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IN SENATE

January 18, 2022

Introduced by Sen. COONEY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Crime Victims, Crime and Correction

AN ACT to amend the correction law and the penal law, in relation to the early release of incarcerated individuals

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "earned 1 2 time act". 3 § 2. The correction law is amended by adding a new section 802 to read 4 as follows: 5 § 802. Data collection. The department shall report annually to the governor and the legislature with respect to each instance in which time 6 7 allowance credit has been withheld, forfeited or cancelled. The report shall provide the following information: the name, department identifi-8 9 cation number and race of each incarcerated individual who has been 10 denied credit and the amount of credit involved, the reason or reasons for the denial, including, where applicable, a description of the bad 11 12 behavior or institutional rule violation or violations (including the corresponding numerical code in the department's inmate rule handbook), 13 14 and, where applicable, a description of the assigned duty and/or iden-15 tification of assigned treatment program in which the incarcerated 16 person was determined to have failed to perform properly. The report shall additionally specify the department facility in which the recom-17 mendation to withhold, forfeit or cancel good time was made and the 18 names of the department personnel on such facility's time allowance 19 20 committee who made such recommendation. 21 § 3. Section 803 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 3 of the 22 laws of 1995, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subdivision 1 and subdivi-23 sions 3, 4, and 5 as amended by section 37 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 and 24

25 subdivision 2-a as added by chapter 738 of the laws of 2004, subpara-26 graph (ii) of paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 322 27 of the laws of 2021, subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (d) of subdivision 1

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD13507-02-1

1 as separately amended by chapters 242 and 322 of the laws of 2021, 2 subdivision 2-b as added by section 3 of part E of chapter 62 of the 3 laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

§ 803. Good behavior allowances against indeterminate and determinate 4 5 sentences. 1. (a) Every person confined in an institution of the depart-6 ment or a facility in the department of mental hygiene serving an inde-7 terminate or determinate sentence of imprisonment, except a person serv-8 ing a sentence with a maximum term of life imprisonment, [may] shall 9 receive a time allowance against the term or maximum term of his or her 10 sentence imposed by the court. Such allowances [may be granted for good behavior and efficient and willing performance of duties assigned or 11 12 progress and achievement in an assigned treatment program, and may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part for bad behavior, 13 violation of institutional rules or failure to perform properly in the 14 15 duties or program assigned] shall be credited toward a person's sentence on an annual pro rata basis, and any credit awarded over the course of 16 17 the calendar year shall vest on the final day of the calendar year. Once vested, such credit shall not be withheld, forfeited, or canceled. 18

(a-1) Time allowances that have not yet been credited toward a 19 20 person's sentence may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in 21 part for violation of institutional rules, as demonstrated at a hearing 22 by a preponderance of the evidence. Such restrictions shall be limited to the pro rata share of credit within the calendar year that the 23 offense is committed. If such time allowance is withheld, forfeited or 24 canceled in whole or in part, further allowances, not to exceed the 25 allowances set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision, may 26 27 be reinstated for good behavior and efficient and willing performance of 28 duties assigned or progress and achievement in an assigned treatment 29 program. Following any final determination withholding, forfeiting, or 30 canceling a time allowance, the incarcerated person shall have the right 31 to take an administrative appeal to the central office of the department 32 and shall be advised of the right to seek legal assistance in the taking 33 of such appeal. The department shall adopt regulations in accordance 34 with this provision.

(b) A person serving an indeterminate sentence of imprisonment [may] **shall** receive <u>a</u> time allowance against the maximum term of his or her
sentence [not to exceed one-third] of <u>one-half of</u> the maximum term
imposed by the court.

39 (c) A person serving a determinate sentence of imprisonment [may] 40 shall receive <u>a</u> time allowance against the term of his or her sentence 41 [not to exceed one-seventh] of <u>one-half of</u> the term imposed by the 42 court.

(d) (i) [Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, every] Every person under the custody of the department or confined in a facility in the department of mental hygiene serving an indeterminate sentence of imprisonment with a minimum period of one year or more or a determinate sentence of imprisonment of one year or more [imposed pursuant to section 70.70 or 70.71 of the penal law,] may earn a merit time allowance.

