

# STATE OF NEW YORK

8935

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 30, 2024

Introduced by M. of A. BRONSON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Labor

AN ACT to amend the labor law, in relation to regulating the temperature of all indoor and outdoor worksites

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "temperature extreme mitigation program (TEMP) act".

2  
3 § 2. Legislative findings and intent. The legislature hereby finds and  
4 declares that New Yorkers, working both in outdoor and indoor sites, are  
5 exposed to extreme temperatures due to climate change. This involves  
6 skyrocketing heat in the summer. Every year, New York city has high  
7 numbers of heat-related emergency department visits, hospital admissions,  
8 and deaths. According to the New York City Office of the Mayor,  
9 each year there are an estimated 450 heat-related ED visits, 150 heat-  
10 related hospital admissions, 10 heat-stroke deaths, and 350 heat-exacerbated  
11 deaths, caused by heat worsening existing chronic conditions.

12 The legislature hereby finds and declares that the government is obligated  
13 to ensure that employers provide safe conditions for their employees.  
14

15 § 3. The labor law is amended by adding a new article 20-D to read as  
16 follows:

### ARTICLE 20-D

#### TEMPERATURE REGULATION BY EMPLOYERS

##### Section 742. Scope.

##### 743. Definitions.

##### 744. Heat protection standards.

##### 745. Education and training.

##### 746. Enforcement.

24 § 742. Scope. 1. The following covered industries will be held to the  
25 standards in this article:

26 (a) Agriculture;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (b) Construction, unless the employer is party to a: (i) collective  
2 bargaining agreement or (ii) project labor agreement with a bona fide  
3 building and construction trades council;

4 (c) Landscaping;

5 (d) Commercial shipping;

6 (e) Food service; and

7 (f) Warehousing.

8 2. For the purposes of this article, outdoor worksites of the covered  
9 industries in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subdivision one of this  
10 section shall be subject to the provisions herein. For the purposes of  
11 this article, indoor worksites of the covered industries in paragraphs  
12 (d), (e), and (f) of subdivision one of this section shall be subject to  
13 the provisions herein.

14 § 743. Definitions. For the purposes of this article, the following  
15 terms shall have the following meanings:

16 1. "Employee" means any person within a covered industry providing  
17 labor or services within the scope of this article for remuneration for  
18 a public or private entity or business within the state, without regard  
19 to an individual's immigration status, and shall include, but not be  
20 limited to, part-time workers, independent contractors, day laborers,  
21 farmworkers and other temporary and seasonal workers working in an  
22 industry identified in this article. The term shall also include indi-  
23 viduals working for staffing agencies, contractors or subcontractors on  
24 behalf of the employer at any individual worksite, as well as any  
25 individual delivering goods or transporting people at, to or from the  
26 worksite on behalf of the employer, regardless of whether delivery or  
27 transport is conducted by an individual or entity that would otherwise  
28 be deemed an employer under this article, or any person holding a posi-  
29 tion by appointment or employment in the service of a public employer  
30 within the scope of this article.

31 2. "Employer" means any individual, partnership, association, corpo-  
32 ration, limited liability company, business trust, legal representative,  
33 public entity, or any organized group acting as employer within a  
34 covered industry identified in this article.

35 3. "Indoor worksite" means any enclosed work vehicles and any space  
36 between a floor and a ceiling bound on all sides by walls. A wall  
37 includes any door, window, retractable divider, garage door, or other  
38 physical barriers that is temporary or permanent, whether open or  
39 closed.

40 4. "Outdoor worksite" means all employers with employees performing  
41 work in an outdoor environment. The term outdoor worksite does not apply  
42 to incidental exposure, which exists when an employee is required to  
43 perform a work activity outdoors for not longer than fifteen minutes in  
44 any sixty-minute period.

45 5. "Heat stress threshold" means a heat stress threshold of eighty or  
46 more degrees Fahrenheit. For the purposes of indoor temperature regu-  
47 lated environments, the indoor temperature shall fall between sixty-  
48 eight and seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit, to the extent practicable.

49 6. "Heat illness" means a serious medical condition resulting from  
50 the body's inability to cope with extreme temperature stress thresholds,  
51 and includes, but is not limited to, heat cramps, heat exhaustion, heat  
52 syncope, and heat stroke.

53 7. "Personal protective equipment" or "PPE" means the necessary  
54 protective equipment, gear, and uniforms to withstand extreme heat at or  
55 exceeding the heat stress thresholds.

1 § 744. Heat protection standards. The employer shall fulfill the  
2 following requirements when employees are in an outdoor or indoor work-  
3 site and experiencing conditions at or exceeding a heat stress thresh-  
4 old:

5 1. Access to hydration. The employer shall provide access to potable  
6 drinking water at no cost to the employee. The water shall be located  
7 as close as practicable to the areas where employees are working. Water  
8 shall be provided at the beginning of the work shift to provide one  
9 quart per employee per hour for drinking for the entire shift provided  
10 however that an employer may begin the shift with smaller quantities of  
11 water where such employer has effective procedures for replenishment  
12 during the shift as needed to allow employees to drink one quart or more  
13 per hour.

14 2. Medical monitoring. Employers shall closely monitor temperatures  
15 and implement their workplace heat stress plan. If an employee exhibits  
16 signs or reports symptoms of heat illness while taking a preventative  
17 break pursuant to subdivision four of this section, or at any other  
18 time, the employer shall make a reasonable effort to provide the worker  
19 with access to first aid or other treatment.

