

# STATE OF NEW YORK

7680--A

## IN SENATE

January 7, 2022

Introduced by Sens. KRUEGER, SANDERS, ADDABBO, BIAGGI, BRISPORT, BROOKS, BROUK, COMRIE, COONEY, GOUNARDES, HINCHEY, HOYLMAN, JACKSON, KAPLAN, KAVANAGH, KENNEDY, LIU, MANNION, MAY, MAYER, PERSAUD, RAMOS, REICHLIN-MELNICK, RIVERA, SALAZAR, SEPULVEDA, SKOUFIS, STAVISKY, THOMAS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to designating January sixth as "Democracy Day"

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. Legislative findings. The Legislature finds and declares  
2 the following:
- 3 1. On Wednesday, January 6th, 2021, the President of the United States  
4 at the time, Donald J. Trump, members of his administration and presi-  
5 dential campaign, and several Republican Members of Congress, directly  
6 incited and encouraged an armed and violent insurrection against the  
7 government of the United States, with the express purpose of preventing  
8 the peaceful transfer of power and overturning the results of a free and  
9 fair election.
- 10 2. In the months leading up to January 6th, the former President,  
11 members of his administration, and numerous elected members of his  
12 party, intentionally spread false and inflammatory claims regarding the  
13 legitimacy of the election, and both implicitly and explicitly promised  
14 violent or armed opposition to prevent the election from being certified  
15 and the President-Elect from taking office.
- 16 3. In the course of their attack, the insurrectionists trespassed on  
17 and destroyed Federal property, including flagrantly looting the Capi-  
18 tol, and openly bragged about their exploits on social media. The  
19 attackers carried white supremacist symbols including the flag known as  
20 the "Confederate battle flag," as well as anti-Semitic, fascist, and  
21 neo-nazi ideology. At the same time as many were carrying these symbols  
22 of the enemies of the United States, some of the attackers were observed

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 removing the flag of the United States, throwing it to the ground, and  
2 replacing it with a flag bearing the name of President Donald J. Trump.

3 4. One hundred thirty-eight police officers were injured defending the  
4 Capitol, and four insurrectionists and a Capitol Police officer died. In  
5 the months that followed the attack, four additional Capitol Police  
6 officers died by suicide. More than seven hundred people have been  
7 arrested in connection with the attack, however those most responsible  
8 have avoided accountability.

9 5. It is the intent of the legislature to establish an annual day of  
10 commemoration to be known as Democracy Day, to honor those who were  
11 wounded or died as a result of defending the Capitol, reiterate the need  
12 to protect and strengthen our democratic institutions, and recognize the  
13 ongoing threat of anti-democratic, white nationalist, and authoritarian  
14 movements in the United States.

15 § 2. Subdivision 3 of section 168-a of the executive law, as amended  
16 by chapter 237 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

17 3. The following days shall be days of commemoration in each year:  
18 January sixth, to be known as "Haym Salomon Day", and also to be known  
19 as "Democracy Day", January twenty-seventh, to be known as "Holocaust  
20 Remembrance Day", February fourth, to be known as "Rosa Parks Day",  
21 February fifteenth, to be known as "Susan B. Anthony Day", February  
22 sixteenth, to be known as "Lithuanian Independence Day", February twen-  
23 ty-eighth, to be known as "Gulf War Veterans' Day", March fourth, to be  
24 known as "Pulaski Day", March tenth, to be known as "Harriet Tubman  
25 Day", March twenty-ninth, to be known as "Vietnam Veterans' Day", April  
26 ninth, to be known as "POW Recognition Day", April twenty-seventh, to be  
27 known as "Coretta Scott King Day", April twenty-eighth, to be known as  
28 "Workers' Memorial Day", the first Tuesday in May to be known as "New  
29 York State Teacher Day", May seventeenth, to be known as "Thurgood Mars-  
30 hall Day", the first Sunday in June, to be known as "Children's Day",  
31 June second, to be known as "Italian Independence Day", June twelfth, to  
32 be known as "Women Veterans Recognition Day", June nineteenth, to be  
33 known as "Juneteenth Freedom Day", June twenty-fifth, to be known as  
34 "Korean War Veterans' Day", the second Monday in July, to be known as  
35 "Abolition Commemoration Day", August twenty-fourth, to be known as  
36 "Ukrainian Independence Day", August twenty-sixth, to be known as  
37 "Women's Equality Day", September eleventh, to be known as "Battle of  
38 Plattsburgh Day" and also to be known as "September 11th Remembrance  
39 Day", September thirteenth, to be known as "John Barry Day" and also to  
40 be known as "Uncle Sam Day in the State of New York", September seven-  
41 teenth, to be known as "Friedrich Wilhelm von Steuben Memorial Day", the  
42 third Friday in September to be known as "New York State POW/MIA Recog-  
43 nition Day" except if such date of commemoration cannot be observed due  
44 to a religious holiday, such observances shall then be conducted on the  
45 second Friday of September, the last Saturday in September, to be known  
46 as "War of 1812 Day", the fourth Saturday of September, known as  
47 "Native-American Day", the last Sunday in September, to be known as  
48 "Gold Star Mothers' Day", October fifth, to be known as "Raoul Wallen-  
49 berg Day", October eleventh, to be known as "New Netherland Day in the  
50 State of New York", October eighteenth, to be known as "Disabilities  
51 History Day", October twenty-seventh, to be known as "Theodore Roosevelt  
52 Day", November ninth, to be known as "Witness for Tolerance Day", Novem-  
53 ber twelfth, to be known as "Elizabeth Cady Stanton Day", the third  
54 Tuesday in November to be known as "New York State School-Related  
55 Professionals Recognition Day", November thirtieth, to be known as  
56 "Shirley Chisholm Day", December third, to be known as "International

1 Day of Persons with Disabilities", December seventh, to be known as  
2 "Pearl Harbor Day", December sixteenth, to be known as "Bastogne Day"  
3 and that day of the Asian lunar calendar designated as new year to be  
4 known as "Asian New Year".  
5 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.