STATE OF NEW YORK

7268

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

May 16, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. WEPRIN, WOERNER, TAYLOR, SANTABARBARA, COLTON, LUPARDO, STIRPE, EPSTEIN, PAULIN, NORRIS, SEAWRIGHT, SIMON, JOYNER, LAVINE, STECK, TANNOUSIS, WALLACE, GUNTHER, L. ROSENTHAL, MEEKS, DAVILA, WILLIAMS, SILLITTI -- read once and referred to the Committee on Insurance

AN ACT to amend the public health law and the insurance law, in relation to utilization review program standards, and in relation to pre-authorization of health care services

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 4902 of the public health law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Utilization of written clinical review criteria developed pursuant to a utilization review plan**. Such clinical review criteria shall utilize recognized evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review criteria that take into account the needs of a typical patient populations and diagnoses**;

§ 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 4903 of the public health law, as separately amended by section 13 of part YY and section 3 of part KKK of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

(a) A utilization review agent shall make a utilization review determination involving health care services which require pre-authorization and provide notice of a determination to the enrollee or enrollee's designee and the enrollee's health care provider by telephone and in writing within [~~three business days~~] **seventy-two hours** of receipt of the necessary information, **within twenty-four hours of the receipt of necessary information if the request is for an enrollee with a medical condition that places the health of the insured in serious jeopardy without the health care services recommended by the enrollee's health care**

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD08333-01-3

professional, or for inpatient rehabilitation services following an inpatient hospital admission provided by a hospital or skilled nursing facility, within one business day of receipt of the necessary information. The notification shall identify[~~;~~]: (i) whether the services are considered in-network or out-of-network; (ii) and whether the enrollee will be held harmless for the services and not be responsible for any payment, other than any applicable co-payment or co-insurance; (iii) as applicable, the dollar amount the health care plan will pay if the service is out-of-network; and (iv) as applicable, information explaining how an enrollee may determine the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code based upon the difference between what the health care plan will reimburse for out-of-network health care services and the usual and customary cost for out-of-network health care services. An approval for a request for pre-authorization shall be valid for (1) the duration of the prescription, including any authorized refills and (2) the duration of treatment for a specific condition as requested by the enrollee's health care provider.

§ 3. Paragraph 3 of subsection (a) of section 4902 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:

(3) Utilization of written clinical review criteria developed pursuant to a utilization review plan. Such clinical review criteria shall utilize recognized evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review criteria that take into account the needs of a typical patient populations and diagnoses;

§ 4. Paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 4903 of the insurance law, as separately amended by section 16 of part YY and section 7 of part KKK of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

(1) A utilization review agent shall make a utilization review determination involving health care services which require pre-authorization and provide notice of a determination to the insured or insured's designee and the insured's health care provider by telephone and in writing within [~~three business days~~] seventy-two hours of receipt of the necessary information, within twenty-four hours of receipt of necessary information if the request is for an insured with a medical condition that places the health of the insured in serious jeopardy without the health care services recommended by the insured's health care provider, or for inpatient rehabilitation services following an inpatient hospital admission provided by a hospital or skilled nursing facility, within one business day of receipt of the necessary information. The notification shall identify: (i) whether the services are considered in-network or out-of-network; (ii) whether the insured will be held harmless for the services and not be responsible for any payment, other than any applicable co-payment, co-insurance or deductible; (iii) as applicable, the dollar amount the health care plan will pay if the service is out-of-network; and (iv) as applicable, information explaining how an insured may determine the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code based upon the difference between what the health care plan will reimburse for out-of-network health care services and the usual and customary cost for out-of-network health care services. An approval of request for pre-authorization shall be valid for (1) the duration of the prescription, including any authorized refills and (2) the duration of treatment for a specific condition requested for pre-authorization.

§ 5. Subsection (a) of section 3238 of the insurance law, as added by chapter 451 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

(a) An insurer, corporation organized pursuant to article forty-three of this chapter, municipal cooperative health benefits plan certified pursuant to article forty-seven of this chapter, or health maintenance organization and other organizations certified pursuant to article forty-four of the public health law ("health plan") shall pay claims for a health care service for which a pre-authorization was required by, and received from, the health plan prior to the rendering of such health care service, **and eligibility confirmed on the day of the service,** unless:

(1) [~~(i) the insured, subscriber, or enrollee was not a covered person at the time the health care service was rendered.~~

~~(ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, a health plan shall not deny a claim on this basis if the insured's, subscriber's or enrollee's coverage was retroactively terminated more than one hundred twenty days after the date of the health care service, provided that the claim is submitted within ninety days after the date of the health care service. If the claim is submitted more than ninety days after the date of the health care service, the health plan shall have thirty days after the claim is received to deny the claim on the basis that the insured, subscriber or enrollee was not a covered person on the date of the health care service.~~

~~(2)~~] the submission of the claim with respect to an insured, subscriber or enrollee was not timely under the terms of the applicable provider contract, if the claim is submitted by a provider, or the policy or contract, if the claim is submitted by the insured, subscriber or enrollee;

[~~(3)~~] **(2)** at the time the pre-authorization was issued, the insured, subscriber or enrollee had not exhausted contract or policy benefit limitations based on information available to the health plan at such time, but subsequently exhausted contract or policy benefit limitations after authorization was issued; provided, however, that the health plan shall include in the notice of determination required pursuant to subsection (b) of section four thousand nine hundred three of this chapter and subdivision two of section forty-nine hundred three of the public health law that the visits authorized might exceed the limits of the contract or policy and accordingly would not be covered under the contract or policy;

[~~(4)~~] **(3)** the pre-authorization was based on materially inaccurate or incomplete information provided by the insured, subscriber or enrollee, the designee of the insured, subscriber or enrollee, or the health care provider such that if the correct or complete information had been provided, such pre-authorization would not have been granted; **or**

[~~(5) the pre-authorized service was related to a pre-existing condition that was excluded from coverage; or~~

~~(6)~~] **(4)** there is a reasonable basis supported by specific information available for review by the superintendent that the insured, subscriber or enrollee, the designee of the insured, subscriber or enrollee, or the health care provider has engaged in fraud or abuse.

§ 6. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law.