## STATE OF NEW YORK

\_\_\_\_\_\_

4130--A

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

February 9, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. FAHY, LEVENBERG, BURDICK, SIMON, KELLES, WOERNER,
 CLARK, SHIMSKY -- read once and referred to the Committee on Housing
 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended
 and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the multiple residence law, the multiple dwelling law, and the tax law, in relation to short-term residential rental of private dwellings in certain municipalities

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The multiple residence law is amended by adding a new article 2-A to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2-A

4 SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL RENTAL UNITS

5 <u>Section 20. Definitions.</u>

3

6

7

11

- 21. Short-term residential rental units; regulation.
- 22. Registration.
- 8 <u>23. Exceptions.</u>
- 9 **24.** Penalties.
- 10 <u>24-a. Enforcement.</u>
  - 24-b. Data sharing.
- § 20. Definitions. For the purposes of this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- 14 1. "Short-term residential rental unit" means an entire dwelling unit,
  15 or a room, group of rooms, other living or sleeping space, or any other
  16 space within a dwelling, made available for rent by guests for less than
  17 thirty consecutive days, where the unit is offered for tourist or transient use by the short-term rental host of the residential unit.
- 2. "Short-term rental host" means a person or entity in valid legal possession of a short-term rental unit who rents such unit to quests.
- 21 <u>3. "Booking service" means a person or entity who, directly or indi-</u>
  22 <u>rectly:</u>

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD02793-07-3

- 1 (a) provides one or more online, computer or application-based plat-2 forms that individually or collectively can be used to:
  - (i) list or advertise offers for short-term rentals, and
- 4 (ii) either accept such offers, or reserve or pay for such rentals; 5 and
  - (b) charges, collects or receives a fee for the use of such a platform or for provision of any service in connection with a short-term rental. A booking service shall not be construed to include a platform that solely lists or advertises offers for short-term rentals.
- § 21. Short-term residential rental units; regulation. 1. A short-term rental host may operate a dwelling unit as a short-term residential rental unit provided such dwelling unit:
- 13 (a) is registered in accordance with section twenty-two of this arti-14 cle;
  - (b) is not used to provide single room occupancy as defined by subdivision forty-four of section four of this chapter;
  - (c) includes a conspicuously posted evacuation diagram identifying all means of egress from the unit and the building in which it is located;
  - (d) includes a conspicuously posted list of emergency phone numbers for police, fire, and poison control;
    - (e) has a working fire-extinguisher; and
  - (f) is insured by an insurer licensed to write insurance in this state or procured by a duly licensed excess line broker pursuant to section two thousand one hundred eighteen of the insurance law for at least the value of the dwelling, plus a minimum of three hundred thousand dollars coverage for third party claims of property damage or bodily injury that arise out of the operation of a short-term rental unit. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no insurer shall be required to provide such coverage.
  - 2. Occupancies of a short-term rental unit shall be subject to taxes and fees pursuant to articles twenty-eight and twenty-nine of the tax law and applicable local laws.
  - 3. Short-term rental hosts shall maintain records related to quest stays for two years following the end of the calendar year in which an individual rental stay occurred, including the date of each stay and number of guests, the cost for each stay, including relevant tax, and records related to their registration as short-term rental hosts with the department of state. As a requirement for registration under section twenty-two of this article, hosts shall provide these records to the department of state on an annual basis. The department shall share this report with county, city, town, or village governments and shall make such reports available to local municipal enforcement agencies upon request. Where the booking platform is the short-term rental host, the short-term rental host may be exempt from providing such report provided that the booking platform includes all necessary information required of a short-term rental host in the report required pursuant to subdivision four of this section.
  - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or administrative action to the contrary, booking services shall develop and maintain a report related to short-term rental unit guest stays that the booking service has facilitated in the state for two years following the end of the calendar year in which an individual rental stay occurred. The report shall include the dates of each stay and the number of guests, the cost for each stay, including relevant tax, the physical address, including any unit designation, of each short-term rental unit booked, the full legal name of each short-term rental unit's host, and each

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24 25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35 36

37

38 39

40 41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50 51

52

53

54

55

short-term rental unit's registration number. In the event a booking 1 service does not adhere to subdivision two of section twenty-two of this 2 3 article, or more information is deemed necessary by the department of 4 state, the department may access this report and/or all relevant records 5 from a booking service in response to valid legal process. The depart-6 ment shall share this report and/or records with county, city, town, or 7 village governments and shall make such reports available to local 8 municipal enforcement agencies when lawfully requested. Reports and any records provided to generate such reports shall not be made publicly 9 10 available without the redaction of the full legal name of each short-11 term rental unit's host, the street name and number of the physical 12 address of any identified short-term rental unit and the unit's registration number. 13

