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2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 13, 2023

- Introduced by M. of A. FORREST, WEPRIN, HEVESI, GALLAGHER, JACKSON, BURGOS, ANDERSON, GONZALEZ-ROJAS, BURDICK, EPSTEIN, MAMDANI, KELLES, MITAYNES, BICHOTTE HERMELYN, DICKENS, PRETLOW, DARLING, SIMON, MEEKS, GLICK, CUNNINGHAM, L. ROSENTHAL, CRUZ, REYES, WALKER, VANEL, DE LOS SANTOS, DAVILA, TAYLOR, AUBRY, CARROLL, COOK, SEAWRIGHT, RAGA, SHRESTHA, BORES, MCDONALD, ARDILA, OTIS, KIM, CLARK, TAPIA, GIBBS, CHANDLER-WATERMAN, SEPTIMO, K. BROWN, JOYNER, O'DONNELL, LEVENBERG, ALVAREZ, SHIMSKY, STECK, SOLAGES, JEAN-PIERRE, ZACCARO, SIMONE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law and the judiciary law, in relation to judicial diversion programs; and to repeal certain provisions of the criminal procedure law relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The article heading of article 216 of the criminal proce-2 dure law, as added by section 4 of part AAA of chapter 56 of the laws of 3 2009, is amended to read as follows:

4 5 JUDICIAL DIVERSION [PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN FELONY OFFENDERS] <u>PROGRAMS</u>

6 § 2. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 216.00 of the 7 criminal procedure law, as amended by section 1 of chapter 435 of the 8 laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

9 "Eligible defendant" means any person who stands charged in an indict-10 ment [or a], superior court information [with a class B, C, D or E felo-11 ny offense defined in article one hundred seventy-nine, two hundred 12 twenty or two hundred twenty-two of the penal law, an offense defined in 13 sections 105.10 and 105.13 of the penal law provided that the underlying 14 orime for the conspiracy charge is a class B, C, D or E felony offense

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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defined in article one hundred seventy-nine, two hundred twenty or two 1 hundred twenty two of the penal law, auto stripping in the second degree 2 as defined in section 165.10 of the penal law, auto stripping in the 3 4 first degree as defined in section 165.11 of the penal law, identity theft in the second degree as defined in section 190.79 of the penal 5 6 law, identity theft in the first degree as defined in section 190.80 of 7 the penal law, or any other specified offense as defined in subdivision 8 five of section 410.91 of this chapter, provided, however, a defendant is not an "eligible defendant" if he or shet], misdemeanor complaint or 9 10 felony complaint with any offense and has a functional impairment. 11 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 216.00 of the 12 criminal procedure law, as amended by section 2 of chapter 435 of the 13 laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 14 "Eligible defendant" means any person who stands charged in an indict-15 ment [or a], superior court information [with a class B, C, D or E felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-16 two of the penal law, an offense defined in sections 105.10 and 105.13 17 of the penal law provided that the underlying crime for the conspiracy 18 charge is a class B, C, D or E felony offense defined in article two 19 hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-two of the penal law, auto strip-20 21 ping in the second degree as defined in section 165.10 of the penal law, 22 auto stripping in the first degree as defined in section 165.11 of the penal law, identity theft in the second degree as defined in section 23 190.79 of the penal law, identity theft in the first degree as defined 24 25 in section 190.80 of the penal law, or any other specified offense as defined in subdivision five of section 410.91 of this chapter, provided, 26 27 however, a defendant is not an "eligible defendant" if he or she:] 28 misdemeanor complaint or felony complaint with any offense and has a 29 functional impairment. 30 § 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) and the closing paragraph of subdivision 1 31 of section 216.00 of the criminal procedure law are REPEALED. 32 § 5. Subdivision 2 of section 216.00 of the criminal procedure law, as 33 amended by chapter 435 of the laws of 2021, is amended and eight new 34 subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 are added to read as follows: 2. ["Alcohol and substance use evaluation"] "Participant" means an 35 36 eligible defendant who has been admitted into judicial diversion pursu-37 ant to this article. 3. "Licensed mental health care professional" means a clinician with 38 39 professional experience, training and licensure pursuant to title eight of the education law who is qualified to diagnose or treat people with 40 mental health disorders, including substance-related and addictive 41 42 disorders. 43 4. "Functional impairment" means a condition that involves clinically 44 significant distress or disability in social, occupational or other areas of functioning due to a mental health disorder, including: 45 46 substance-related and addictive disorders, neurodevelopmental disorders, 47 neurocognitive disorders, or other disorders as defined in the most recent version of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disor-48 49 ders. The court shall defer to licensed mental health care profes-50 sionals in determining whether a person has a functional impairment. A 51 person may have more than one functional impairment. 52 5. "Clinical evaluation" means a written assessment and report by a 53 [court-approved entity or] licensed mental health care professional 54 [experienced in the treatment of alcohol and substance use disorder, or] as defined in subdivision three of this section or an evaluation 55 56 conducted by an addiction and substance [abuse] use disorder counselor

