STATE OF NEW YORK

1244

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 11, 2023

Introduced by Sens. KRUEGER, BAILEY, LIU, SALAZAR -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Budget and Revenue

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to creating the middle class circuit breaker tax credit; and creating a tax reform study commission

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 2 subsection (bbb) to read as follows:

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(bbb) Middle class circuit breaker credit. (1) Definitions. For the purposes of this subsection:

- (A) "Qualified taxpayer" means a resident individual of the state who owns or rents the residential real property in which he or she resides, and has resided in such residential real property for not less than five years.
- 9 (B) "Household" or "members of the household" means a qualified
 10 taxpayer or qualified taxpayers and all other persons, not necessarily
 11 related, who all reside in the residential real property owned by the
 12 taxpayer or taxpayers, and share its furnishings, facilities and accommodations; provided that no person may be a member of more than one
 14 household at one time.
- (C) "Household gross income" means the aggregate adjusted gross income 15 of all members of the household for the taxable year as reported for 16 federal income tax purposes, or which would be reported as adjusted 17 18 gross income if a federal income tax return were required to be filed, with the modifications in subsection (b) of section six hundred twelve 19 20 of this article but without the modifications in subsection (c) of such 21 section, plus any portion of the gain from the sale or exchange of property otherwise excluded from such amount; earned income from sources 22 without the United States excludable from federal gross income by 24 section nine hundred eleven of the internal revenue code; support money

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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not included in adjusted gross income; nontaxable strike benefits; 1 supplemental security income payments; the gross amount of any pension 2 3 or annuity benefits to the extent not included in such adjusted gross 4 income (including, but not limited to, railroad retirement benefits and 5 all payments received under the federal social security act and veter-6 ans' disability pensions); nontaxable interest received from the state 7 of New York, its agencies, instrumentalities, public corporations, or 8 political subdivisions (including a public corporation created pursuant 9 to agreement or compact with another state or Canada); workers' compen-10 sation; the gross amount of "loss-of-time" insurance; and the amount of 11 cash public assistance and relief, other than medical assistance for the 12 needy, paid to or for the benefit of the qualified taxpayer or members of his or her household. Household gross income shall not include 13 surplus foods or other relief in kind or payments made to individuals 14 15 because of their status as victims of Nazi persecution as defined in public law 103-286 or any disability compensation received by veterans 16 17 on account of injury or illness incurred or aggravated during military service in the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq since September eleventh, 18 two thousand one. Provided, further, household gross income shall only 19 20 include all such income received by all members of the household while 21 members of such household.

- (D) "Adjusted rent" means rent paid for the right of occupancy of a residence.
- (E) "Real property tax equivalent" means (i) for taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-five, fifteen percent of the adjusted rent actually paid in the taxable year by a household solely for the right of occupancy of its New York residence for the taxable year. If (I) a residence is rented to two or more individuals as cotenants, or such individuals share in the payment of a single rent for the right of occupancy of such residence, and (II) each of such individuals is a member of a different household, one or more of which individuals shares such residence, real property tax equivalent is that portion of fifteen percent of the adjusted rent paid in the taxable year which reflects that portion of the rent attributable to the qualified taxpayer and the members of his or her household; and (i) for taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-five and thereafter, twenty percent of the adjusted rent actually paid in the taxable year by a household solely for the right of occupancy of its New York residence for the taxable year. If (I) a residence is rented to two or more individuals as cotenants, or such individuals share in the payment of a single rent for the right of occupancy of such residence, and (II) each of such individuals is a member of a different household, one or more of which individuals shares such residence, real property tax equivalent is that portion of twenty percent of the adjusted rent paid in the taxable year which reflects that portion of the rent attributable to the qualified taxpayer and the members of his or her household.
- (F) "Net real property tax" means the real property taxes assessed on the residential real property owned and occupied by the taxpayer or taxpayers after any exemption or abatement received pursuant to the real property tax law.
- (2) Credit. A qualified taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by this article, equal to seventy percent of the amount by which the taxpayer's net real property tax or the taxpayer's real property tax equivalent exceeds the taxpayer's maximum real property tax, as determined by paragraph three of this subsection. If such credit exceeds the tax for such taxable year, as reduced by the other credits permitted