- 5. It shall be unlawful for a booking service to collect a fee for facilitating booking transactions for short-term residential rental units located in this state if the short-term rental unit and its owner or tenant have not been issued a current, valid registration by the department of state or an applicable municipality.
- 6. The provisions of this article shall apply to all short-term residential rental units in the state; provided, however, that a municipality that has its own short-term residential rental unit registry may continue such registry and all short-term residential rental units in such municipality shall be required to be registered with such municipal registry and shall not be required to register with the department of state. Municipalities with short-term residential rental registries shall establish and effectuate standards for the health and safety of guests, including, but not limited to, the standards established in paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of subdivision one of this section. Municipalities with short-term residential rental unit registries shall maintain the authority to manage such registries and to collect fines for violations related to the registration of short-term residential rental units. Municipalities with short-term residential rental unit registries shall provide information on short-term residential rental units registered within such municipality to the department of state, on a quarterly basis of each calendar year, in order for the department to maintain a current database of all short-term residential units registered within the state. Municipalities with short-term residential rental unit registries shall not be subject to the regulation requirements of this section and may establish registration requirements and regulations in such municipality which may differ from the requirements of this section.
- § 22. Registration. 1. Short-term rental hosts shall be required to register a short-term residential rental unit with the department of state or with the municipality where such short-term residential unit is located if such municipality has a registration system; provided, however, that the department of state shall not accept an application to register a short-term residential rental unit for a unit that is located in a municipality which has its own registration system and that has notified the department of state of such registration system. Where a short-term rental is located in a jurisdiction that has multiple municipal registration systems, the host shall select only one such municipal registration system to register under. No municipality shall require a host to register under their registration system where a host is lawfully registered with another municipal registration system.
- (a) Registration with the department of state shall be valid for two 56 years, after which time the short-term rental host may renew his or her

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

28

29

30

31

33

34

35 36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43

44

45

46

47

registration in a manner prescribed by the department of state. The 1 department of state may revoke the registration of a short-term rental 2 3 host upon a determination that the short-term rental host has violated 4 any provision of this article at least three times in two calendar 5 years, and may determine that the short-term rental host shall be ineligible for registration for a period of up to twelve months from the date 7 of such determination or at the request of a municipality when such 8 municipality requests such revocation due to illegal occupancy. Listing or using a dwelling unit, or portion thereof, as a short-term residen-9 10 tial rental unit without current, valid registration shall be unlawful 11 and shall make persons who list or use such unit ineligible for regis-12 tration for a period of twelve months from the date a determination is made that a violation has occurred. 13

- (b) A short-term rental host shall include their current, valid registration number on all offerings, listings or advertisements for shortterm rental quest stays.
- (c) A tenant, or other person that does not own a unit that is used as a short-term rental unit but is in valid legal possession of a shortterm residential rental unit, shall not qualify for registration if they are not the permanent occupant of the dwelling unit in question and have not been granted permission in writing by the owner for its short-term rental, to be verified by the department of state or any municipality with its own registration system.
- (d) The department of state shall make available to platforms the 24 25 data necessary to allow booking platforms to verify the registration status of a short-term residential rental unit and that the unit is 26 27 associated with the short-term rental host who registered the unit.
  - (e) The short-term rental host shall pay application and renewal fees in an amount to be established by the department of state.
- (f) There shall be a fee for the use of the electronic verification system in an amount to be established by the department of state. Such 32 fee shall not exceed the cost to build, operate, and maintain such system.
  - 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or administrative action to the contrary, it shall be unlawful for a booking service to collect a fee for facilitating booking transactions for short-term residential rental units located in this state without first registering with the department of state. Accordingly, booking services shall adhere to the following, in addition to other regulations established by the <u>department</u>, as conditions of such registration:
  - (a) Booking services shall provide to the department on a quarterly basis, in a form and manner to be determined by the department, the report developed and maintained by the booking service in accordance with subdivision four of section twenty-one of this article. The department shall share this report with county, city, town, or village governments and shall make such reports available to local municipal enforcement agencies when lawfully requested.
- 48 (b) A booking service shall provide agreement in writing to the 49 <u>department that it will:</u>
- 50 (i) Obtain written consent from all short-term rental hosts intending to utilize their platform, for short-term residential rental units 51 52 located in this state, for the disclosure of the information pursuant to subdivision four of section twenty-one of this article, in accordance 53 with paragraph (a) of this subdivision; and

1 (ii) Furnish the information identified pursuant to subdivision four 2 of section twenty-one of this article, in accordance with paragraph (a) 3 of this subdivision.