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1	credentialed by the office of addiction services and supports pursuant
2	to section 19.07 of the mental hygiene law[- which]. Such evaluation may
3	be conducted through telehealth when practicable and when delay would
4	otherwise occur. The evaluation shall include:
5	(a) an evaluation as to whether the defendant <u>currently</u> has [a history
6	of alcohol or substance use disorder] one or more functional impairments
7	that may include but not be limited to a mental health disorder, as
8	[such terms are] defined in the most recent edition of the diagnostic
9	and statistical manual of mental disorders, [fifth edition, and a co-oc-
10	curring mental disorder or mental illness and the relationship between
11	such use and mental disorder or mental illness,] if any;
12	(b) a recommendation as to whether the defendant's [alcohol or
13	substance use] functional impairments , if any, could be effectively
14	addressed by judicial diversion in accordance with this article;
15	(c) a recommendation as to the treatment modality, level of care and
16	length of any proposed treatment to effectively address the defendant's
17	[alcohol or substance use and any co-occurring mental disorder or
18	illness] functional impairments; and
19	(d) any other information, factor, circumstance, or recommendation
20	deemed relevant by the assessing entity or specifically requested by the
21	court.
22	6. "Treatment" means one or more evidence-based interventions includ-
23	ing, but not limited to, counseling, psychotherapy, psychotropic medica-
24	tion or medications for addiction or substance use disorder treatment,
25	health promotion, and overdose prevention education. Treatment for the
26	purposes of this article does not include treatment in a carceral
27	setting or in a forensic hospital pursuant to article seven hundred
28	thirty of this chapter. For substance use disorders, treatment includes
29	any clinical service or intervention that assists individuals in their
30	recovery in accordance with harm reduction principles.
31	7. "Treatment provider" means a person or organization qualified to
32	provide interventions responsive to the needs identified by the defend-
33	ant and clinician during the clinical evaluation.
34	8. "Harm reduction" means a set of proven-effective substance use
35	intervention strategies that offer low-threshold access to treatment
36	with the goal of reducing the negative consequences of substance use,
37	preventing overdose and the transmission of infectious diseases, and/or
38	improving the physical, mental, and social well-being of those served.
39	In some cases, as identified by a licensed mental health care profes-
40	sional or a treatment provider, harm reduction interventions may recog-
41	nize that complete abstinence is not realistically attainable and may
42	instead aim to achieve a significant reduction or change in use.
43	9. "Certified peers" means professionals who have the lived experience
44	of successfully navigating recovery-oriented systems of care who are
45	certified by the office of mental health or by the office of addiction
46	services and supports to provide peer support services. The peer model
47	should be integrated into every stage of the judicial diversion process.
48	10. "Treatment plan" means an individualized plan developed by a
49	licensed mental health care professional or a treatment provider in
50	conjunction with an eligible defendant, which may include any combina-
51	tion of treatment interventions identified in subdivision six of this
52	section. Provided that:
53	(a) treatment should occur in the setting or settings that are most
54	appropriate to the individual's medical needs.
55	(b) such treatment plan shall take into consideration the best prac-
56	tices for addressing any functional impairments identified during the

1	<u>clinical evaluation and any evidence-based and peer-reviewed clinical</u>
2	review criteria that is relevant to the identified functional impair-
3	ment, appropriate to the age of the patient and has been designated or
4	approved by the appropriate state agency or agencies, including but not
5	limited to, the office of mental health, the office of addiction
6	services and supports, and the office for people with developmental
7	disabilities.
8	(c) a treatment plan may include treatment through telehealth when
9	deemed appropriate by a licensed mental health care professional or a
10	treatment provider.
11	(d) a licensed mental health care professional or a treatment provider
12	may modify a treatment plan after the participant has been admitted to
13	the judicial diversion program with the consent of the participant where
14	the licensed mental health care professional or treatment provider deems
15	such modification to be clinically appropriate.
16	<u>11. "Protected health information" means information protected by</u>
17	federal and state laws and regulations governing the privacy of person-
18	ally-identifiable medical information, including the federal Health
19	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act Privacy Rule (45 Code of
20	Federal Regulations Parts 160 and 164), 42 United States Code § 290dd-2
21	(42 Code of Federal Regulations Part 2), section 33.13 of the mental
22	hygiene law, article twenty-seven-f of the public health law ("HIV and
23	AIDS Related Information"), and any other relevant health privacy laws
24	and regulations.
25	§ 6. Section 216.05 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chap-
26	ter 435 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
27	§ 216.05 Judicial diversion program; court procedures.
28	1. At any time after the <u>local criminal court</u> arraignment of an eligi-
29	ble defendant, but prior to the entry of a plea of guilty or the
30	commencement of trial, the court, at the request of the [eligible]
31	defendant, [may] shall order [an alcohol and substance use] a clinical
32	evaluation for all known functional impairments. Such evaluations shall
33	take place without undue delay.
34	(a) The possibility of being evaluated shall not be contingent on a
35	waiver of any other sections of this chapter except subdivision one of
36	section 30.30 of this chapter.
37	[An eligible] (b) A defendant may decline to [participate in] undergo
38	such an evaluation at any time.
39	(c) The defendant shall provide a written authorization, in compliance
40	with the requirements of any applicable state or federal laws, rules or
41	regulations authorizing disclosure of the results of the assessment to
42	the defendant's attorney, the prosecutor, the local probation depart-
43	ment, the court, authorized court personnel and other individuals speci-
44	fied in such authorization for the sole purpose of determining whether
45	the defendant should be offered judicial diversion for treatment for
46	[substance use, alcohol use and any co-occurring mental disorder or
40 47	mental illness] a functional impairment.
48	(d) No statement or other disclosure, written or otherwise, made by a
40 49	defendant to a licensed mental health care professional or treatment
50	provider may be used by the prosecution to prove any crime or offense
50 51	alleged in the pending case. All such statements shall be used only for
52	the purposes of making recommendations as defined in subdivision two of
53	this section and shall otherwise remain confidential.
53 54	2. Upon [receipt of the completed alcohol and substance use]
55	<u>completion of the clinical</u> evaluation [report], the [clinician
56	shall provide a copy of the report to the [eligible] defendant and the

