

# STATE OF NEW YORK

120

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

(Prefiled)

January 4, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. MAGNARELLI -- read once and referred to the  
Committee on Real Property Taxation

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to the certification of certain property complying with the residential-commercial urban exemption program and the revocation of benefits of such program in certain circumstances

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 485-a of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 132 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

§ 485-a. Residential-commercial urban exemption program. 1. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) "Municipality" means any town, city or village except for a city having more than one million inhabitants.

(b) "Applicant" means any person obligated to pay real property taxes on the property for which an exemption from real property taxes under this section is sought.

(c) "Commercial construction work" means the modernization, rehabilitation, expansion or other improvement of the portion of mixed-use property to be used for commercial purposes.

(d) "Commercial purpose or use" means [~~(i)~~] the buying, selling or otherwise providing of goods or services directly to the public[~~, or (ii) a non-residential lawful use including, but not limited to, an office, hotel, retail store, brewery, distillery, restaurant, cafe, bar or tavern, gymnasium, theater, or entertainment venue which employs or is anticipated to employ a minimum of five employees primarily at the mixed-use property for which an exemption under this section is sought~~], including hotel services, retail stores, office space, restaurants, bars, gyms, theaters, and cafes.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [~~-~~] is old law to be omitted.

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(e) "Mixed-use property" means property on which will exist, after completion of residential construction work or a combination of residential construction work and commercial construction work, a building or structure used for both residential and commercial purposes of which, at least ~~forty~~ fifty percent of the building or structure's square footage is devoted to residential purposes or use and at least fifteen percent of the building or structure's square footage is devoted to commercial purposes or use. Only square footage existing in a story above grade shall be used in the determination of the building's percentage of residential purposes or use and commercial purposes or use.

(f) "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, agency, trust, estate, foreign or domestic government or subdivision thereof, or other entity.

(g) "Residential construction work" means the creation, modernization, rehabilitation, expansion or other improvement of dwelling units, other than dwelling units in a hotel, in the portion of mixed-use property to be used for residential purposes.

(h) "Story above grade" means any story having its finished floor surface entirely above grade.

(i) "Grade" shall mean the finished ground level adjoining the building at all exterior walls.

(j) "Floor area" means the horizontal areas of the several floors or any portion thereof of a mixed-use property measured from the exterior faces of exterior walls or from the center line of party walls, exclusive of any area existing below-grade.

2. Any municipality may, by local law, provide for the exemption of real property from taxation as provided in this section. Upon the adoption of such a local law, the county in which such municipality is located may, by local law, and any school district, all or part of which is located in such municipality, may, by resolution, exempt such property from its taxation in the same manner and to the same extent as such municipality has done.

3. Upon the adoption of such a local law, non-residential real property, upon conversion to mixed-use property, shall be exempt from taxation and special ad valorem levies as provided for in subdivision four of this section. Land which was vacant prior to the residential or commercial construction work for which a tax exemption is sought, shall not be eligible to receive benefits pursuant to this section.

4. (a) (i) For a period of twelve years from the approval of an application, the increase in assessed value of such property attributable to such conversion shall be exempt as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. Such exemption shall be computed with respect to the "exemption base". The exemption base shall be determined for each year in which there is an increase in assessed value so attributable from that of the previous year's assessed value.

(ii) The following table shall illustrate the computation of the tax exemption:

Year of exemption	Percentage of exemption
1 through 8	100% of exemption base
9	80% of exemption base
10	60% of exemption base
11	40% of exemption base
12	20% of exemption base

(b) No such exemption shall be granted unless:

(i) such conversion was commenced subsequent to the date on which the municipality's local law took effect; ~~[and]~~

(ii) the cost of such conversion exceeds the sum of ten thousand dollars or such greater amount as may be specified by local law~~[-]~~;

(iii) at least seventy-five percent of the floor area of the mixed-use property consists of the pre-existing building or structure; and

(iv) the portion of the building used for commercial purposes is currently, as demonstrated by documentation submitted by the applicant, used as such or is in good faith contemplated.