(ii) [Such merit time allowance shall not be available to any person serving an indeterminate sentence authorized for an A-I felony offense, other than an A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, or any sentence imposed for a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law, manslaughter in the second degree, vehicular manslaughter in the second degree, vehicular manslaughter in the first degree, criminally negligent homicide, an

offense defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law, 1 indest, or an offense defined in article two hundred sixty-three of the penal 2 3 law, or aggravated harassment of an employee by an incarcerated individ-4 ual. 5 (iii) The merit time allowance credit against the minimum period of 6 the indeterminate sentence shall be [one-sixth] one-half of the minimum 7 period imposed by the court [except that such credit shall be one-third 8 of the minimum period imposed by the court for an A-I felony offense 9 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law]. In the case of 10 such a determinate sentence, in addition to the time allowance credit 11 authorized by paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the merit time allow-12 ance credited against the term of the determinate sentence pursuant to 13 this paragraph shall be [ene-seventh] one-quarter of the term imposed by 14 the court. 15 [(iv)] (iii) Such merit time allowance [may] shall be granted when an 16 incarcerated individual successfully participates in the work and treat-17 ment program assigned pursuant to section eight hundred five of this article [and], when such incarcerated individual obtains a general 18 equivalency diploma, an alcohol and substance abuse treatment certif-19 20 icate, a vocational trade certificate following at least six months of 21 vocational programming, at least eighteen credits in a program regis-22 tered by the state education department from a degree-granting higher 23 education institution or performs at least four hundred hours of service 24 as part of a community work crew, or successfully completes one or more 25 "significant programmatic accomplishments" as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section eight hundred three-b of this article. 26 27 Once granted, such allowances shall not be withheld, forfeited, or 28 cancelled. Where the institution in which the incarcerated individual is 29 confined does not provide opportunities for every incarcerated individ-30 ual to earn merit time allowances, such merit time allowance shall be 31 automatically credited against the incarcerated individual's sentence 32 according to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. 33 [Such allowance shall be withheld for any serious disciplinary infrac-34 tion or upon a judicial determination that the person, while an incarcerated individual, commenced or continued a civil action, proceeding or 35 elaim that was found to be frivolous as defined in subdivision (c) of 36 37 section eight thousand three hundred three-a of the civil practice law and rules, or an order of a federal court pursuant to rule 11 of the 38 39 federal rules of givil procedure imposing sangtions in an action commenced by a person, while an incarcerated individual, against a state 40 41 agency, officer or employee. 42 (v) The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to persons in 43 custody serving [an] a determinate or indeterminate sentence on the 44 effective date of this paragraph as well as to persons sentenced to [an] 45 a determinate or indeterminate sentence on and after the effective date 46 of this paragraph [and prior to September first, two thousand five and 47 to persons sentenced to a determinate sentence prior to September first, two thousand eleven for a felony as defined in article two hundred twen-48 ty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law]. The time allowances set 49 50 forth in this paragraph shall apply retroactively and shall be credited toward every incarcerated individual's sentence within ninety days of 51 52 the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-one that amended this 53 paragraph. 54 2. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized

54 2. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized 55 allowances may be granted separately against the term or maximum term of

each sentence or, where consecutive sentences are involved, against the 1 aggregate maximum term. Such allowances shall be calculated as follows: 2 3 (a) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 4 concurrently [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-5 third] of one-half of the indeterminate sentence which has the longest б unexpired time to run. 7 (b) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 8 consecutively [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-9 third] of one-half of the aggregate maximum term. 10 (c) A person serving two or more determinate sentences which run 11 concurrently [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-12 seventh] of one-half of the determinate sentence which has the longest 13 unexpired time to run. (d) A person serving two or more determinate sentences which run 14 15 consecutively [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-16 **seventh**] of **<u>one-half of</u>** the aggregate maximum term. 17 (e) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentence and one or more determinate sentence which run concurrently [may] shall receive a 18 time allowance [not to exceed one-third] of one-half of the indetermi-19 nate sentence which has the longest unexpired term to run or [one-sev-20 21 enth] one-half of the determinate sentence which has the longest unex-22 pired time to run, whichever allowance is greater. 23 (f) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentence and one or more determinate sentence which run consecutively [may] shall receive a 24 25 time allowance [not to exceed] of the sum of [one-third] one-half of the maximum or aggregate maximum of the indeterminate sentence or sentences 26 27 and [one-geventh] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum of the 28 determinate sentence or sentences. 29 2-a. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized 30 merit time allowances may be granted against the period or aggregate 31 minimum period of the indeterminate sentence or sentences, or against 32 the term or aggregate term of the determinate sentence or sentences, or 33 where consecutive determinate and indeterminate sentences are involved, 34 against the aggregate minimum period as calculated pursuant to subpara-35 graph (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 70.40 of the 36 penal law. Such allowances shall be calculated as follows: 37 (a) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 38 concurrently may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed [one-39 sixth] one-half of the minimum period of the indeterminate sentence 40 imposed [for an offense other than an A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, or one-third of the minimum 41 period of the indeterminate sentence imposed for an A-I felony offense 42 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, whichever allow-43 ance results in the longest unexpired time to run] by the court. 44 (b) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 45 consecutively may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed the 46 amount of [one-third] one-half of the minimum or aggregate minimum peri-47 48 od of the sentences imposed [for an A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, plus one-sixth of the minimum 49 or aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed for an offense 50 other than such A-I felony offense] by the court. 51 52 (c) A person serving two or more determinate sentences [for an offense 53 defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the 54 **penal law**] which run concurrently may receive a merit time allowance not 55 to exceed [one-goventh] <u>one-quarter</u> of the term of the determinate 56 sentence which has the longest unexpired time to run.