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1 [prosecutor] defendant's counsel. The court and the prosecutor shall receive a copy of the clinical evaluation only if the defendant decides 2 to proceed in requesting judicial diversion. Where the defendant 3 4 decides to proceed in requesting judicial diversion, they shall consent 5 to disclosure of their protected health information with the court and 6 prosecutor. 7 3. (a) Upon [receipt] review of the clinical evaluation [report], the 8 prosecutor and defendant can agree to diversion based on the recommendations in the evaluation report. If the parties disagree, either party 9 10 may request a hearing on the issue of whether the [eligible] defendant is an eligible defendant and should be offered [algohol or substance use 11 At such a 12 **treatment**] judicial diversion pursuant to this article. proceeding, which shall be held as soon as practicable so as to facili-13 14 tate early intervention in the event that the defendant is found to need 15 [alcohol or substance use] treatment, the court may consider oral and written arguments, [may] take testimony from witnesses offered by either 16 17 party, and [may] consider any relevant evidence [including, but not limited to, evidence that: 18 (i) the defendant had within the preceding ten years (excluding any 19 time during which the offender was incarcerated for any reason between 20 21 the time of the acts that led to the youthful offender adjudication and 22 the time of commission of the present offense) been adjudicated a youthful offender for: (λ) a violent felony offense as defined in section 23 70.02 of the penal law; or (B) any offense for which a merit time allow-24 25 ance is not available pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight hundred three of the correction law; 26 27 and 28 (ii) in the case of a felony offense defined in subdivision five of section 410.91 of this chapter, or section 165.10, 165.11, 190.79 or 29 190.80 of the penal law, any statement of or submitted by the victim, as 30 31 defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section 380.50 of this 32 chapter] except sealed cases defined in section 160.50 or 160.55 of this 33 chapter. 34 (b) Upon completion of such a proceeding, the court shall consider and 35 make findings of fact with respect to whether: 36 (i) the defendant is an eligible defendant as defined in subdivision 37 one of section 216.00 of this article; 38 (ii) [the defendant has a history of alcohol or substance use; 39 (iii) such alcohol or substance use] the defendant's functional impairment is likely a contributing factor to [the defendant's griminal 40 behavior] their current or future involvement in the criminal legal 41 42 system; 43 [(iv)] (iii) the defendant's participation in judicial diversion could 44 effectively address such [use] functional impairment; and [(v) institutional confinement of the defendant is or may not be 45 46 necessary for the protection of the public] (iv) the defendant's access 47 to treatment through this article would benefit the public and the 48 defendant. 49 4. (a) When an authorized court determines, pursuant to paragraph (b) 50 of subdivision three of this section, that an eligible defendant should 51 be offered [alcohol or substance use] treatment, or when the parties and 52 the court agree to [an eligible defendant's participation in alcohol or 53 **substance use**] treatment, an eligible defendant [may] shall be allowed

54 to participate in the judicial diversion program offered by this arti-55 cle. [Prior to the court's issuing an order granting judicial diver-