- 3. The department of state shall set a fee for short-term residential rental unit and booking service registration with the department.
- § 23. Exceptions. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, this article shall not apply to:
- 1. Incidental and occasional occupancy of such dwelling unit for fewer than thirty consecutive days by other persons when the permanent occupants are temporarily absent for personal reasons, such as vacation or medical treatment, provided that there is no monetary compensation paid to the permanent occupants for such occupancy; or
- 2. A municipality which does not allow short-term residential rentals; provided, however, that such municipality shall request an exception from this article; or
- 3. Temporary housing or lodging permitted by the department of health.

  § 24. Penalties. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary:
  - 1. Any booking service which collects a fee related to booking a unit as a short-term rental, where such unit is not registered in accordance with this article, shall be fined in accordance with subdivisions four and five of this section. The secretary of state or their designee may also seek an injunction from a court of competent jurisdiction prohibiting the collection of any fees relating to the offering or renting of the unit as a short-term residential rental.
  - 2. Any person who offers a short-term residential rental unit without registering with the department of state or municipal registration system, or any person who offers an eligible short-term residential rental unit as a short-term rental while the unit's registration on the short-term residential rental unit registry is suspended, shall be fined in accordance with subdivisions four and five of this section.
- 32 3. Any person who fails to comply with any notice of violation or 33 other order issued pursuant to this article by the department of state 34 for a violation of any provision of this article shall be fined in 35 accordance with subdivisions four and five of this section.
  - 4. In a municipality that does not have its own registration system, a short-term rental host that violates the requirements of this article shall receive a warning notice issued, without penalty, by the department of state upon the first and second violation. The warning notice shall detail actions to be taken to cure the violation. A two hundred dollar fine shall be imposed upon the third violation. A one thousand dollar fine per day shall be imposed upon all subsequent violations. Upon the occurrence of a violation, a seven-day period to cure the violation shall be granted. During such period, no further fines shall be accumulated against the short-term rental host, except where the new violation is related to a different short-term rental unit.
- 5. In a municipality that does not have its own registration system, a booking service that violates the requirements of this article shall be issued a five hundred dollar fine per day, per violation, until such violation is cured.
- 6. In a municipality that has its own registration system, the municipality may establish and effectuate its own penalty system.
  - § 24-a. Enforcement. 1. The provisions of this article may be enforced in accordance with article eight of this chapter.
- 55 <u>2. The department of state may enter into agreements with a booking</u> 56 <u>service for assistance in enforcing the provisions of this section</u>,

including but not limited to an agreement whereby the booking service agrees to remove a listing from its platform that is deemed ineligible for use as a short-term residential rental unit under the provisions of this article, and whereby the booking service agrees to prohibit a short-term rental host from listing any listing without a valid registration number.

6

- 3. The attorney general shall be authorized to bring an action for a violation of this article for any such violations occurring in the state, regardless of the registration system in place within the applicable jurisdiction.
- 4. A municipality shall be entitled to bring an action for a violation of this article for any such violations of this article occurring in the municipality, and may notify the attorney general.
- § 24-b. Data sharing. Booking services shall provide to the depart-14 15 ment of state and municipalities, on a monthly basis, an electronic report, in a format determined by the department of state of the list-16 17 ings maintained, authorized, facilitated or advertised by the booking service within the state for the applicable reporting period. The report 18 shall include the registration number, and a breakdown of where the 19 listings are located, whether the listing is for a partial unit or a 20 21 whole unit, and shall include the number of nights each unit was 22 reported as occupied during the applicable reporting period.
- 23 § 2. The multiple dwelling law is amended by adding a new article 2-A to read as follows:

## 25 ARTICLE 2-A

## SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL RENTAL UNITS

27 <u>Section 20. Definitions.</u>

7

8

9

10

26

28

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

- 21. Short-term residential rental units; regulation.
- 29 <u>22. Registration.</u>
- 30 <u>23. Exceptions.</u>
- 31 <u>24. Penalties.</u>
- 32 **24-a.** Enforcement.
- 33 <u>24-b. Data sharing.</u>
- § 20. Definitions. For the purposes of this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
  - 1. "Short-term residential rental unit" means an entire dwelling unit, or a room, group of rooms, other living or sleeping space, or any other space within a dwelling, made available for rent by guests for less than thirty consecutive days, where the unit is offered for tourist or transient use by the short-term rental host of the residential unit.
  - 2. "Short-term rental host" means a person or entity in valid legal possession of a short-term rental unit who rents such unit to guests.
- 43 <u>3. "Booking service" means a person or entity who, directly or indi-</u> 44 <u>rectly:</u>
- 45 (a) provides one or more online, computer or application-based plat-46 forms that individually or collectively can be used to:
  - (i) list or advertise offers for short-term rentals, and
- 48 (ii) either accept such offers, or reserve or pay for such rentals; 49 <u>and</u>
- 50 (b) charges, collects or receives a fee for the use of such a platform
  51 or for provision of any service in connection with a short-term rental.
  52 A booking service shall not be construed to include a platform that
  53 solely lists or advertises offers for short-term rentals.

§ 21. Short-term residential rental units; regulation. 1. A short-term
rental host may operate a dwelling unit as a short-term residential
rental unit provided such dwelling unit:

- 4 (a) is registered in accordance with section twenty-two of this arti-5 cle;
  - (b) is not used to provide single room occupancy as defined by subdivision sixteen of section four of this chapter;
  - (c) includes a conspicuously posted evacuation diagram identifying all means of egress from the unit and the building in which it is located;
  - (d) includes a conspicuously posted list of emergency phone numbers for police, fire, and poison control;
    - (e) has a working fire-extinguisher; and
  - (f) is insured by an insurer licensed to write insurance in this state or procured by a duly licensed excess line broker pursuant to section two thousand one hundred eighteen of the insurance law for at least the value of the dwelling, plus a minimum of three hundred thousand dollars coverage for third party claims of property damage or bodily injury that arise out of the operation of a short-term rental unit. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no insurer shall be required to provide such coverage.
  - 2. Occupancies of a short-term rental unit shall be subject to taxes and fees pursuant to articles twenty-eight and twenty-nine of the tax law and applicable local laws.
  - 3. Short-term rental hosts shall maintain records related to quest stays for two years following the end of the calendar year in which an individual rental stay occurred, including the date of each stay and number of guests, the cost for each stay, including relevant tax, and records related to their registration as short-term rental hosts with the department of state. As a requirement for registration under section twenty-two of this article, hosts shall provide these records to the department of state on an annual basis. The department shall share this report with county, city, town, or village governments and shall make such reports available to local municipal enforcement agencies upon request. Where the booking platform is the short-term rental host, the short-term rental host may be exempt from providing such report provided that the booking platform includes all necessary information required of a short-term rental host in the report required pursuant to subdivision four of this section.
  - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or administrative action to the contrary, booking services shall develop and maintain a report related to short-term rental unit guest stays that the booking service has facilitated in the state for two years following the end of the calendar year in which an individual rental stay occurred. The report shall include the dates of each stay and the number of guests, the cost for each stay, including relevant tax, the physical address, including any unit designation, of each short-term rental unit booked, the full legal name of each short-term rental unit's host, and each short-term rental unit's registration number. In the event a booking service does not adhere to subdivision two of section twenty-two of this article, or more information is deemed necessary by the department of state, the department may access this report and/or all relevant records from a booking service in response to valid legal process. The department shall share this report and/or records with county, city, town, or village governments and shall make such reports available to local municipal enforcement agencies when lawfully requested. Reports and any records provided to generate such reports shall not be made publicly

3 4

5

6

7

8 9

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43

44

45

46

47

48 49

50

51 52

53

54

available without the redaction of the full legal name of each shortterm rental unit's host, the street name and number of the physical 2 address of any identified short-term rental unit and the unit's registration number.

