

STATE OF NEW YORK

2829

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 24, 2023

Introduced by Sens. LANZA, STEC -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to the crime of endangering the welfare of a child and to create a new crime of endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 260.10 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 447
2 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

3 § 260.10 Endangering the welfare of a child in the second degree.

4 A person is guilty of endangering the welfare of a child in the second
5 degree when:

6 1. He or she knowingly acts in a manner likely to be injurious to the
7 physical, mental or moral welfare of a child less than seventeen years
8 old or directs or authorizes such child to engage in an occupation
9 involving a substantial risk of danger to his or her life or health; or

10 2. Being a parent, guardian or other person legally charged with the
11 care or custody of a child less than eighteen years old, he or she fails
12 or refuses to exercise reasonable diligence in the control of such child
13 to prevent him or her from becoming an "abused child," a "neglected
14 child," a "juvenile delinquent" or a "person in need of supervision," as
15 those terms are defined in articles ten, three and seven of the family
16 court act.

17 3. A person is not guilty of the provisions of this section when he or
18 she engages in the conduct described in subdivision one of section
19 260.00 of this article: (a) with the intent to wholly abandon the child
20 by relinquishing responsibility for and right to the care and custody of
21 such child; (b) with the intent that the child be safe from physical
22 injury and cared for in an appropriate manner; (c) the child is left
23 with an appropriate person, or in a suitable location and the person who

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD02289-01-3

1 leaves the child promptly notifies an appropriate person of the child's
2 location; and (d) the child is not more than thirty days old.

3 Endangering the welfare of a child in the second degree is a class A
4 misdemeanor.

5 § 2. Section 260.11 of the penal law is renumbered section 260.12.

6 § 3. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 260.11 to read
7 as follows:

8 § 260.11 Endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree.

9 A person is guilty of endangering the welfare of a child in the first
10 degree when:

11 1. He or she knowingly acts in a manner which creates a risk of either
12 serious physical injury or prolonged impairment of the mental or
13 emotional condition of a child less than seventeen years old; or

14 2. He or she commits the offense of endangering the welfare of a child
15 in the second degree, when:

16 (a) The child is less than eleven years old; or

17 (b) The child suffered physical injury; or

18 (c) He or she has previously been convicted of any of the following
19 offenses: endangering the welfare of a child in the second degree as
20 defined in section 260.10; endangering the welfare of a child in the
21 first degree as defined in this section; abandonment of a child as
22 defined in section 260.00; assault in the second degree as defined in
23 subdivision eight or nine of section 120.05; aggravated assault upon a
24 person less than eleven years old as defined in section 120.12;
25 manslaughter in the first degree as defined in subdivision four of
26 section 125.20; murder in the second degree as defined in subdivision
27 four of section 125.25; rape in the third degree as defined in subdivi-
28 sion two of section 130.25; rape in the second degree as defined in
29 section 130.30; rape in the first degree as defined in subdivision three
30 of section 130.35; criminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in
31 subdivision two of section 130.40; criminal sexual act in the second
32 degree as defined in section 130.45; criminal sexual act in the first
33 degree as defined in subdivision three of section 130.50; sexual abuse
34 in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.60;
35 sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in subdivision three of
36 section 130.65; aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree as defined
37 in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section 130.66; aggravated sexual
38 abuse in the second degree as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision
39 one of section 130.67; aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree as
40 defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section 130.70; course of
41 sexual conduct against a child in the first degree as defined in section
42 130.75; course of sexual conduct against a child in the second degree as
43 defined in section 130.80; disseminating indecent material to minors in
44 the second degree as defined in section 235.21; disseminating indecent
45 material to minors in the first degree as defined in section 235.22; use
46 of a child in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05; promot-
47 ing an obscene sexual performance by a child as defined in section
48 263.10; possessing an obscene sexual performance by a child as defined
49 in section 263.11; promoting a sexual performance by a child as defined
50 in section 263.15; possessing a sexual performance by a child as defined
51 in section 263.16; or a similar offense against a child in any other
52 jurisdiction.

53 Endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree is a class D
54 felony.

§ 4. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 70.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Class D violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit any of the class C felonies set forth in paragraph (b); reckless assault of a child as defined in section 120.02, assault in the second degree as defined in section 120.05, menacing a police officer or peace officer as defined in section 120.18, stalking in the first degree, as defined in subdivision one of section 120.60, strangulation in the second degree as defined in section 121.12, rape in the second degree as defined in section 130.30, criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in section 130.45, sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.65, course of sexual conduct against a child in the second degree as defined in section 130.80, aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree as defined in section 130.66, facilitating a sex offense with a controlled substance as defined in section 130.90, labor trafficking as defined in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of section 135.35, endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree as defined in section 260.11, criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in subdivision five, six, seven, eight, nine or ten of section 265.02, criminal sale of a firearm in the third degree as defined in section 265.11, intimidating a victim or witness in the second degree as defined in section 215.16, soliciting or providing support for an act of terrorism in the second degree as defined in section 490.10, and making a terroristic threat as defined in section 490.20, falsely reporting an incident in the first degree as defined in section 240.60, placing a false bomb or hazardous substance in the first degree as defined in section 240.62, placing a false bomb or hazardous substance in a sports stadium or arena, mass transportation facility or enclosed shopping mall as defined in section 240.63, aggravated unpermitted use of indoor pyrotechnics in the first degree as defined in section 405.18, and criminal manufacture, sale, or transport of an undetectable firearm, rifle or shotgun as defined in section 265.50.

§ 5. Section 260.12 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 89 of the laws of 1984 and as renumbered by section two of this act, is amended to read as follows:

§ 260.12 Endangering the welfare of a child; corroboration.

A person shall not be convicted of endangering the welfare of a child as defined in section 260.10 or 260.11 of this article, or of an attempt to commit the same, upon the testimony of a victim who is incapable of consent because of mental defect or mental incapacity as to conduct that constitutes an offense or an attempt to commit an offense referred to in section 130.16, without additional evidence sufficient pursuant to section 130.16 to sustain a conviction of an offense referred to in section 130.16, or of an attempt to commit the same.

§ 6. Section 260.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 447 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 260.15 Endangering the welfare of a child; defense.

In any prosecution for endangering the welfare of a child, pursuant to section 260.10 or 260.11 of this article, based upon an alleged failure or refusal to provide proper medical care or treatment to an ill child, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant (a) is a parent, guardian or other person legally charged with the care or custody of such child; and (b) is a member or adherent of an organized church or religious group the tenets of which prescribe prayer as the principal treat-

1 ment for illness; and (c) treated or caused such ill child to be treated
2 in accordance with such tenets.
3 § 7. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeed-
4 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.