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1	to the charge or charges; provided, however, that no such guilty plea
2	shall be required when:
3	(a) the people and the court consent to the entry of such an order
4	without a plea of guilty; or
5	(b) based on a finding of exceptional circumstances, the court deter-
6	mines that a plea of guilty shall not be required. For purposes of this
7	subdivision, exceptional circumstances exist when, regardless of the
8	ultimate disposition of the case, the entry of a plea of guilty is like-
9	ly to result in severe collateral consequences.
10	(b) Eligible defendants shall not be required to submit a plea of
11	quilty to participate in judicial diversion.
12	(c) Prior participation in treatment or court-mandated treatment shall
13	not preclude future treatment participation.
14	(d) Eligible defendants shall not be precluded from diversion because
15	of a lack of resources in the community.
16	(e) An eligible defendant shall not be precluded from diversion
17	because of their gender identity.
18	5. The [defendant] participant shall agree on the record or in writing
19	to abide by the [release] judicial diversion program conditions set by
20	the court, which [, shall] may include: [participation in a specified
21	period of alcohol or substance use treatment at a specified program or
22	programs identified by the court, which may include periods of detoxifi-
23	cation residential or outpatient treatment, or both, as determined after
24	taking into account the views of the health care professional who
25	conducted the alcohol and substance use evaluation and any health care
26	professionals responsible for providing such treatment or monitoring the
27	defendant's progress in such treatment; and may include: (i)]
28	(a) participation in the treatment plan;
29	(b) periodic court appearances, which, upon consent of the partic-
30	ipant, may [include periodic urinalysis; (ii)] be an accessible audio or
31	video appearance. When scheduling court appearances and determining the
32	type of appearance required, the court shall consider the participant's
33	treatment progress and shall attempt to avoid undue hardship, including
34	but not limited to, treatment interruptions, the cost of transportation,
35	mobility issues, childcare and employment disruptions. Upon application
36	by defense counsel and with the consent of the participant, the court
37	shall consider waiving the appearance of the participant;
38	(c) periodic drug screening as needed, when recommended by the treat-
39	ment provider as part of a participant's treatment plan. Drug screening
40	methods shall only include oral swabs, sweat patches, or non-observed
41	urinalysis and shall comport with the office of addiction services and
42	supports' quidance on toxicology use;
43	(d) a requirement that the [defendant] participant refrain from engag-
44	ing in criminal behaviors [; (iii) if the defendant needs treatment for
45	opioid use, that he or she].
46	5-a. The court shall not disclose a participant's protected health
47	information without the participant's consent or authorization;
48	provided, however, that a court may require a participant to consent to
49	share the following protected health information as a condition of
49 50	participating in judicial diversion:
50 51	(a) record of attendance and relevant barriers to attendance;
51 52	(b) treatment plan and any recommended changes to the plan during
52 53	participation in judicial diversion;
53 54	(c) drug toxicology results, when part of the treatment plan; and
54 55	(d) relevant updates regarding engagement in the treatment plan.
55	Ja, rerevant appares regararing engagement in the treatment bight

5-b. If a participant has one or more conditions requiring 1 prescription medication or certified drug treatments they may partic-2 ipate in and receive [medically prescribed] such medication or drug 3 treatments under the care of a health care professional licensed or 4 5 certified under title eight of the education law, acting within his or б her lawful scope of practice[, provided that no]. 7 (a) No court shall limit the medications that a licensed mental health 8 care professional has prescribed or certified for a participant; 9 (b) No court shall require the use of any specified type or brand of 10 drug during the course of medically prescribed $[\frac{drug}{drug}]$ treatments [-]; and 11 (c) No court shall penalize or sanction a participant for periods of 12 voluntary hospitalization, respite care, or other forms of supportive 13 care. Every effort should be made to maximize the use of certified 14 5-c. 15 peers in every stage of the judicial diversion process. 16 5-d. Upon request by the defense, the court shall allow participants 17 to consult a different mental health care professional for a second opinion and propose an alternative treatment plan. Any alternative opin-18 ion or alternative treatment plan shall be considered by the court when 19 20 determining the treatment plan. 21 6. Upon [an eligible defendant's] a participant's agreement to abide 22 by the conditions set by the court, the court shall issue a securing 23 order providing for bail or release on the [defendant's] participant's own recognizance and conditioning any release upon the agreed upon conditions **pursuant to article five hundred ten of this chapter**. The 24 25 period of [alcohol or substance use] treatment shall begin as specified 26 27 by the court and as soon as practicable after the [defendant's] partic-28 **<u>ipant's</u>** release, taking into account the availability of treatment, so 29 as to facilitate early intervention with respect to the [defendant's 30 substance use or condition] participant's functional impairment and the 31 effectiveness of the treatment program. In the event that a treatment 32 program is not immediately available or becomes unavailable during the 33 course of the [defendant's participation] participant's involvement in 34 the judicial diversion program, the court may release the [defendant] 35 participant pursuant to the securing order. 36 7. When participating in judicial diversion treatment pursuant to this 37 article, any resident of this state who is covered under a private 38 health insurance policy or contract issued for delivery in this state 39 pursuant to article thirty-two, forty-three or forty-seven of the insurance law or article forty-four of the public health law, or who is 40 covered by a self-funded plan which provides coverage for the diagnosis 41 and treatment of [chemical abuse and chemical dependence] functional 42 43 impairment however defined in such policy; shall first seek reimburse-44 ment for such treatment in accordance with the provisions of such policy 45 or contract. The court in its discretion may order the participant to 46 apply for public insurance if they so qualify. The court shall not deny 47 access to treatment for inability to pay. 48 8. (a) During the period of a [defendant's participation] partic-49 ipant's involvement in the judicial diversion program, the treatment court shall retain jurisdiction of the [defendant] 50 participant, provided, however, that the court [may] shall allow such [defendant] 51 participant to (i) reside in another jurisdiction, [or] and/or (ii) 52 53 participate in [alcohol and substance use] treatment and other programs 54 in the jurisdiction where the [defendant] participant resides or in any 55 other jurisdiction, while participating in a judicial diversion program 56 under conditions set by the court and agreed to by the [defendant]

