STATE OF NEW YORK

896--A

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 11, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. GALLAGHER, L. ROSENTHAL, DICKENS, SIMON, STIRPE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the judiciary law, the mental hygiene law, the public health law, the county law, and the general city law, in relation to replacing the words addict and addicts with the words person with substance use disorder or variation thereof

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 35 of the judiciary law, as amended by chapter 479 of the laws of 2022, is amended to read as follows:

a. When a court orders a hearing in a proceeding upon a writ of habeas corpus to inquire into the cause of detention of a person in custody in a state institution, or when it orders a hearing in a civil proceeding to commit or transfer a person to or retain him in a state institution when such person is alleged to be mentally ill, mentally defective or a [~~narcotic addict~~] **person with substance use disorder**, or when it orders a hearing for the commitment of the guardianship and custody of a child to an authorized agency by reason of the mental illness or developmental disability of a parent, or when it orders a hearing to determine whether consent to the adoption of a child shall be required of a parent who is alleged to be mentally ill or developmentally disabled, or when it orders a hearing to determine the best interests of a child when the parent of the child revokes a consent to the adoption of such child and such revocation is opposed or in any adoption or custody proceeding if it determines that assignment of counsel in such cases is mandated by the constitution of this state or of the United States, the court may assign counsel to represent such person if it is satisfied that he is financially unable to obtain counsel. Upon an appeal taken from an order

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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entered in any such proceeding, the appellate court may assign counsel to represent such person upon the appeal if it is satisfied that he is financially unable to obtain counsel.

§ 2. Subdivision 4 of section 35 of the judiciary law, as amended by chapter 706 of the laws of 1975 and as renumbered by chapter 315 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

4. In any proceeding described in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section, when a person is alleged to be mentally ill, mentally defective or a [~~narcotic addict~~] **person with substance use disorder**, the court which ordered the hearing may appoint no more than two psychiatrists, certified psychologists or physicians to examine and testify at the hearing upon the condition of such person. A psychiatrist, psychologist or physician so appointed shall, upon completion of his services, receive reimbursement for expenses reasonably incurred and reasonable compensation for such services, to be fixed by the court. Such compensation shall not exceed two hundred dollars if one psychiatrist, psychologist or physician is appointed, or an aggregate sum of three hundred dollars if two psychiatrists, psychologists or physicians are appointed, except that in extraordinary circumstances the court may provide for compensation in excess of the foregoing limits.

§ 3. Paragraph (i) of subdivision (b) of section 32.05 of the mental hygiene law, as amended by section 3 of part Z of chapter 57 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

(i) Methadone, or such other controlled substance designated by the commissioner of health as appropriate for such use, may be administered to [~~an addict~~] **a person with substance use disorder**, as defined in section thirty-three hundred two of the public health law, by individual physicians, groups of physicians and public or private medical facilities certified pursuant to article twenty-eight or thirty-three of the public health law as part of a chemical dependence program which has been issued an operating certificate by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision (b) of section 32.09 of this article, provided, however, that such administration must be done in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations. Individual physicians or groups of physicians who have obtained authorization from the federal government to administer buprenorphine to [~~addicts~~] **people with substance use disorder** may do so without obtaining an operating certificate from the commissioner.

§ 4. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (b) of section 32.09 of the mental hygiene law, as added by chapter 558 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

5. the applicant will establish procedures to effectively implement a detoxification program to further relieve [~~addicts~~] **people with substance use disorder** from dependence upon methadone or such other controlled substances prescribed for treatment in subject maintenance programs.

§ 5. Subdivision 1 of section 3302 of the public health law, as amended by chapter 92 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. [~~"Addict"~~] **"Person with substance use disorder"** means a person who habitually uses a controlled substance for a non-legitimate or unlawful use, and who by reason of such use is dependent thereon.

§ 6. Subdivision 1 of section 3331 of the public health law, as added by chapter 878 of the laws of 1972, is amended to read as follows:

1. Except as provided in titles III or V of this article, no substance in schedules II, III, IV, or V may be prescribed for or dispensed or

administered to [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder or habitual user.

