the purchase and sale of real estate. A sales agent works under the supervision of the real estate broker. With the informed consent of the buyer and the seller in writing, the designated sales agent for the buyer will function as the buyer's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the buyer and the designated sales agent for the seller function as the seller's agent representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the seller in the negotiations between the buyer and seller. A designated sales agent cannot provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the buyer or seller. The designated sales agent must explain that like the dual agent under whose supervision they function, they cannot provide undivided loyalty. A buyer or seller should carefully consider the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship with 56 designated sales agents before agreeing to such representation. A seller

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1 or buyer may provide advance informed consent to dual agency with desig-2 nated sales agents by indicating the same on this form. 3 This form was provided to me by \_\_\_\_\_\_ (print name of 4 licensee) of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (print name of company, firm 5 or brokerage), a licensed real estate broker acting in the interest of 6 the: 7 ( ) Seller as a ( ) Buyer as a 8 (check relationship below) (check relationship below) ( ) Seller's agent ( ) Buyer's agent
( ) Broker's agent ( ) Broker's agent
[ ( ) Dual agent with designated sales agents 9 10 11 For advance informed consent to [either dual agency or] dual agency 12 13 with designated sales agents complete section below: [ ( ) Advance informed consent dual agency. ] ( ) Advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales 15 16 agents. 17 If dual agent with designated sales agents is indicated above: 18 \_\_\_\_\_ is appointed to represent the buyer; and 19 \_\_\_\_\_ is appointed to represent the seller in this 20 transaction. (I)(We) acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure form: 21 Signature of { } Buyer(s) and/or { } Seller(s): 22 23 24 25 Date: Date: 26 b. For landlord-tenant transactions, the following shall be the 27 disclosure form: 28 NEW YORK STATE DISCLOSURE FORM 29 FOR 30 LANDLORD AND TENANT 31 THIS IS NOT A CONTRACT New York state law requires real estate licensees who are acting as 33 agents of landlords and tenants of real property to advise the potential 34 landlords and tenants with whom they work of the nature of their agency 35 relationship and the rights and obligations it creates. This disclosure 36 will help you to make informed choices about your relationship with the real estate broker and its sales agents. 37 Throughout the transaction you may receive more than one disclosure 38 39 form. The law may require each agent assisting in the transaction to 40 present you with this disclosure form. A real estate agent is a person 41 qualified to advise about real estate. If you need legal, tax or other 42 advice, consult with a professional in that field. 43 DISCLOSURE REGARDING REAL ESTATE AGENCY RELATIONSHIPS 44 LANDLORD'S AGENT 45 A landlord's agent is an agent who is engaged by a landlord to repre-46 sent the landlord's interest. The landlord's agent does this by securing 47 a tenant for the landlord's apartment or house at a rent and on terms 48 acceptable to the landlord. A landlord's agent has, without limitation,

the following fiduciary duties to the landlord: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A landlord's agent does not represent the interests of the tenant. The obligations of a landlord's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in an agreement between the agent and the landlord. In dealings with the tenant, a landlord's agent should (a) 7 exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) disclose all facts known to the agent materially affecting the value or desirability of 10 property, except as otherwise provided by law.

#### 11 TENANT'S AGENT

12 A tenant's agent is an agent who is engaged by a tenant to represent 13 the tenant's interest. The tenant's agent does this by negotiating the 14 rental or lease of an apartment or house at a rent and on terms accepta-15 ble to the tenant. A tenant's agent has, without limitation, the following fiduciary duties to the tenant: reasonable care, undivided loyalty, 16 confidentiality, full disclosure, obedience and duty to account. A 17 tenant's agent does not represent the interest of the landlord. The 18 19 obligations of a tenant's agent are also subject to any specific provisions set forth in [an] the representation agreement between the agent and the tenant. Such representation agreement must be entered into 21 prior to or immediately after the tenant's agent shows any property to 22 23 the tenant for the first time. In dealings with the landlord, a tenant's 24 agent should (a) exercise reasonable skill and care in performance of 25 the agent's duties; (b) deal honestly, fairly and in good faith; and (c) 26 disclose all facts known to the tenant's ability and/or willingness to 27 perform a contract to rent or lease landlord's property that are not 28 inconsistent with the agent's fiduciary duties to the buyer.

