STATE OF NEW YORK

8603

IN SENATE

March 21, 2022

Introduced by Sen. SALAZAR -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Crime Victims, Crime and Correction

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to awards made to crime victims

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision 8 of section 621 of the executive law, as added 2 by chapter 197 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:

- 8. "Essential personal property" shall mean articles of personal prop-3 4 erty necessary and essential to the health, welfare or safety of the 5 victim.
- (a) Personal property necessary and essential to the welfare of the victim shall mean personal property lost, damaged, or stolen as a result of the crime and for which reimbursement or replacement is reasonably necessary for the victim to restore stability or maintain a reasonable 10 and/or basic standard of living.

7

9

15

16

- 11 (b) The office shall promulgate rules and regulations for the determi-12 nation and approval of what constitutes property reasonably necessary to restore or maintain a reasonable and/or basic standard of living 13 14 consistent with this article.
 - § 2. Subdivision 9 of section 631 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 487 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows
- 17 9. (a) Any award made for the cost of repair or replacement of essential personal property, including cash losses of essential personal 18 property, shall be limited to an amount of [five] twenty-five hundred 19 dollars, except that all cash losses of essential personal property 20 21 shall be limited to the amount of one hundred dollars. In the case of medically necessary life-sustaining equipment which was lost or damaged 23 as the direct result of a crime, the award shall be limited to the 24 amount of ten thousand dollars.
- 25 (b) For property necessary and essential to the welfare of the victim, 26 the office may request that the claimant provide estimates or receipts 27 for personal property lost, damaged or stolen as a result of the crime.

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD15008-01-2

S. 8603 2

- 1 A claimant's inability to produce a receipt for lost, stolen or damaged
- 2 personal items shall not in itself disqualify a claimant from receiving
- 3 reimbursement for such items. The office shall consider all the facts 4 and circumstances of each case before making a determination.
- 5 (c) Personal property necessary and essential to the welfare of the victim shall include, but not be limited to, the following items lost,
- 7 <u>damaged</u>, or stolen as a result of the crime:
- 8 (i) clothing;
- 9 <u>(ii) shoes;</u>
- 10 (iii) furniture;
- 11 (iv) appliances;
- 12 (v) electronics; and
- 13 (vi) bedding.
- 14 (d) Property necessary and essential to the welfare of the victim
- 15 shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (i) Sofa, couch, loveseat, or chair;
- 17 <u>(ii) Dining table;</u>
- 18 <u>(iii) Bed/mattress;</u>
- 19 (iv) Sheets, pillows, comforters and blankets;
- 20 <u>(v) Lamp;</u>
- 21 (vi) Refrigerator;
- 22 (vii) Microwave;
- 23 (viii) Stove;
- 24 (ix) Dishes and eating utensils;
- 25 (x) Television;
- 26 (xi) Telephone or cell phone;
- 27 (xii) Toys for children under six years old; and
- 28 (xiii) Stroller.
- 29 (e) Eligible essential personal property as specified in subdivision
- 30 (d) of this section, including any property not specifically enumerated
- 31 in subdivision (d) of this section, may be reimbursed at a reasonable
- 32 rate as determined by the office, provided that such rate does not
- 33 exceed twenty-five hundred dollars.
- § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.