

STATE OF NEW YORK

8268--B

IN SENATE

February 8, 2022

Introduced by Sen. MANNION -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Local Government -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to allowing certain villages to enact a tax exemption for newly constructed single-family and multi-family residential properties; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new section 485-w to read as follows:

§ 485-w. Newly constructed single-family and multi-family residential exemption; certain villages. 1. Single-family and multi-family residential properties constructed subsequent to the effective date of a local law adopted pursuant to this section shall be exempt from village taxes to the extent provided in this section. After a public hearing, the governing board of a village with a population greater than three thousand six hundred fifty and less than three thousand six hundred sixty, based upon the latest federal decennial census may, by local law, provide for the exemption of real property from taxation as provided in this section. A copy of such local law shall be filed with the commissioner and the assessor of such municipality who prepares the assessment roll on which the taxes of such municipality are levied.

2. (a)(i) Eligible newly constructed single-family and multi-family residential property shall be exempt according to the following schedule:

CONSTRUCTION OF SINGLE-FAMILY AND MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

<u>Year of exemption</u>	<u>Exemption</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>25%</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>20%</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>15%</u>

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	<u>4</u>	<u>10%</u>
2	<u>5</u>	<u>5%</u>

3 (ii) Such exemption shall apply solely to the increase in assessed
4 value thereof attributable to the construction of the single-family and
5 multi-family residential property.

6 (b) No such exemption shall be granted unless:

7 (i) Such construction occurred on vacant, predominantly vacant or
8 under-utilized land; and

9 (ii) Such construction commenced on or after the effective date of the
10 local law described in subdivision one of this section, but no later
11 than five years after the effective date of this section.

12 3. Application for exemption under this section shall be made on a
13 form prescribed by the commissioner and filed with such assessor on or
14 before the applicable taxable status date and within one year from the
15 date of completion of such construction.

16 4. If such assessor is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to an
17 exemption pursuant to this section, he or she shall approve the applica-
18 tion and such real property shall thereafter be exempt from taxation as
19 provided in this section commencing with the assessment roll prepared
20 after the taxable status date referred to in subdivision three of this
21 section. The assessed value of any exemption granted pursuant to this
22 section shall be entered by the assessor on the assessment roll with the
23 taxable property, with the amount of the exemption shown in a separate
24 column.

25 5. The provisions of this section shall apply to real property used as
26 the primary residence of the owner.

27 6. A village with a population greater than three thousand six hundred
28 fifty and less than three thousand six hundred sixty, based upon the
29 latest federal decennial census may, by local law, establish a date for
30 the commencement of effectiveness of the exemption offered pursuant to
31 this section and may provide that such amount calculated pursuant to
32 subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section
33 shall not exceed three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars per proper-
34 ty.

35 7. A local law adopted pursuant to this section may be repealed by the
36 governing body of the applicable village. In the event of such a repeal,
37 the exemption granted pursuant to this section shall cease.

38 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that
39 this act shall expire and be deemed repealed ten years after it shall
40 have become a law.