participant pursuant to subdivisions five and six of this section. The 1 court may transfer the participant's case to the judicial diversion 2 court in the county in which the participant resides pursuant to subdi-3 4 vision five of section 170.15 of this part, subdivision four of section 5 180.20 of this part, or section 230.21 of this part to ensure continuity б of treatment. 7 (b) The court may require the [defendant] participant to appear in 8 court [at any time] or, upon the request of the participant, make audio 9 or video appearances pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision five of 10 this section to enable the court to [monitor] promote the [defendant's] participant's progress in [algohol or substance use] treatment. The 11 12 court shall provide notice, reasonable under the circumstances, to the people, the treatment provider, the [defendant] participant and the [defendant's] participant's counsel whenever it orders or otherwise 13 14 15 requires the appearance of the [defendant in] participation for court appearances. Failure to appear as required without reasonable cause 16 therefor shall constitute a violation of the conditions of the court's 17 agreement with the [defendant] participant. 18 9. (a) If at any time during the [defendant's participation] partic-19 **<u>ipant's engagement</u>** in the judicial diversion program, the court has 20 21 reasonable grounds to believe that the [defendant] participant has 22 violated a [release] program condition in an important respect or has willfully failed to appear before the court as requested, the court 23 except as provided in subdivision two of section 510.50 of this chapter 24 25 regarding a failure to appear, shall direct the [defendant] participant 26 to appear [or issue a bench warrant to a police officer or an appropri-27 ate peace officer directing him or her to take the defendant into custo-28 dy and bring the defendant before the court without unnecessary delay; 29 provided, however, that under no circumstances shall a defendant who requires treatment for opioid use be deemed to have violated a release 30 condition on the basis of his or her participation in medically 31 32 prescribed drug treatments under the care of a health care professional 33 licensed or certified under title eight of the education law, acting within his or her lawful scope of practice] for a hearing on the 34 violation pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision with at least 35 36 forty-eight hours notice to the participant or the participant's coun-37 sel, unless notice is waived by the participant. The court may not 38 modify the participant's securing order until such time as the hearing's 39 conclusion. The relevant provisions of section 530.60 of this chapter 40 relating to issuance of securing orders shall apply to such proceedings 41 under this subdivision. 42 (b) In determining whether a [defendant] participant violated a condi-43 tion of [his or her release under] the judicial diversion program in an important respect or willfully failed to appear in court, the court 44 [may] shall conduct a [summary] hearing consistent with due process [and 45 46 **sufficient**] to satisfy the court that the [defendant] participant has, 47 in fact, violated the condition or willfully failed to appear. 48 (i) The people shall bear the burden of proving by clear and convinc-49 ing evidence that the participant has violated a condition of the judi-50 cial diversion program in an important respect or has willfully failed 51 to appear. The participant may cross-examine witnesses and may present 52 relevant, admissible evidence on their own behalf. 53 (ii) At the request of the participant or the participant's counsel, 54 the court may conduct proceedings off the record for portions of the 55 proceedings that will likely result in adverse collateral consequences,

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including immigration consequences. In the alternative, the court shall 1 seal portions of the proceeding that may result in such consequences. 2 3 (c) If the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the 4 [defendant] participant has violated a program condition [of his or her release under the judicial diversion program, the] in an important 5 б respect or willfully failed to appear, the court shall respond by using 7 a system of graduated and appropriate responses designed to address such inappropriate behaviors and facilitate, where possible, successful completion of the treatment program. The court may permit the partic-8 9 10 ipant to continue their treatment mandate as previously ordered; modify the [gonditions thereof, reconsider the order of recognizance or bail 11 pursuant to subdivision two of section 510.30 of this chapter,] treat-12 ment plan according to the recommendation of the treatment provider; or 13 14 terminate the [defendant's] participant's participation in the judicial diversion program[+ and when applicable proceed with the defendant's 15 sentencing in accordance with the agreement. Notwithstanding any 16 17 provision of law to the contrary, the court may impose any sentence authorized for the crime of conviction in accordance with the plea 18 agreement, or any lesser sentence authorized to be imposed on a felony 19 drug offender pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subdivision two of 20 21 section 70.70 of the penal law taking into account] if no other treat-22 ment option is available. If the court finds a reasonable explanation or mitigation for any alleged violation or alleged willful failure to 23 appear, the securing order shall not be modified. The court shall 24 25 <u>consider:</u> 26 (i) the length of time the [defendant] participant has spent in [resi-27 dential treatment and how best to continue treatment [while the defend-28 ant is serving that sentence. In determining what action to take for a violation of a release condition, the court shall consider]; 29 (ii) all relevant circumstances, including the views of the prosecu-30 31 tor, the defense and the [alcohol or substance use] participant's inter-32 est in continuing treatment [provider, and the extent to which persons 33 who ultimately successfully complete a drug treatment regimen sometimes] 34 or the program; (iii) the role of relapse [by not abstaining from alcohol or substance 35 36 use or by failing to comply fully with all requirements imposed by a 37 treatment program. The court shall also consider using a system of graduated and appropriate responses or sanctions designed to address 38 39 such inappropriate behaviors, protect public safety and facilitate, where possible, successful completion of the alcohol or substance use 40 treatment program] in recovery and treatment; and 41 42 (iv) any other mitigating factors that may have impacted the alleged 43 violation or willful failure to appear. 44 (d) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed [as preventing a court from terminating a defendant's participation in the judicial 45