- 5. It shall be unlawful for a booking service to collect a fee for facilitating booking transactions for short-term residential rental units located in this state if the short-term rental unit and its owner or tenant have not been issued a current, valid registration by the department of state or an applicable municipality.
- 10 6. The provisions of this article shall apply to all short-term resi-11 dential rental units in the state; provided, however, that a munici-12 pality that has its own short-term residential rental unit registry may continue such registry and all short-term residential rental units in 13 14 such municipality shall be required to be registered with such municipal 15 registry and shall not be required to register with the department of state. Municipalities with short-term residential rental registries 16 17 shall establish and effectuate standards for the health and safety of guests, including, but not limited to, the standards established in 18 paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of subdivision one of this section. Munici-19 20 palities with short-term residential rental unit registries shall main-21 tain the authority to manage such registries and to collect fines for 22 violations related to the registration of short-term residential rental units. Municipalities with short-term residential rental unit registries 23 24 shall provide information on short-term residential rental units registered within such municipality to the department of state, on a quarter-25 ly basis of each calendar year in order for the department to maintain a 26 27 current database of all short-term residential units registered within 28 the state. Municipalities with short-term residential rental unit registries shall not be subject to the regulation requirements of this 29 30 section and may establish registration requirements and regulations in such municipality which may differ from the requirements of this 31 32
  - § 22. Registration. 1. Short-term rental hosts shall be required to register a short-term residential rental unit with the department of state or with the municipality where such short-term residential unit is located if such municipality has a registration system; provided, however, that the department of state shall not accept an application to register a short-term residential rental unit for a unit that is located in a municipality which has its own registration system and that has notified the department of state of such registration system. Where a short-term rental is located in a jurisdiction that has multiple municipal registration systems, the host shall select only one such municipal registration system to register under. No municipality shall require a host to register under their registration system where a host is lawfully registered with another municipal registration system.
- (a) Registration with the department of state shall be valid for two years, after which time the short-term rental host may renew his or her registration in a manner prescribed by the department of state. The department of state may revoke the registration of a short-term rental host upon a determination that the short-term rental host has violated any provision of this article at least three times in two calendar years, and may determine that the short-term rental host shall be ineligible for registration for a period of up to twelve months from the date of such determination or at the request of a municipality when such municipality requests such revocation due to illegal occupancy. Listing 55 56 or using a dwelling unit, or portion thereof, as a short-term residen-

5

6 7

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

25

26 27

28

29 30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

tial rental unit without current, valid registration shall be unlawful and shall make persons who list or use such unit ineligible for regis-2 3 tration for a period of twelve months from the date a determination is 4 made that a violation has occurred.

- (b) A short-term rental host shall include their current, valid registration number on all offerings, listings or advertisements for shortterm rental guest stays.
- 8 (c) A tenant, or other person that does not own a unit that is used as 9 a short-term rental unit but is in valid legal possession of a short-10 term residential rental unit, shall not qualify for registration if they 11 are not the permanent occupant of the dwelling unit in question and have 12 not been granted permission in writing by the owner for its short-term rental, to be verified by the department of state or any municipality 13 14 with its own registration system.
  - (d) The department of state shall make available to platforms the data necessary to allow booking platforms to verify the registration status of a short-term residential rental unit and that the unit is associated with the short-term rental host who registered the unit.
    - (e) The short-term rental host shall pay application and renewal fees in an amount to be established by the department of state.
- (f) There shall be a fee for the use of the electronic verification 22 system in an amount to be established by the department of state. Such fee shall not exceed the cost to build, operate, and maintain such 23 24 system.
  - 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or administrative action to the contrary, it shall be unlawful for a booking service to collect a fee for facilitating booking transactions for short-term residential rental units located in this state without first registering with the department of state. Accordingly, booking services shall adhere to the following, in addition to other regulations established by the <u>department</u>, as conditions of such registration:
  - (a) Booking services shall provide to the department on a quarterly basis, in a form and manner to be determined by the department, the report developed and maintained by the booking service in accordance with subdivision four of section twenty-one of this article. The department shall share this report with county, city, town, or village governments and shall make such reports available to local municipal enforcement agencies when lawfully requested.
  - (b) A booking service shall provide agreement in writing to the <u>department that it will:</u>
  - (i) Obtain written consent from all short-term rental hosts intending to utilize their platform, for short-term residential rental units located in this state, for the disclosure of the information pursuant to subdivision four of section twenty-one of this article, in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision; and
  - (ii) Furnish the information identified pursuant to subdivision four of section twenty-one of this article, in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
- 3. The department of state shall set a fee for short-term residential 49 50 rental unit and booking service registration with the department.
- 51 § 23. Exceptions. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to 52 the contrary, this article shall not apply to:
- 1. Incidental and occasional occupancy of such dwelling unit for fewer 53 than thirty consecutive days by other persons when the permanent occu-54 pants are temporarily absent for personal reasons, such as vacation or 55

1 medical treatment, provided that there is no monetary compensation paid 2 to the permanent occupants for such occupancy; or