#### 29 BROKER'S AGENTS

30 A broker's agent is an agent that cooperates or is engaged by a list-31 ing agent or a tenant's agent (but does not work for the same firm as 32 the listing agent or tenant's agent) to assist the listing agent or 33 tenant's agent in locating a property to rent or lease for the listing agent's landlord or the tenant agent's tenant. The broker's agent does not have a direct relationship with the tenant or landlord and the 35 tenant or landlord can not provide instructions or direction directly to 36 the broker's agent. The tenant and the landlord therefore do not have 37 38 vicarious liability for the acts of the broker's agent. The listing agent or tenant's agent do provide direction and instruction to the 40 broker's agent and therefore the listing agent or tenant's agent will 41 have liability for the acts of the broker's agent.

#### 42 DUAL ACENT

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A real estate broker may represent both the tenant and the landlord if both the tenant and landlord give their informed consent in writing. In 44 such a dual agency situation, the agent will not be able to provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the landlord and the tenant. The obligations of an agent are also subject to any specific provisions set 48 forth in an agreement between the agent, and the tenant and landlord. An 49 agent acting as a dual agent must explain carefully to both the landlord 50 and tenant that the agent is acting for the other party as well. The

agent should also explain the possible effects of dual representation, 2 including that by consenting to the dual agency relationship the land-3 lord and tenant are giving up their right to undivided loyalty. A land-4 lord and tenant should carefully consider the possible consequences of a 5 dual agency relationship before agreeing to such representation. A landlord or tenant may provide advance informed consent to dual agency 7 by indicating the same on this form. 8 DUAL AGENT 9 WITH 10 DESIGNATED SALES AGENTS 11 If the tenant and the landlord provide their informed consent in writ-12 ing, the principals and the real estate broker who represents both 13 parties as a dual agent may designate a sales agent to represent the 14 tenant and another sales agent to represent the landlord. A sales agent 15 works under the supervision of the real estate broker. With the informed 16 consent in writing of the tenant and the landlord, the designated sales 17 agent for the tenant will function as the tenant's agent representing 18 the interests of and advocating on behalf of the tenant and the desig-19 nated sales agent for the landlord will function as the landlord's agent 20 representing the interests of and advocating on behalf of the landlord 21 in the negotiations between the tenant and the landlord. A designated 22 sales agent cannot provide the full range of fiduciary duties to the 23 landlord or tenant. The designated sales agent must explain that like 24 the dual agent under whose supervision they function, they cannot 25 provide undivided loyalty. A landlord or tenant should carefully consid-26 er the possible consequences of a dual agency relationship with desig-27 nated sales agents before agreeing to such representation. A landlord 28 or tenant may provide advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales agents by indicating the same on this form. This form was provided to me by \_\_\_\_\_ 30 \_ (print name of 31 licensee) of \_\_\_\_\_ (print name of company, firm or broker-32 age), a licensed real estate broker acting in the interest of the: 33 ( ) Landlord as a ( ) Tenant as a (check relationship below) (check relationship below) 35 ( ) Landlord's agent ( ) Tenant's agent ) Broker's agent ( ) Broker's agent 36 ( ) Dual agent with designated sales agents 37 [<del>( ) Dual agent</del>] 38 For advance informed consent to [either dual agency or] dual agency 39 with designated sales agents complete section below: [( ) Advance informed consent dual agency.] 40 41 ( ) Advance informed consent to dual agency with designated sales

If dual agent with designated sales agents is indicated above:

44 \_\_\_\_\_\_ is appointed to represent the tenant; and
45 \_\_\_\_\_\_ is appointed to represent the landlord in
46 this transaction.

42 agents.

47 (I) (We) \_\_\_\_\_ acknowledge 48 receipt of a copy of this disclosure form:

1	Signature of $\{\ \}$ Landlord(s) and/or $\{\ \}$ Tenant(s):
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4	Date: Date:

- 5 6. [Nothing] Except as provided for in section four hundred forty-6 three-b of this article, nothing in this section shall be construed to 7 limit or alter the application of the common law of agency with respect 8 to residential real estate transactions.
- 9 § 4. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after 10 it shall have become a law.