46 diversion program for violating a release condition when such a termi-47 nation is necessary to preserve public safety. Nor shall anything in this subdivision be construed] as precluding the prosecution of a 48 [defendant] participant for the commission of a different offense while 49 50 participating in the judicial diversion program.

51 (e) A [defendant] participant may at any time advise the court that 52 [he or she wishes] they wish to terminate participation in the judicial 53 diversion program, at which time the court shall [proceed with the case 54 and, where applicable, shall impose sentence in accordance with the plea agreement. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the 55 56 court may impose any sentence authorized for the crime of conviction in

accordance with the plea agreement, or any lesser sentence authorized to 1 be imposed on a felony drug offender pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of 2 subdivision two of section 70.70 of the penal law taking into account 3 the length of time the defendant spent in residential treatment and how 4 5 best to continue treatment while the defendant is serving that sentence] б transfer the case back to the appropriate trial part. 7 10. Upon the court's determination that the [defendant] participant 8 has successfully completed the required period of [alcohol or substance 9 use] treatment and has otherwise satisfied the conditions required for 10 successful completion of the judicial diversion program, the court shall [comply with the terms and conditions it set for final disposition when 11 12 it accepted the defendant's agreement to participate in the judicial diversion program. Such disposition may include, but is not limited to: 13 (a) requiring the defendant to undergo a period of interim probation 14 supervision and, upon the defendant's successful completion of the 15 interim probation supervision term, notwithstanding the provision of any 16 other law, permitting the defendant to withdraw his or her guilty plea 17 and dismissing the indictment; or (b) requiring the defendant to undergo 18 a period of interim probation supervision and, upon successful completion of the interim probation supervision term, notwithstanding 19 20 the provision of any other law, permitting the defendant to withdraw his 21 22 or her guilty plea, enter a guilty plea to a misdemeanor offense and sentencing the defendant as promised in the plea agreement, which may 23 include a period of probation supervision pursuant to section 65.00 of 24 25 the penal law; or (c) allowing the defendant to withdraw his or her guilty plea and dismissing] dismiss the indictment or superior court 26 27 information, felony complaint, misdemeanor complaint, information, 28 simplified information, or prosecutor's information and seal the case 29 pursuant to section 160.50 of this chapter. Participants who successfully complete judicial diversion shall also be eligible to apply for 30 31 sealing of prior convictions pursuant to section 160.58 of this chapter. 32 Upon successful completion of judicial diversion, the court shall notify 33 the participant of their potential eligibility for sealing pursuant to subdivision two of section 160.58 of this chapter. No participant shall 34 be required or permitted to waive eligibility for sealing as a condition 35 36 of participation in judicial diversion. 37 10-a. Treatment providers shall collaborate with the participant and 38 the court to create a post-graduation plan prior to completion of judi-39 cial diversion. Such plan shall make every effort to assist the participant in obtaining stable housing and meeting their self-identified 40 long-term goals after graduation. However, when a participant finishes 41 their treatment plan, they shall be considered to have successfully 42 43 completed their obligation to the court, regardless of their ability to 44 secure housing, employment, or other personal goals identified. 11. Nothing in this article shall be construed as restricting or 45 46 prohibiting courts or district attorneys from using other lawful proce-47 dures or models for placing appropriate persons into [alcohol or 48 substance use] treatment. 49 § 7. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new section 50 216.10 to read as follows: 51 § 216.10 Diversion part established. 52 1. The chief administrator of the courts is hereby directed to estab-53 lish, in each county of the state, a part of the court to be known as 54 the diversion part for the county in which such court presides. To aid in their work, such judges and diversion court personnel shall receive 55 annual training in specialized areas, including, but not limited to 56