(c) For purposes of this section the term conversion shall not include ordinary maintenance and repairs.

(d) No such exemption shall be granted concurrent with or subsequent to any other real property tax exemption granted to the same improvements to real property, except, where during the period of such previous exemption, payments in lieu of taxes or other payments were made to the local government in an amount that would have been equal to or greater than the amount of real property taxes that would have been paid on such improvements had such property been granted an exemption pursuant to this section. In such case, an exemption shall be granted for a number of years equal to the twelve year exemption granted pursuant to this section less the number of years the property would have been previously exempt from real property taxes.

5. Such exemption shall be granted only upon application by the owner of such real property on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Such application shall be filed with the assessor of the municipality or county having the power to assess property for taxation on or before the appropriate taxable status date of such municipality or county.

6. If the assessor is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to an exemption pursuant to this section, he or she shall approve the application and such real property shall be exempt from taxation and special ad valorem levies as in this section provided. The assessed value of any exemption granted pursuant to this section shall be entered by the assessor on the assessment roll with the taxable property, with the amount of the exemption shown in a separate column.

7. (a) During the period of exemption pursuant to this section, the owner shall submit an annual certification to the assessor attesting that the property complies with the provisions or requirements of this section and any additional provisions or requirements as may be provided by local law. Failure to submit such certification shall result in revocation of benefits. Such certification shall include at a minimum the following:

(i) the types of residential use and the total above-grade square footage ~~[and below-grade square footage]~~ of such use;

(ii) the types of commercial use and the total above-grade square footage ~~[and below-grade square footage]~~ of such use;

(iii) attestation that the portion of the building used for commercial purposes is currently, as demonstrated by documentation submitted by the applicant, used as such or is in good faith contemplated ~~[to be used as such]~~; and

~~(iv) [the specific address of the entrance through which the public enters the portion of the building used for commercial purposes,~~

~~(v) if the portion of the building intended to be used for commercial purposes is not currently in active use for such purposes and open to the public, the reasons why it is not currently being used for commercial purposes and open to the public, and~~

1 ~~(vi)~~] all such other information required by the municipality.

2 (b) If the assessor is satisfied that the applicant continues to be  
3 entitled to the exemption pursuant to this section, the assessor shall  
4 approve the certification and the real property shall remain exempt from  
5 taxation and special ad valorem levies for another year as provided in  
6 this section.

7 8. (a) The benefits of this section shall be revoked upon a finding by  
8 the assessor that:

9 (i) the application for benefits hereunder or the annual certification  
10 required hereunder contains a false statement or false information as to  
11 a material matter or omits a material matter; or

12 (ii) the eligible real property fails to comply with one or more of  
13 the provisions or requirements of this section or any provisions or  
14 requirements provided by local law[~~, or~~

15 ~~(iii) the portion of the property devoted to commercial purposes has~~  
16 ~~not been in active use for commercial purposes and open to the public~~  
17 ~~for three consecutive years].~~

18 (b) Such revocation shall require the repayment of any benefits previ-  
19 ously granted pursuant to this section [~~for any year during which the~~  
20 ~~property was non-compliant or the application or annual certification~~  
21 ~~contained a false statement or false information as to a material matter~~  
22 ~~or omitted a material matter.~~

23 ~~(c) No benefits may be revoked unless the applicant has been given~~  
24 ~~thirty days' notice of such revocation and has been given reasonable~~  
25 ~~notice to cure any failure to comply with the provisions of requirements~~  
26 ~~of this section].~~

27 9. If the assessor determines that there was a material misstatement  
28 in an application filed by or on behalf of the owners for an exemption  
29 pursuant to this section and that such misstatement provided the basis  
30 for the granting of such exemption, the municipality shall proceed to  
31 impose a penalty on the applicant of one thousand dollars in addition to  
32 recovering the amount of any prior exemption granted.

33 § 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2024 and shall apply to  
34 properties for which the initial application for exemption are received  
35 on and after such date.