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1 (d) A person serving two or more determinate sentences [for an offense 2 defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty one of the penal law] which run consecutively may receive a merit time allowance 3 4 not to exceed [one-goventh] one-quarter of the aggregate term of such 5 determinate sentences. 6 (e) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentences and one or 7 more determinate sentences [for an offense defined in article two 8 hundred twenty or two hundred twenty one of the penal law] which run 9 concurrently may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed [one-10 **sixth**] <u>one-half</u> of the minimum period of the indeterminate sentence imposed [for an offense other than an A-I felony offense defined in 11 article two hundred twenty of the penal law, one third of the minimum 12 period of the indeterminate sentence imposed for an A-I felony offense 13 14 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law,] or [one-sev-15 enth] one-quarter of the term of the determinate sentence, whichever allowance results in the largest unexpired time to run. 16 17 (f) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentences and one or more determinate sentences which run consecutively may receive a merit 18 time allowance not to exceed the sum of [one-sixth] one-half of the 19 20 minimum or aggregate minimum period of the indeterminate sentence or 21 sentences imposed [for an offense other than an A-I felony offense 22 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, one-third of the minimum or aggregate minimum period of the indeterminate sentence or 23 sentences imposed for an A-I felony offense defined in article two 24 hundred twenty of the penal law] and [ene-seventh] one-quarter of the 25 term or aggregate term of the determinate sentence or sentences. 26 27 (q) The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to persons in 28 custody serving [an] a determinate or indeterminate sentence on the effective date of this subdivision as well as to persons sentenced to 29 30 [an] a determinate or indeterminate sentence on and after the effective date of this subdivision [and prior to September first, two thousand 31 32 five and to persons sentenced to a determinate sentence prior to Septem-33 ber first, two thousand eleven for a felony as defined in article two 34 hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law]. The merit 35 time allowances set forth in this subdivision shall apply retroactively, 36 and shall be credited toward every incarcerated individual's sentence 37 within ninety days of the effective date of the chapter of the laws of 38 two thousand twenty-one that amended this subdivision. 39 [2-b. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a person is serving more than one indeterminate sentence, at least one of which is imposed for a class 40 A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal 41 law, the authorized merit time allowance granted purguant to paragraph 42 (d) of subdivision one of this section shall be calculated as follows: 43 44 (a) In the event a person is serving two or more indeterminate 45 sentences with different minimum periods which run concurrently, the 46 merit time allowance shall be based upon the sentence with the longest 47 unexpired minimum period. If the sentence with the longest unexpired minimum period was imposed for a class A-I felony, the merit time credit 48 shall be one-third of such sentence's minimum period; if such sentence 49 was imposed for an offense other than a class A-I felony, such merit 50 time credit shall be one-sixth of such sentence's minimum period. 51 52 Provided, however, that where the minimum period of any other concurrent indeterminate sentence is greater than such reduced minimum period, the 53 54 minimum period of such other concurrent indeterminate sentence shall also be reduced but only to the extent that the minimum period of such 55 56 other concurrent sentence, as so reduced, is equal to the reduced mini-