- 2. A municipality which does not allow short-term residential rentals; provided, however, that such municipality shall request an exception from this article; or
- 3. Temporary housing or lodging permitted by the department of health. § 24. Penalties. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary:
- 1. Any booking service which collects a fee related to booking a unit as a short-term rental, where such unit is not registered in accordance with this article, shall be fined in accordance with subdivisions four and five of this section. The secretary of state or their designee may also seek an injunction from a court of competent jurisdiction prohibiting the collection of any fees relating to the offering or renting of the unit as a short-term residential rental.
- 2. Any person who offers a short-term residential rental unit without registering with the department of state or municipal registration system, or any person who offers an eligible short-term residential rental unit as a short-term rental while the unit's registration on the short-term residential rental unit registry is suspended, shall be fined in accordance with subdivisions four and five of this section.
- 3. Any person who fails to comply with any notice of violation or other order issued pursuant to this article by the department of state for a violation of any provision of this article shall be fined in accordance with subdivisions four and five of this section.
- 4. In a municipality that does not have its own registration system, a short-term rental host that violates the requirements of this article shall receive a warning notice issued, without penalty, by the department of state upon the first and second violation. The warning notice shall detail actions to be taken to cure the violation. A two hundred dollar fine shall be imposed upon the third violation. A one thousand dollar fine per day shall be imposed upon all subsequent violations. Upon the occurrence of a violation, a seven-day period to cure the violation shall be granted. During such period, no further fines shall be accumulated against the short-term rental host, except where the new violation is related to a different short-term rental unit.
- 5. In a municipality that does not have its own registration system, a booking service that violates the requirements of this article shall be issued a five hundred dollar fine per day, per violation, until the violation is cured.
- 6. In a municipality that has its own registration system, the municipality may establish and effectuate its own penalty system.
- § 24-a. Enforcement. 1. The provisions of this article may be enforced in accordance with article eight of this chapter.
- 2. The department of state may enter into agreements with a booking service for assistance in enforcing the provisions of this section, including but not limited to an agreement whereby the booking service agrees to remove a listing from its platform that is deemed ineligible for use as a short-term residential rental unit under the provisions of this article, and whereby the booking service agrees to prohibit a short-term rental host from listing any listing without a valid registration number.
- 3. The attorney general shall be authorized to bring an action for a violation of this article for any such violations occurring in the state, regardless of the registration system in place within the applicable jurisdiction.

2 3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40 41

42

43

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

4. A municipality shall be entitled to bring an action for a violation of this article for any such violations of this article occurring in the municipality, and may notify the attorney general.

- § 24-b. Data sharing. Booking services shall provide to the department of state and municipalities, on a monthly basis, an electronic report, in a format determined by the department of state of the listings maintained, authorized, facilitated or advertised by the booking service within the state for the applicable reporting period. The report shall include the registration number, and a breakdown of where the listings are located, whether the listing is for a partial unit or a whole unit, and shall include the number of nights each unit was reported as occupied during the applicable reporting period.
- § 3. Subdivision (c) of section 1101 of the tax law, as added by chapter 93 of the laws of 1965, paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 6 as amended by section 2 and paragraph 8 as added by section 3 of part AA of chapter 57 the laws of 2010, and paragraph 5 as amended by chapter 575 of the laws of 1965, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) When used in this article for the purposes of the tax imposed under subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred five of this article, and subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred four of this article, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) Hotel. A building or portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or club, whether or not meals are served, and short-term rental units.
- (2) Occupancy. The use or possession, or the right to the use or possession, of any room in a hotel. "Right to the use or possession" includes the rights of a room remarketer as described in paragraph eight of this subdivision.
- (3) Occupant. A person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses, or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement, or otherwise. "Right to use or possess" includes the rights of a room remarketer as described in paragraph eight of this subdivision.
- (4) Operator. Any person operating a hotel. Such term shall include a room remarketer and such room remarketer shall be deemed to operate a hotel, or portion thereof, with respect to which such person has rights of a room remarketer.
- (5) Permanent resident. Any occupant of any room or rooms in a hotel for at least ninety consecutive days shall be considered a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.
- (6) Rent. The consideration received for occupancy, including any service or other charge or amount required to be paid as a condition for occupancy, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise and whether received by the operator [ox], a booking service, a room remarketer or another person on behalf of [either] any of them.
- (7) Room. Any room or rooms of any kind in any part or portion of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose other place of assembly.
- (8) Room remarketer. A person who reserves, arranges for, conveys, or furnishes occupancy, whether directly or indirectly, to an occupant for rent in an amount determined by the room remarketer, directly or indirectly, whether pursuant to a written or other agreement. Such person's ability or authority to reserve, arrange for, convey, or furnish occupancy, directly or indirectly, and to determine rent therefor, shall be 55 the "rights of a room remarketer". A room remarketer is not a permanent 56

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

12

13

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

31

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

44

45 46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

55

resident with respect to a room for which such person has the rights of a room remarketer. This term does not include a booking service unless such service otherwise meets this definition.