20 3. Access to shade. (a) With respect to outdoor sites, shade shall be  
21 made available while employees are present when the temperature exceeds  
22 eighty degrees Fahrenheit and shall be as close to the worksite as  
23 reasonably possible. When the outdoor temperature in the work area  
24 exceeds eighty degrees Fahrenheit, the employer shall have and maintain  
25 one or more areas with shade at all times while employees are present  
26 that are either open to the air or provided with ventilation or cooling.  
27 The amount of shade present shall be at least enough to accommodate the  
28 number of employees on preventative breaks, so that they can sit in a  
29 normal posture fully in the shade with at least four square feet per  
30 resting employee.

31 (b) Where the employer can demonstrate that it is infeasible or unsafe  
32 to have a shade structure, or otherwise to have shade present on a  
33 continuous basis, the employer may utilize alternative procedures for  
34 providing access to shade if the alternative procedures provide equiv-  
35 alent protection.

36 4. Preventative breaks. (a) Employees shall be allowed and encouraged  
37 to take preventative breaks when they feel the onset of heat illness.  
38 Employees shall notify their employer as soon as possible about such  
39 onset and a preventative break shall be offered to such employees. Such  
40 preventative break may include access to shade. An individual employee  
41 who takes a preventative break:

42 (i) Shall be monitored and asked if he or she is experiencing symptoms  
43 of heat illness;

44 (ii) Shall be encouraged to remain in the shade, where applicable  
45 under subdivision three of this section; and

46 (iii) Shall not be ordered back to work until any signs or symptoms of  
47 heat illness have abated, but in no event, less than five minutes in  
48 addition to the time needed to access shade where applicable.

49 (b) With respect to outdoor sites, where the temperature reaches or  
50 exceeds ninety-five degrees Fahrenheit, the employer shall allow and  
51 encourage employees to take a minimum ten minute preventative cool-down  
52 rest period every two hours.

53 5. Personal protective equipment. Employers shall provide the neces-  
54 sary protective equipment, gear, and uniforms to withstand temperatures  
55 at or exceeding the heat stress thresholds to the extent practicable.  
56 This may include, but is not limited to:

1 (a) Fans, if possible;

2 (b) Air-conditioning, which shall be mandated in all delivery vehicles  
3 and warehouses in an industry identified in this article; and

4 (c) Anything additional deemed necessary by the department to combat  
5 extreme heat.

6 6. Vehicle standards. Employees who spend more than sixty minutes in  
7 workplace or employer provided vehicles each day or whose worksite is  
8 considered an employer provided vehicle shall have adequate air-condi-  
9 tioning available inside such vehicle.

10 § 745. Education and training. 1. Training. The department shall  
11 create a training curriculum outlining the signs of heat illness and the  
12 available medical responses. Such training shall be administered by the  
13 employer at time of hiring or the employee's training fund if a member  
14 of organized labor.

15 2. Mandated signage and materials. The department shall promulgate  
16 signage and educational materials that are required to be made available  
17 to employees by their employer in the twelve most common languages  
18 spoken in the state regarding the following:

19 (a) Signs of heat illness;

20 (b) Heat stress thresholds;

21 (c) Employer required protections from heat stress thresholds;

22 (d) Where employees can report an employer's lack of accommodation;  
23 and

24 (e) Anything else deemed necessary by the department.

25 3. Unlawful retaliation. For the purposes of this article, there  
26 shall be a rebuttable presumption of unlawful retaliation if an employer  
27 in any manner discriminates, retaliates, or takes any adverse action  
28 against any employee within ninety days of the employee initiating a  
29 complaint pursuant to this article.

30 4. Outreach campaign. The department shall establish a statewide  
31 outreach campaign to educate employees on the heat illness standards  
32 established and ensure that employers are providing access to proper  
33 signage and materials.

34 § 746. Enforcement. The department shall promulgate rules and regu-  
35 lations to require the following:

36 1. Every employer in a covered industry shall collect and maintain  
37 data and records as required by the department on all heat-related  
38 illnesses and fatalities which occur at an outdoor or indoor worksite.

39 2. Every employer in a covered industry shall submit reports of the  
40 data collected pursuant to subdivision one of this section annually to  
41 the department and such reports shall be published by the department on  
42 a searchable database. Employers shall make such reports available to  
43 any employee or applicable labor organization upon request within ten  
44 business days. An extreme heat-related fatality on a construction site  
45 shall be deemed a work-related injury for the purposes of reporting  
46 pursuant to section forty-four of this chapter.

47 3. Every employer in a covered industry shall submit for approval a  
48 written plan on how heat-related stress will be mitigated to the depart-  
49 ment. Once approved by the department, an employer shall provide such  
50 plan to all employees and applicable labor organizations on an annual  
51 basis.

52 4. Every employer in a covered industry shall be subject to fines for  
53 not adhering to the mandatory reporting and enforcement protocols.  
54 Employers shall be required to pay penalties of no less than fifty  
55 dollars per day for failing to implement heat protection standards as

1 set forth in this article. The department shall administer notice and  
2 collect all fines.

3 5. The department shall establish a worker hotline and an online form  
4 where employees can file complaints with the department regarding heat  
5 protection standards.

6 6. Any other reporting or enforcement protocols necessary to ensure  
7 the protection of workers.

8 § 4. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall  
9 have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or  
10 repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of  
11 this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed  
12 on or before such effective date.