A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend part E of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, amending the state finance law relating to establishing the criminal justice discovery compensation fund; amending the criminal procedure law relating to monies recovered by county district attorneys before the filing of an accusatory instrument; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof, in relation to extending certain provisions relating thereto (Part A); intentionally omitted (Part B); intentionally omitted (Part C); to repeal subdivision 9 of section 201 of the correction law relating to the parole supervision fee (Part D); intentionally omitted (Part E); intentionally omitted (Part F); to amend the tax law, in relation to suspending the transfer of monies into the emergency services revolving loan fund from the public safety communications account (Part G); intentionally omitted (Part H); to amend the executive law, in relation to awarding reimbursement for certain items of essential personal property (Part I); to amend chapter 674 of the laws of 1993, amending the public buildings law relating to value limitations on contracts, in relation to extending the effectiveness thereof (Part J); intentionally omitted (Part K); intentionally omitted (Part L); to amend chapter 396 of the laws of 2010 amending the alcoholic beverage control law relating to liquidator's permits and temporary retail permits, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part M); intentionally omitted (Part N); intentionally omitted (Part O); intentionally omitted (Part P); intentionally omitted (Part Q); intentionally omitted (Part R); intentionally omitted (Part S); intentionally omitted (Part T); to amend the civil service law, in relation to eligibility for shift pay differentials (Part U); intentionally omitted (Part V); to amend the general municipal law, in relation to streamlining the county-wide shared services initiative; and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto (Part W); to amend the state finance law, the tax law and the public authorities law, in relation to providing aid and

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.
incentives for municipalities to towns and villages; and to repeal certain provisions of the tax law relating thereto (Part X); to provide for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2022-2023 budget, authorizing certain payments and transfers; to amend the state finance law, in relation to the administration of certain funds and accounts; to amend part D of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997 relating to the financing of the correctional facilities improvement fund and the youth facility improvement fund, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend chapter 81 of the laws of 2002 relating to providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2002-2003 budget, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds & notes; to amend part Y of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005, relating to providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006 budget, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend the public authorities law, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend the New York state medical care facilities finance agency act, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend the New York state urban development corporation act, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend chapter 329 of the laws of 1991, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the establishment of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend the public authorities law, in relation to the issuance of certain bonds or notes; to amend the private housing finance law, in relation to housing program bonds and notes; to amend part D of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, relating to the composition and responsibilities of the New York state higher education capital matching grant board, in relation to increasing the amount of authorized matching capital grants; to amend the New York state urban development corporation act, in relation to the nonprofit infrastructure capital investment program; to repeal subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 16 of part T of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, relating to providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2007-2008 budget; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof (Part Y); intentionally omitted (Part Z); to amend the criminal procedure law, the executive law and the correction law, in relation to the automatic sealing of certain convictions (Part AA); intentionally omitted (Part BB); to amend the public authorities law, in relation to transparency and accountability in Nassau county (Subpart A); to amend the public authorities law, in relation to membership on the Nassau health care corporation board (Subpart B) (Part CC); to amend the general municipal law and the public authorities law, in relation to county-wide shared services panels (Part DD); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to delinquent tax interest rates (Part EE); to amend the legislative law, in relation to establishing a legislative commission on the future of the Long Island Power Authority (Part FF); to amend the local finance law, in relation to financing of a certain litigation liability by the city of Long Beach (Part GG); to amend the family court act, in relation to the hours of operation for family courts; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Part HH); to amend the general municipal law and the town law, in relation to authorizing fees and charges for emergency medical services (Part II); to amend the state finance law, in relation to the cost effectiveness of consultant contracts by state agencies and ensuring the efficient and effective
use of state tax dollars (Part JJ); to repeal section 54-m of the state finance law, relating to tying local share requirements associated with increasing the age of juvenile jurisdiction above fifteen years of age to the property tax cap (Part KK); to amend the county law and the judiciary law, in relation to entitled compensation for client representation (Part LL); and to amend the state finance law and the education law, in relation to restoring oversight of certain contracts by the comptroller; and to repeal certain provisions of the education law relating thereto (Part MM)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1. Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation necessary to implement the state public protection and general government budget for the 2022-2023 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through MM. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

PART A

Section 1. Section 3 of part E of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, amending the state finance law relating to establishing the criminal justice discovery compensation fund; amending the criminal procedure law relating to monies recovered by county district attorneys before the filing of an accusatory instrument; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof, is amended to read as follows:

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that subdivision 2 of section 99-hh of the state finance law, as added by section one of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed March 31, 2022, and provided, further that the amendments to section 95.00 of the criminal procedure law made by section two of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed thereafter.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after March 31, 2022.

PART B

Intentionally Omitted

PART C

Intentionally Omitted

PART D
Section 1. Subdivision 9 of section 201 of the correction law is repealed.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART E

Intentionally Omitted

PART F

Intentionally Omitted

PART G

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 of section 186-f of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part I of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars must be deposited into the New York state emergency services revolving loan fund annually; provided, however, that such sums shall not be deposited for state fiscal years two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve, two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen, two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen, two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen, two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen, two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen, two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen, two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty, two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one [and], two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two, two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three, and two thousand twenty-three--two thousand twenty-four;

§ 2. This act shall take effect April 1, 2022.

PART H

Intentionally Omitted

PART I

Section 1. Intentionally Omitted.

§ 2. Subdivision 9 of section 631 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 487 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

9. Any award made for the cost of repair or replacement of essential personal property, including cash losses of essential personal property, shall be limited to an amount of [five] twenty-five hundred dollars, except that all cash losses of essential personal property shall be limited to the amount of one hundred dollars. In the case of medically necessary life-sustaining equipment which was lost or damaged as the direct result of a crime, the award shall be limited to the amount of ten thousand dollars.

§ 3. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after it shall have become a law and apply to all claims filed on or after such effective date.

PART J
Section 1. Section 3 of chapter 674 of the laws of 1993, amending the public buildings law relating to value limitations on contracts, as amended by section 2 of part HH of chapter 55 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall remain in full force and effect only until June 30, 2022.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART K
Intentionally Omitted

PART L
Intentionally Omitted

PART M

Section 1. Section 5 of chapter 396 of the laws of 2010 amending the alcoholic beverage control law relating to liquidator’s permits and temporary retail permits, as amended by chapter 375 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

§ 5. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall have become a law, provided that paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 97-a of the alcoholic beverage control law as added by section two of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed October 12, 2022.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART N
Intentionally Omitted

PART O
Intentionally Omitted

PART P
Intentionally Omitted

PART Q
Intentionally Omitted

PART R
Intentionally Omitted
PART S

Intentionally Omitted

PART T

Intentionally Omitted

PART U

Section 1. Subdivision 6 of section 130 of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 307 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:

6. Shift pay differentials. Whenever the director finds that under prevailing wage practices in private or other public employment in the state, employees in a given occupation receive a higher rate of pay or wage differential for a work shift other [than a normal day shift] than that which is paid to employees in the same occupation [for a normal day shift], [he] the director may, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, authorize a pay differential to be paid to those employees in positions in the same or related occupations in the state service and who are [regularly] assigned to an equivalent or substantially equivalent work shift, on a statewide basis, provided however, where the director finds that in a particular geographical area or areas wage practices would warrant a shift differential for employees in a particular occupation then the director may grant a work shift pay differential for such employees, subject to the approval of the director of the budget. In determining whether to authorize a pay differential the director shall consider the various duties on each shift, [other than the normal day shift] in relation to the normal day shift. A pay differential under this subdivision shall be a percentage of basic salary, an hourly rate, an annual rate, or a fixed dollar amount per pay period, as prescribed in each case by the director of the classification and compensation division subject to approval of the director of the budget. Such differential shall be paid in addition to and shall not be part of an employee's basic annual salary, and shall not affect or impair any performance advancement payments, performance awards, longevity payments or other rights or benefits to which an employee may be entitled under the provisions of this chapter, provided, however, that any differential payable pursuant to this subdivision shall be included as compensation for retirement purposes. A pay differential shall be terminated for any employee when [he] the employee ceases to be employed in the work shift or position for which such pay differential was authorized. A pay differential shall remain in effect until terminated by the director of the classification and compensation division with the consent of the director of the budget or until a new pay differential is authorized pursuant to this subdivision. The director of the budget may adopt such regulations as [he may deem] necessary to carry out the provisions of this subdivision.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART V

Intentionally Omitted
Section 1. Subdivision 8 of section 239-bb of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 294 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

8. For each county, new shared services actions [not included] in [a previously approved and submitted plan pursuant to this section or part BBB of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand seventeen, may be eligible for funding to match savings from such action, subject to available appropriation. Savings that are actually and demonstrably realized by the participating local governments are eligible for matching funding. For actions that are part of an approved plan transmitted to the secretary of state in accordance with paragraph b of subdivision seven of this section, savings achieved during either: (i) January first through December thirty-first from new actions implemented on or after January first through December thirty-first of the year immediately following an approved and transmitted plan, or (ii) July first of the year immediately following an approved and transmitted plan through June thirtieth of the subsequent year from new actions implemented July first of the year immediately following an approved plan through June thirtieth of the subsequent year may be eligible for matching funding. Only net savings between local governments for each action would be eligible for matching funding. Savings from internal efficiencies or any other action taken by a local government without the participation of another local government are not eligible for matching funding. Each county and all of the local governments within the county that are part of any action to be implemented as part of an approved plan must collectively apply for the matching funding by submitting one consolidated application per plan, and agree on the distribution and use of any matching funding in order to qualify for matching funding. Any such consolidated application shall be submitted to the department of state in such form and manner as directed by the department no later than December thirty-first of the year in which each plan is adopted; provided, however, that for plans adopted prior to calendar year two thousand twenty, for which no application for matching funding has been submitted, one consolidated application per plan year may be submitted to the department no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-two.

§ 2. Subdivision 4 of section 119-o of the general municipal law is REPEALED and a new subdivision 4 is added to read as follows:

4. Each school district and board of cooperative educational services shall join each county-wide shared services panel established pursuant to article twelve-I of this chapter for each county in which their district is located, and may further participate in any of the activities of such panel, with any participating county, town, city, village, fire district, fire protection district, or special improvement district participating in such panels. For cooperative agreements which involve functions, services, or provisions permitted by this section, school districts and boards of cooperative educational services shall be permitted to create and execute such agreements, when a part of the activity of such panel, without opinion or approval of the state education department.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.
Section 1. Paragraph b of subdivision 10 of section 54 of the state finance law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (vii) to read as follows:

(vii) Notwithstanding subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, within amounts appropriated in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand twenty-two, and annually thereafter, there shall be apportioned and paid to each existing municipality as of April first, two thousand twenty-two a base level grant in an amount equal to the aid received by such municipality in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eighteen; provided, however, and notwithstanding any law to the contrary, in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand twenty-two, and annually thereafter, the town of Palm Tree shall receive a base level grant of twenty-four thousand two hundred thirteen dollars, and the village of Sagaponack shall receive a base level grant of two thousand dollars, and the village of Woodbury shall receive a base level grant of twenty-seven thousand dollars, and the village of South Blooming Grove shall receive a base level grant of nineteen thousand dollars; and provided further, that any additional sums appropriated for this purpose shall be distributed on a pro-rata basis to each municipality that is equal to the percentage of the funds such municipalities receive pursuant to this section.

§ 2. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (c) of section 1261 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part NN of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

(3) However, the taxes, penalties and interest which (i) the county of Nassau, (ii) the county of Erie, to the extent the county of Erie is contractually or statutorily obligated to allocate and apply or pay net collections to the city of Buffalo and to the extent that such county has set aside net collections for educational purposes attributable to the Buffalo school district, or the city of Buffalo or (iii) the county of Erie is authorized to impose pursuant to section twelve hundred ten of this article, other than such taxes in the amounts described, respectively, in subdivisions one and two of section one thousand two hundred sixty-two-e of this part, during the period that such section authorizes Nassau county to establish special or local assistance programs thereunder, together with any penalties and interest related thereto, and after the comptroller has reserved such refund fund and such costs, shall, commencing on the next payment date after the effective date of this sentence and of each month thereafter, until such date as (i) the Nassau county interim finance authority shall have no obligations outstanding, or (ii) the Buffalo fiscal stability authority shall cease to exist, or (iii) the Erie county fiscal stability authority shall cease to exist, be paid by the comptroller, respectively, to (i) the Nassau county interim finance authority to be applied by the Nassau county interim finance authority, or (ii) to the Buffalo fiscal stability authority to be applied by the Buffalo fiscal stability authority, or (iii) to the Erie county fiscal stability authority to be applied by the Erie county fiscal stability authority, as the case may be, in the following order of priority: first pursuant to the Nassau county interim finance authority's contracts with bondholders or the Buffalo fiscal stability authority's contracts with bondholders or the Erie county fiscal stability authority's contracts with bondholders, respectively, then to pay the Nassau county interim finance authority's operating expenses not otherwise provided for or the Buffalo fiscal stability authority's operating expenses not otherwise provided for or the Erie county fiscal stability authority's operating expenses not otherwise
provided for, respectively, [then (i) for the Nassau county interim finance authority to pay to the state as soon as practicable in the months of May and December each year, the amount necessary to fulfill the town and village distribution requirement on behalf of Nassau county pursuant to paragraph five-a of this subdivision, or (ii) for the Buffalo fiscal stability authority to pay to the state as soon as practicable in the months of May and December each year, the amount necessary to fulfill the town and village distribution requirement on behalf of Erie county pursuant to paragraph five-a of this subdivision, less the amount being paid to the state by the Buffalo fiscal stability authority in each respective month, pursuant to the Nassau county interim finance authority's agreements with the county of Nassau, which agreements shall require the Nassau county interim finance authority to transfer such taxes, penalties and interest remaining after providing for contractual or other obligations of the Nassau county interim finance authority, and subject to any agreement between such authority and the county of Nassau, to the county of Nassau as frequently as practicable; or (iii) pursuant to the Buffalo fiscal stability authority's agreements with the city of Buffalo, which agreements shall require the Buffalo fiscal stability authority to transfer such taxes, penalties and interest remaining after providing for contractual or other obligations of the Buffalo fiscal stability authority, and subject to any agreement between such authority and the city of Buffalo, to the city of Buffalo or the city of Buffalo school district, as the case may be, as frequently as practicable; or (ii) pursuant to the Buffalo fiscal stability authority's agreements with the city of Buffalo, which agreements shall require the Buffalo fiscal stability authority to transfer such taxes, penalties and interest remaining after providing for contractual or other obligations of the Buffalo fiscal stability authority, and subject to any agreement between such authority and the city of Buffalo, to the city of Buffalo or the city of Buffalo school district, as the case may be, as frequently as practicable; or (iii) pursuant to the Erie county fiscal stability authority's agreements with the county of Erie, which agreements shall require the Erie county fiscal stability authority to transfer such taxes, penalties and interest remaining after providing for contractual or other obligations of the Erie county fiscal stability authority, and subject to any agreement between such authority and the county of Erie, to the county of Erie as frequently as practicable. During the period that the comptroller is required to make payments to the Nassau county interim finance authority described in the previous sentence, the county of Nassau shall have no right, title or interest in or to such taxes, penalties and interest required to be paid to the Nassau county interim finance authority, except as provided in such authority's agreements with the county of Nassau. During the period that the comptroller is required to make payments to the Buffalo fiscal stability authority described in the second previous sentence, the city of Buffalo and such school district shall have no right, title or interest in or to such taxes, penalties and interest required to be paid to the Buffalo fiscal stability authority, except as provided in such authority's agreements with the city of Buffalo. During the period that the comptroller is required to make payments to the Erie county fiscal stability authority described in the third previous sentence, the county of Erie shall have no right, title or interest in or to such taxes, penalties and interest required to be paid to the Erie county fiscal stability authority, except as provided in such authority's agreements with the county of Erie.
§ 3. Paragraph 5-a of subdivision (c) of section 1261 of the tax law is REPEALED.

§ 4. Subdivision 5 of section 3657 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 3 of part NN of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

5. Tax revenues received by the authority pursuant to section twelve hundred sixty-one of the tax law, together with any other revenues received by the authority, shall be applied in the following order of priority: first pursuant to the authority's contracts with bondholders, then to pay the authority's operating expenses not otherwise provided for, then to pay to the state pursuant to paragraph three of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-one of the tax law, and then, subject to the authority's agreements with the county, to transfer the balance of such tax revenues not required to meet contractual or other obligations of the authority to the county as frequently as practicable.

§ 5. Subdivision 5 of section 3965 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 5 of part NN of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

5. Revenues of the authority shall be applied in the following order of priority: first to pay debt service or for set asides to pay debt service on the authority's bonds, notes, or other obligations and to replenish any reserve funds securing such bonds, notes or other obligations of the authority in accordance with the provisions of indenture or bond resolution of the authority; then to pay the authority's operating expenses not otherwise provided for; then to pay to the state pursuant to paragraph three of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-one of the tax law; and then, subject to the authority's agreements with the county for itself or on behalf of any covered organization to transfer as frequently as practicable the balance of revenues not required to meet contractual or other obligations of the authority to the county as provided in subdivision seven of this section.