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1 by this article, the qualified taxpayer may receive, and the comp-
2 troller, subject to a certificate of the department, shall pay as an
   overpayment, without interest, any excess between such tax as so reduced
   and the amount of the credit. If a qualified taxpayer is not required to
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   file a return pursuant to section six hundred fifty-one of this article,
   a qualified taxpayer may nevertheless receive and the comptroller,
   subject to a certificate of the department, shall pay as an overpayment
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   the full amount of the credit, without interest.
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     (3) Maximum real property tax. (A) A qualified taxpayer's maximum real
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   property tax shall be determined as follows:
     (i) For tax years beginning in two thousand twenty-five:
11
12 <u>Household gross income</u>
                                        Maximum real property tax
13 One hundred thousand
                                        Nine percent of the
14
   dollars or less
                                        household gross income
15
   More than one hundred
                                        No limitation.
16 thousand dollars
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     (ii) For tax years beginning in two thousand twenty-six:
   Household gross income
                                        Maximum real property tax
18
                                        Eight and one-half percent of the
19
   One hundred thousand
20 <u>dollars or less</u>
                                        household gross income
21
   More than one hundred
                                        No limitation.
22 thousand dollars
2.3
     (iii) For tax years beginning in two thousand twenty-seven:
                                        Maximum real property tax
24 <u>Household gross income</u>
25
   One hundred thousand dollars
                                         Seven and one-half percent of
26
   or less
                                        household gross income
27
   More than one hundred thousand
                                         Seven and one-half percent of
28
   dollars, but less than or equal to
                                         one hundred thousand dollars
29
   one hundred fifty thousand dollars
                                         plus eight and one-half percent of
30
                                        household gross income above
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                                        one hundred thousand dollars
   More than one hundred fifty
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                                        No limitation.
   thousand dollars
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     (iv) For tax years beginning in two thousand twenty-eight and there-
35
   after:
36
   Household gross income
                                         Maximum real property tax
                                         Six percent of household gross
37
   One hundred thousand
   dollars or less
38
                                         income
   More than one hundred thousand
39
                                         Six percent of one hundred
40
   dollars, but less than or equal to
                                         thousand dollars plus seven
                                         percent of household gross income
41
   one hundred fifty thousand dollars
42
                                         above one hundred thousand dollars
43
   More than one hundred fifty
                                         Six percent of one hundred thousand
44
   thousand dollars, but less than
                                         dollars plus seven
   or equal to two hundred fifty
                                         percent of fifty thousand dollars
45
   thousand dollars
                                         plus eight and one-half percent of
46
47
                                        household gross income above one
                                        hundred fifty thousand dollars
48
   More than two hundred fifty
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                                        No limitation.
   thousand dollars
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     (B) The thresholds of household gross income established by clause
52 (iv) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be indexed for
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inflation for tax years beginning in two thousand twenty-nine and there-

- (4) Exclusions from eliqibility. No credit shall be granted under this subsection if the qualified taxpayer claims the real property tax circuit breaker credit, pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, during the taxable year.
- 7 § 2. There is hereby established a tax reform study commission to 8 provide the governor and the legislature with a long run plan for 9 reforming the state and local tax systems. The tax reform study commis-10 sion shall consist of five members appointed by the governor, four 11 members each appointed by the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president of the senate, and one member each appointed by the minority leader of the senate and the minority leader of the assembly. In addi-13 14 tion, on or before January 1, 2027, the tax reform study commission 15 shall provide the governor and the legislature with recommendations on 16 any changes that should be made in the definitions of income used in the 17 various property tax relief programs authorized by the laws of the state 18 of New York. Such recommendations shall be based on an examination of 19 such laws and of such laws in other states. In preparing such recommendations, the tax reform study commission shall review the distributional 20 21 impact of the items of income included in the definition of household 22 income for purposes of the circuit breaker and other property tax relief programs established by state law and make recommendations to the gover-23 24 nor and the legislature for any changes in any of these definitions that 25 the tax reform study commission deems appropriate. The commissioner of taxation and finance and the director of the office of real property 26 27 services shall provide the tax reform study commission with such data 28 and analysis as it may require. 29
 - § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.