- (9) Short-term rental unit. A short-term residential unit as defined in section twenty of the multiple residence law or in section twenty of the multiple dwelling law which is registered with the department of state or a municipal registration system, which includes but is not limited to title twenty-six of the administrative code of the city of New York.
- 10 (10) Booking service. (i) A person or entity who, directly or indi-11 rectly:
  - (A) provides one or more online, computer or application-based platforms that individually or collectively can be used to:
- 14 (I) list or advertise offers for rental of a short-term rental unit, 15 or space in a short-term rental unit, a type of a hotel as defined in 16 paragraph one of this subdivision, and
  - (II) either accept such offers, or reserve or pay for such rentals; and
  - (B) charges, collects or receives a fee from a customer or host for the use of such a platform or for provision of any service in connection with the rental of a short-term rental unit, or space in a short-term rental unit, a type of a hotel as defined in paragraph one of this subdivision. For the purposes of this section, "customer" means an individual or organization that purchases a stay at a short-term rental.
  - (ii) A booking service shall not include a person or entity who facilitates bookings of hotel rooms solely on behalf of affiliated persons or entities, including franchisees, operating under a shared hotel brand.
  - (iii) A booking service shall not include a person or entity who facilitates bookings of hotel rooms and does not collect and retain the rent paid for such occupancy, as defined by paragraph six of this subdivision.
- 32 4. Subdivision (e) of section 1105 of the tax law is amended by 33 adding a new paragraph 3 to read as follows:
  - (3) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a short-term rental unit, or space in a short-term rental unit, a type of a hotel offered for rent through a booking service, as defined in paragraph ten of subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred one of this article, regardless of whether it is furnished, limited to a single family occupancy, or provides housekeeping, food, or other common hotel services, including, but not limited to, entertainment or planned activities.
- $\S$  5. Subdivision 1 of section 1131 of the tax law, as amended by 41 section 2 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to 42 43 read as follows:
- (1) "Persons required to collect tax" or "person required to collect any tax imposed by this article" shall include: every vendor of tangible personal property or services; every recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; [and] every marketplace provider with respect to sales of tangible personal property it facilitates as described in paragraph one of subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred one of this article; and booking services unless relieved of such obligation pursuant to paragraph three of subdivision (m) of section eleven hundred thirty-two of this part. Said terms shall also include any officer, director or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation, any employee of a partnership, any employee or manager of a limited liability company, or any employee of an individual proprietorship who as such 56 officer, director, employee or manager is under a duty to act for such

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24 25

26 27

28

29

30

31

35 36

37

38

39

40

41 42

43

44

45

46

47

49

50

51

partnership, limited liability company or individual corporation, proprietorship in complying with any requirement of this article, or has so acted; and any member of a partnership or limited liability company. 4 Provided, however, that any person who is a vendor solely by reason of 5 clause (D) or (E) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (8) of subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred one of this article shall not be a "person 7 required to collect any tax imposed by this article" until twenty days after the date by which such person is required to file a certificate of 9 registration pursuant to section eleven hundred thirty-four of this 10 part.

- S Section 1132 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-6. 12 sion (m) to read as follows:
  - (m) (1) A booking service shall be required to (i) collect from the occupants the applicable taxes arising from such occupancies; (ii) comply with all the provisions of this article and article twenty-nine of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto; (iii) register to collect tax under section eleven hundred thirty-four of this part; and (iv) retain records and information as required by the commissioner and cooperate with the commissioner to ensure the proper collection and remittance of tax imposed, collected, or required to be collected under this article and article twenty-nine of this chapter.
  - (2) In carrying out the obligations imposed under this section, a booking service shall have all the duties, benefits, and entitlements of a person required to collect tax under this article and article twentynine of this chapter with respect to the occupancies giving rise to the tax obligation, including the right to accept a certificate or other documentation from an occupant substantiating an exemption or exclusion from tax, as if such booking service were the operator of the hotel with respect to such occupancy, including the right to receive the refund authorized by subdivision (e) of this section and the credit allowed by subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred thirty-seven of this part.
- 32 (3) An operator of a hotel is not a person required to collect tax for 33 purposes of this part with respect to taxes imposed upon occupancies of 34 hotels if:
  - (i) the operator of the hotel can show that the occupancy was facilitated by a booking service who is registered to collect tax pursuant to section eleven hundred thirty-four of this part; and
  - (ii) the operator of the hotel accepted from the booking service a properly completed certificate of collection in a form prescribed by the commissioner certifying that the booking service has agreed to assume the tax collection and filing responsibilities of the operator of the hotel; and
  - (iii) any failure of the booking service to collect the proper amount of tax with respect to such occupancy was not the result of the operator of the hotel providing incorrect information to the booking service, whether intentional or unintentional.

