STATE OF NEW YORK

3712

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 7, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. EPSTEIN, DICKENS -- read once and referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to prohibiting facial recognition technology to be used in connection with an officer camera; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 837-x
2	to read as follows:
3	§ 837-x. Use of facial recognition in connection with an officer
4	camera prohibited. 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section,
5	the following terms shall have the following meanings:
б	<u>(a) "Biometric data" means a physiological, biological or behavioral</u>
7	characteristic that can be used, singly or in combination with each
8	other or with other information, to establish individual identity.
9	(b) (i) "Facial recognition or other biometric surveillance" means
10	either of the following, alone or in combination:
11	(1) An automated or semi-automated process by which a person is iden-
12	tified or attempted to be identified based on the characteristics of
13	their face or based on their biometric data, including identification of
14	<u>known or unknown individuals or groups; and/or</u>
15	(2) An automated or semi-automated process that generates, or assists
16	in generating, surveillance information about an individual based on the
17	characteristics of an individual's face or based on biometric data.
18	(ii) "Facial recognition or other biometric surveillance" shall not
19	include the use of an automated or semi-automated process for the
20	purpose of redacting a recording for release or disclosure outside a
21	police agency to protect the privacy of a subject depicted in the
22	recording, if the process does not generate or result in the retention
23	of any biometric data or surveillance information.

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	(c) "Facial recognition or biometric surveillance system" means any
2	computer software or application that performs facial recognition or
3	<u>other biometric surveillance.</u>
4	(d) "Police agency", "police officer" and "peace officer" shall have
5	the same meanings as defined under section eight hundred thirty-five of
б	this article.
7	(e) "Officer camera" means a body-worn camera or similar device that
8	records or transmits images or sound and is attached to the body or
9	clothing of, or carried by, a police officer or peace officer.
10	(f) "Surveillance information" means either of the following, alone or
11	in combination:
12	(i) Any information about a known or unknown individual, including but
13	not limited to, a person's name, date of birth, gender or criminal back-
14	ground; and/or
15	(ii) Any information derived from biometric data, including but not
16	limited to, assessments about an individual's sentiment, state of mind
17	or level of dangerousness.
18	(q) "Use" means either of the following, alone or in combination:
19	(i) The direct use of a facial recognition or biometric surveillance
20	system by a police agency, police officer or peace officer; and/or
21	(ii) A request by a police officer or peace officer that a police
22	agency or other third party use a facial recognition or biometric
23	surveillance system on behalf of the requesting entity.
23 24	2. No police agency, police officer or peace officer shall install,
25	activate or use any facial recognition or biometric surveillance system
26	in connection with an officer camera or data collected by an officer
20 27	
	<u>camera.</u>
28	3. In addition to any other sanctions, penalties or remedies provided
29	by law, a person may bring an action for equitable or declaratory relief
30	in a court of competent jurisdiction against a police agency, police
31	officer or peace officer that violates this section.
32	4. This section does not preclude a police agency, police officer or
33	peace officer from using a mobile fingerprint scanning device during a
34	lawful detention to identify a person who does not have proof of iden-
35	tification if this use is lawful and does not generate or result in the
36	retention of any biometric data or surveillance information.
37	§ 2. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 236 to read
38	as follows:
39	§ 236. Use of facial recognition in connection with an officer camera
40	prohibited. 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the
41	following terms shall have the following meanings:
42	(a) "Biometric data" means a physiological, biological or behavioral
43	characteristic that can be used, singly or in combination with each
44	other or with other information, to establish individual identity.
45	(b) (i) "Facial recognition or other biometric surveillance" means
46	either of the following, alone or in combination:
47	(1) An automated or semi-automated process by which a person is iden-
48	tified or attempted to be identified based on the characteristics of
49	their face or based on their biometric data, including identification of
50	<u>known or unknown individuals or groups; and/or</u>
51	(2) An automated or semi-automated process that generates, or assists
52	in generating, surveillance information about an individual based on the
53	characteristics of an individual's face or based on biometric data.
54	(ii) "Facial recognition or other biometric surveillance" shall not
55	include the use of an automated or semi-automated process for the
56	purpose of redacting a recording for release or disclosure outside the

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1	division of state police to protect the privacy of a subject depicted in
2	the recording, if the process does not generate or result in the
3	retention of any biometric data or surveillance information.
4	(c) "Facial recognition or biometric surveillance system" means any
5	computer software or application that performs facial recognition or
6	<u>other biometric surveillance.</u>
7	(d) "Officer camera" means a body-worn camera or similar device that
8	records or transmits images or sound and is attached to the body or
9	clothing of, or carried by, a member of the state police.
10	(e) "Surveillance information" means either of the following, alone or
11	in combination:
12	(i) Any information about a known or unknown individual, including but
13	not limited to, a person's name, date of birth, gender or criminal back-
14	ground; and/or
15	(ii) Any information derived from biometric data, including but not
16	limited to, assessments about an individual's sentiment, state of mind
17	or level of dangerousness.
18	(f) "Use" means either of the following, alone or in combination:
19	(i) The direct use of a facial recognition or biometric surveillance
20	system by a member of the state police; and/or
21	(ii) A request by a member of the state police that a police agency or
22	other third party use a facial recognition or biometric surveillance
23	system on behalf of the requesting entity.
24	2. No member of the state police shall install, activate or use any
25	facial recognition or biometric surveillance system in connection with
26	an officer camera or data collected by an officer camera.
27	3. In addition to any other sanctions, penalties or remedies provided
28	by law, a person may bring an action for equitable or declaratory relief
29	in a court of competent jurisdiction against a member of the state
30	police that violates this section.
31	4. This section does not preclude a member of the state police from
32	using a mobile fingerprint scanning device during a lawful detention to
33	identify a person who does not have proof of identification if this use
34	is lawful and does not generate or result in the retention of any biome-
35	tric data or surveillance information.
36	§ 3. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall
37	have become a law and shall expire and be deemed repealed 5 years after

37 nave become 38 such date.