1	disability, mental illness, and substance use disorder needs, including
2	co-occurring disorders, evidence-based practices, trauma-informed care,
3	the immigration consequences of participation in judicial diversion for
4	individuals who are not United States citizens, certified peer programs,
5	harm reduction principles, and protected health information, as well as
6	training in procedural justice and cultural competency and medicaid or
7	medicare eligibility. The chief administrator of the courts shall ensure
8	that all employees who staff the diversion parts receive specialized
9	training in procedural justice and working with people with complex
10	needs.
11	2. Each chief administrator of the courts shall at the end of each
12^{11}	year prepare and file an annual report, which the office shall compile,
13	publish on its website and make available upon request to members of the
14^{13}	
	public. Such reports shall not include any personal identifying informa-
15	tion for any individual participants. Each such report, in addition to
16	other relevant information, shall set forth the following, disaggregated
17	by each county served:
18	(a) the number of people with cases in the diversion part for each of
19	the following categories, broken down by gender, sex, race and ethnici-
20	<u>ty:</u>
21	(i) the number of people who make an application for evaluation;
22	(ii) the number of people who are accepted into judicial diversion;
23	and
24	(iii) the number of people who successfully complete the program;
25	(b) the length of time, in months, each case remained in the diversion
26	part prior to acquittal, dismissal, release on recognizance, revocation
27	of release on conditions, and sentencing;
28	(c) the crimes with which each participant was charged;
29	(d) the specific functional impairment or impairments for which the
22	
30	participant received treatment while participating in the judicial
30 31	participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program;
30 31 32	participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case
30 31 32 33	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and</pre>
30 31 32 33 34	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants.</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary,</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall,</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified information of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and simplified simplified information of the defendant and simplified simplified simplified simplified simplified simplified simplified simplified sinforma</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program: (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [such] an adjoining</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [may] an adjoining county, or to a court in the county in which the defendant resides that</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [such] an adjoining</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [may] an adjoining county, or to a court in the county in which the defendant resides that</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program: (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney and opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [such] an adjoining county, or to a court in the county in which the defendant resides that has been designated as a judicial diversion, human trafficking [court],</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 950 51 52	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program: (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [outside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [mar] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [such] an adjoining county, or to a court in the county in which the defendant resides that has been designated as a judicial diversion, human trafficking [court], or veterans treatment court by the chief administrator of the courts,</pre>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 30 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 51 25 25	<pre>participant received treatment while participating in the judicial diversion program; (e) the final disposition, including the sentence, of each case considered for judicial diversion; and (f) a list of service providers, including contact information, that the diversion part in the superior court of the county partners with to serve participants. § 8. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any county [eutside a city having a population of one million or more], upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pending in a local criminal court, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to another court in [euch] an adjoining county, or to a court in the county in which the defendant resides that has been designated as a judicial diversion, human trafficking [court], or veterans and such judicial diversion, human trafficking [court], or veterans and such judicial diversion, human trafficking [court], or veterans</pre>

family offense charge described in subdivision one of section 530.11 of 1 this chapter where the accused and the person alleged to be the victim 2 such offense charged are members of the same family or household as 3 of 4 defined in such subdivision one of section 530.11; and provided further 5 that an order of removal issued under this subdivision shall not take 6 effect until five days after the date the order is issued unless, prior 7 to such effective date, the human trafficking court or veterans treat-8 ment court notifies the court that issued the order that: 9 i. it will not accept the action, in which event the order shall not 10 take effect; or 11 ii. it will accept the action on a date prior to such effective date, 12 in which event the order shall take effect upon such prior date. 13 (b) Upon providing notification pursuant to subparagraph i or ii of 14 paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the human trafficking court or veter-15 ans treatment court shall promptly give notice to the defendant, his or 16 her counsel, and the district attorney. 17 § 9. Subdivision 4 of section 180.20 of the criminal procedure law, as 18 amended by chapter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as 19 follows: 20 4. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 21 [in any county outside a city having a population of one million or 22 **more**, upon or after arraignment of a defendant on a felony complaint pending in a local criminal court having preliminary jurisdiction there-23 of, such court [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and after 24 25 giving the district attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the 26 action be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to 27 another local criminal court in the same county, or with consent of the 28 district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county to 29 another court in such adjoining county, or to a court in the county in which the defendant resides, that has been designated as a judicial 30 31 diversion, human trafficking [court], or veterans treatment court by the 32 chief administrator of the courts, and such judicial diversion, human trafficking [court], or veterans treatment court may then conduct such 33 34 action to judgment or other final disposition; provided, however, that 35 court may order removal pursuant to this subdivision to a veterans no 36 treatment court of a family offense charge described in subdivision one of 37 section 530.11 of this chapter where the accused and the person alleged to be the victim of such offense charged are members of the same 38 family or household as defined in such subdivision one of section 39 530.11; and provided further an order of removal issued under this 40 subdivision shall not take effect until five days after the date the 41 42 order is issued unless, prior to such effective date, the human traf-43 ficking court or veterans treatment court notifies the court that issued 44 the order that: 45 i. it will not accept the action, in which event the order shall not 46 take effect; or 47 ii. it will accept the action on a date prior to such effective date, 48 in which event the order shall take effect upon such prior date. (b) Upon providing notification pursuant to subparagraph i or ii of 49 50 paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the human trafficking court or veter-51 ans treatment court shall promptly give notice to the defendant, his or 52 her counsel and the district attorney. 53 § 10. Section 230.21 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chap-54 ter 91 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: § 230.21 Removal of action to certain courts in an adjoining county or 55 56 county in which the defendant resides.

