

STATE OF NEW YORK

1959

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 23, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. GONZALEZ-ROJAS, JACKSON, DINOWITZ, EPSTEIN, MAMDANI, GOODELL, SILLITTI, GLICK -- read once and referred to the Committee on Labor

AN ACT to amend the labor law, in relation to employee access to personnel records

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The labor law is amended by adding a new section 210-b to read as follows:

§ 210-b. Access to personnel records. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:

(a) "Employee" means a person currently employed or formerly employed by an employer.

(b) "Employer" means any individual, corporation, partnership, labor organization, unincorporated association or any other legal business, including any governmental entity or public employer as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision six of section two hundred one of the civil service law, and any commercial entity, including agents of such employer.

(c) "Personnel record" means a record kept by an employer that identifies an employee, to the extent that the record is used or has been used, or may affect or be used relative to that employee's qualifications for employment, promotion, transfer, additional compensation or disciplinary action. A personnel record shall include a record in the possession of a person, corporation, partnership or other association that has a contractual agreement with the employer to keep or supply a personnel record as provided in this section. A personnel record shall not include information of a personal nature about a person other than the employee if disclosure of the information would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of such other person's privacy. Without limiting

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 the applicability or generality of the foregoing, all of the following
2 written information or documents to the extent prepared by an employer
3 regarding an employee shall be included in the personnel record for that
4 employee: the name, address, date of birth, job title and description;
5 rate of pay and any other compensation paid to the employee; starting
6 date of employment; the job application of the employee; resumes or
7 other forms of employment inquiry submitted to the employer in response
8 to his advertisement by the employee; all employee performance evalu-
9 ations, including but not limited to, employee evaluation documents;
10 written warnings of substandard performance; lists of probationary peri-
11 ods; waivers signed by the employee; copies of dated termination
12 notices; any other documents relating to disciplinary action regarding
13 the employee. A personnel record shall be maintained in typewritten or
14 printed form or may be handwritten in indelible ink.

15 2. An employer shall notify an employee within ten days of the employ-
16 er placing in the employee's personnel record any information to the
17 extent that the information is, has been used or may be used, to nega-
18 tively affect the employee's qualification for employment, promotion,
19 transfer, additional compensation or the possibility that the employee
20 will be subject to disciplinary action. An employer receiving a written
21 request from an employee to access such employee's personnel record
22 shall provide the employee with a copy of such personnel record within
23 five business days of submission of a written request for such copy to
24 the employer. An employer shall not be required to allow an employee to
25 review the employee's personnel record on more than two separate occa-
26 sions in a calendar year; provided, however, that the notification and
27 review caused by the placing of negative information in the personnel
28 record shall not be deemed to be one of the two annually permitted
29 reviews.

30 3. If there is a disagreement with any information contained in a
31 personnel record, removal or correction of such information may be mutu-
32 ally agreed upon by the employer and the employee. If an agreement is
33 not reached, the employee may submit a written statement explaining the
34 employee's position which shall be contained and become a part of such
35 employee's personnel record. The statement shall be included when said
36 information is transmitted to a third party as long as the original
37 information is retained as part of the file. If an employer places any
38 information in a personnel record which such employer knew or should
39 have known to be false, the employee shall have remedy through the
40 collective bargaining agreement, other personnel procedures or judicial
41 process to have such information expunged. An employee may bring an
42 action in a court of competent jurisdiction to have false information
43 removed from his or her personnel record. The provisions of this section
44 shall not prohibit the removal of information contained in a personnel
45 record upon mutual agreement of the employer and employee for any
46 reason.

47 4. An employer shall retain the complete personnel record of any
48 employee as required to be kept under this section without deletions or
49 expungement of information from the date of employment of such employee
50 to a date three years after the termination of employment of the employ-
51 ee with such employer. In any cause of action brought by an employee
52 against such employer in any administrative or judicial proceeding such
53 employer shall retain any personnel record required to be kept under
54 this section which is relevant to such action until the final disposi-
55 tion thereof.

1 5. If an employer elects to have a written personnel policy regarding
2 the terms and conditions of employment, such personnel policy, as the
3 same may be amended from time to time, shall be continuously maintained
4 at the office of such employer where personnel matters are administered.

5 6. Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate any
6 conflicting provisions of any collective bargaining agreement.

7 7. Any violation of this section by an employer or any other person
8 shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than
9 twenty-five hundred dollars. This section shall be enforced by the
10 attorney general.

11 8. No employer or any other person shall discharge, threaten, penal-
12 ize, or in any other manner discriminate or retaliate against any
13 employee who exercises his or her rights under this section. As used in
14 this section, to threaten, penalize, or in any other manner discriminate
15 or retaliate against an employee includes, but is not limited to,
16 threatening to contact or contacting United States immigration authori-
17 ties or otherwise reporting or threatening to report an employee's
18 suspected citizenship or immigration status or the suspected citizenship
19 or immigration status of an employee's family or household member, as
20 defined in subdivision two of section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the
21 social services law, to a federal, state or local agency.

22 9. An employee may bring a civil action in a court of competent juris-
23 isdiction against any employer or persons alleged to have discriminated or
24 retaliated against him or her for the exercise of his or her rights
25 under this section. The court shall have jurisdiction to restrain
26 violations of this section, within two years of such violation, regard-
27 less of the dates of employment of the employee, and to order all appro-
28 priate relief, including: enjoining the conduct of any person or employ-
29 er; ordering payment of liquidated damages, costs, and reasonable
30 attorneys' fees to the employee by the person or entity in violation;
31 and, where the person or entity in violation is an employer, ordering
32 rehiring or reinstatement of the employee to his or her former position
33 with restoration of seniority or an award of front pay in lieu of rein-
34 statement, and an award of lost compensation and damages (including, but
35 not limited to, compensatory and punitive damages), costs and reasonable
36 attorneys' fees. Liquidated damages shall be calculated as an amount not
37 more than twenty thousand dollars. The court shall award liquidated
38 damages to every employee aggrieved under this section, in addition to
39 any other remedies permitted by this section.

40 10. At or before the commencement of any action under this section,
41 notice thereof shall be served upon the attorney general by the employ-
42 ee.

43 § 2. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall
44 have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment,
45 and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation
46 of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and
47 completed on or before such effective date.