This provision shall be administered in a manner consistent with subparagraph (i) of paragraph one of subdivision (c) of this section as 48 if a certificate of collection were a resale or exemption certificate for purposes of such subparagraph, including with regard to the completeness of such certificate of collection and the timing of its 52 acceptance by the operator of the hotel; provided however, that with 53 regard to any occupancies sold by an operator of the hotel that are 54 facilitated by a booking service who is affiliated with such operator, the operator shall be deemed liable as a person under a duty to act for 55

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15

47

48

49

50

51 52

53

54

55

56

such booking service for purposes of subdivision one of section eleven hundred thirty-one of this part.

- (4) The commissioner may, in his or her discretion develop standard language, or approve language developed by a booking service, in which the booking service obligates itself to collect the tax on behalf of all the operators of hotels.
- (5) In the event an operator of a hotel is a room remarketer, and all other provisions of this subdivision are met such that a booking service is obligated to collect tax, and does in fact collect tax as evidenced by the books and records of such booking service, then the provisions of subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred nineteen of this article shall be applicable.
- § 7. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) of section 1136 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:
- (4) The return of a vendor of tangible personal property or services 16 17 shall show such vendor's receipts from sales and the number of gallons of any motor fuel or diesel motor fuel sold and also the aggregate value 18 of tangible personal property and services and number of gallons of such 19 20 fuels sold by the vendor, the use of which is subject to tax under this 21 article, and the amount of tax payable thereon pursuant to the provisions of section eleven hundred thirty-seven of this part. return of a recipient of amusement charges shall show all such charges 23 24 and the amount of tax thereon, and the return of an operator required to 25 collect tax on rents shall show all rents received or charged and the 26 amount of tax thereon. The return of a marketplace seller shall exclude 27 the receipts from a sale of tangible personal property facilitated by a 28 marketplace provider if, in regard to such sale: (A) the marketplace 29 seller has timely received in good faith a properly completed certif-30 icate of collection from the marketplace provider or the marketplace 31 provider has included a provision approved by the commissioner in the 32 publicly-available agreement between the marketplace provider and the 33 marketplace seller as described in subdivision one of section eleven 34 hundred thirty-two of this part, and (B) the information provided by the 35 marketplace seller to the marketplace provider about such tangible 36 personal property is accurate. The return of a short-term rental host 37 shall exclude the rent from occupancy of a short-term rental unit facil-38 itated by a booking service if, in regard to such sale: (A) the short-39 term rental host has timely received in good faith a properly completed certificate of collection from the booking service or the booking 40 service has included a provision approved by the commissioner in the 41 42 publicly-available agreement between the booking service and the short-43 term rental host as described in subdivision (m) of section eleven 44 hundred thirty-two of this part, and (B) the information provided by the short-term rental host to the booking service about such rent and such 45 46 occupancy is accurate.
  - § 8. Section 1142 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 16 to read as follows:
  - 16. To publish a list on the department's website of booking services whose certificates of authority have been revoked and, if necessary to protect sales tax revenue, provide by regulation or otherwise that a short-term rental unit operator will be relieved of the requirement to register and the duty to collect tax on the rent for occupancy of a short-term rental facilitated by a booking service provider only if, in addition to the conditions prescribed by paragraph two of subdivision (m) of section eleven hundred thirty-two and paragraph six of subdivi-

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

- sion (a) of section eleven hundred thirty-four of this part being met, such booking service is not on such list at the commencement of the quarterly period covered thereby.
- § 9. Subpart A of part 1 of article 29 of the tax law is amended by adding a new section 1200 to read as follows:
- § 1200. Definition. For the purposes of this article "hotel" shall mean a building or portion of such building which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests, including: (a) an apartment hotel, (b) a motel, (c) a boarding house or club, whether or not meals are served, and (d) short-term residential rental units as defined in subdivision one of section twenty of the multiple residence law or in subdivision one of section twenty of the multiple dwelling law.
- § 10. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, a county, city, town, or village government may enact a local law prohibiting or further limiting the listing or use of dwelling units, or portions thereof, as short-term residential rental units.
- 17 § 11. Severability. If any provision of this act, or any application 18 of any provision of this act, is held to be invalid, that shall not 19 affect the validity or effectiveness of any other provision of this act, 20 or of any other application of any provision of this act, which can be 21 given effect without that provision or application; and to that end, the 22 provisions and applications of this act are severable.
- 23 § 12. This act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day 24 after it shall have become a law.