STATE OF NEW YORK

5304

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

March 1, 2023

Introduced by Sen. FERNANDEZ -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Higher Education

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to the definition of the practice of pharmacy; and to repeal section 6801-a of the education law, relating to the collaborative drug therapy management demonstration program

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 6801 of the education law, as amended by chapter 1 2 563 of the laws of 2008, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 21 of the 3 laws of 2011, subdivisions 2 and 4 as amended by section 1 of part DD of chapter 57 of the laws of 2018, subdivision 5 as added by chapter 502 of 4 the laws of 2016, subdivision 6 as added by chapter 134 of the laws of 5 б 2021, subdivision 7 as added by section 2 of part C of chapter 57 and 7 subdivision 8 as added by chapter 802 of the laws of 2022, is amended to 8 read as follows: § 6801. [Definition of practice] Practice of pharmacy. 1. [The prac-9 10 tice of the profession of pharmacy is defined as the administering, 11 preparing, compounding, preserving, or the dispensing of drugs, medi-12 cines and therapeutic devices on the basis of prescriptions or other 13 legal authority, and collaborative drug therapy management in accordance 14 with the provisions of section sixty-eight hundred one-a of this arti-15 cle. 16 2. A licensed pharmacist may execute a non-patient specific regimen prescribed or ordered by a physician licensed in this state or nurse 17 18 practitioner certified in this state, pursuant to rules and regulations 19 promulgated by the commissioner. When a licensed pharmacist administers 20 an immunizing agent, he or she shall: (a) report such administration by electronic transmission or facsimile 21 22 to the patient's attending primary health care practitioner or practi-23 tioners, if any, and, to the extent practicable, make himself or herself 24 available to discuss the outcome of such immunization, including any 25 adverse reactions, with the attending primary health care practitioner, 26 and to the statewide immunization registry or the citywide immunization

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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registry, as established pursuant to and to the extent permitted section twenty-one hundred sixty-eight of the public health law; and (b) provide information to the patient or, where applicable, the person legally responsible for the patient, on the importance of having a primary health care practitioner, developed by the commissioner of health; and (c) report such administration, absent of any individually identifiable health information, to the department of health in a manner required by the commissioner of health; and (d) prior to administering the immunization, inform the patient or, where applicable, the person legally responsible for the patient, of the total cost of the immunization or immunizations, subtracting any health insurance subsidization, if applicable. In the case the immunization is covered, the pharmacist must inform the patient or, where applicable, the person legally responsible for the patient, of the possibility that the immunization may be covered when administered by a primary care physician or practitioner; and (c) administer the immunization or immunizations according to the most current recommendations by the advisory committee for immunization practices (ACIP), provided however, that a pharmacist may administer any immunization authorized under this section when specified by a patient specific order. 3. No pharmacist shall administer immunizing agents without receiving

training satisfactory to the commissioner and the commissioner of health 24 which shall include, but not be limited to, techniques for screening 25 individuals and obtaining informed consent; techniques of adminis-26 27 tration; indications, precautions and contraindications in the use of agent or agents; record keeping of immunization and information; and 28 handling emergencies, including anaphylaxis and needlesticks. 29

30 4. When administering an immunization in a pharmacy, the licensed 31 pharmacist shall provide an area for the immunization that provides for 32 a patient's privacy. The privacy area should include:

a. a clearly visible posting of the most current "Recommended Adult 33 34 Immunization Schedule" published by the advisory committee for immuniza-35 tion practices (ACIP); and

36 (b) education materials on influenza vaccinations for children as 37 determined by the commissioner and the commissioner of health.

38 5. A licensed pharmacist may execute a non-patient specific order, for dispensing up to a seven day starter pack of HIV post-exposure prophy-39 laxis medications for the purpose of preventing human immunodeficiency 40 41 virus infection, by a physician licensed in this state or nurse practi-42 tioner certified in this state, pursuant to rules and regulations 43 promulgated by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of 44 health following a potential human immunodeficiency virus exposure.