§ 6. Subdivision 5 of section 3865 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 4 of part NN of chapter 55 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

5. Revenues of the authority shall be applied in the following order of priority: first to pay debt service or for set asides to pay debt service on the authority's bonds, notes, or other obligations and to replenish any reserve funds securing such bonds, notes or other obligations of the authority, in accordance with the provision of any indenture or bond resolution of the authority; then to pay the authority's operating expenses not otherwise provided for; then to pay to the state pursuant to paragraph three of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-one of the tax law; and then, subject to the authority's agreement with the city, for itself or on behalf of the city's dependent school district and any other covered organization, to transfer as frequently as practicable the balance of revenues not required to meet contractual or other obligations of the authority to the city or the city's dependent school district as provided in subdivision seven of this section.

§ 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

PART Y

Section 1. The state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to loan money in accordance with the provisions set forth in subdivision 5
of section 4 of the state finance law to the following funds and/or accounts:

1. DOL-Child performer protection account (20401).
2. Local government records management account (20501).
3. Child health plus program account (20810).
4. EPIC premium account (20818).
5. Education - New (20901).
6. VLT - Sound basic education fund (20904).
7. Sewage treatment program management and administration fund (21000).
8. Hazardous bulk storage account (21061).
9. Utility environmental regulatory account (21064).
10. Federal grants indirect cost recovery account (21065).
11. Low level radioactive waste account (21066).
12. Recreation account (21067).
13. Public safety recovery account (21077).
14. Environmental regulatory account (21081).
15. Natural resource account (21082).
16. Mined land reclamation program account (21084).
17. Great lakes restoration initiative account (21087).
18. Environmental protection and oil spill compensation fund (21200).
19. Public transportation systems account (21401).
20. Metropolitan mass transportation (21402).
21. Operating permit program account (21451).
22. Mobile source account (21452).
23. Statewide planning and research cooperative system account (21902).
25. Mental hygiene program fund account (21907).
26. Mental hygiene patient income account (21909).
27. Financial control board account (21911).
28. Regulation of racing account (21912).
29. State university dormitory income reimbursable account (21937).
30. Criminal justice improvement account (21945).
31. Environmental laboratory reference fee account (21959).
32. Training, management and evaluation account (21961).
33. Clinical laboratory reference system assessment account (21962).
34. Indirect cost recovery account (21978).
35. Multi-agency training account (21989).
36. Bell jar collection account (22003).
37. Industry and utility service account (22004).
38. Real property disposition account (22006).
40. Courts special grants (22008).
41. Asbestos safety training program account (22009).
42. Camp Smith billeting account (22017).
43. Batavia school for the blind account (22032).
44. Investment services account (22034).
45. Surplus property account (22036).
46. Financial oversight account (22039).
47. Regulation of Indian gaming account (22046).
48. Rome school for the deaf account (22053).
49. Seized assets account (22054).
50. Administrative adjudication account (22055).
51. New York City assessment account (22062).
52. Cultural education account (22063).
1 53. Local services account (22078).
2 54. DHCR mortgage servicing account (22085).
3 55. Housing indirect cost recovery account (22090).
4 56. DHCR-HCA application fee account (22100).
5 57. Low income housing monitoring account (22130).
6 58. Corporation administration account (22135).
7 59. New York State Home for Veterans in the Lower-Hudson Valley account (22144).
8 60. Deferred compensation administration account (22151).
9 61. Rent revenue other New York City account (22156).
10 62. Rent revenue account (22158).
11 63. Transportation aviation account (22165).
12 64. Tax revenue arrearage account (22168).
13 65. New York state medical indemnity fund account (22240).
15 67. State university general income offset account (22654).
16 68. Lake George park trust fund account (22751).
17 69. State police motor vehicle law enforcement account (22802).
18 70. Highway safety program account (23001).
19 71. DOH drinking water program account (23102).
20 72. NYCCC operating offset account (23151).
21 73. Commercial gaming regulation account (23702).
22 74. Highway use tax administration account (23801).
23 75. New York state secure choice administrative account (23806).
24 76. New York state cannabis revenue fund (24800).
25 77. Fantasy sports administration account (24951).
26 78. Highway and bridge capital account (30051).
27 79. Aviation purpose account (30053).
28 80. State university residence hall rehabilitation fund (30100).
29 81. State parks infrastructure account (30351).
30 82. Clean water/clean air implementation fund (30500).
31 83. Hazardous waste remedial cleanup account (31506).
32 84. Youth facilities improvement account (31701).
33 85. Housing assistance fund (31800).
34 86. Housing program fund (31850).
35 87. Highway facility purpose account (31951).
36 88. New York racing account (32213).
37 89. Capital miscellaneous gifts account (32214).
38 90. Information technology capital financing account (32215).
39 91. New York environmental protection and spill remediation account (32219).
40 92. Mental hygiene facilities capital improvement fund (32300).
41 93. Correctional facilities capital improvement fund (32350).
42 94. New York State Storm Recovery Capital Fund (33000).
43 95. OGS convention center account (50318).
44 96. Empire Plaza Gift Shop (50327).
45 97. Centralized services fund (55000).
46 98. Archives records management account (55052).
47 99. Federal single audit account (55053).
50 100. Civil service administration account (55055).
51 101. Civil service EHS occupational health program account (55056).
52 102. Banking services account (55057).
53 103. Cultural resources survey account (55058).
54 104. Neighborhood work project account (55059).
55 105. Automation & printing chargeback account (55060).
56 106. OFT NYT account (55061).
107. Data center account (55062).
108. Intrusion detection account (55066).
109. Domestic violence grant account (55067).
110. Centralized technology services account (55069).
111. Labor contact center account (55071).
112. Human services contact center account (55072).
113. Tax contact center account (55073).
114. Department of law civil recoveries account (55074).
115. Executive direction internal audit account (55251).
116. CIO Information technology centralized services account (55252).
117. Health insurance internal service account (55300).
118. Civil service employee benefits division administrative account (55301).
119. Correctional industries revolving fund (55350).
120. Employees health insurance account (60201).
121. Medicaid management information system escrow fund (60900).

§ 1-a. The state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to loan money in accordance with the provisions set forth in subdivision 5 of section 4 of the state finance law to any account within the following federal funds, provided the comptroller has made a determination that sufficient federal grant award authority is available to reimburse such loans:
1. Federal USDA-food and nutrition services fund (25000).
2. Federal health and human services fund (25100).
4. Federal block grant fund (25250).
5. Federal miscellaneous operating grants fund (25300).
6. Federal unemployment insurance administration fund (25900).
7. Federal unemployment insurance occupational training fund (25950).

§ 2. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget, on or before March 31, 2023, up to the unencumbered balance or the following amounts:

   Economic Development and Public Authorities:
   1. $1,175,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, underground facilities safety training account (22172), to the general fund.
   2. An amount up to the unencumbered balance from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, business and licensing services account (21977), to the general fund.
   3. $14,810,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, code enforcement account (21904), to the general fund.
   4. $3,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, tax revenue arrearage account (22168).

   Education:
   1. $2,653,000,000 from the general fund to the state lottery fund, education account (20901), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of the state finance law that are in excess of the amounts deposited in such fund for such purposes pursuant to section 1612 of the tax law.
   2. $1,237,000,000 from the general fund to the state lottery fund, VLT education account (20904), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of
the state finance law that are in excess of the amounts deposited in such fund for such purposes pursuant to section 1612 of the tax law.

3. $156,000,000 from the general fund to the New York state commercial gaming fund, commercial gaming revenue account (23701), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 97-nnnn of the state finance law that are in excess of the amounts deposited in such fund for purposes pursuant to section 1352 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law.

4. $513,000,000 from the general fund to the mobile sports wagering fund, education account (24955), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of the state finance law that are in excess of the amounts deposited in such fund for such purposes pursuant to section 1367 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law.

5. $7,000,000 from the interactive fantasy sports fund, fantasy sports education account (24950), to the state lottery fund, education account (20901), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of the state finance law.

6. An amount up to the unencumbered balance in the fund on March 31, 2023 from the charitable gifts trust fund, elementary and secondary education account (24901), to the general fund, for payment of general support for public schools pursuant to section 3609-a of the education law.

7. Moneys from the state lottery fund (20900) up to an amount deposited in such fund pursuant to section 1612 of the tax law in excess of the current year appropriation for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of the state finance law.

8. $300,000 from the New York state local government records management improvement fund, local government records management account (20501), to the New York state archives partnership trust fund, archives partnership trust maintenance account (20351).

9. $900,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, Batavia school for the blind account (22032).

10. $900,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, Rome school for the deaf account (22053).

11. $343,400,000 from the state university dormitory income fund (40350) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, state university dormitory income reimbursable account (21937).

12. $8,318,000 from the general fund to the state university income fund, state university income offset account (22654), for the state's share of repayment of the STIP loan.

13. Intentionally omitted.

14. $7,790,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, office of the professions account (22051), to the miscellaneous capital projects fund, office of the professions electronic licensing account (32222).

15. $24,000,000 from any of the state education department's special revenue and internal service funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, indirect cost recovery account (21978).

16. $4,200,000 from any of the state education department's special revenue or internal service funds to the capital projects fund (30000).

Environmental Affairs:

1. $16,000,000 from any of the department of environmental conservation's special revenue federal funds, and/or federal capital funds, to the environmental conservation special revenue fund, federal indirect recovery account (21065).
2. $5,000,000 from any of the department of environmental conservation's special revenue federal funds, and/or federal capital funds, to the conservation fund (21150) or Marine Resources Account (21151) as necessary to avoid diversion of conservation funds.

3. $3,000,000 from any of the office of parks, recreation and historic preservation capital projects federal funds and special revenue federal funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, federal grant indirect cost recovery account (22188).

4. $1,000,000 from any of the office of parks, recreation and historic preservation special revenue federal funds to the miscellaneous capital projects fund, I love NY water account (32212).

5. $105,000,000 from the general fund to the environmental protection fund, environmental protection fund transfer account (30451).

6. $6,000,000 from the general fund to the hazardous waste remedial fund, hazardous waste oversight and assistance account (31505).

7. An amount up to or equal to the cash balance within the special revenue-other waste management & cleanup account (21053) to the capital projects fund (30000) for services and capital expenses related to the management and cleanup program as put forth in section 27-1915 of the environmental conservation law.

8. $1,800,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, public service account (22011) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, utility environmental regulatory account (21064).

9. $7,000,000 from the general fund to the enterprise fund, state fair account (50051).

10. $4,000,000 from the waste management & cleanup account (21053) to the general fund.

11. $3,000,000 from the waste management & cleanup account (21053) to the environmental protection fund transfer account (30451).

12. Up to $10,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, patron services account (22163).

Family Assistance:

1. $7,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, or department of health special revenue federal funds and the general fund, in accordance with agreements with social services districts, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, office of human resources development state match account (21967).

2. $4,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services or office of temporary and disability assistance special revenue federal funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, family preservation and support services and family violence services account (22082).

3. $18,670,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, or department of health special revenue federal funds and any other miscellaneous revenues generated from the operation of office of children and family services programs to the general fund.

4. $175,000,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance or department of health special revenue funds to the general fund.

5. $2,500,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance special revenue funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, office of temporary and disability assistance program account (21980).

6. $35,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, department of labor, and
1 department of health special revenue federal funds to the office of
2 children and family services miscellaneous special revenue fund, multi-
3 agency training contract account (21989).
4 7. $205,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, youth
5 facility per diem account (22186), to the general fund.
6 8. $621,850 from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants, and
7 bequests fund, WB Hoyt Memorial account (20128).
8 9. Intentionally omitted.
9 10. $900,000 from the general fund to the Veterans' Remembrance and
10 Cemetery Maintenance and Operation account (20201).
11 11. $505,000,000 from the general fund to the housing program fund
12 (31850).
13 General Government:
14 1. $12,000,000 from the general fund to the health insurance revolving
15 fund (55300).
16 2. $292,400,000 from the health insurance reserve receipts fund
17 (60550) to the general fund.
18 3. $150,000 from the general fund to the not-for-profit revolving loan
19 fund (20650).
20 4. $150,000 from the not-for-profit revolving loan fund (20650) to the
21 general fund.
22 5. $3,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, surplus
23 property account (22036), to the general fund.
24 6. $19,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, revenue
25 arrearage account (22024), to the general fund.
26 7. $1,826,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, revenue
27 arrearage account (22024), to the miscellaneous special revenue fund,
28 authority budget office account (22138).
29 8. $1,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, parking
30 account (22007), to the general fund, for the purpose of reimbursing the
31 costs of debt service related to state parking facilities.
32 9. $11,460,000 from the general fund to the agencies internal service
33 fund, central technology services account (55069), for the purpose of
34 enterprise technology projects.
35 10. $10,000,000 from the general fund to the agencies internal service
36 fund, state data center account (55062).
37 11. $12,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, parking
38 account (22007), to the centralized services, building support services
39 account (55018).
40 12. $30,000,000 from the general fund to the internal service fund,
41 business services center account (55022).
42 13. $8,000,000 from the general fund to the internal service fund,
43 building support services account (55018).
44 14. $1,500,000 from the combined expendable trust fund, plaza special
45 events account (20120), to the general fund.
46 15. $50,000,000 from the general fund to the New York State cannabis
47 revenue fund (24800).
48 16. $50,000,000 from the New York State cannabis revenue fund (24800)
49 to the general fund.
50 Health:
51 1. A transfer from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and
52 bequests fund, breast cancer research and education account (20155), up
53 to an amount equal to the monies collected and deposited into that
54 account in the previous fiscal year.
55 2. A transfer from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and
56 bequests fund, prostate cancer research, detection, and education
account (20183), up to an amount equal to the moneys collected and
deposited into that account in the previous fiscal year.

3. A transfer from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and
bequests fund, Alzheimer's disease research and assistance account
(20143), up to an amount equal to the moneys collected and deposited
into that account in the previous fiscal year.

4. $8,750,000 from the HCRA resources fund (20800) to the miscella-
neous special revenue fund, empire state stem cell trust fund account
(22161).

5. $2,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, certificate
of need account (21920), to the miscellaneous capital projects fund,
healthcare IT capital subfund (32216).

6. $2,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, vital
health records account (22103), to the miscellaneous capital projects
fund, healthcare IT capital subfund (32216).

7. $6,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, profes-
sional medical conduct account (22088), to the miscellaneous capital
projects fund, healthcare IT capital subfund (32216).

8. $112,500,000 from the HCRA resources fund (20800) to the capital
projects fund (30000).

9. Intentionally omitted.

10. An amount up to the unencumbered balance from the charitable gifts
trust fund, health charitable account (24900), to the general fund, for
payment of general support for primary, preventive, and inpatient health
care, dental and vision care, hunger prevention and nutritional assist-
ance, and other services for New York state residents with the overall
goal of ensuring that New York state residents have access to quality
health care and other related services.

11. $500,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, New York
State cannabis revenue fund, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund,
environmental laboratory fee account (21959).

12. An amount up to the unencumbered balance from the public health
emergency charitable gifts trust fund to the general fund, for payment
of goods and services necessary to respond to a public health disaster
emergency or to assist or aid in responding to such a disaster.

13. $500,000,000 from the general fund to the health care transforma-
tion fund (24850).

Labor:

1. $600,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, DOL fee and
penalty account (21923), to the child performer's protection fund, child
performer protection account (20401).

2. $11,700,000 from the unemployment insurance interest and penalty
fund, unemployment insurance special interest and penalty account
(23601), to the general fund.

3. $50,000,000 from the DOL fee and penalty account (21923), unemploy-
ment insurance special interest and penalty account (23601), and public
work enforcement account (21998), to the general fund.

4. $850,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, DOL elevator
safety program fund (22252) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund,
DOL fee and penalty account (21923).

Mental Hygiene:

1. $3,800,000 from the general fund, to the agencies internal service
fund, civil service EHS occupational health program account (55056).

2. Intentionally omitted.

3. Intentionally omitted.

4. Intentionally omitted.
Public Protection:
1. $1,350,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, emergency management account (21944), to the general fund.
2. $2,587,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, recruitment incentive account (22171).
3. Intentionally omitted.
4. $2,000,000,000 from any of the division of homeland security and emergency services special revenue federal funds to the general fund.
5. $115,420,000 from the state police motor vehicle law enforcement and motor vehicle theft and insurance fraud prevention fund, state police motor vehicle enforcement account (22802), to the general fund for state operation expenses of the division of state police.
6. $136,130,000 from the general fund to the correctional facilities capital improvement fund (32350).
7. $5,000,000 from the general fund to the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (30050) for the purpose of work zone safety activities provided by the division of state police for the department of transportation.
8. Intentionally omitted.
9. Intentionally omitted.
10. $1,000,000 from the general fund to the agencies internal service fund, neighborhood work project account (55059).
11. $7,980,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, fingerprint identification & technology account (21950), to the general fund.
12. $1,100,000 from the state police motor vehicle law enforcement and motor vehicle theft and insurance fraud prevention fund, motor vehicle theft and insurance fraud account (22801), to the general fund.
13. $14,400,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, criminal justice improvement account (21945).