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1 mum period of such sentence with the longest unexpired minimum period 2 run. 3 (b) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences with the same 4 minimum periods which run concurrently, and no concurrent indeterminate 5 sentence with any greater minimum period, shall have the minimum period б of each such sentence reduced in the amount of one-third of such minimum 7 period if all such sentences were imposed for a class A-I felony. 8 (c) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences that run 9 consecutively shall have the aggregate minimum period of such sentences 10 reduced in the amount of one-third of such aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed for a class A-I felony, plus one-sixth of such 11 12 aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed for an offense other than a class A-I felony. 13 3. The commissioner of corrections and community supervision shall 14 15 promulgate rules and regulations for the **fair and equitable** granting, 16 withholding, forfeiture, cancellation and restoration of allowances 17 authorized by this section in accordance with the criteria herein specified. Such rules and regulations shall specify procedures to ensure that 18 similarly situated incarcerated persons are treated similarly with 19 20 respect to the granting, withholding, forfeiture or cancellation of 21 allowances, and include provisions designating the person or committee 22 in each correctional institution delegated to make discretionary determinations with respect to the allowances, the books and records to be 23 kept, and a procedure for review of the institutional determinations by 24 25 the commissioner. 26 4. [No person shall have the right to demand or require the allowances 27 authorized by this section. The decision of the commissioner of 28 corrections and community supervision as to the granting, withholding, forfeiture, cancellation or restoration of such allowances shall be 29 final and shall not be reviewable if made in accordance with law. 30 31 5.] Time allowances granted prior to any release to community super-32 vision shall be forfeited and shall not be restored if the released person is returned to an institution under the jurisdiction of the state 33 34 department of corrections and community supervision for violation of 35 community supervision or by reason of a conviction for a crime committed 36 while on community supervision. A person who is so returned may, howev-37 er, subsequently receive time allowances against the remaining portion of his or her term, maximum term or aggregate maximum term pursuant to 38 39 this section [and provided such remaining portion of his or her term, maximum term, or aggregate maximum term is more than one year]. 40 [5. Upon commencement of an indeterminate or a determinate 41 42 sentence the provisions of this section shall be furnished to the person 43 serving the sentence and the meaning of same shall be fully explained to 44 him by a person designated by the commissioner to perform such duty. 45 § 4. Section 804 of the correction law, as added by chapter 680 of the 46 laws of 1967, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 145 of the laws 47 of 1976, and subdivision 6 as amended by section 39 of subpart B of part 48 C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 49 § 804. Good behavior allowances against definite sentences. 1. Every 50 person confined in an institution serving a definite sentence of impri-51 sonment [may] shall receive a time [allowances as discretionary 52 reductions of the term of his sentence not to exceed in the aggregate one-third] allowance of one-half of the term imposed by the court. Such 53 allowances [may be granted for good behavior and efficient and willing 54 performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement in an 55 56 assigned treatment program, and may be withheld, forfeited or cancelled

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in whole or in part for bad behavior, violation of institutional 1 rules or failure to perform properly in the duties or program assigned] shall 2 3 be credited toward a person's sentence on an annual pro rata basis, and 4 any credit awarded over the course of the calendar year shall vest on 5 the final day of the calendar year. Once vested, such credit shall not 6 be withheld, forfeited, or canceled. 7 1-a. Time allowances that have not yet been granted toward a person's 8 sentence may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part for 9 violation of institutional rules, as demonstrated at a hearing by a 10 preponderance of the evidence. Such restrictions shall be limited to the 11 pro rata share of credit within the calendar year that the offense is 12 committed. If such time allowance is withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part, further allowances, not to exceed one-half of the term 13 14 imposed by the court, may be reinstated for good behavior and efficient 15 and willing performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement in an assigned treatment program. Following any final determination 16 withholding, forfeiting, or canceling a time allowance, the incarcerated 17 person shall have the right to take an administrative appeal to the 18 sheriff and shall be advised of the right to seek legal assistance in 19 the taking of such appeal. The sheriff shall adopt regulations in 20 21 accordance with this provision. 22 2. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized 23 allowances may be granted separately against the term of each sentence or, where consecutive sentences are involved, against the aggregate 24 25 term. Allowances based upon sentences of less than one month may be granted, and in such case the maximum allowance shall be one day for 26 27 every [three] two days of the sentence. In no case, however, shall the 28 total of all allowances granted to any such person exceed [one-third] 29 one-half of the time [he] they would be required to serve, computed 30 without regard to this section. 31 3. [No person shall have the right to demand or require the allowances authorized by this section. The decision of the sheriff, superintendent, 32 33 warden or other person in charge of the institution, or where such institution is under the jurisdiction of a county or city department the 34 decision of the head of such department, as to the granting, withhold-35 36 ing, forfeiture, cancellation or restoration of such allowances shall be final and shall not be reviewable if made in accordance with law. 37 38 4, A person who has earned a reduction of sentence pursuant to this 39 section and who has been conditionally released under subdivision two of section 70.40 of the penal law shall not forfeit such reduction by 40 reason of conduct causing his return to the institution. Provided, 41 nevertheless, that such reduction may be forfeited by reason of subse-42 43 quent conduct while serving the remainder of his term. 44 [5-] 4. The state commission of correction shall promulgate record 45 keeping rules and regulations for the fair and equitable granting, with-46 holding, forfeiture, cancellation and restoration of allowances author-47 ized by this section. Such rules and regulations shall specify proce-48 dures to ensure that similarly situated incarcerated persons are treated 49 similarly with respect to the granting, withholding, forfeiture or 50 cancellation of allowances. 51 [5. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, in 52 any case where a person is serving a definite sentence in an institution 53 under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections and commu-54 nity supervision, [subdivisions] subdivision three [and four] of section eight hundred three of this chapter shall apply. 55