45 6. A licensed pharmacist may execute a non-patient-specific regimen of insulin and related supplies to an individual who has a valid 46 47 prescription for insulin and related supplies which has since expired within the last twelve months. The valid prescription must have been 48 prescribed or ordered by a physician licensed in this state or nurse 49 practitioner certified in this state. Execution of a non-patient-specif-50 51 ic regimen shall be on an emergency basis provided the pharmacist:

52 (a) first attempts to obtain an authorization from the prescriber ____f 53 the patient-specific prescription and cannot obtain the authorization, and the prescriber does not object to dispensing to the patient under 54 55 the non-patient-specific regimen;

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1	(b) provides a refill of the patient-specific prescription and the
2	quantity of that refill is in conformity with the directions for use
3	under the patient-specific prescription, but limited to an amount not to
4	exceed a thirty-day emergency supply; and
5	(c) notifies, within seventy-two hours of dispensing the refill or
6	refills, the prescriber of the patient-specific prescription whose
7	authorization could not be obtained, that an emergency prescription of
8 9	insulin has been dispensed. 7. A ligensed pharmagist is a qualified health gare professional under
10	section five hundred seventy-one of the public health law for the
	purposes of directing a limited service laboratory and ordering and
11 12	administering COVID-19 and influenza tests authorized by the Food and
13	Drug Administration (FDA), subject to certificate of waiver requirements
14^{13}	established pursuant to the federal clinical laboratory improvement act
$14 \\ 15$	of nineteen hundred eighty-eight.
$15 \\ 16$	8. A licensed pharmacist within their lawful scope of practice may
17	administer injectable medications into the deltoid muscle, pursuant to
	section six thousand eight hundred two of this article, for the treat-
18 19	ment of mental health and substance use disorder, as prescribed or
20	ordered by a licensed prescriber, acting within their scope of practice
$\frac{20}{21}$	in this state and in accordance with regulations, including but not
21 22	limited to regulations promulgated by the commissioner in consultation
22 23	with any other state agencies, as necessary.] "Practice of pharmacy"
23 24	
24 25	(a) the interpretation, evaluation and dispensing of prescription drug
26	orders; (b) participation in drug and device selection, drug administration,
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28 29	prospective and retrospective drug reviews and drug or drug-related
	research;
30	(c) the provision of patient counseling and the provision of those
31	acts or services necessary to provide pharmaceutical care;
32	(d) the responsibility for:
33 34	(i) compounding and labeling of drugs and devices, except labeling by a manufacturer, repackager or distributor of nonprescription drugs and
35	commercially packaged legend drugs and devices;
36	(ii) proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and maintenance of
30 37	proper records for such drugs and devices; and
38	(iii) the offering or performing of those acts, services, operations
30 39	or transactions necessary to the conduct, operation, management and
40	control of pharmacy;
40 41	(e) the prescribing of drugs, drug categories, or devices that are
42	limited to conditions that:
43	(i) do not require a new diagnosis;
43 44	(ii) are minor and generally self-limiting;
	(iii) have a test that is used to guide diagnosis or clinical deci-
45 46	sion-making and are waived under the federal clinical laboratory
40 47	improvement amendments of nineteen hundred eighty-eight; or
	(iv) in the professional judgment of the pharmacist, threaten the
48 49	health or safety of the patient should the prescription not be imme-
49 50	diately dispensed. In such cases, only sufficient quantity may be
	provided until the patient is able to be seen by another provider.
51 52	2. The state board of pharmacy shall not adopt any rules authorizing a
5∠ 53	2. The state board of pharmacy shall not adopt any rules authorizing a pharmacist to prescribe a controlled drug.
53 54	§ 2. Section 6801-a of the education law is REPEALED.
54 55	§ 2. Section 6801-a of the education law is REPEALED. § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.
55	3 J. THIS ACT SHALL LARE ELLECT HUMMEDIALELY.