Transportation:
1. $20,000,000 from the general fund to the mass transportation operating assistance fund, public transportation systems operating assistance account (21401), of which $12,000,000 constitutes the base need for operations.
2. $727,500,000 from the general fund to the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (30050).
3. $244,250,000 from the general fund to the MTA financial assistance fund, mobility tax trust account (23651).
4. $5,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, transportation regulation account (22067) to the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (30050), for disbursements made from such fund for motor carrier safety that are in excess of the amounts deposited in the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (30050) for such purpose pursuant to section 94 of the transportation law.
5. $3,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, traffic adjudication account (22055), to the general fund.
6. $5,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, transportation regulation account (22067) to the general fund, for disbursements made from such fund for motor carrier safety that are in excess of the amounts deposited in the general fund for such purpose pursuant to section 94 of the transportation law.
7. $1,000,000 from the general fund, to the additional mass transportation assistance program to Montgomery County (53207).
8. $53,583,017 from the general fund, to the mass transportation operating assistance fund, public transportation systems operating assistance account (21401).
9. $20,000,000 from the general fund, to the additional mass transportation assistance program, for additional public transportation systems eligible to receive operating assistance under the provisions of section 18-b of the transportation law, provided that payments from this appropriation shall be used to support the expansion of paratransit services.

10. $650,000,000 from the general fund, to either the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (30050) or the mass transportation operating assistance fund (21400).

Miscellaneous:
1. $250,000,000 from the general fund to any funds or accounts for the purpose of reimbursing certain outstanding accounts receivable balances.
2. $500,000,000 from the general fund to the debt reduction reserve fund (40000).
3. $450,000,000 from the New York state storm recovery capital fund (33000) to the revenue bond tax fund (40152).
4. $15,500,000 from the general fund, community projects account GG (10256), to the general fund, state purposes account (10050).
5. $100,000,000 from any special revenue federal fund to the general fund, state purposes account (10050).
6. $12,750,000,000 from the special revenue federal fund, ARPA-Fiscal Recovery Fund (25546) to the general fund, state purposes account (10050) to cover eligible costs incurred by the state.

§ 3. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, on or before March 31, 2023:
1. Upon request of the commissioner of environmental conservation, up to $12,745,400 from revenues credited to any of the department of environmental conservation special revenue funds, including $4,000,000 from the environmental protection and oil spill compensation fund (21200), and $1,834,600 from the conservation fund (21150), to the environmental conservation special revenue fund, indirect charges account (21060).
2. Upon request of the commissioner of agriculture and markets, up to $3,000,000 from any special revenue fund or enterprise fund within the department of agriculture and markets to the general fund, to pay appropriate administrative expenses.
3. Upon request of the commissioner of agriculture and markets, up to $2,000,000 from the state exposition special fund, state fair receipts account (50051) to the miscellaneous capital projects fund, state fair capital improvement account (32208).
4. Upon request of the commissioner of the division of housing and community renewal, up to $6,221,000 from revenues credited to any division of housing and community renewal federal or miscellaneous special revenue fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, housing indirect cost recovery account (22090).
5. Upon request of the commissioner of the division of housing and community renewal, up to $5,500,000 may be transferred from any miscellaneous special revenue fund account, to any miscellaneous special revenue fund.
6. Upon request of the commissioner of health up to $13,694,000 from revenues credited to any of the department of health's special revenue funds, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, administration account (21982).
7. Upon the request of the attorney general, up to $4,000,000 from revenues credited to the federal health and human services fund, federal health and human services account (25117) or the miscellaneous special revenue fund, recoveries and revenue account (22041), to the miscella-
8. Upon the request of the commission of agriculture and markets, up to $3,000,000 from any special revenue fund or enterprise fund within the department of agriculture and markets to the general fund, to pay appropriate administrative expenses.

9. Upon the request of the commission of agriculture and markets, up to $2,000,000 from the state exposition special fund, state fair receipts account (50051) to the miscellaneous capital projects fund, state fair capital improvement account (32208).

§ 4. On or before March 31, 2023, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit earnings that would otherwise accrue to the general fund that are attributable to the operation of section 98-a of the state finance law, to the agencies internal service fund, banking services account (55057), for the purpose of meeting direct payments from such account.

§ 5. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, upon the direction of the director of the budget and upon requisition by the state university of New York, the dormitory authority of the state of New York is directed to transfer, up to $22,000,000 in revenues generated from the sale of notes or bonds, the state university income fund general revenue account (22653) for reimbursement of bondable equipment for further transfer to the state's general fund.

§ 6. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget and upon consultation with the state university chancellor or his or her designee, on or before March 31, 2023, up to $16,000,000 from the state university income fund general revenue account (22653) to the state general fund for debt service costs related to campus supported capital project costs for the NY-SUNY 2020 challenge grant program at the University at Buffalo.

§ 7. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget and upon consultation with the state university chancellor or his or her designee, on or before March 31, 2023, up to $6,500,000 from the state university income fund general revenue account (22653) to the state general fund for debt service costs related to campus supported capital project costs for the NY-SUNY 2020 challenge grant program at the University at Albany.

§ 8. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the state university chancellor or his or her designee is authorized and directed to transfer estimated tuition revenue balances from the state university collection fund (61000) to the state university income fund, state university general revenue offset account (22655) on or before March 31, 2023.

§ 9. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget, up to $1,575,144,816 from the general fund to the state university income fund, state university general revenue offset account (22655) during the period of July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 to support operations at the state university.

§ 10. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget, up
to $48,834,000 from the general fund to the state university income fund, state university general revenue offset account (22655) during the period of July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 for general fund operating support pursuant to subparagraph (4-b) of paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section three hundred fifty-five of the education law.

§ 11. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget, up to $20,000,000 from the general fund to the state university income fund, state university general revenue offset account (22655) during the period of July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023 to support operations at the state university in accordance with the maintenance of effort pursuant to subparagraph (4) of paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 355 of the education law.

§ 12. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the state university chancellor or his or her designee, up to $55,000,000 from the state university income fund, state university hospitals income reimbursable account (22656), for services and expenses of hospital operations and capital expenditures at the state university hospitals; and the state university income fund, Long Island veterans' home account (22652) to the state university capital projects fund (32400) on or before June 30, 2023.

§ 13. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller, after consultation with the state university chancellor or his or her designee, is hereby authorized and directed to transfer moneys, in the first instance, from the state university collection fund, Stony Brook hospital collection account (61006), Brooklyn hospital collection account (61007), and Syracuse hospital collection account (61008) to the state university income fund, state university hospitals income reimbursable account (22656) in the event insufficient funds are available in the state university income fund, state university hospitals income reimbursable account (22656) to permit the full transfer of moneys authorized for transfer, to the general fund for payment of debt service related to the SUNY hospitals. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the comptroller is also hereby authorized and directed, after consultation with the state university chancellor or his or her designee, to transfer moneys from the state university income fund to the state university income fund, state university hospitals income reimbursable account (22656) in the event insufficient funds are available in the state university income fund, state university hospitals income reimbursable account (22656) to pay hospital operating costs or to permit the full transfer of moneys authorized for transfer, to the general fund for payment of debt service related to the SUNY hospitals on or before March 31, 2023.


§ 15. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, at the request of the director of the budget, up to $700 million from the unencumbered balance of any special revenue fund or account, agency fund or account, internal service fund or account, enterprise fund or account, or any combination of such funds and accounts, to the general fund. The amounts transferred pursuant to this authorization shall be in addition to any other transfers expressly authorized in the 2022-23 budget. Transfers from federal funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, the community projects fund, or
§ 16. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, at the request of the director of the budget, up to $100 million from any non-general fund or account, or combination of funds and accounts, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, technology financing account (22207), the miscellaneous capital projects fund, the federal capital projects account (31350), information technology capital financing account (32215), or the centralized technology services account (55069), for the purpose of consolidating technology procurement and services. The amounts transferred to the miscellaneous special revenue fund, technology financing account (22207) pursuant to this authorization shall be equal to or less than the amount of such monies intended to support information technology costs which are attributable, according to a plan, to such account made in pursuance to an appropriation by law. Transfers to the technology financing account shall be completed from amounts collected by non-general funds or accounts pursuant to a fund deposit schedule or permanent statute, and shall be transferred to the technology financing account pursuant to a schedule agreed upon by the affected agency commissioner. Transfers from funds that would result in the loss of eligibility for federal benefits or federal funds pursuant to federal law, rule, or regulation as assented to in chapter 683 of the laws of 1938 and chapter 700 of the laws of 1951 are not permitted pursuant to this authorization.

§ 17. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, at the request of the director of the budget, up to $400 million from any non-general fund or account, or combination of funds and accounts, to the general fund for the purpose of consolidating technology procurement and services. The amounts transferred pursuant to this authorization shall be equal to or less than the amount of such monies intended to support information technology costs which are attributable, according to a plan, to such account made in pursuance to an appropriation by law. Transfers to the general fund shall be completed from amounts collected by non-general funds or accounts pursuant to a fund deposit schedule. Transfers from funds that would result in the loss of eligibility for federal benefits or federal funds pursuant to federal law, rule, or regulation as assented to in chapter 683 of the laws of 1938 and chapter 700 of the laws of 1951 are not permitted pursuant to this authorization.

§ 18. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, as deemed feasible and advisable by its trustees, the power authority of the state of New York is authorized and directed to transfer to the state treasury to the credit of the general fund up to $20,000,000 for the state fiscal year commencing April 1, 2022, the proceeds of which will be utilized to support energy-related state activities.

§ 19. Intentionally omitted.

§ 20. Intentionally omitted.

§ 21. Subdivision 5 of section 97-rrr of the state finance law, as amended by section 20 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred seventy-one-a of the tax law, as separately amended by chapters four hundred eighty-
one and four hundred eighty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred eight-
y-one, and notwithstanding the provisions of chapter ninety-four of the
laws of two thousand eleven, or any other provisions of law to the
contrary, during the fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand
twenty-one twenty-two, the state comptroller is hereby authorized and
directed to deposit to the fund created pursuant to this section from
amounts collected pursuant to article twenty-two of the tax law and
pursuant to a schedule submitted by the director of the budget, up to
[$1,979,457,000] $1,830,985,000, as may be certified in such schedule as
necessary to meet the purposes of such fund for the fiscal year begin-
ning April first, two thousand twenty-one twenty-two.

§ 22. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the comptroller is
hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director
of the budget, on or before March 31, 2023, the following amounts from
the following special revenue accounts to the capital projects fund
(30000), for the purposes of reimbursement to such fund for expenses
related to the maintenance and preservation of state assets:
1. $43,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, administrative
program account (21982).
2. $1,478,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, helen hayes
hospital account (22140).
3. $456,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, New York city
veterans' home account (22141).
4. $570,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, New York
state home for veterans' and their dependents at oxford account (22142).
5. $170,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, western New
York veterans' home account (22143).
6. $323,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, New York
state for veterans in the lower-hudson valley account (22144).
7. $2,550,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, patron
services account (22163).
8. $7,502,241 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, state
university general income reimbursable account (22653).
9. $135,656,957 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, state
university revenue offset account (22655).
10. $49,329,802 from the state university dormitory income fund, state
university dormitory income fund (40350).
11. $1,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund, litigation
settlement and civil recovery account (22117).

§ 23. Subdivision 8 of section 53 of the state finance law, as amended
by chapter 58 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:
8. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, in addi-
tion to the restrictions set forth therein, the governor may authorize a
transfer to the general fund, to a capital projects fund, or to a fund
established to account for revenues from the federal government only
after the approval of:
(1) the temporary president of the senate or the [chairman] chair of
the senate finance committee (the "senate"); and
(2) the speaker of the assembly or the [chairman] chair of the assem-
bly ways and means committee (the "assembly").

§ 24. Subdivision 6 of section 4 of the state finance law, as amended
by section 25 of part JJ of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended
to read as follows:
6. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, at the beginning of the
state fiscal year, the state comptroller is hereby authorized and
directed to receive for deposit to the credit of a fund and/or an
account such monies as are identified by the director of the budget as having been intended for such deposit to support disbursements from such fund and/or account made in pursuance of an appropriation by law. As soon as practicable upon enactment of the budget, the director of the budget shall, but not less than three days following preliminary submission to the chairs of the senate finance committee and the assembly ways and means committee, file with the state comptroller an identification of specific monies to be so deposited. Any subsequent change regarding the monies to be so deposited shall be filed by the director of the budget, as soon as practicable, but not less than three days following preliminary submission to the chairs of the senate finance committee and the assembly ways and means committee.

All monies identified by the director of the budget to be deposited to the credit of a fund and/or account shall be consistent with the intent of the budget for the then current state fiscal year as enacted by the legislature.

The provisions of this subdivision shall expire on March thirty-first, [two thousand twenty-two] two thousand twenty-three.

§ 25. Subdivision 4 of section 40 of the state finance law, as amended by section 26 of part JJ of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

4. Every appropriation made from a fund or account to a department or agency shall be available for the payment of prior years' liabilities in such fund or account for fringe benefits, indirect costs, and telecommunications expenses and expenses for other centralized services fund programs without limit. Every appropriation shall also be available for the payment of prior years' liabilities other than those indicated above, but only to the extent of one-half of one percent of the total amount appropriated to a department or agency in such fund or account.

The provisions of this subdivision shall expire March thirty-first, [two thousand twenty-two] two thousand twenty-three.

§ 26. Subdivision 2 of section 92-cc of the state finance law, as amended by section 12-a of part I of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

2. Such fund shall have a maximum balance not to exceed [five] fifteen per centum of the aggregate amount projected to be disbursed from the [general—fund] state operating funds during the fiscal year immediately following the then-current fiscal year. At the request of the director of the budget, the state comptroller shall transfer monies to the rainy day reserve fund up to and including an amount equivalent to [seventy-five—five—one-hundredths of one] three per centum of the aggregate amount projected to be disbursed from the [general—fund] state operating funds during the then-current fiscal year, unless such transfer would increase the rainy day reserve fund to an amount in excess of [five] fifteen per centum of the aggregate amount projected to be disbursed from the [general—fund] state operating funds during the fiscal year immediately following the then-current fiscal year, in which event such transfer shall be limited to such amount as will increase the rainy day reserve fund to such [five] fifteen per centum limitation.

§ 27. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 4 of section 99-aa of the state finance law, as added by section 22-d of part XXX of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(c) At the request of the director of the budget, the state comptroller shall transfer monies from the general fund to the trust fund up to and including an amount equivalent to one and fifty one-hundredths of


one per centum of the total actuarial accrued liability included in the state of New York comprehensive annual financial report.

§ 28. Subdivision 4 of section 89-h of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 92 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

4. The moneys of the medical cannabis trust fund, following appropriation by the legislature, shall be allocated upon a certificate of approval of availability by the director of the budget as follows: (a) Twenty-two and five-tenths percent of the moneys shall be transferred to the counties in New York state in which the medical cannabis was manufactured and allocated in proportion to the gross sales originating from medical cannabis manufactured in each such county; (b) twenty-two and five-tenths percent of the moneys shall be transferred to the counties in New York state in which the medical cannabis was dispensed and allocated in proportion to the gross sales occurring in each such county; (c) five percent of the moneys shall be transferred to the office of addiction services and supports, which shall use that revenue for additional drug abuse prevention, counseling and treatment services; (d) five percent of the revenue received by the department shall be transferred to the division of criminal justice services, which shall use that revenue for a program of discretionary grants to state and local law enforcement agencies that demonstrate a need relating to article three of the cannabis law; said grants could be used for personnel costs of state and local law enforcement agencies; and (e) forty-five percent of the moneys shall be [transferred] deposited to the New York state cannabis revenue fund. For purposes of this subdivision, the city of New York shall be deemed to be a county.

§ 29. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to use any balance remaining in the mental health services fund debt service appropriation, after payment by the state comptroller of all obligations required pursuant to any lease, sublease, or other financing arrangement between the dormitory authority of the state of New York as successor to the New York state medical care facilities finance agency, and the facilities development corporation pursuant to chapter 83 of the laws of 1995 and the department of mental hygiene for the purpose of making payments to the dormitory authority of the state of New York for the amount of the earnings for the investment of monies deposited in the mental health services fund that such agency determines will or may have to be rebated to the federal government pursuant to the provisions of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, in order to enable such agency to maintain the exemption from federal income taxation on the interest paid to the holders of such agency's mental services facilities improvement revenue bonds. Annually on or before each June 30th, such agency shall certify to the state comptroller its determination of the amounts received in the mental health services fund as a result of the investment of monies deposited therein that will or may have to be rebated to the federal government pursuant to the provisions of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.