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1 [7.] <u>6.</u> Upon commencement of any definite sentence the provisions of 2 this section shall be furnished to the person serving the sentence and 3 the meaning of same shall be fully explained to him by an officer desig-4 nated in the regulation to perform such duty.

5 § 5. Section 804-a of the correction law, as added by chapter 220 of 6 the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

7 § 804-a. Good behavior allowances for certain civil commitments. 1. 8 Every person confined in an institution serving a civil commitment for a 9 fixed period of time, whose release is not conditional upon any act 10 within his power to perform, [may] shall receive time allowances as 11 discretionary reductions of the term of his commitment not to exceed, in 12 the aggregate, [one-third] one-half of the term imposed by the court. Such allowances [may be granted for good behavior and efficient and 13 14 willing performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement in an 15 assigned treatment program, and may be withheld, forfeited or cancelled in whole or in part for bad behavior, violation of institutional rules 16 17 or failure to perform properly in the duties or program assigned] shall be credited toward a person's sentence on an annual pro rata basis, and 18 any credit awarded over the course of the calendar year shall vest on 19 20 the final day of the calendar year. Once vested, such credit shall not 21 be withheld, forfeited, or canceled.

22 1-a. Time allowances that have not yet been granted toward a person's 23 sentence may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part for violation of institutional rules, as demonstrated at a hearing by a 24 25 preponderance of the evidence. Such restrictions shall be limited to the pro rata share of credit within the calendar year that the offense is 26 27 committed. If such time allowance is withheld, forfeited or canceled in 28 whole or in part, further allowances, not to exceed one-half of the term 29 imposed by the court, may be reinstated for good behavior and efficient 30 and willing performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement 31 in an assigned treatment program. Following any final determination 32 withholding, forfeiting, or canceling a time allowance, the incarcerated 33 person shall have the right to take an administrative appeal to the 34 central office of the department and shall be advised of the right to 35 seek legal assistance in the taking of such appeal. The department shall 36 adopt regulations in accordance with this provision.

37 2. Allowances based upon commitments of less than one month may be 38 granted, and in such case the maximum allowances shall be one day for 39 every [three] two days of the commitment. In no case, however, shall the 40 total of all allowances granted to any such person exceed [one-third] 41 <u>one-half</u> of the time he would be required to serve, computed without 42 regard to this section.

43 3. [No person shall have the right to demand or require the allowances 44 authorized by this section. The decision of the sheriff, superintendent, 45 warden or other person in charge of the institution, or where such 46 institution is under the jurisdiction of a county or city department the 47 decision of the head of such department, as to the granting, withhold-48 ing, forfeiture, cancellation, or restoration of such allowances shall 49 be final and shall not be reviewable if made in accordance with law.

50 **4.**] The state commission of correction shall promulgate record keeping 51 rules and regulations for the granting, withholding, forfeiture, cancel-52 lation and restoration of allowances authorized by this section.

