

STATE OF NEW YORK

6486--C

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

May 3, 2021

Introduced by Sens. PARKER, MAY, BIAGGI, BRISPORT, JACKSON, KRUEGER, RYAN -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Environmental Conservation -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- recommitted to the Committee on Environmental Conservation in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to establishing a moratorium on consolidated operations that use proof-of-work authentication methods to validate blockchain transactions; and to require a comprehensive generic environmental impact statement review

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. Legislative findings. The legislature hereby finds and
2 declares that:
- 3 (a) Climate change threatens the health, welfare, and economy of the
4 state with increasingly severe and widespread impacts to our communities
5 due to flooding, sea level rise, heat waves, coastal erosion, erratic
6 and unpredictable weather patterns, shifting climatic zones, loss of
7 wildlife, increased harmful algal blooms and invasive species, and
8 increased risk of disease, in part, which leads directly to loss of
9 life, property damage and reduction in value, ecological damage, and
10 increased infrastructure costs;
- 11 (b) It is the policy of the State of New York to conserve, improve and
12 protect its natural resources and environment and to prevent, abate and
13 control water, land and air pollution, in order to enhance the health,
14 safety and welfare of the people of the state and their overall economic
15 and social well-being;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD11081-15-1

1 (c) To mitigate the current and future effects of climate change, the
2 State of New York implemented the Climate Leadership and Community
3 Protection Act, requiring that statewide greenhouse gas emissions be
4 reduced eighty-five percent by 2050 and that the state has net zero
5 emissions in all sectors of the economy by that time;

6 (d) Data centers running proof-of-work authentication methods to vali-
7 date blockchain transactions are an expanding industry in the State of
8 New York, often, but not exclusively, located in retired or converted
9 fossil fuel power stations, including in dormant peaker plants;

10 (e) The magnitude of computer processing output required to authenti-
11 cate a single block of a blockchain with a proof-of-work method uses as
12 much energy as an average American household uses in a month. The annual
13 global energy use for proof-of-work authentication is equivalent to that
14 of the country of Sweden and exceeds the energy consumption of all the
15 global activity of major tech companies like Amazon, Google, and Face-
16 book combined;

17 (f) The continued and expanded operation of data centers running
18 proof-of-work authentication methods to validate blockchain transactions
19 will greatly increase the amount of energy usage in the State of New
20 York, and it is reasonable to believe the associated greenhouse gas
21 emissions will irreparably harm compliance with the Climate Leadership
22 and Community Protection Act in contravention of state law;

23 (g) Consolidated operations that use proof-of-work authentication
24 methods to validate blockchain transactions often use large amounts of
25 water, which, when discharged, can raise the temperature of adjacent
26 water bodies to levels that harm aquatic life, including fish species
27 that are important for local tourism, and may increase the amount and
28 frequency of harmful algal blooms on lakes, ponds and streams; and

29 (h) Many fossil fuel power plants have been shut down across the state
30 in recent years due to reduced energy demand, improved transmission
31 capacity and non-economic carbon-based fuel sources. Consolidated oper-
32 ations that use proof-of-work authentication methods to validate block-
33 chain transactions are bringing these plants back online, with behind-
34 the-meter operations that greatly exceed the previous intermittent
35 usage, and can cause significant negative impacts to air quality espe-
36 cially in environmental justice communities.

37 § 2. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
38 section 19-0329 to read as follows:

39 § 19-0329. Moratorium on permit issuance and renewal.

40 1. For the period commencing on the effective date of this section and
41 ending three years after such date, the department shall not approve a
42 new application for or issue a new permit pursuant to this article for
43 an electric generating facility that utilizes a carbon-based fuel and
44 that provides, in whole or in part, behind-the-meter electric energy
45 consumed or utilized by a facility that uses proof-of-work authentica-
46 tion methods to validate blockchain transactions.

47 2. For the period commencing on the effective date of this section
48 and ending three years after such date, the department shall not approve
49 an application to renew an existing permit or issue a renewal permit
50 pursuant to this article for an electric generating facility that
51 utilizes a carbon-based fuel and that provides, in whole or in part,
52 behind-the-meter electric energy consumed or utilized by a facility that
53 uses proof-of-work authentication methods to validate blockchain trans-
54 actions if the renewal application seeks to increase or will allow or
55 result in an increase in the amount of electric energy consumed or

1 utilized by a facility that uses proof-of-work authentication methods to
2 validate blockchain transactions.

3 § 3. Generic environmental impact statement. (a) The department of
4 environmental conservation shall prepare, pursuant to article eight of
5 the environmental conservation law, a generic environmental impact
6 statement on statewide consolidated operations that use proof-of-work
7 authentication methods to validate blockchain transactions.

8 (b) The generic environmental impact statement shall address, at a
9 minimum:

10 (i) the number and location of existing consolidated operations that
11 use proof-of-work authentication methods to validate blockchain trans-
12 actions in the state;

13 (ii) the amount of electric energy consumed by each such operation;

14 (iii) the sources of electric energy consumed by each such operation
15 and the type of fuel used by each energy source;

16 (iv) the amount of greenhouse gas emissions and co-pollutants released
17 by each energy source attributable to providing electric energy to
18 consolidated operations that use proof-of-work authentication methods to
19 validate blockchain transactions;

20 (v) the anticipated increase, if any, of consolidated operations that
21 use proof-of-work authentication methods to validate blockchain trans-
22 actions in the state and the anticipated expansion, if any, of existing
23 operations;

24 (vi) the potential impacts of electric energy consumption by consol-
25 idated operations that use proof-of-work authentication methods to vali-
26 date blockchain transactions on the state's ability to meet the green-
27 house gas emission reduction goals set forth in article seventy-five of
28 the environmental conservation law;

29 (vii) the water quality and other ecological impacts, if any, of cool-
30 ing water use by consolidated operations that use proof-of-work authen-
31 tication methods to validate blockchain transactions;

32 (viii) the potential public health impacts, if any, due to reduced air
33 and water quality in communities near consolidated operations that use
34 proof-of-work authentication methods to validate blockchain trans-
35 actions;

36 (ix) the potential statewide public health impacts, if any, from
37 increased greenhouse gas emissions released by statewide consolidated
38 operations that use proof-of-work authentication methods to validate
39 blockchain transactions; and

40 (x) the social and economic costs and benefits, if any, of consol-
41 idated operations that use proof-of-work authentication methods to vali-
42 date blockchain transactions.

43 § 4. Any generic environmental impact statement draft shall be subject
44 to 120 days of public comment from the date of issuance. The department
45 of environmental conservation shall conduct at least one public hearing
46 in each of the following regions of the state: western New York, the
47 finger lakes, the southern tier, central New York, the Mohawk valley,
48 the north country, the capital region/Hudson valley, and the City of New
49 York/Long Island, as defined by the Empire State Development Corpo-
50 ration.

51 § 5. The department shall issue a final generic environmental impact
52 statement after close of the public comment and public hearing period
53 and no later than two years after the effective date of this act.

54 § 6. For the purposes of this act:

55 (a) "proof-of-work" shall mean a consensus algorithm in a blockchain
56 network used to confirm and produce new blocks to the chain, where

1 competitors complete new blocks and where the algorithm changes the
2 complexity of the competition in a manner that is designed to and/or
3 results in increased energy usage for each competitor when the complexi-
4 ty is increased; and

5 (b) "blockchain" shall mean a digital ledger in which transactions are
6 recorded chronologically and publicly.

7 § 7. This act shall take effect immediately.