§ 30. Subdivision 1 of section 16 of part D of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, relating to the financing of the correctional facilities improvement fund and the youth facility improvement fund, as amended by section 25 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of section 1 of chapter 174
of the laws of 1968, the New York state urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds, notes and other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed [nine billion one hundred thirty-nine million six hundred nineteen thousand dollars $9,139,619,000] nine billion five hundred two million seven hundred thirty-nine thousand dollars $9,502,739,000, and shall include all bonds, notes and other obligations issued pursuant to chapter 56 of the laws of 1983, as amended or supplemented. The proceeds of such bonds, notes or other obligations shall be paid to the state, for deposit in the correctional facilities capital improvement fund to pay for all or any portion of the amount or amounts paid by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the department of corrections and community supervision from the correctional facilities capital improvement fund for capital projects. The aggregate amount of bonds, notes or other obligations authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall exclude bonds, notes or other obligations issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds, notes or other obligations theretofore issued, the proceeds of which were paid to the state for all or a portion of the amounts expended by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the department of corrections and community supervision; provided, however, that upon any such refunding or repayment the total aggregate principal amount of outstanding bonds, notes or other obligations may be greater than [nine billion one hundred thirty-nine million six hundred nineteen thousand dollars $9,139,619,000] nine billion five hundred two million seven hundred thirty-nine thousand dollars $9,502,739,000, only if the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations to be issued shall not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so to be refunded or repaid. For the purposes hereof, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and to the price bid including estimated accrued interest or proceeds received by the corporation including estimated accrued interest from the sale thereof.

§ 31. Subdivision (a) of section 27 of part Y of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005, relating to providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006 budget, as amended by section 26 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed [three hundred seventy-four million six hundred thousand dollars $374,600,000] four hundred twenty-six million one hundred thousand dollars $426,100,000, excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital projects including IT
initiatives for the division of state police, debt service and leases;
and to reimburse the state general fund for disbursements made therefor.
Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of
the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be
payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to
such authorized issuer for debt service and related expenses pursuant to
any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this
section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a
statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the
internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall
only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.
§ 32. Subdivision 3 of section 1285-p of the public authorities law,
as amended by section 27 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021,
is amended to read as follows:
3. The maximum amount of bonds that may be issued for the purpose of
financing environmental infrastructure projects authorized by this
section shall be [seven billion one hundred thirty million ten thousand
dollars $7,130,010,000] eight billion sixty-two million six hundred ten
thousand dollars $8,062,610,000, exclusive of bonds issued to fund any
debt service reserve funds, pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and
bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes previ-
ously issued. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a
debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall
they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the
state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant
to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision one of this
section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a
statement to such effect.
§ 33. Subdivision (a) of section 48 of part K of chapter 81 of the
laws of 2002, relating to providing for the administration of certain
funds and accounts related to the 2002-2003 budget, as amended by
section 28 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to
read as follows:
(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000 but
notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the urban development
corporation act, the corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or
notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to
exceed [three hundred forty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars
$347,500,000] three hundred eighty-three million five hundred thousand
dollars $383,500,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt
service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds
or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previ-
ously issued, for the purpose of financing capital costs related to
homeland security and training facilities for the division of state
police, the division of military and naval affairs, and any other state
agency, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made from the
state capital projects fund, and is hereby authorized to issue bonds or
notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to
exceed [one billion three hundred eight million six hundred eighty-six
thousand dollars $1,308,686,000] one billion five hundred ninety-one
million nine hundred eighty-six thousand dollars $1,591,986,000, exclud-
ing bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay
costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or
otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose
of financing improvements to State office buildings and other facilities
located statewide, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made
from the state capital projects fund. Such bonds and notes of the corpo-
ration shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be
liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than
those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and
related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to
subdivision (b) of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain
on the face thereof a statement to such effect.

§ 34. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 19 of section 1680 of the public
authorities law, as amended by section 29 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of
the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two
thousand, the dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds for state
university educational facilities purposes if the principal amount of
bonds to be issued when added to the aggregate principal amount of bonds
issued by the dormitory authority on and after July first, nineteen
hundred eighty-eight for state university educational facilities will
exceed [fifteen billion five hundred fifty-five million eight hundred
sixty-four thousand dollars $15,555,864,000] sixteen billion three
hundred seventy-one million eight hundred sixty-four thousand dollars
$16,371,864,000; provided, however, that bonds issued or to be issued
shall be excluded from such limitation if: (1) such bonds are issued to
refund state university construction bonds and state university
construction notes previously issued by the housing finance agency; or
(2) such bonds are issued to refund bonds of the authority or other
obligations issued for state university educational facilities purposes
and the present value of the aggregate debt service on the refunding
bonds does not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service on
the bonds refunded thereby; provided, further that upon certification by
the director of the budget that the issuance of refunding bonds or other
obligations issued between April first, nineteen hundred ninety-two and
March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three will generate long
term economic benefits to the state, as assessed on a present value
basis, such issuance will be deemed to have met the present value test
noted above. For purposes of this subdivision, the present value of the
aggregate debt service of the refunding bonds and the aggregate debt
service of the bonds refunded, shall be calculated by utilizing the true
interest cost of the refunding bonds, which shall be that rate arrived
at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually)
necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding bonds
from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding
bonds to the purchase price of the refunding bonds, including interest
accrued thereon prior to the issuance thereof. The maturity of such
bonds, other than bonds issued to refund outstanding bonds, shall not
exceed the weighted average economic life, as certified by the state
university construction fund, of the facilities in connection with which
the bonds are issued, and in any case not later than the earlier of
thirty years or the expiration of the term of any lease, sublease or
other agreement relating thereto; provided that no note, including
renewals thereof, shall mature later than five years after the date of
issuance of such note. The legislature reserves the right to amend or
repeal such limit, and the state of New York, the dormitory authority,
the state university of New York, and the state university construction
fund are prohibited from covenanting or making any other agreements with
or for the benefit of bondholders which might in any way affect such
right.
§ 35. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 14 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 30 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, (i) the dormitory authority shall not deliver a series of bonds for city university community college facilities, except to refund or to be substituted for or in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university community college facilities pursuant to a resolution of the dormitory authority adopted before July first, nineteen hundred eighty-five or any resolution supplemental thereto, if the principal amount of bonds so to be issued when added to all principal amounts of bonds previously issued by the dormitory authority for city university community college facilities, except to refund or to be substituted in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university community college facilities will exceed the sum of four hundred twenty-five million dollars and (ii) the dormitory authority shall not deliver a series of bonds issued for city university facilities, including community college facilities, pursuant to a resolution of the dormitory authority adopted on or after July first, nineteen hundred eighty-five, except to refund or to be substituted for or in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university facilities and except for bonds issued pursuant to a resolution supplemental to a resolution of the dormitory authority adopted prior to July first, nineteen hundred eighty-five, if the principal amount of bonds so to be issued when added to the principal amount of bonds previously issued pursuant to any such resolution, except bonds issued to refund or to be substituted for or in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university facilities, will exceed nine billion six hundred sixty-one million thirty thousand dollars $9,661,030,000.

The legislature reserves the right to amend or repeal such limit, and the state of New York, the dormitory authority, the city university, and the fund are prohibited from covenanting or making any other agreements with or for the benefit of bondholders which might in any way affect such right.

§ 36. Subdivision 10-a of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 31 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

10-a. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, but notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, the maximum amount of bonds and notes to be issued after March thirty-first, two thousand two, on behalf of the state, in relation to any locally sponsored community college, shall be one billion sixty-six million two hundred fifty-seven thousand dollars $1,066,257,000. Such amount shall be exclusive of bonds and notes issued to fund any reserve fund or funds, costs of issuance and to refund any outstanding bonds and notes, issued on behalf of the state, relating to a locally sponsored community college.

§ 37. Subdivision 1 of section 17 of part D of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, relating to the financing of the correctional facilities improvement fund and the youth facility improvement fund, as amended by section 32 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, the New York state urban development corporation is
hereby authorized to issue bonds, notes and other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \[\text{eight hundred seventy-six million fifteen thousand dollars $876,015,000}\] \[\text{nine hundred eleven million seven hundred fifteen thousand dollars $911,715,000}\], which authorization increases the aggregate principal amount of bonds, notes and other obligations authorized by section 40 of chapter 309 of the laws of 1996, and shall include all bonds, notes and other obligations issued pursuant to chapter 211 of the laws of 1990, as amended or supplemented. The proceeds of such bonds, notes or other obligations shall be paid to the state, for deposit in the youth facilities improvement fund, to pay for all or any portion of the amount or amounts paid by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the office of children and family services from the youth facilities improvement fund for capital projects. The aggregate amount of bonds, notes and other obligations authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall exclude bonds, notes or other obligations issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds, notes or other obligations theretofore issued, the proceeds of which were paid to the state for all or a portion of the amounts expended by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the office of children and family services; provided, however, that upon any such refunding or repayment the total aggregate principal amount of outstanding bonds, notes or other obligations may be greater than \[\text{eight hundred seventy-six million fifteen thousand dollars $876,015,000}\] \[\text{nine hundred eleven million seven hundred fifteen thousand dollars $911,715,000}\], only if the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations to be issued shall not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so to be refunded or repaid. For the purposes hereof, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and to the price bid including estimated accrued interest or proceeds received by the corporation including estimated accrued interest from the sale thereof.

§ 38. Paragraph \(b\) of subdivision \(2\) of section \(9-a\) of section \(1\) of chapter \(392\) of the laws of 1973, constituting the New York state medical care facilities finance agency act, as amended by section \(33\) of part \(JJJ\) of chapter \(59\) of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

\(b\). The agency shall have power and is hereby authorized from time to time to issue negotiable bonds and notes in conformity with applicable provisions of the uniform commercial code in such principal amount as, in the opinion of the agency, shall be necessary, after taking into account other moneys which may be available for the purpose, to provide sufficient funds to the facilities development corporation, or any successor agency, for the financing or refinancing of or for the design, construction, acquisition, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of mental health services facilities pursuant to paragraph \(a\) of this subdivision, the payment of interest on mental health services improvement bonds and mental health services improvement notes issued for such
purposes, the establishment of reserves to secure such bonds and notes, the cost or premium of bond insurance or the costs of any financial mechanisms which may be used to reduce the debt service that would be payable by the agency on its mental health services facilities improvement bonds and notes and all other expenditures of the agency incident to and necessary or convenient to providing the facilities development corporation, or any successor agency, with funds for the financing or refinancing of or for any such design, construction, acquisition, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement and for the refunding of mental hygiene improvement bonds issued pursuant to section 47-b of the private housing finance law; provided, however, that the agency shall not issue mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health services facilities improvement notes in an aggregate principal amount exceeding [ten billion four hundred seventy-six million seven hundred thirty-two million dollars $10,476,773,000] ten billion nine hundred thirty-two million six hundred thirty-three thousand dollars $10,932,633,000, excluding mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health services facilities improvement notes issued to refund outstanding mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health services facilities improvement notes; provided, however, that upon any such refunding or repayment of mental health services facilities improvement bonds and/or mental health services facilities improvement notes the total aggregate principal amount of outstanding mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health facilities improvement notes may be greater than [ten billion four hundred seventy-six million seven hundred seventy-three thousand dollars $10,476,773,000] ten billion nine hundred thirty-two million six hundred thirty-three thousand dollars $10,932,633,000, only if, except as hereinafter provided with respect to mental health services facilities bonds and mental health services facilities notes issued pursuant to the provisions of section 47-b of the private housing finance law, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds to be issued shall not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds to be refunded or repaid. For purposes hereof, the present values of the aggregate debt service of the bonds to be refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations so refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and to the price bid including estimated accrued interest or proceeds received by the authority including estimated accrued interest from the sale thereof. Such bonds, other than bonds issued to refund outstanding bonds, shall be scheduled to mature over a term not to exceed the average useful life, as certified by the facilities development corporation, of the projects for which the bonds are issued, and in any case shall not exceed thirty years and the maximum maturity of notes or any renewals thereof shall not exceed five years from the date of the original issue of such notes. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the agency shall have the power and is hereby authorized to issue mental health services facilities improvement bonds and/or mental
health services facilities improvement notes to refund outstanding
mental hygiene improvement bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to the
provisions of section 47-b of the private housing finance law and the
amount of bonds issued or outstanding for such purposes shall not be
included for purposes of determining the amount of bonds issued pursuant
to this section. The director of the budget shall allocate the aggregate
principal authorized to be issued by the agency among the office of
mental health, office for people with developmental disabilities, and
the office of addiction services and supports, in consultation with
their respective commissioners to finance bondable appropriations previ-
ously approved by the legislature.
§ 39. Subdivision (a) of section 28 of part Y of chapter 61 of the
laws of 2005, relating to providing for the administration of certain
funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006 budget, as amended by
section 34 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to
read as follows:
(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but
notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, one or more
authorized issuers as defined by section 68-a of the state finance law
are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in
an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \[\text{one hundred seventy-two million dollars }$172,000,000\]
	\[\text{one hundred ninety-seven million dollars }$197,000,000\], excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service
reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or
notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously
issued, for the purpose of financing capital projects for public

defense facilities in the Division of Military and Naval Affairs,
debt service and leases; and to reimburse the state general fund for
disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of such authorized
issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be
liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than
those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt
service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed
pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes
shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for
purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest
income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on
such bonds.
§ 40. Section 53 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968,
constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as
amended by section 35 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is
amended to read as follows:
§ 53. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the
contrary, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation
are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for
the purpose of funding project costs for the acquisition of equipment,
including but not limited to the creation or modernization of inform-
tation technology systems and related research and development equipment,
health and safety equipment, heavy equipment and machinery, the creation
or improvement of security systems, and laboratory equipment and other
state costs associated with such capital projects. The aggregate princi-
pal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section
shall not exceed \[\text{three hundred ninety-three million dollars }$393,000,000\],
excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of
issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise
1 repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the
dormitory authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a
debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall
they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the
state to the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation
for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service
contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a
statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the
internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall
only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in
order to assist the dormitory authority and the urban development corpo-
ration in undertaking the financing for project costs for the acquisi-
tion of equipment, including but not limited to the creation or modern-
ization of information technology systems and related research and
development equipment, health and safety equipment, heavy equipment and
machinery, the creation or improvement of security systems, and labora-
tory equipment and other state costs associated with such capital
projects, the director of the budget is hereby authorized to enter into
one or more service contracts with the dormitory authority and the urban
development corporation, none of which shall exceed thirty years in
duration, upon such terms and conditions as the director of the budget
and the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation agree,
so as to annually provide to the dormitory authority and the urban
development corporation, in the aggregate, a sum not to exceed the prin-
cipal, interest, and related expenses required for such bonds and notes.

Any service contract entered into pursuant to this section shall provide
that the obligation of the state to pay the amount therein provided
shall not constitute a debt of the state within the meaning of any
constitutional or statutory provision and shall be deemed executory only
to the extent of monies available and that no liability shall be
incurred by the state beyond the monies available for such purpose,
subject to annual appropriation by the legislature. Any such contract or
any payments made or to be made thereunder may be assigned and pledged
by the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation as
security for its bonds and notes, as authorized by this section.

§ 41. Subdivision (b) of section 11 of chapter 329 of the laws of
1991, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the
establishment of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund, as amended
by section 36 of part JJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended
to read as follows:

(b) Any service contract or contracts for projects authorized pursuant
to sections 10-c, 10-f, 10-g and 80-b of the highway law and section
14-k of the transportation law, and entered into pursuant to subdivision
(a) of this section, shall provide for state commitments to provide
annually to the thruway authority a sum or sums, upon such terms and
conditions as shall be deemed appropriate by the director of the budget,
to fund, or fund the debt service requirements of any bonds or any obli-
gations of the thruway authority issued to fund or to reimburse the
state for funding such projects having a cost not in excess of [twelve
billion two hundred sixty million five hundred twenty-eight thousand
dollars $12,260,528,000] thirteen billion three hundred three million
eight hundred eighty-one thousand dollars $13,303,881,000 cumulatively
by the end of fiscal year [2021-22] 2022-23. For purposes of this
subdivision, such projects shall be deemed to include capital grants to
cities, towns and villages for the reimbursement of eligible capital
§ 42. Subdivision 1 of section 1689-i of the public authorities law, as amended by section 37 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. The dormitory authority is authorized to issue bonds, at the request of the commissioner of education, to finance eligible library construction projects pursuant to section two hundred seventy-three-a of the education law, in amounts certified by such commissioner not to exceed a total principal amount of \( \text{two hundred ninety-nine million dollars} \) \$299,000,000.