1. In any county [outside a city having a population of one million or 1 more], [the] upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an indictment 2 pending in a superior court having jurisdiction thereof, such court 3 [may] shall, upon motion of the defendant and with consent of the 4 5 district attorney and the district attorney of the adjoining county that 6 has a superior court designated a human trafficking court or veterans 7 treatment court by the chief administrator of the courts, order that the 8 indictment and action be removed from the court in which the matter is 9 pending to [such] a superior court in an adjoining county or in the 10 county in which the defendant resides that has been designated a judi-11 <u>cial diversion</u>, human trafficking [court], or veterans treatment court, 12 whereupon such court may then conduct such action to judgment or other final disposition; provided, however, that no court may order removal to 13 veterans treatment court of a family offense charge described in 14 а 15 subdivision one of section 530.11 of this chapter pursuant to this 16 section where the accused and the person alleged to be the victim of 17 such offense charged are members of the same family or household as defined in such subdivision one of section 530.11; and provided further 18 that an order of removal issued under this subdivision shall not take 19 effect until five days after the date the order is issued unless, prior 20 21 to such effective date, the human trafficking court or veterans treat-22 ment court notifies the court that issued the order that: 23 (a) it will not accept the action, in which event the order shall not 24 take effect, or 25 (b) it will accept the action on a date prior to such effective date, 26 in which event the order shall take effect upon such prior date. 27 2. Upon providing notification pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision one of this section, the human trafficking court or veterans 28 29 treatment court shall promptly give notice to the defendant, his or her 30 counsel and the district attorney of both counties. 31 § 11. Paragraph (r) of subdivision 2 of section 212 of the judiciary 32 law, as added by section 15 of part AAA of chapter 56 of the laws of 33 2009, is amended to read as follows: 34 (r) Ensure that cases eligible for judicial diversion pursuant to 35 article two hundred sixteen of the criminal procedure law shall be 36 assigned to court parts in the manner provided by the chief administra-37 tor and that, to the extent practicable, such cases are presided over by 38 judges who, by virtue of the structure, caseload and resources of the 39 parts and the judges' training, are in the best position to provide 40 effective supervision over such cases, such as the [drug] treatment courts. In compliance with these provisions, the chief administrator 41 42 shall [give due weight to] individually assess the need for diverted 43 defendants to make regular court appearances, and be closely supervised by the court, for the duration of [drug] treatment and the pendency of 44 45 the criminal charge. § 12. The section heading, subdivision 1, and the opening paragraph of 46 47 subdivision 2 of section 160.58 of the criminal procedure law, as added 48 by section 3 of part AAA of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, are amended 49 to read as follows: 50 Conditional sealing of certain [controlled substance, marihuana or specified offense] convictions for people who complete judicial diver-51 52 sion or a judicially sanctioned drug treatment program. 1. A [defendant convicted of any offense defined in article two 53 54 hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law or a specified 55 offense defined in subdivision five of section 410.91 of this chapter] 56 person who has successfully completed a judicial diversion program under

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this act shall take effect.

article two hundred sixteen of this chapter, or one of the programs 1 heretofore known as drug treatment alternative to prison or another 2 judicially sanctioned drug treatment program of similar duration, 3 requirements and level of supervision, and [has completed the sentence 4 5 imposed for the offense or offenses,] was sentenced for an offense or 6 offenses upon completion of such program is eligible to have such 7 offense or offenses conditionally sealed pursuant to this section. For 8 such offenses, the court that sentenced the defendant to a judicially 9 sanctioned drug treatment program may, on its own motion or on the 10 defendant's motion, order that all official records and papers relating 11 to the arrest, prosecution and conviction which resulted in the defend-12 ant's participation in the judicially sanctioned drug treatment program 13 be conditionally sealed. [The court that sentenced the defendant to a judicially sanctioned 14 15 drug treatment program may on its own motion, or on the defendant's motion, order that all official records and papers relating to the 16 arrest, prosecution and conviction which resulted in the defendant's 17 participation in the judicially sanctioned drug treatment program be 18 conditionally sealed. In such case, the court may also] 19 20 Where a person has completed a judicial diversion program pursuant to 21 article two hundred sixteen of this chapter or a drug treatment alterna-22 tive to prison program or another judicially sanctioned drug treatment 23 program, the court that supervised the person's participation in the program may, on its own motion or on the defendant's motion, condi-24 25 tionally seal the arrest, prosecution and conviction records for no more 26 than three of the [defendant's] person's prior eligible misdemeanors, 27 which for purposes of this subdivision shall be limited to misdemeanor 28 offenses defined in article two hundred twenty [or], two hundred twen-29 ty-one, or two hundred twenty-two of the penal law. The court may only 30 the records of the defendant's arrests, prosecutions and seal 31 convictions when: 32 § 13. This act shall take effect one year after it shall have become 33 a law; provided, however that the amendments to the opening paragraph of 34 subdivision 1 of section 216.00 of the criminal procedure law made by 35 section two of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion 36 of such paragraph pursuant to section 12 of chapter 90 of the laws of

2014, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section three of