53 [5,] <u>4.</u> Upon commencement of any civil commitment as described in 54 subdivision one of this section, the provisions of this section shall be 55 furnished to the person serving the commitment and the meaning of same

shall be fully explained to him by an officer designated in the regu-1 2 lation to perform such duty. 3 § 6. Section 865 of the correction law, as added by chapter 261 of the 4 laws of 1987, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 322 of the laws 5 of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 6 § 865. Definitions. As used in this article, [the following terms 7 mean: 8 1. "Eligible incarcerated individual" means a person sentenced to an 9 indeterminate term of imprisonment who will become eligible for release on parole within three years or sentenced to a determinate term of imprisonment who will become eligible for conditional release within 10 11 12 three years, who has not reached the age of fifty years, who has not previously been convicted of a violent felony as defined in article 13 seventy of the penal law, or a felony in any other jurisdiction which 14 15 includes all of the essential elements of any such violent felony, upon which an indeterminate or determinate term of imprisonment was imposed 16 17 and who was between the ages of sixteen and fifty years at the time of commission of the crime upon which his or her present sentence was based. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no person who is convicted of any 18 19 of the following grimes shall be deemed eligible to participate in this 20 21 program: (a) a violent felony offense as defined in article seventy of 22 the penal law; provided, however, that a person who is convicted of burglary in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 23 140.25 of the penal law, or robbery in the second degree as defined in 24 25 subdivision one of section 160.10 of the penal law, or an attempt thereof, is eligible to participate, (b) an A-I felony offense, (c) any homi-26 27 eide offense as defined in article one hundred twenty-five of the penal law, (d) any felony sex offense as defined in article one hundred thirty 28 of the penal law and (e) any escape or absconding offense as defined in 29 30 article two hundred five of the penal law. 31 2.] "Shock incarceration program" means a program pursuant to which 32 eligible incarcerated individuals are selected to participate in the 33 program and serve a period of six months in a shock incarceration facil-34 ity, which shall provide rigorous physical activity, intensive regimen-35 tation and discipline and rehabilitation therapy and programming. Such 36 incarcerated individuals may be selected either: (i) at a reception 37 center; or (ii) at a general confinement facility [when the otherwise eligible incarcerated individual then becomes eligible for release on 38 39 parole within three years in the case of an indeterminate term of imprisonment, or then becomes eligible for conditional release within three 40 years in the case of a determinate term of imprisonment]. 41 42 § 7. Section 867 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 322 of 43 the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 44 § 867. Procedure for selection of participants in shock incarceration 45 program. 1. An [eligible] incarcerated individual may make an applica-46 tion to the shock incarceration screening committee for permission to 47 participate in the shock incarceration program. 48 2. If the shock incarceration screening committee determines that an 49 incarcerated individual's participation in the shock incarceration program is consistent with the safety of the community, the welfare of 50 the applicant and the rules and regulations of the department, the 51 52 committee shall forward the application to the commissioner or his 53 designee for approval or disapproval. 54 2-a. Subdivisions one and two of this section shall apply to a judi-55 cially sentenced shock incarceration incarcerated individual only to the 56 extent that the screening committee may determine whether the incarcer-

ated individual has a medical or mental health condition that will 1 render the incarcerated individual unable to successfully complete the 2 shock incarceration program, and the facility in which the incarcerated 3 4 individual will participate in such program. Notwithstanding subdivi-5 sion five of this section, an incarcerated individual sentenced to shock 6 incarceration shall promptly commence participation in the program [when 7 such incarcerated individual is an eligible incarcerated individual 8 pursuant to subdivision one of section eight hundred sixty-five of this 9 article].

10 3. Applicants cannot participate in the shock incarceration program 11 unless they agree to be bound by all the terms and conditions thereof 12 and indicate such agreement by signing the memorandum of the program 13 immediately below a statement reading as follows:

14 "I accept the foregoing program and agree to be bound by the terms and 15 conditions thereof. I understand that my participation in the program is 16 a privilege that may be revoked at any time at the sole discretion of 17 the commissioner. I understand that I must successfully complete the entire program to obtain a certificate of earned eligibility upon the 18 completion of said program, and in the event that I do not successfully 19 complete said program, for any reason, I will be transferred to a 20 21 nonshock incarceration correctional facility to continue service of my 22 sentence."