§ 43. Section 44 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as amended by section 38 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

§ 44. Issuance of certain bonds or notes. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the dormitory authority and the corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for the regional economic development council initiative, the economic transformation program, state university of New York college for nanoscale and science engineering, projects within the city of Buffalo or surrounding environs, the New York works economic development fund, projects for the retention of professional football in western New York, the empire state economic development fund, the clarkson-trudeau partnership, the New York genome center, the cornell university college of veterinary medicine, the olympic regional development authority, projects at nano Utica, onondaga county revitalization projects, Binghamton university school of pharmacy, New York power electronics manufacturing consortium, regional infrastructure projects, high tech innovation and economic development infrastructure program, high technology manufacturing projects in Chautauqua and Erie county, an industrial scale research and development facility in Clinton county, upstate revitalization initiative projects, downstate revitalization initiative, market New York projects, fairground buildings, equipment or facilities used to house and promote agriculture, the state fair, the empire state trail, the moynihan station development project, the Kingsbridge armory project, strategic economic development projects, the cultural, arts and public spaces fund, water infrastructure in the city of Auburn and town of Owasco, a life sciences laboratory public health initiative, not-for-profit pounds, shelters and humane societies, arts and cultural facilities improvement program, restore New York's communities initiative, heavy equipment, economic development and infrastructure projects, Roosevelt Island operating corporation capital projects, Lake Ontario regional projects, Pennsylvania station and other transit projects and other state costs associated with such projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed \( \text{eleven billion two hundred seventy-nine million two hundred two thousand dollars} \) \$11,279,202,000.
issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of
issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise
repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the
dormitory authority and the corporation shall not be a debt of the
state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be
payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to
the dormitory authority and the corporation for principal, interest, and
related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes
shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for
purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest
income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on
such bonds.

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in
order to assist the dormitory authority and the corporation in undertak-
ing the financing for project costs for the regional economic develop-
ment council initiative, the economic transformation program, state
university of New York college for nanoscale and science engineering,
projects within the city of Buffalo or surrounding environs, the New
York works economic development fund, projects for the retention of
professional football in western New York, the empire state economic
development fund, the clarkson-trudeau partnership, the New York genome
center, the cornell university college of veterinary medicine, the olym-
pic regional development authority, projects at nano Utica, onondaga
county revitalization projects, Binghamton university school of pharma-
cy, New York power electronics manufacturing consortium, regional
infrastructure projects, New York State Capital Assistance Program for
Transportation, infrastructure, and economic development, high tech
innovation and economic development infrastructure program, high tech-
nology manufacturing projects in Chautauqua and Erie county, an indus-
trial scale research and development facility in Clinton county, upstate
revitalization initiative projects, downstate revitalization initiative,
market New York projects, fairground buildings, equipment or facilities
used to house and promote agriculture, the state fair, the empire state
trail, the moynihan station development project, the Kingsbridge armory
project, strategic economic development projects, the cultural, arts and
public spaces fund, water infrastructure in the city of Auburn and town
of Owasco, a life sciences laboratory public health initiative, not-for-
profit pounds, shelters and humane societies, arts and cultural facili-
ties improvement program, restore New York's communities initiative,
heavy equipment, economic development and infrastructure projects,
Roosevelt Island operating corporation capital projects, Lake Ontario
regional projects, Pennsylvania station and other transit projects and
other state costs associated with such projects the director of the
budget is hereby authorized to enter into one or more service contracts
with the dormitory authority and the corporation, none of which shall
exceed thirty years in duration, upon such terms and conditions as the
director of the budget and the dormitory authority and the corporation
agree, so as to annually provide to the dormitory authority and the
corporation, in the aggregate, a sum not to exceed the principal, inter-
est, and related expenses required for such bonds and notes. Any service
contract entered into pursuant to this section shall provide that the
obligation of the state to pay the amount therein provided shall not
constitute a debt of the state within the meaning of any constitutional
or statutory provision and shall be deemed executory only to the extent
of monies available and that no liability shall be incurred by the state
beyond the monies available for such purpose, subject to annual appro-
priation by the legislature. Any such contract or any payments made or
1 to be made thereunder may be assigned and pledged by the dormitory
2 authority and the corporation as security for its bonds and notes, as
3 authorized by this section.
4
§ 44. Subdivision 1 of section 386-b of the public authorities law, as
5 amended by section 39 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is
6 amended to read as follows:
7 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the
8 authority, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation
9 are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for
10 the purpose of financing peace bridge projects and capital costs of
11 state and local highways, parkways, bridges, the New York state thruway,
12 Indian reservation roads, and facilities, and transportation infrastruc-
13 ture projects including aviation projects, non-MTA mass transit
14 projects, and rail service preservation projects, including work appur-
15 tenant and ancillary thereto. The aggregate principal amount of bonds
16 authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed [eight
17 billion eight hundred thirty-nine million nine hundred sixty-three thou-
18 sand dollars $8,839,963,000] twelve billion two hundred twelve million
19 eight hundred sixty-three thousand dollars $12,212,863,000, excluding
20 bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay
21 costs of issuance of such bonds, and to refund or otherwise repay such
22 bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the authori-
23 ty, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation shall
24 not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon,
25 nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated
26 by the state to the authority, the dormitory authority and the urban
27 development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses
28 pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on
29 the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of
30 complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on
31 bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.
32
§ 45. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 47-e of the private
33 housing finance law, as amended by section 40 of part JJJ of chapter 59
34 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
35 1. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two
36 thousand, in order to enhance and encourage the promotion of housing
37 programs and thereby achieve the stated purposes and objectives of such
38 housing programs, the agency shall have the power and is hereby author-
39 ized from time to time to issue negotiable housing program bonds and
40 notes in such principal amount as shall be necessary to provide suffi-
41 cient funds for the repayment of amounts disbursed (and not previously
42 reimbursed) pursuant to law or any prior year making capital appropri-
43 ations or reappropriations for the purposes of the housing program;
44 provided, however, that the agency may issue such bonds and notes in an
45 aggregate principal amount not exceeding [seven billion five hundred
46 forty-five million one hundred seven thousand dollars $7,545,107,000] thir-
47 teen billion one hundred twenty-eight million five hundred eleven
48 thousand dollars $13,128,511,000, plus a principal amount of bonds
49 issued to fund the debt service reserve fund in accordance with the debt
50 service reserve fund requirement established by the agency and to fund
51 any other reserves that the agency reasonably deems necessary for the
52 security or marketability of such bonds and to provide for the payment
53 of fees and other charges and expenses, including underwriters' dis-
54 count, trustee and rating agency fees, bond insurance, credit
55 enhancement and liquidity enhancement related to the issuance of such
bonds and notes. No reserve fund securing the housing program bonds
shall be entitled or eligible to receive state funds apportioned or
appropriated to maintain or restore such reserve fund at or to a partic-
ular level, except to the extent of any deficiency resulting directly or
indirectly from a failure of the state to appropriate or pay the agreed
amount under any of the contracts provided for in subdivision four of
this section.
§ 46. Subdivision 1 of section 50 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the
laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corpo-
ration act, as amended by section 41 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the
laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary,
the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation are hereby
authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose
of funding project costs undertaken by or on behalf of the state educa-
tion department, special act school districts, state-supported schools
for the blind and deaf, approved private special education schools,
non-public schools, community centers, day care facilities, residential
camps, day camps, Native American Indian Nation schools, and other state
costs associated with such capital projects. The aggregate principal
amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall
not exceed [two hundred thirty-six million dollars $236,000,000] three
hundred one million seven hundred thousand dollars $301,700,000, exclud-
ing bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay
costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or
otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and
notes of the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation
shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable
thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those
appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the urban
development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses
pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on
the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of
complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on
bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.
§ 47. Subdivision 1 of section 47 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the
laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corpo-
ration act, as amended by section 42 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the
laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary,
the dormitory authority and the corporation are hereby authorized to
issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding
project costs for the office of information technology services, depart-
ment of law, and other state costs associated with such capital
projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be
issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed [nine hundred seventy-
four million two hundred fifty-four thousand dollars $974,254,000] one
billion one hundred twenty-five million six hundred sixty-six thousand dollars
$1,125,066,000 excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service
reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or
notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously
issued. Such bonds and notes of the dormitory authority and the corpo-
roration shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be
liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than
those appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the
corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a
service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.

§ 48. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 385 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 43 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The authority is hereby authorized, as additional corporate purposes thereof solely upon the request of the director of the budget:
(i) to issue special emergency highway and bridge trust fund bonds and notes for a term not to exceed thirty years and to incur obligations secured by the moneys appropriated from the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established in section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law; (ii) to make available the proceeds in accordance with instructions provided by the director of the budget from the sale of such special emergency highway and bridge trust fund bonds, notes or other obligations, net of all costs to the authority in connection therewith, for the purposes of financing all or a portion of the costs of activities for which moneys in the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established in section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law are authorized to be utilized or for the financing of disbursements made by the state for the activities authorized pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law; and (iii) to enter into agreements with the commissioner of transportation pursuant to section ten-e of the highway law with respect to financing for any activities authorized pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law, or agreements with the commissioner of transportation pursuant to sections ten-f and ten-g of the highway law in connection with activities on state highways pursuant to these sections, and (iv) to enter into service contracts, contracts, agreements, deeds and leases with the director of the budget or the commissioner of transportation and project sponsors and others to provide for the financing by the authority of activities authorized pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law, and each of the director of the budget and the commissioner of transportation are hereby authorized to enter into service contracts, contracts, agreements, deeds and leases with the authority, project sponsors or others to provide for such financing. The authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of [eighteen billion one hundred fifty million dollars $18,150,000,000] nineteen billion seven hundred seventy-six million nine hundred twenty thousand dollars $19,776,920,000, plus a principal amount of bonds or notes: (A) to fund capital reserve funds; (B) to provide capitalized interest; and, (C) to fund other costs of issuance. In computing for the purposes of this subdivision, the aggregate amount of indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the authority issued pursuant to this section, as amended by a chapter of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-six, there shall be excluded the amount of bonds or notes issued that would constitute interest under the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the amount of indebtedness issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes.

§ 49. Subdivision 1 of section 386-a of the public authorities law, as amended by section 44 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the authority, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of assisting the metropolitan transportation authority in
the financing of transportation facilities as defined in subdivision seventeen of section twelve hundred sixty-one of this chapter or other capital projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed twelve billion five hundred fifteen million eight hundred fifty-six thousand dollars $12,515,856,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the authority, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the authority, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, including the limitations contained in subdivision four of section sixty-seven-b of the state finance law, (A) any bonds and notes issued prior to April first, two thousand twenty-two pursuant to this section may be issued with a maximum maturity of fifty years, and (B) any bonds issued to refund such bonds and notes may be issued with a maximum maturity of fifty years from the respective date of original issuance of such bonds and notes. § 50. Subdivision 1 of section 1680-r of the public authorities law, as amended by section 47 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for the capital restructuring financing program for health care and related facilities licensed pursuant to the public health law or the mental hygiene law and other state costs associated with such capital projects, the health care facility transformation programs, the essential health care provider program, and other health care capital project costs. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed [three billion fifty-three million dollars $3,053,000,000] five billion fifty-three million dollars $5,053,000,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. § 51. Subdivision 1 of section 1680-k of the public authorities law, as amended by section 62 of part BBB of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
1. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two
2 thousand, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the
3 dormitory authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one
4 or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \[\text{forty}
5 million seven hundred fifteen thousand dollars}\ \text{forty-one million eight}
6 hundred thirty thousand dollars $41,830,000 excluding bonds issued to
7 finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance
8 of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay
9 such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing the
10 construction of the New York state agriculture and markets food labora-
11 tory. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost
12 of design, financing, site investigations, site acquisition and prepara-
13 tion, demolition, construction, rehabilitation, acquisition of machinery
14 and equipment, and infrastructure improvements. Such bonds and notes of
15 such authorized issuers shall not be a debt of the state, and the state
16 shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds
17 other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuers
18 for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract
19 executed pursuant to subdivision two of this section and such bonds and
20 notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Ex-
21 cept for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any
22 interest earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt
23 service on such bonds.

§ 52. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 and clause (B) of subparagraph
(iii) of paragraph (j) of subdivision 4 of section 1 of part D of chap-
24 ter 63 of the laws of 2005 relating to the composition and responsibil-
25 ities of the New York state higher education capital matching grant
26 board, as amended by section 7 of part K of chapter 39 of the laws of
27 2019, are amended to read as follows:
28 (b) Within amounts appropriated therefor, the board is hereby author-
29 ized and directed to award matching capital grants totaling \[\text{three}
30 hundred million dollars, $300,000,000\] \text{three hundred sixty million}
31 dollars, $360,000,000. Each college shall be eligible for a grant award
32 amount as determined by the calculations pursuant to subdivision five of
33 this section. In addition, such colleges shall be eligible to compete
34 for additional funds pursuant to paragraph (h) of subdivision four of
35 this section.

(B) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an
36 amount in excess of \[\text{three hundred million dollars, $300,000,000}\] \text{three}
37 hundred sixty million dollars, $360,000,000 for the purposes of this
38 section; excluding bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt
39 service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds
40 or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previ-
41 ously issued. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue
42 code, any interest on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt
43 service on such bonds.

§ 53. Subdivision 1 of section 51 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the
44 laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corpo-
45 ration act, as amended by section 42-c of part XXX of chapter 59 of the
46 laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary,
2 the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation are hereby
3 authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose
4 of funding project costs for the nonprofit infrastructure capital
5 investment program and other state costs associated with such capital
6 projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be
issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed [one hundred twenty million dollars] one hundred seventy million dollars $170,000,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.

§ 53-a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for the child care facilities development program and other state costs associated with such capital projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed two hundred million dollars $200,000,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the urban development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.

§ 54. Intentionally omitted.
§ 55. Intentionally omitted.
§ 56. Section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, is amended by adding a new section 58 to read as follows:

§ 58. Gateway project. 1. Findings and declaration of need. The state of New York finds and determines that providing funding for the passenger rail transportation project commonly known as the gateway project, is needed to preserve and improve the functionality and strengthen the resiliency of long-distance and commuter rail infrastructure between the state of New York and the state of New Jersey.

2. Definitions. When used in this section:

"Commission" shall mean the gateway development commission, a bi-state commission and a body corporate and politic established by the state of New Jersey and the state of New York, acting in the public interest and exercising essential governmental functions in accordance with the Gateway development commission act, and any successor thereto.

"Federal transportation loan" shall mean one or more loans made to the commission to finance the Hudson tunnel project under or pursuant to any U.S. Department of Transportation program or act, including but not limited to the Railroad Rehabilitation & Improvement Financing Program
or the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act, which
loan or loans are related to the state capital commitment.
"Gateway development commission act" shall mean chapter 108 of the
laws of New York, 2019, as amended.
"Gateway project" shall mean the Hudson tunnel project.
"Hudson tunnel project" shall mean the project consisting of
construction of a tunnel connecting the states of New York and New
Jersey and the completion of certain ancillary facilities including
construction of concrete casing at Hudson Yards in Manhattan, New York
and the rehabilitation of the existing North River Tunnels.
"State capital commitment" shall mean an aggregate principal amount
not to exceed $2,350,000,000, plus any interest costs, including capi-
talized interest, and related expenses and fees payable by the state of
New York to the commission under one or more service contracts or other
agreements pursuant to this section, as well as any expenses of the
state incurred in connection therewith.
"Related expenses and fees" shall mean commitment fees and other
ancillary costs, expenses and fees incurred, and to become due and paya-
ble, by the commission in connection with the Federal transportation
loan.
3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in
order to provide for the payment for the state capital commitment, the
director of the budget is hereby authorized to enter into one or more
service contracts or other agreements with the commission, none of which
shall exceed the maximum duration of the Federal transportation loan,
upon such terms and conditions as the director of the budget and commis-
sion agree, so as to provide to the commission, for each state fiscal
year, a sum not to exceed the amount required for the payment of the
state capital commitment for such fiscal year. Any such service contract
or other agreement shall provide that the obligation of the state to pay
the amount therein provided shall not constitute a debt of the state
within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision and
shall be deemed executory only to the extent of monies available, that
no liability shall be incurred by the state beyond the monies available
for such purpose, and that such obligation is subject to annual appro-
priation by the legislature. Any such service contract or other agree-
ment and any payments made or to be made thereunder may be assigned and
pledged by the commission as security for the repayment by the commis-
sion of the Federal transportation loan.
4. The director of the budget is also authorized to enter into such
other agreements and to take or cause to be taken such additional
actions as are necessary or desirable to effectuate the purposes of the
transactions contemplated by the state capital commitment provided for
herein and the service contract or other agreement authorized by subdi-
vision 3 of this section.
§ 57. Subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 16 of part T of chapter 57 of
the laws of 2007, relating to providing for the administration of
certain funds and accounts related to the 2007-2008 budget, are
REPEALED.
§ 58. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to
have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2022; provided,
however, that the provisions of sections one, one-a, two, three, four,
five, six, seven, eight, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eigh-
teen, twenty-two, and twenty-three of this act shall expire March 31,
2023 when upon such date the provisions of such sections shall be deemed
repealed; provided, further, that the amendments to section 89-h of the
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state finance law made by section twenty-eight of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

PART Z

Intentionally Omitted

PART AA

Section 1. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new section 160.57 to read as follows:

§ 160.57 Automatic sealing of convictions.