§ 7. The title heading of title V of article 33 of the public health law, as added by chapter 878 of the laws of 1972, is amended to read as follows:

DISPENSING TO [~~ADDICTS~~] PERSONS WITH SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER AND HABITUAL USERS

§ 8. Section 3350 of the public health law, as added by chapter 878 of the laws of 1972, is amended to read as follows:

§ 3350. Dispensing prohibition. Controlled substances may not be prescribed for, or administered or dispensed to [~~addicts~~] persons with substance use disorder or habitual users of controlled substances, except as provided by this title or title III.

§ 9. Section 3351 of the public health law, as added by chapter 878 of the laws of 1972, subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 558 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

§ 3351. Dispensing for medical use. 1. Controlled substances may be prescribed for, or administered or dispensed to [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder or habitual user:

(a) during emergency medical treatment unrelated to use of controlled substances;

(b) who is a bona fide patient suffering from an incurable and fatal disease such as cancer or advanced tuberculosis;

(c) who is aged, infirm, or suffering from serious injury or illness and the withdrawal from controlled substances would endanger the life or impede or inhibit the recovery of such person.

2. Controlled substances may be ordered for use by [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder or habitual user by a practitioner and administered by a practitioner or registered nurse to relieve acute withdrawal symptoms.

3. Methadone, or such other controlled substance designated by the commissioner as appropriate for such use, may be ordered for use of [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder by a practitioner and dispensed or administered by a practitioner or his designated agent as interim treatment for [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder on a waiting list for admission to an authorized maintenance program.

4. Methadone, or such other controlled substance designated by the commissioner as appropriate for such use, may be administered to [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder by a practitioner or by his designated agent acting under the direction and supervision of a practitioner, as part of a regime designed and intended to withdraw a patient from addiction to controlled substances.

5. Methadone, or such other controlled substance designated by the commissioner as appropriate for such use, may be administered to [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder by a practitioner or by his designated agent acting under the direction and supervision of a practitioner, as part of a substance [~~abuse~~] use or chemical dependence program approved pursuant to article [~~twenty-three or~~] thirty-two of the mental hygiene law.

§ 10. Section 3372 of the public health law, as amended by chapter 195 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows:

§ 3372. Practitioner patient reporting. It shall be the duty of every attending practitioner and every consulting practitioner to report promptly to the commissioner, or his duly designated agent, the name

and, if possible, the address of, and such other data as may be required by the commissioner with respect to, any person under treatment if he finds that such person is [~~an addict~~] a person with substance use disorder or a habitual user of any narcotic drug. Such report shall be kept confidential and may be utilized only for statistical, epidemiological or research purposes, except that those reports which originate in the course of a criminal proceeding other than under section 81.25 of the mental hygiene law shall be subject only to the confidentiality requirements of section thirty-three hundred seventy-one of this article.

§ 11. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 396-h of the county law, as added by chapter 818 of the laws of 1971, are amended to read as follows:

2. To establish in-patient and out-patient treatment facilities for persons [~~addicted to the use of drugs and drug abusers~~] with substance use disorders. Such facilities shall include, but shall not be limited to:

a. detoxification centers and clinics for the out-patient treatment of [~~drug abusers and addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders;

b. a treatment center where [~~drug abusers and addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders may obtain professional counseling from physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists and where possible, [~~former drug abusers and addicts~~] other persons with substance use disorders;

c. half-way houses to provide continuing treatment for [~~drug abusers and addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders.

3. To create a referral program whereby [~~drug abusers, addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders and persons and agencies concerned with their treatment will make use of the aforementioned treatment facilities;

§ 12. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 121 of the general city law, as added by chapter 820 of the laws of 1971, are amended to read as follows:

2. To establish in-patient and out-patient treatment facilities for persons [~~addicted to the use of drugs and drug abusers~~] with substance use disorders. Such facilities shall include, but shall not be limited to:

a. detoxification centers and clinics for the out-patient treatment of [~~drug abusers and addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders;

b. a treatment center where [~~addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders may obtain professional counseling from physicians, psychologists, psychiatrists and where possible, [~~former drug abusers and addicts~~] other persons with substance use disorders;

c. half-way houses to provide continuing treatment for [~~drug abusers and addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders.

3. To create a referral program whereby [~~drug abusers, addicts~~] persons with substance use disorders and persons and agencies concerned with their treatment will make use of the aforementioned treatment facilities;

§ 13. This act shall take effect immediately.