23 An incarcerated individual who has successfully completed a shock 4. 24 incarceration program shall be eligible to receive such a certificate of 25 earned eligibility pursuant to section eight hundred five of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an incarcerated indi-26 27 vidual sentenced to a determinate sentence of imprisonment who has 28 successfully completed a shock incarceration program shall be eligible to receive such a certificate of earned eligibility and shall be imme-29 30 diately eligible to be conditionally released.

5. Participation in the shock incarceration program shall be a privilege. Nothing contained in this article may be construed to confer upon any incarcerated individual the right to participate or continue to participate therein.

35 § 8. Clause (B) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 36 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws 37 of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

(B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences is less than twenty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be deemed to be twenty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall be deemed to be ten years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, whichever is greater.

45 § 9. Clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 46 1 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws 47 of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

(B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences is less than thirty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be deemed to be thirty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall be deemed to be fifteen years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, whichever is greater. 1

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§ 10. Clause (B) of subparagraph (v) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows: (B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences is less than forty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be deemed to be forty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall be deemed to be twenty years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, whichever is greater. § 11. Clause (B) of subparagraph (vii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows: if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or (B) sentences is less than fifty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be deemed to be fifty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall be deemed to be twenty-five years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, whichever is greater. § 12. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows: (b) In the case of a person serving a definite sentence, the total of such allowances shall not exceed [one-third] one-half of his term or aggregate term and the allowances shall be applied as a credit against such term. § 13. Subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 70.40 of the penal law, as amended by section 127-c of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: (iii) A person who is serving one or more than one indeterminate sentence of imprisonment and one or more than one determinate sentence of imprisonment, which run concurrently may be paroled at any time after

the expiration of the minimum period of imprisonment of the indetermi-35 36 nate sentence or sentences, or upon the expiration of [six-sevenths] 37 one-half of the term of imprisonment of the determinate sentence or 38 sentences, whichever is later.

39 (iv) A person who is serving one or more than one indeterminate 40 sentence of imprisonment and one or more than one determinate sentence of imprisonment which run consecutively may be paroled at any time after 41 42 the expiration of the sum of the minimum or aggregate minimum period of 43 the indeterminate sentence or sentences and [**six-sevenths**] **one-half** of 44 the term or aggregate term of imprisonment of the determinate sentence 45 or sentences.

46 § 14. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 70.40 of the penal 47 law, as amended by section 127-d-1 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 48 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

49 (b) A person who is serving one or more than one indeterminate or determinate sentence of imprisonment shall, if he or she so requests, be 50 conditionally released from the institution in which he or she is 51 confined when the total good behavior time allowed to him or her, pursu-52 53 ant to the provisions of the correction law, is equal to the unserved 54 portion of his or her term, maximum term or aggregate maximum term; 55 provided, however, that (i) in no event shall a person serving one or 56 more indeterminate sentence of imprisonment and one or more determinate

sentence of imprisonment which run concurrently be conditionally 1 released until serving at least [six-sevenths] one-half of the determi-2 nate term of imprisonment which has the longest unexpired time to run 3 4 and (ii) in no event shall a person be conditionally released prior to 5 the date on which such person is first eligible for discretionary parole 6 release. The conditions of release, including those governing post-re-7 lease supervision, shall be such as may be imposed by the state board of 8 parole in accordance with the provisions of the executive law.

9 Every person so released shall be under the supervision of the state 10 department of corrections and community supervision for a period equal 11 to the unserved portion of the term, maximum term, aggregate maximum 12 term, or period of post-release supervision.

§ 15. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 13 14 the amendments to section 803 of the correction law made by section 15 three of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and 16 shall be deemed to expire therewith; provided, further that the amend-17 ments to subdivision 2-b of section 803 of the correction law made by section three of this act shall not affect the repeal of such subdivi-18 sion and shall be deemed repealed therewith; provided further, however, 19 that the amendments to paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 and paragraph (b) 20 21 of subdivision four of section 70.30 of the penal law made by sections 22 eight, nine, ten, eleven, and twelve of this act shall not affect the expiration of such paragraphs and shall be deemed to expire therewith; 23 24 and provided further, however, that the amendments to paragraphs (a) and 25 (b) of subdivision 1 of section 70.40 of the penal law made by sections 26 thirteen and fourteen of this act shall not affect the expiration of 27 such paragraphs and shall be deemed to expire therewith.