1. Convictions for certain traffic infractions and violations or any crime defined in the laws of this state shall be sealed in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subdivision as follows:

(a) Convictions for subdivision one of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law shall be sealed after three years.

(b) Criminal convictions for misdemeanors and felonies shall be sealed upon satisfaction of the following conditions:

(i) at least three years have passed from the imposition of sentence on the defendant's most recent misdemeanor conviction in this state and at least seven years have passed since the imposition of sentence on the defendant's most recent felony conviction in this state;

(ii) the defendant does not have a criminal charge pending in this state;

(iii) the defendant is not currently under the supervision of any probation or parole department for the eligible conviction; and

(iv) the conviction is not defined as a sex offense under section one hundred sixty-eight-a of the correction law.

(c) Where a conviction is eligible for sealing pursuant to this paragraph before, on, or after the effective date of this section, the division of criminal justice services shall immediately notify the office of court administration, the court of conviction, and the heads of all appropriate police and sheriff departments that the conviction is sealed.

(d) Records of convictions sealed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be accessed, made available to any person or public or private agency, or used by any state agency covered by subdivision three of this section except for:

(i) the defendant and such defendant's attorney;

(ii) any court or prosecutor for the purposes of a pending criminal action;

(iii) qualified agencies, as defined in subdivision nine of section eight hundred thirty-five of the executive law, and federal and state law enforcement agencies, when acting within the scope of their law enforcement duties;

(iv) the court, prosecutor, and defense counsel if the defendant becomes a witness in a criminal proceeding, or the claimant and respondent if the defendant becomes a witness in a civil proceeding;

(v) when an individual is a defendant in a criminal action and the sealed records of conviction of a third-party are integral to their defense. In such instances, use of sealed records shall be requested upon ex parte motion in any superior court, or in any district court, city court or the criminal court of the city of New York provided that
such court is where the action is pending. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the court that the records will be used for the purpose of this subparagraph;

(vi) entities that are required by state or federal law to request a fingerprint-based check of criminal history information, provided, however, that every person whose information is retrieved pursuant to this paragraph shall be furnished with a copy of such information and afforded an opportunity to explain or contest the information to the entity;

(vii) any prospective employer of a police officer or peace officer as those terms are defined in subdivisions thirty-three and thirty-four of section 1.20 of this chapter, in relation to an application for employment as a police officer, provided, however, that every person who is an applicant shall be furnished with a copy of all records obtained under this paragraph and afforded an opportunity to make an explanation there- to;

(viii) any federal, state or local officer or agency with responsibility for the issuance of licenses to possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun or with responsibility for conducting background checks before transfer or sale of a firearm or explosive, when the officer or agency is acting pursuant to such responsibility. This includes the criminal justice information services division of the federal bureau of investigation, for the purposes of responding to queries to the national instant background check system regarding attempts to purchase or otherwise take possession of firearms, rifles or shotguns, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921 (A)(3);

(ix) for the purposes of civilian investigation or evaluation of a civilian complaint or civil action concerning law enforcement or prosecution actions, upon ex parte motion in any superior court, or in any district court, city court or the criminal court of the city of New York provided that such court sealed the record; the applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the court that the records will be used for the purposes of this subparagraph; and

(x) for information provided to an individual or entity pursuant to paragraph (e) of subdivision four of section eight hundred thirty-seven of the executive law or for bona fide research purposes provided all identifying information is removed.

(e) Where the sealing required by this paragraph has not taken place, or where supporting court records cannot be located or have been destroyed, and a defendant or their attorney submits notification of such fact to the division of criminal justice services, as prescribed in subdivision twenty-three of section eight hundred thirty-seven of the executive law, within thirty days of such notice to the division, the conviction shall be sealed as set forth in this subdivision.

2. In calculating the time periods under this section, any period of time during which the defendant was incarcerated shall be excluded and such time period shall be extended by a period equal to the time served under such incarceration.

3. Where a conviction is eligible for sealing pursuant to this section before, on, or after the effective date of this section, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services shall immediately notify the office of court administration, the court of conviction and the heads of all appropriate police departments, prosecutors’ offices and law enforcement agencies that the conviction is sealed. Upon receipt of such notification, records of or relating to such conviction shall be immediately sealed.
(a) Any state agency that possesses information, records, documents or papers related to the eligible conviction shall seal them as follows:

(i) Every photograph of such defendant and photographic plates or proof, and all palmprints, fingerprints and retina scans taken or made of such individual pursuant to the provisions of this article in regard to the eligible conviction, and all duplicates, reproductions, and copies thereof, except a digital fingerprint that is on file with the division of criminal justice services for a conviction that has not been sealed pursuant to this section shall be marked as sealed by the division of criminal justice services and by any police department, prosecutor's office or law enforcement agency having any such photograph, photographic plate or proof, palmprint, fingerprints or retina scan in its possession or under its control by conspicuously indicating on the face of the record or at the beginning of the digitized file of the record that the record has been designated as sealed. Where fingerprints subject to the provisions of this section have been received by the division of criminal justice services and have been filed by the division as digital images, such images may remain unsealed, provided that a fingerprint card of the individual is on file with the division which was not sealed pursuant to this section.

(ii) Every official record and paper and duplicates and copies thereof, including, but not limited to, judgments and orders of a court but not including published court decisions or opinions or records and briefs on appeal, relating to the conviction, on file with the agency shall be marked as sealed by conspicuously indicating on the face of the record or at the beginning of the digitized file of the record that the record has been designated as sealed.

(b) Third-party agencies shall seal information and all records, documents and papers relating to the eligible conviction as follows:

(i) Every police department, prosecutor's office or law enforcement agency, including the division of criminal justice services, which transmitted or otherwise forwarded to any agency of the United States or of any other state or jurisdiction outside of this state copies of any such photographs, photographic plates or proofs, palmprints, fingerprints or retina scans, shall forthwith formally inform such agency in writing that the matter has been sealed and request in writing that all such copies be marked as sealed by conspicuously indicating on the face of the record or at the beginning of the digitized file of the record that the record has been designated as sealed.

(ii) Every official record and paper and duplicates and copies thereof, including, but not limited to, judgments and orders of a court but not including published court decisions or opinions or records and briefs on appeal, relating to the conviction, on file with the agency shall be marked as sealed by conspicuously indicating on the face of the record or at the beginning of the digitized file of the record that the record has been designated as sealed.

4. (a) Nothing in this section requires the destruction of DNA information maintained in the New York state DNA database of such individual pursuant to the provisions of the executive law in regard to the eligible conviction.

(b) Nothing in this section requires the sealing or destruction of records maintained by the department of motor vehicles, and nothing in this section shall be construed to contravene the vehicle and traffic law, the federal driver's privacy protection act (18 U.S.C. 2721 et. seq.), or the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (49 U.S.C. 31311).
(c) The division of criminal justice services is authorized to disclose a conviction that is sealed pursuant to this section to entities that are required by federal law, or by rules and regulations promulgated by a self-regulatory organization created under federal law, to consider sealed convictions. Such entities must certify to the division that they are required by federal law, or by rules and regulations promulgated by a self-regulatory organization that has been created under federal law, to make an inquiry about or consider records sealed pursuant to this section for purposes of employment, licensing, or clearance. To the extent permitted by federal law, a record sealed pursuant to this section may not be considered a conviction that would prohibit the employment, licensing or clearance of the defendant.

(d) Nothing in this section shall prohibit entities required by federal law, or by rules and regulations promulgated by a self-regulatory organization that has been created under federal law, from making an inquiry about or considering an applicant's criminal history for purposes of employment, licensing, or clearance from inquiring into convictions sealed pursuant to this section.

(e) In any civil action, an official record of a conviction that has been sealed pursuant to this section may not be introduced as evidence of negligence against a person or entity that provided employment, contract labor or services, volunteer work, licensing, tenancy, a home purchase, a mortgage, an education, a loan, or insurance if such record was sealed and was not provided to the person or entity by or on behalf of a governmental entity in accordance with this section in response to such person's or entity's authorized and timely request for conviction history information.

(f) A person or entity described in this subdivision, acting reasonably and in good faith, may not have a duty to investigate the fact of a prior conviction that has been sealed pursuant to this section.

5. No defendant shall be required or permitted to waive eligibility for sealing pursuant to this section as part of a plea of guilty, sentence or any agreement related to a conviction for a violation of the laws of this state. Any such waiver is void and unenforceable.

6. Sealing as set forth in subdivision three of this section is without prejudice to a defendant or their attorney seeking further relief pursuant to section 440.10 of this chapter. Nothing in this section shall diminish or abrogate any rights or remedies otherwise available to the defendant.

7. All records for a conviction subject to sealing under this section where the conviction was entered on or before the effective date of this section shall receive the appropriate relief promptly and, in any event, no later than two years after such effective date.

8. A conviction which is sealed pursuant to this section is included within the definition of a conviction for the purposes of any criminal proceeding in which the fact of a prior conviction would enhance a penalty or is an element of the offense charged.

9. Any defendant claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of this section shall have a cause of action in any court of appropriate jurisdiction for damages, including punitive damages, and such other remedies as may be appropriate. The provisions of this article shall also be enforceable by the division of human rights pursuant to the powers and procedures set forth in article fifteen of the executive law.

§ 2. Subdivision 3 of section 845-d of the executive law, as added by section 1 of subpart N of part II of chapter 55 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:
3. Nothing in this section shall authorize the division to provide
criminal history information that is not otherwise authorized by law or
that is sealed pursuant to section 160.50, 160.55, 160.57, 160.58 or
160.59 of the criminal procedure law.

§ 3. Section 837 of the executive law is amended by adding a new
subdivision 23 to read as follows:

23. Promulgate a standardized form for use by individuals to notify
the division of criminal justice services of convictions subject to
sealing under section 160.57 of the criminal procedure law, but for
which the division has not taken the requisite action for related
records.

§ 4. Subdivision 16 of section 296 of the executive law, as amended by
section 2 of subpart O of part II of chapter 55 of the laws of 2019, is
amended to read as follows:

16. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless specif-
ically required or permitted by statute, for any person, agency, bureau,
corporation or association, including the state and any political subdi-
vision thereof, to make any inquiry about, whether in any form of appli-
cation or otherwise, or to act upon adversely to the individual
involved, any arrest or criminal accusation of such individual not then
pending against that individual which was followed by a termination of
that criminal action or proceeding in favor of such individual, as
defined in subdivision two of section 160.50 of the criminal procedure
law, or by an order adjourning the criminal action in contemplation of
dismissal, pursuant to section 170.55, 170.56, 210.46, 210.47, or 215.10
of the criminal procedure law, or by a youthful offender adjudication,
as defined in subdivision one of section 720.35 of the criminal proce-
dure law, or by a conviction for a violation sealed pursuant to section
160.55 of the criminal procedure law or by a conviction which is sealed
pursuant to section 160.59 or 160.58 of the criminal procedure law, or
by a conviction which is sealed pursuant to section 160.57 of the crimi-
nal procedure law, in connection with the licensing, housing, employ-
ment, including volunteer positions, or providing of credit or insurance
to such individual; provided, further, that no person shall be required
to divulge information pertaining to any arrest or criminal accusation
of such individual not then pending against that individual which was
followed by a termination of that criminal action or proceeding in favor
of such individual, as defined in subdivision two of section 160.50 of
the criminal procedure law, or by an order adjourning the criminal
action in contemplation of dismissal, pursuant to section 170.55 or
170.56, 210.46, 210.47 or 215.10 of the criminal procedure law, or by a
youthful offender adjudication, as defined in subdivision one of section
720.35 of the criminal procedure law, or by a conviction for a violation
sealed pursuant to section 160.55 of the criminal procedure law, or by a
conviction which is sealed pursuant to section 160.58 or 160.59 of the
criminal procedure law, or by a conviction which is sealed pursuant to
section 160.57 of the criminal procedure law. An individual required or
requested to provide information in violation of this subdivision may
respond as if the arrest, criminal accusation, or disposition of such
arrest or criminal accusation did not occur. The provisions of this
subdivision shall not apply to the licensing activities of governmental
bodies in relation to the regulation of guns, firearms and other deadly
weapons or in relation to an application for employment as a police
officer or peace officer as those terms are defined in subdivisions
thirty-three and thirty-four of section 1.20 of the criminal procedure
law; provided further that the provisions of this subdivision shall not
apply to an application for employment or membership in any law enforce-
ment agency with respect to any arrest or criminal accusation which was
followed by a youthful offender adjudication, as defined in subdivision
one of section 720.35 of the criminal procedure law, or by a conviction
for a violation sealed pursuant to section 160.55 of the criminal proce-
dure law, or by a conviction which is sealed pursuant to section 160.58
or 160.59 of the criminal procedure law, or by a conviction which is
sealed pursuant to section 160.57 of the criminal procedure law. For
purposes of this subdivision, an action which has been adjourned in
contemplation of dismissal, pursuant to section 170.55 or 170.56,
210.46, 210.47 or 215.10 of the criminal procedure law, shall not be
considered a pending action, unless the order to adjourn in contem-
plation of dismissal is revoked and the case is restored to the calendar
for further prosecution.

§ 5. Section 9 of the correction law, as added by section 2 of part OO
of chapter 56 of the laws of 2010, the section heading as amended by
chapter 322 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
§ 9. Access to information of incarcerated individuals via the inter-
net. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any informa-
tion relating to the conviction of a person convicted of an offense that would make such person ineligible for merit
time under section eight hundred three of this chapter or an offense for
which registration as a sex offender is required as set forth in subdi-
vision two or three of section one hundred sixty-eight-a of this chapter,
that is posted on a website maintained by or for the department,
under article six of the public officers law, may be posted on such
website for a period not to exceed five years after the expira-
tion of such person's sentence of imprisonment and at the conclusion of
any period of parole or post-release supervision; provided, however,
that in the case of a person who has been committed to the department on
more than one occasion, the department may post conviction information
relating to any prior commitment on such website for a period not to
exceed five years after the expiration of such person's sentence of
imprisonment and any period of parole or post-release supervision aris-
ing from the most recent commitment to the department.

§ 6. Severability. If any provision of this act or the application
thereof to any person, corporation or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the
act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or applica-
tion, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be
severable.

§ 7. This act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day after
it shall have become a law.

PART BB
Intentionally Omitted

PART CC

Section 1. This act enacts into law components of legislation relat-
ing to transparency and accountability in the county of Nassau. Each
component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A
and B. The effective date for each particular provision contained within
such Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any
Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Nassau county transparency and accountability act of 2022".

§ 2. Subdivision 7 of section 3653 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 84 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

7. At least annually, commencing no more than one year after the date on which authority bonds are first issued, the authority shall report to the county executive, county legislature, the county comptroller, the director of the budget, the speaker of the assembly, the temporary president of the senate and the state comptroller on the costs financed by the authority and the amount of such financing for each such cost over the past year.

§ 3. Subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of section 3668 of the public authorities law are renumbered subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 and two new subdivisions 2 and 3 are added to read as follows:

2. conduct audits of the Nassau county industrial development agency established pursuant to section nine hundred twenty-two of the general municipal law, the Nassau county off-track betting corporation established pursuant to article five of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, and the Nassau university medical center established pursuant to section three thousand four hundred two of this chapter; provided, however, that such audits shall be completed no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-two, and shall continue on a biennial basis for subsequent years thereafter. The authority shall make its audit findings publicly available on its website and provide copies of its respective reports to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, and authorities budget office;

3. investigate, within the county and covered organizations, potential violations of the provisions of this chapter, fiscal mismanagement or systemic negligence; provided further that the authority shall provide an annual report to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, and authorities budget office detailing such investigations;

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

SUBPART B

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 3402 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 9 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The corporation shall be governed by [fifteen] twenty-one voting directors, [eight] ten of whom shall be appointed by the governor with eight appointed as provided in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, two of whom shall be appointed by the temporary president of the senate, two of whom shall be appointed by the speaker of the assembly, three of whom shall be appointed by the county executive for initial terms of two years, and four of whom shall be appointed by the county legislature for initial terms of three years.
§ 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 3402 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 9 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
(a) The governor shall designate one of the voting directors as the chairperson of the board. The chairperson shall preside over all meetings of the board and shall have such other duties as the voting directors may direct.
§ 3. Subdivision 4 of section 3402 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 9 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
4. The board of directors shall select the chief executive officer subject to the approval of the governor and shall determine the salary and benefits of the chief executive officer of the corporation. The chief executive officer shall serve at the pleasure of the board of directors provided, however, that removal without cause shall not prejudice the contract rights, if any, of the chief executive officer.
§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.
§ 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that the applicable effective dates of Subparts A and B of this act shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

PART DD

Section 1. Subdivision 12 of section 239-bb of the general municipal law, as added by chapter 577 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the entities created pursuant to title five-A and five-B of article five of the public authorities law shall be eligible for one million dollars each in each state fiscal year beginning with state fiscal year two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two; provided, however, that such monies shall be derived from the appropriation dedicated to the matching funds program pursuant to subdivision eight of this section and provided further, that such funding for such entity shall not be subject to the requirements of subdivision eight of this section related to savings.
§ 2. Title 5-A of article 5 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 575 of the laws of 2021, is renumbered title 5-B and sections 1114-a through 1114-s, as added by chapter 575 of the laws of 2021, are renumbered sections 1114-aa through 1114-ss.
§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that section one of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as chapter 577 of the laws of 2021, takes effect; provided; further, that section two of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as chapter 575 of the laws of 2021, takes effect.

PART EE
1. **Section 1.** Subdivision 1 of section 924-a of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 26 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

1. The amount of interest to be added on all taxes received after the interest free period and all delinquent taxes shall be one-twelfth the rate of interest as determined pursuant to subdivision two or two-a of this section rounded to the nearest one-hundredth of a percentage point, except as otherwise provided by a general or special law, or a local law adopted by a city pursuant to the municipal home rule law or any special law. Such interest shall be added for each month or fraction thereof until such taxes are paid; provided however, that notwithstanding any provision of general, special, or local law or resolution to the contrary, beginning in all local fiscal years commencing in calendar year two thousand twenty-two and thereafter, in no case shall the interest rate exceed seven and one-half per centum per annum of delinquent tax payments due on owner occupied residential real property containing three or fewer dwelling units; and provided further that this limitation shall apply to units held in condominium form; and provided further that such limitation shall apply to all buildings held in cooperative form regardless of owner occupancy status; and provided further that this limitation shall not apply to real property that is vacant and abandoned, as defined in subdivision two of section thirteen hundred nine of the real property actions and proceedings law, which was listed on the statewide vacant and abandoned property electronic registry, as defined in section thirteen hundred ten of the real property actions and proceedings law, and remains on such registry. This subdivision shall supersede any local tax act, code, law, rule, regulation, ordinance or resolution setting an interest rate above seven and one-half per centum per annum of delinquent tax payments due on owner occupied residential real property containing three or fewer dwelling units.

2. **Section 2.** This act shall take effect immediately.

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**PART FF**

**Section 1.** The legislative law is amended by adding a new section 83-n to read as follows:

§ 83-n. Legislative commission on the future of the Long Island Power Authority. 1. The legislature hereby finds and declares that chapter 517 of the laws of 1986 created the Long Island Power Authority (LIPA). Said authority was created, in part, because the decisions by LILCO, the private utility that provided electricity to Long Island and part of Queens, "to commence construction of the Shoreham nuclear power plant and thereafter to continue such construction were imprudent". Further, the legislature found in chapter 517 of the laws of 1986 that "a situation threatening the economy, health and safety exists in the service area". One of the two express purposes of the act was the closure of the Shoreham nuclear power plant. In 1992, LIPA bought the Shoreham nuclear power plant. The plant was fully decommissioned in 1994.

The second purpose of such chapter 517 was to replace LILCO with a publicly owned power authority. The legislature found that "There is a lack of confidence that the needs of the residents and of commerce and industry in the service area for electricity can be supplied in a reliable, efficient and economic manner by the Long Island lighting company (hereinafter referred to as "LILCO")" and "Such matters of state concern best can be dealt with by replacing such investor owned utility with a publicly owned power authority."
In 1995, LIPA replaced LILCO as the electric company for its service area. However, LIPA was never established as a true "publicly owned power authority" as originally envisioned by the State Legislature. Rather, since 1995, LIPA has opted for a third-party management model whereby LIPA contracts its responsibility to manage the utility to a private, investor owned utility company. LIPA is the only utility in the nation that is operated under a third-party management model. This model has repeatedly failed its customers. There has been a lack of transparency, oversight, and accountability. This failure has been most dramatically evidenced in the unacceptable storm response by LIPA and its third-party contractors during Superstorm Sandy in 2012 and Tropical Storm Isaias in 2020.

After more than 25 years of unsatisfactory management under the third-party management model, a better alternative must be implemented. That inquiry must begin with the original intent of chapter 517, whereby LIPA was to directly manage and operate the utility as a true public power utility. Initial investigations by LIPA after Tropical Storm Isaias in 2020-2021 indicate that both ratepayer savings and increased management efficiencies could be achieved through the public power model.

Consequently, it is the purpose of this section to implement the original vision for LIPA intended by chapter 517 of the laws of 1986, as a publicly owned power company. The legislature hereby creates a commission to provide the legislature with the specific actions, legislation, and timeline necessary to restructure LIPA into a true publicly owned power authority. The public must participate in that process so that the new LIPA becomes transparent with proper oversight and accountability. The legislative commission shall submit its final report to the legislature no later than April first, two thousand twenty-three.

2. A legislative commission is hereby established to investigate and report to the legislature on the establishment of a public power model for the operation of LIPA, whereby the authority would directly operate the utility as a true public power authority. The commission shall report to the legislature on the specific actions, legislation, and timeline necessary to restructure LIPA into a true publicly owned power authority. The commission shall consider: (a) the method of governance of the public authority; (b) improved transparency, accountability, and public involvement; (c) improved reliability of the system; (d) the impact on electric rates; (e) improved storm response; (f) the powers required by LIPA to more effectively operate the utility; (g) the oversight role of the department of public service and the public service commission over LIPA's operation; (h) the impact on existing bonded indebtedness; (i) improved long term energy planning; (j) compliance with the goals of the New York state climate leadership and community protection act; (k) increased reliance on renewable energy sources to produce electricity; (l) taxation and payments in lieu of taxes; (m) the special needs of communities that are or have been impacted by the siting of power generating facilities; and (n) any other matter relevant to the establishment of a public power model for the operation of LIPA. In its report to the legislature, the commission shall provide for the implementation of the public power model by LIPA no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-five.

3. The commission shall consist of eight members to be appointed as follows: three members of the senate shall be appointed by the temporary president of the senate; three members of the assembly shall be appointed by the speaker of the assembly; one member of the senate shall be appointed by the minority leader of the senate; and one member of the
assembly shall be appointed by the minority leader of the assembly. Any vacancy that occurs in the commission shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made. Co-chairs of the commission shall be designated by the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly, respectively. No member, officer, or employee of the commission shall be disqualified from holding any other public office or employment, nor shall he or she forfeit any such office or employment by reason of his or her appointment hereunder, notwithstanding the provisions of any general, special, or local law, ordinance, or city charter.

4. The commission shall establish an advisory committee to actively assist and advise the commission in the preparation of the public power report required to be prepared pursuant to this section. The committee shall consist of not more than fifteen members which shall include but not be limited to representatives of organizations and institutions representing business, labor, local government, Indian nations and tribes, economic development, environmental, energy, social justice, consumer, civic, school districts or higher education interests. The committee by a majority vote shall elect a chairperson. The commission shall meet periodically with the advisory committee, make available working draft and other documents, and shall provide services to the advisory committee as are necessary and appropriate to carry out its functions under this section. Members of the advisory committee shall be residents of the service area.

5. The commission may employ and at pleasure remove such personnel as it may deem necessary for the performance of the commission's functions and fix their compensation within the amount appropriated therefor. The commission may hold public and private hearings and otherwise have all of the powers of a legislative committee under this chapter. The members of the commission shall receive no compensation for their services, except as provided pursuant to section five-a of this chapter, but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties hereunder.

6. Employees of the commission shall be considered to be employees of the legislature for all purposes.

7. The commission may request and shall receive from any subdivision, department, board, bureau, commission, office, agency or other instrumentality of the state or of any political subdivision thereof, including but not limited to the department of public service and the public service commission, such facilities, assistance and data as it deems necessary or desirable for the proper execution of its powers and duties. The office of the state comptroller may, at its discretion, provide to the commission such facilities, assistance, and data as may be requested by the commission.

8. The commission is hereby authorized and empowered to make and sign any agreements, and to do and perform any acts that may be necessary, desirable or proper to carry out the purposes and objectives set forth in this section.

9. The commission shall hold at least one public hearing with a public comment period in each of the counties comprising the service area of the Long Island Power Authority on the establishment of public power by September thirtieth, two thousand twenty-two and before issuing a draft report.

10. No later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-two, the commission shall issue a draft report to the members of the legislature regarding the establishment of a public power model for the Long Island
Power Authority. The commission shall hold at least one public hearing with a public comment period in each of the counties comprising the service area of the Long Island Power Authority on the draft report no later than February fifteenth, two thousand twenty-three and before issuing a final report.

11. No later than February first, two thousand twenty-three, the comptroller shall have the discretion to review the draft report and issue to the legislature any recommendations relative to the findings contained in the draft report which relates to the establishment of a public power model for the Long Island Power Authority.

12. No later than April first, two thousand twenty-three, the commission shall issue a final report to the members of the legislature regarding the establishment of a public power model for the Long Island Power Authority. Such report shall provide any legislation required to implement the public power model.

$2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.

$3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the amendments to article 5-A of the legislative law made by section one of this act shall survive the repeal of such article as provided in section 13 of chapter 141 of the laws of 1994, as amended.

PART GG

Section 1. Paragraph a of section 11.00 of the local finance law is amended by adding a new subdivision 109 to read as follows:

109. Payment of a final judgment or a compromised or settled claim against the city of Long Beach in the case of Matter of Haberman v. Zoning Board of Appeals of City of Long Beach decided in the Nassau County Supreme Court (Index # 001138/04) on January eleventh, two thousand twenty-one, thirty years; provided however, that such bonds shall not exceed an aggregate amount of one hundred two million dollars. To facilitate the marketing of any issue of bonds to finance such object or purpose, the city of Long Beach may, notwithstanding any limitations on private sales of bonds provided by law, and subject to approval by the state comptroller of the terms and conditions of such sale:

(a) arrange for the underwriting of such bonds at private sale through negotiated agreement, compensation for such underwriting to be provided by negotiated fee or by sale of such bonds to an underwriter at a price less than the sum of par value of, and the accrued interest on, such obligations; or

(b) arrange for the private sale of its bonds through negotiated agreement, compensation for such sale to be provided by negotiated fee, if required. The cost of such underwriting or private placement shall be deemed a preliminary cost for purposes of this section.

$2. This act shall take effect immediately.
Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 161 of the family court act is amended to read as follows:

(a) The days and hours the court is open shall be as provided by rule of court; provided, that the chief administrator of the courts shall require that the court remain open until midnight at least one night a week in at least two counties in the city of New York, effective January first, two thousand twenty-three, and in at least three counties in such city, effective January first, two thousand twenty-four. When a court remains open until midnight on a day as provided herein, the chief administrator shall determine the classes of cases that may be heard in such court after five o'clock p.m. and such classes of cases may be heard by the court until midnight on such day; except that, where such classes include cases in which petitions are filed pursuant to articles three, six, eight, and ten of this act, the clerk of such court shall accept such petitions until eleven o'clock p.m. on such day.

§ 2. Not later than December 1, 2024, the chief administrator of the courts shall submit to the legislature, the governor, and the chief judge of the state a report evaluating the use of family court in the counties wherein the chief administrator, pursuant to subdivision (a) of section 161 of the family court act, as amended pursuant to section one of this act, has required that the court remain open until midnight.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire April 1, 2025 when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed.

PART II

Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 209-b of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 476 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

4. Fees and charges prohibited authorized. [Emergency] (a) Subject to the restrictions set forth in paragraph (d) of this subdivision, emergency and general ambulance service, including emergency medical service as defined in section three thousand one of the public health law, authorized pursuant to this section shall may be furnished without cost to the person served; provided, however, that the authorities having control of a fire department or fire company that have authorized such fire department or fire company to provide such service or services may fix a schedule of fees or charges to be paid by persons requesting such service or services. The authorities having control of a fire department or fire company may provide for the collection of fees and charges or may formulate rules and regulations for the collection thereof by the fire department or fire company. When fees and charges are authorized pursuant to this subdivision, the fees and charges collected shall be disbursed in accordance with a written contract entered into between the authority having control of a fire department or fire company and the fire department or fire company itself. The acceptance by any firefighter of any personal remuneration or gratuity, directly or indirectly, from a person served shall be a ground for his or her expulsion or suspension as a member of the fire department or fire company.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, a basic life support service which establishes a schedule of fees for service shall enter into a contract with a provider or providers of advanced life support services. Such contract shall at a minimum establish the fees for advanced life support services and the means by which said provider will
be reimbursed when the ambulance service bills for emergency medical service.

(c) An emergency and general ambulance service, including emergency medical service as defined in section three thousand one of the public health law, authorized pursuant to this section which does not issue a bill for its services and which requests an Advanced Life Support (ALS) intercept from another ambulance service furnishing service in an area that is designated as a rural area by any law or regulation of the state, or that is located in a rural census tract of a metropolitan statistical area (as determined under the most recent Goldsmith Modification), shall pay the ambulance service providing the ALS intercept an ALS Rural Intercept Fee at rates negotiated between the providers of such services. In the absence of any agreed upon rates, the service receiving such ALS intercept shall pay the service providing the ALS intercept for such services at the usual and customary charge, which shall not be excessive or unreasonable.

(d) An emergency and general ambulance service, including emergency medical service as defined in section three thousand one of the public health law, authorized pursuant to this section to fix a schedule of fees or charges to be paid by persons requesting such service or services, may apply such fees and charges only within such service's primary response territory as assigned and evidenced by a valid ambulance service certificate issued by the commissioner of health pursuant to section three thousand five of the public health law, on or before January first, two thousand twenty-two.

(e) An emergency and general ambulance service, including emergency medical service as defined in section three thousand one of the public health law, authorized pursuant to this section shall not directly issue a bill for its services to any uninsured recipient of such services.

§ 2. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 122-b of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 303 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

(e) A contract may be entered into pursuant to the provisions of this section for the services of an emergency rescue and first aid squad of a fire department or fire company which is subject to the provisions of section two hundred nine-b of the general municipal law.

§ 3. Subdivision 1 of section 184 of the town law, as amended by chapter 599 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:

1. Whenever the town board shall have established or extended a fire protection district pursuant to the provisions of this article, the town board shall provide for the furnishing of fire protection within the district and for that purpose may (a) contract with any city, village, fire district or incorporated fire company maintaining adequate and suitable apparatus and appliances for the furnishing of fire protection in such district or (b) may acquire by gift or purchase such apparatus and appliances for use in such district and may contract with any city, village, fire district or incorporated fire company for operation, maintenance, and repair of the same and for the furnishing of fire protection in such district, or both. The contract may also provide for the furnishing of (1) emergency service in case of accidents, calamities or other emergencies in connection with which the services of firefighters would be required and (2) general ambulance service subject, however, to the provisions of section two hundred nine-b of the general municipal law. In the event that the fire department or fire company furnishing fire protection within the district pursuant to contract does
not maintain and operate an ambulance then a separate contract may be
made for the furnishing within the district of emergency ambulance
service or general ambulance service, or both, with any city, village or
fire district the fire department of which, or with an incorporated fire
company having its headquarters outside the district which, maintains
and operates an ambulance subject, however, in the case of general ambu-
ulance service, to the provisions of section two hundred nine-b of the
general municipal law, or with an ambulance service, certified or regis-
tered pursuant to article thirty of the public health law[which is not
organized under the provisions of section two hundred nine-b of the
general municipal law]. Any such contract with any such ambulance
service permitted herein shall be subject to the provisions of this
section.
§ 4. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall
have become a law and shall apply to health care claims submitted on or
after such date.

PART JJ

Section 1. Section 163 of the state finance law is amended by adding
a new subdivision 16 to read as follows:

16. Consultant services. a. Before a state agency enters into a
contract for consultant services which is anticipated to cost more than
one million dollars in a twelve month period the state agency shall
conduct a cost comparison review to determine whether the services to be
provided by the consultant can be performed at equal or lower cost by
utilizing state employees, unless the contract meets one of the
exceptions set forth in paragraph g of this subdivision. As used in this
section, the term "consultant services" shall mean any contract entered
into by a state agency for analysis, evaluation, research, training,
data processing, computer programming, the design, development and
implementation of technology, communications or telecommunications
systems or the infrastructure pertaining thereto, including hardware and
software, engineering including inspection and professional design
services, health services, mental health services, accounting, auditing,
or similar services and such services that are substantially similar to
and in lieu of services provided, in whole or in part, by state employ-
ees, but shall not include legal services or services in connection with
litigation including expert witnesses and shall not include contracts
for construction of public works. For purposes of this subdivision, the
costs of performing the services by state employees shall include any
salary, pension costs, all other benefit costs, costs that are required
for equipment, facilities and all other overhead. The costs of consult-
ant services shall include the total cost of the contract including
costs that are required for equipment, facilities and all other overhead
and any continuing state costs directly associated with a contractor
providing a contracted function including, but not limited to, those
costs for inspection, supervision, monitoring of the contractor's work
and any pro rata share of existing costs or expenses, including adminis-
trative salaries and benefits, rent, equipment costs, utilities and
materials. The cost comparison shall be expressed where feasible as an
hourly rate, or where such a calculation is not feasible, as a total
estimated cost for the anticipated term of the contract.

b. Prior to entering any consultation services contract for the priva-
tization of a state service that is not currently privatized, the state
agency shall develop a cost comparison review in accordance with the provisions of paragraph a of this subdivision.

c. (i) If such cost comparison review identifies a cost savings to the state of ten percent or more, and such consultant services contract will not diminish the quality of such service, the state agency shall develop a business plan, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph d of this subdivision, in order to evaluate the feasibility of entering any such contract and to identify the potential results, effectiveness and efficiency of such contract.

(ii) If such cost comparison review identifies a cost savings of less than ten percent to the state and such consultant services contract will not diminish the quality of such service, the state agency may develop a business plan, in order to evaluate the feasibility of entering any such contract and to identify the potential results, effectiveness and efficiency of such contract, provided there is a significant public policy reason to enter into such consultant services contract.

(iii) If any such proposed consultant services contract would result in the layoff, transfer or reassignment of fifty or more state agency employees, after consulting with the potentially affected bargaining units, if any, the state agency shall notify the state employees of such bargaining unit, after such cost comparison review is completed. Such state agency shall provide an opportunity for said employees to reduce the costs of conducting the operations to be privatized and provide reasonable resources for the purpose of encouraging and assisting such state employees to organize and submit a bid to provide the services that are the subject of the potential consultant services contract.

d. Any business plan developed by a state agency for the purpose of complying with paragraph c of this subdivision shall include: (i) the cost comparison review as described in paragraph b of this subdivision, (ii) a detailed description of the service or activity that is the subject of such business plan, (iii) a description and analysis of the state agency's current performance of such service or activity, (iv) the goals to be achieved through the proposed consultant services contract and the rationale for such goals, (v) a description of available options for achieving such goals, (vi) an analysis of the advantages and disadvantages of each option, including, at a minimum, potential performance improvements and risks attendant to termination of the contract or rescission of such contract, (vii) a description of the current market for the services or activities that are the subject of such business plan, (viii) an analysis of the quality of services as gauged by standardized measures and key performance requirements including compensation, turnover, and staffing ratios, (ix) a description of the specific results based performance standards that shall, at a minimum be met, to ensure adequate performance by any party performing such service or activity, (x) the projected time frame for key events from the beginning of the procurement process through the expiration of a contract, if applicable, (xi) a specific and feasible contingency plan that addresses contractor nonperformance and a description of the tasks involved in and costs required for implementation of such plan, and (xii) a transition plan, if appropriate, for addressing changes in the number of agency personnel, affected business processes, employee transition issues, and communications with affected stakeholders, such as agency clients and members of the public, if applicable. Such transition plan shall contain a reemployment and retraining assistance plan for employees who are not retained by the state or employed by the contractor. If any part of such business plan is based upon evidence that the state agency is not suffi-
ciently staffed to provide the services required by the consultant services contract, the state agency shall also include within such business plan a recommendation for remediation of the understaffing to allow such services to be provided directly by the state agency in the future.

e. Upon the completion of such business plan, the state agency shall submit the business plan to the state comptroller.

f. (i) Not later than sixty days after receipt of any business plan, the state comptroller shall transmit a report detailing its review, evaluation and disposition regarding such business plan to the state agency that submitted such cost comparison review. Such sixty-day period may be extended for an additional thirty days upon a showing of good cause.

(ii) The state comptroller's report shall include the business plan prepared by the state agency, the reasons for approval or disapproval, any recommendations or other information to assist the state agency in determining if additional steps are necessary to move forward with a consultant services contract.

(iii) If the state comptroller does not act on a business plan submitted by a state agency within ninety days of receipt of such business plan, such business plan shall be deemed approved.

g. A cost comparison shall not be required if the contracting agency demonstrates:

(i) the services are incidental to the purchase of real or personal property; or

(ii) the contract is necessary in order to avoid a conflict of interest on the part of the agency or its employees; or

(iii) the services are of such a highly specialized nature that it is not feasible to utilize state employees to perform them or require special equipment that is not feasible for the state to purchase or lease; or

(iv) the services are of such an urgent nature that it is not feasible to utilize state employees; or

(v) the services are anticipated to be short term and are not likely to be extended or repeated after the contract is completed; or

(vi) a quantifiable improvement in services that cannot be reasonably duplicated; or

(vii) the contract is awarded to businesses certified pursuant to article fifteen-A of the executive law.

h. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize a state agency to enter into a contract which is otherwise prohibited by law.

i. All documents related to the cost comparison and business plan required by this subdivision and the determinations made pursuant to paragraph g of this subdivision shall be public records subject to disclosure pursuant to article six of the public officers law.

§ 2. On or before December 31, 2023 the state comptroller shall prepare a report, to be delivered to the governor, the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly. Such report shall include, but need not be limited to, an analysis of the effectiveness of the cost comparison review program and an analysis of the cost savings associated with performing such cost comparison.

§ 3. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law and shall apply to all contracts solicited or entered into by state agencies after the effective date of this act; provided, however, the amendments to section 163 of the state finance law made by section one of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.
PART KK

Section 1. Section 54-m of the state finance law is REPEALED.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART LL

Section 1. Section 722-b of the county law, as amended by section 2 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

§ 722-b. Compensation and reimbursement for representation. 1. All counsel assigned in accordance with a plan of a bar association conforming to the requirements of section seven hundred twenty-two of this article whereby the services of private counsel are rotated and coordinated by an administrator shall at the conclusion of the representation receive:

(a) for representation of a person entitled to representation by law who is initially charged with a misdemeanor or lesser offense and no felony, compensation for such misdemeanor or lesser offense representation at a rate of [sixty] one hundred twenty dollars per hour for time expended in court or before a magistrate, judge or justice, and [sixty] one hundred twenty dollars per hour for time reasonably expended out of court, and shall receive reimbursement for expenses reasonably incurred; and

(b) for representation of a person in all other cases governed by this article, including all representation in an appellate court, compensation at a rate of [seventy-five] one hundred fifty dollars per hour for time expended in court before a magistrate, judge or justice and [seventy-five] one hundred fifty dollars per hour for time reasonably expended out of court, and shall receive reimbursement for expenses reasonably incurred.

2. Except as provided in this section, compensation for time expended in providing representation:

(a) pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section shall not exceed two thousand four hundred dollars; and

(b) pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section shall not exceed four thousand four hundred dollars. Hourly compensation to be received pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision one of this section shall be subject to an annual cost of living increase. Such cost of living increase shall be calculated as the current rate of inflation as determined by the consumer price index, as computed by the federal bureau of labor statistics.

3. For representation on an appeal, compensation and reimbursement shall be fixed by the appellate court. For all other representation, compensation and reimbursement shall be fixed by the trial court judge. In extraordinary circumstances a trial or appellate court may provide for compensation in excess of the foregoing limits and for payment of compensation and reimbursement for expenses before the completion of the representation.

4. Each claim for compensation and reimbursement shall be supported by a sworn statement specifying the time expended, services rendered, expenses incurred and reimbursement or compensation applied for or received in the same case from any other source. No counsel assigned hereunder shall seek or accept any fee for representing the party for whom he or she is assigned without approval of the court as herein provided.
§ 2. Section 722-e of the county law, as amended by section 11 of part VVV of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

§ 722-e. Expenses. 1. All expenses for providing counsel and services other than counsel hereunder shall be a county charge or in the case of a county wholly located within a city a city charge to be paid out of an appropriation for such purposes. Provided, however, that any such additional expenses incurred for the provision of counsel and services as a result of the implementation of a plan established pursuant to subdivision four of section eight hundred thirty-two of the executive law, including any interim steps taken to implement such plan, shall be reimbursed by the state to the county or city providing such services. Such plans shall be submitted by the office of indigent legal services to the director of the division of budget for review and approval. However, the director's approval shall be limited solely to the plan's projected fiscal impact of the required appropriation for the implementation of such plan, and his or her approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. The state shall appropriate funds sufficient to provide for the reimbursement required by this section.

2. All expenses for providing counsel and services pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section seven hundred twenty-two-b of this article in excess of sixty dollars per hour and paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section seven hundred twenty-two-b of this article in excess of seventy-five dollars per hour shall be funded by the state.

§ 3. Subdivision 3 of section 35 of the judiciary law, as amended by section 5 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

3. No counsel assigned pursuant to this section shall seek or accept any fee for representing the person for whom he or she is assigned without approval of the court as herein provided. Whenever it appears that such person is financially able to obtain counsel or make partial payment for the representation, counsel may report this fact to the court and the court may terminate the assignment or authorize payment, as the interests of justice may dictate, to such counsel. Counsel assigned hereunder shall at the conclusion of the representation receive compensation at a rate of [seventy-five] one hundred fifty dollars per hour for time expended in court, and [seventy-five] one hundred fifty dollars per hour for time reasonably expended out of court, and shall receive reimbursement for expenses reasonably incurred. For representation upon a hearing, compensation and reimbursement shall be fixed by the court wherein the hearing was held [and such compensation shall not exceed four thousand four hundred dollars]. For representation in an appellate court, compensation and reimbursement shall be fixed by such court and such compensation shall not exceed four thousand four hundred dollars. In extraordinary circumstances the court may provide for compensation in excess of the foregoing limits.

§ 4. Section 35 of the judiciary law is amended by adding two new subdivisions 9 and 10 to read as follows:

9. Hourly compensation to be received pursuant to subdivision three of this section shall be subject to an annual cost of living increase. Such cost of living increase shall be calculated as the current rate of inflation as determined by the consumer price index, as computed by the federal bureau of labor statistics.

10. All expenses for providing counsel and services pursuant to subdivision three of this section shall be funded by the state.

§ 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2023. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment, and/or repeal of any rule or regulation...
necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date.

PART MM

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 112 of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 257 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Before any contract made for or by any state agency, department, board, officer, commission, or institution, except the office of general services or its customer agencies serviced by the office of general services business services center, shall be executed or become effective, whenever such contract exceeds fifty thousand dollars in amount and before any contract made for or by the office of general services, whether for itself or for its customer agencies serviced by the office of general services business services center, shall be executed or become effective, whenever such contract exceeds eighty-five thousand dollars in amount, it shall first be approved by the comptroller and filed in his or her office, with the exception of contracts established as a centralized contract through the office of general services and purchase orders or other procurement transactions issued under such centralized contracts. The comptroller shall make a final written determination with respect to approval of such contract within ninety days of the submission of such contract to his or her office unless the comptroller shall notify, in writing, the state agency, department, board, officer, commission, or institution, prior to the expiration of the ninety day period, and for good cause, of the need for an extension of not more than fifteen days, or a reasonable period of time agreed to by such state agency, department, board, officer, commission, or institution and provided, further, that such written determination or extension shall be made part of the procurement record pursuant to paragraph f of subdivision one of section one hundred sixty-three of this chapter.

§ 2. Subdivision 5 of section 355 of the education law is REPEALED and a new subdivision 5 is added to read as follows:

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision two of section one hundred twelve and sections one hundred fifteen, one hundred sixty-one, and one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law and section three of the New York state printing and public documents law or any other law to the contrary, the state university trustees are authorized and empowered to:

a. (i) purchase materials, proprietary electronic information resources including but not limited to academic, professional, and industry journals, reference handbooks and manuals, research tracking tools, indexes and abstracts equipment and supplies, including computer equipment and motor vehicles, where the amount for a single purchase does not exceed fifty thousand dollars, (ii) execute contracts for services and construction contracts to an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, and (iii) contract for printing to an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, without prior approval by any other state officer or agency, but subject to rules and regulations of the state comptroller not otherwise inconsistent with the provisions of this section and in accordance with the guidelines promulgated by the state university board of trustees after consultation with the state comptroller. In addition, the trustees, after consultation with the commissioner of general services, are authorized to annually negotiate with
the state comptroller increases in the aforementioned dollar limits and
the exemption of any articles, categories of articles, services, or
commodities from these limits;

b. establish cash advance accounts for the purpose of purchasing mate-
rials, supplies, or services, for cash advances for travel expenses and
per diem allowances, or for advance payment of wages and salary. The
account may be used to purchase such materials, supplies, or services
where the amount of a single purchase does not exceed one thousand
dollars, in accordance with such guidelines as shall be prescribed by
the state university trustees after consultation with the state comp-
troller;

c. establish guidelines in consultation with the commissioner of
general services authorizing participation by the state university in
programs administered by the office of general services for the purchase
of available New York state food products. The commissioner of general
services shall provide assistance to the state university necessary to
enable the university to participate in these programs; and

d. award contract extensions for campus transportation without compet-
itive bidding where such contracts were secured either through compet-
itive bidding or through evaluation of proposals however such extensions
may be rejected if the amount to be paid to the contractor in any year
of such proposed extension fails to reflect any decrease in the regional
consumer price index for the New York, New York-Northeastern, New Jersey
area, based upon the consumer price index for all urban consumers
(CPI-U) during the preceding twelve-month period. At the time of any
contract extension, consideration shall be given to any competitive
proposal offered by a public transportation agency. Such contract may be
increased for each year of the contract extension by an amount not to
exceed the regional consumer price index increase for the New York, New
York-Northeastern, New Jersey area, based upon the consumer price index
for all urban consumers (CPI-U), during the preceding twelve-month peri-
od, provided it has been satisfactorily established by the contractor
that there has been at least an equivalent increase in the amount of his
cost of operation, during the period of the contract.

Guidelines promulgated by the state university board of trustees
shall, to the extent practicable, require that competitive proposals be
solicited for purchases, and shall include requirements that purchases
and contracts authorized under this section be at the lowest available
price, including consideration of prices available through other state
agencies, consistent with quality requirements, and as will best promote
the public interest. Such purchases may be made directly from any
contractor pursuant to any contract for commodities let by the office of
general services or any other state agency.

§ 3. Subdivision 6 of section 355 of the education law is REPEALED and
a new subdivision 6 is added to read as follows:

6. To enter into any contract or agreement deemed necessary or advis-
able after consultation with appropriate state agencies for carrying out
the objects and purposes of the state university without prior review or
approval by any state officer or agency other than the state comptroller
and the attorney general including contracts with non-profit corpo-
rations organized by officers, employees, alumni or students of the
state university for the furtherance of its objects and purposes.
Contracts or agreements entered into with the federal government to
enable participation in federal student loan programs, including any and
all instruments required thereunder, shall not be subject to the
requirements of section forty-one of the state finance law; provided,
however, that the state shall not be liable for any portion of any
defaults which it has agreed to assume pursuant to any such agreement in
an amount in excess of money appropriated or otherwise lawfully avail-
able therefor at the time the liability for payment arises.
§ 4. Paragraph b of subdivision 16 of section 355 of the education law
is REPEALED and a new paragraph b is added to read as follows:

b. (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision two of section
one hundred twelve of the state finance law relating to the dollar
threshold requiring the comptroller's approval of contracts and subdivi-
sion six of section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law,
authorize contracts for the purchase of goods and services for state
university health care facilities:

(A) for any contract which does not exceed seventy-five thousand
dollars; or

(B) for joint or group purchasing arrangements which do not exceed
seventy-five thousand dollars without prior approval by any other state
officer or agency in accordance with procedures and requirements found
in paragraph a of subdivision five of this section.

(ii) contracts authorized hereunder shall be subject to article four-
ten of the civil service law and the applicable provisions of agree-
ments between the state and employee organizations pursuant to article
fourteen of the civil service law. The trustees are authorized to nego-
tiate annually with the state comptroller increases in the aforemen-
tioned dollar limits.

§ 5. Subdivision 12 of section 373 of the education law is REPEALED
and a new subdivision 12 is added to read as follows:

12. To make and execute contracts, lease agreements, and all other
instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its corporate
powers and the fulfillment of its corporate purposes under this article;

§ 6. Subdivision a of section 6218 of the education law is REPEALED
and a new subdivision a is added to read as follows:

a. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision two of section one
hundred twelve and sections one hundred fifteen, one hundred sixty-one
and one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law and section three
of the New York state printing and public documents law or any other law
to the contrary, the city university trustees are authorized and
empowered to:

(i) purchase materials; proprietary electronic information resources,
including, but not limited to, academic, professional and industry jour-
nals, reference handbooks and manuals, research tracking tools, indexes
and abstracts; and equipment and supplies, including computer equipment
and motor vehicles, where the amount for a single purchase does not
exceed fifty thousand dollars, (ii) execute contracts for services to an
amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, and (iii) contract for
printing to an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, without
prior approval by any other state officer or agency, but subject to
rules and regulations of the state comptroller not otherwise inconsist-
ent with the provisions of this section and in accordance with the
guidelines promulgated by the city university board of trustees after
consultation with the state comptroller. In addition, the trustees are
authorized to annually negotiate with the state comptroller increases in
the aforementioned dollar limits and the exemption of any articles,
categories of articles, services, or commodities from these limits.
Guidelines promulgated by the city university board of trustees shall,
to the extent practicable, require that competitive proposals be solici-
ted for purchases, and shall include requirements that purchases and
contracts authorized under this section be at the lowest available price.

§ 7. Subdivision a-1 of section 6218 of the education law is REPEALED.
§ 8. Section 6283 of the education law is REPEALED.
§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately.
§ 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that the applicable effective date of Parts A through MM of this act shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.