

# STATE OF NEW YORK

5701

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

March 16, 2021

Introduced by Sen. COMRIE -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Corporations, Authorities and Commissions

AN ACT to amend the not-for-profit corporation law and the education law, in relation to the discovery and disposition of human remains and funerary objects; and to amend the parks, recreation and historic preservation law, in relation to requiring certain notice and consultation prior to the undertaking of certain projects

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as  
2 the "unmarked burial site protection act".  
3 § 2. Legislative findings and declaration. The legislature finds and  
4 declares that the sanctity of human burial sites is an intrinsic and  
5 paramount value among all cultural and religious traditions which prac-  
6 tice the custom of burying the dead. The legislature further finds that  
7 there are numerous unmarked burial sites throughout the state, many of  
8 which are of great cultural and historical significance to the people of  
9 the state, particularly to members of the cultural and religious groups  
10 affiliated with them. Such sites are vulnerable to unintentional  
11 disturbance in the course of construction and other activities as well  
12 as deliberate vandalism and looting. Such disturbance constitutes a  
13 severe offense against the descendants of the dead and the beliefs and  
14 traditions of the culturally-affiliated groups.  
15 The legislature finds and declares that existing laws are inadequate  
16 to protect these unmarked burial sites from disturbance, and that New  
17 York is one of the very few states which heretofore has provided no  
18 express statutory protection for unmarked burial sites. It is therefore  
19 declared to be the purpose of this act to ensure that human remains and  
20 associated funerary artifacts remain undisturbed to the maximum extent  
21 practicable, and are treated with the utmost respect consistent with the  
22 wishes of lineal descendants and culturally-affiliated groups.  
23 § 3. Section 1503 of the not-for-profit corporation law is amended by  
24 adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of section fifteen  
2 hundred seven and paragraph (m) of section fifteen hundred ten of this  
3 article, this article does not apply to a burial site as defined in  
4 paragraph (a) of section fifteen hundred eighteen of this article.

5 § 4. The not-for-profit corporation law is amended by adding a new  
6 section 1518 to read as follows:

7 § 1518. Discovery and disposition of human remains and funerary objects.

8 (a) Definitions. As used in this section:

9 (1) "Burial site" means any location in which human remains are inter-  
10 red, which is not a cemetery subject to provisions of this chapter, the  
11 religious corporation law, the general municipal law, the county law,  
12 the town law or the village law.

13 (2) "Committee" means the Native American burial site review committee  
14 created by paragraph (c) of this section.

15 (3) "Culturally-affiliated group" means any group, including a Native  
16 American tribe, whose past or present government, or traditional culture  
17 or religion was or is affiliated with human remains or funerary objects  
18 which are the subject of this section. Such group shall include a Native  
19 American tribe whose aboriginal territory, as defined by the committee,  
20 includes the location of a burial site containing Native American human  
21 remains or funerary objects.

22 (4) "Forensic anthropologist or bioarchaeologist" means a person qual-  
23 ified in the medicolegal or osteological investigation/examination of  
24 human skeletal remains.

25 (5) "Funerary objects" means any item or items reasonably believed to  
26 have been placed with human remains at the time of burial, including but  
27 not limited to burial markers, items of personal adornment, vessels,  
28 beads, tools, implements, ceremonial objects and other artifacts.

29 (6) "Human remains" means the remains of any part of the body of a  
30 deceased person.

31 (7) "Lineal descendant" means a genealogical descendant established by  
32 oral tradition or written record.

33 (8) "Native American tribe" means any Native American tribe, nation or  
34 group.

35 (9) "State archaeologist" means the person appointed to such office  
36 pursuant to section two hundred thirty-five of the education law.

37 (b) Applicability. This section shall apply to all lands within the  
38 state, except for lands located upon any Native American reservation  
39 located wholly or partly within the state.

40 (c) Native American burial site review committee. There is hereby  
41 established a Native American burial site review committee consisting of  
42 the following: one member to be appointed by each of the Native American  
43 tribes in the state as the official representatives for the purposes of  
44 the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act; the state  
45 archaeologist; a forensic anthropologist or bioarchaeologist; the chair  
46 of the human remains committee or other designee of the New York  
47 Archaeological Council; and one member with expertise in the field of  
48 historic preservation appointed by the commissioner of the office of  
49 parks, recreation and historic preservation. The committee shall elect a  
50 chairperson from among its members. The members who are not public  
51 employees shall be reimbursed by the state for their reasonable and  
52 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of committee functions.  
53 It shall be the function of the committee to determine the lineal  
54 descendants and/or culturally-affiliated groups for Native American  
55 human remains and funerary objects subject to this section, and to  
56 provide notice to such descendants and/or groups as provided in this

1 section. The state archaeologist shall prepare, and the committee shall  
2 adopt, standard procedures for determining the lineal descendants and  
3 culturally-affiliated groups for human remains as required by this  
4 section, including acceptable types of proof of such descent and affil-  
5 iation.

6 (d) Discovery of burial site; reporting requirements. (1) Any person  
7 who in the course of any ground-disturbing activity discovers a burial  
8 site, human remains or funerary objects shall immediately cease any  
9 further disturbance of such site, remains or objects, and shall imme-  
10 diately report such discovery to the coroner or medical examiner in the  
11 county in which the remains were discovered. The coroner or medical  
12 examiner shall within ninety-six hours determine whether any actions are  
13 required pursuant to the provisions of article seventeen-A of the county  
14 law. If any such remains appear to the coroner or medical examiner to be  
15 more than fifty years old, the coroner or medical examiner shall imme-  
16 diately provide notice of the discovery of such remains to the state  
17 archaeologist, who shall in turn convey each such notice to the other  
18 members of the committee. Any inspection or examination shall be made  
19 in situ except as necessary to comply with such article seventeen-A or  
20 to determine the age of the remains.

21 (2) The state archaeologist, or such qualified person as may be desig-  
22 nated by the state archaeologist, shall, upon receiving notice from a  
23 coroner or medical examiner of the discovery of human remains, inspect  
24 the site, remains and/or objects which are the subject of such notice,  
25 prepare a report thereon and provide a copy of the report to the commit-  
26 tee. The report shall be based upon physical examination of the discov-  
27 ered burial site, remains and/or objects, and shall contain the state  
28 archaeologist's conclusion as to whether such site, remains and/or  
29 objects may be of Native American origin. In preparing the report, the  
30 state archaeologist may seek and obtain assistance from any employee of  
31 the regents, from the committee, and from the office of parks, recre-  
32 ation and historic preservation.

33 (e) Determination of and notification to lineal descendant or cultur-  
34 ally-affiliated group. (1) If the state archaeologist, the forensic  
35 anthropologist or bioarchaeologist, and the committee agree that the  
36 burial site does not wholly or partly contain human remains or funerary  
37 objects that are of Native American origin, it shall be the responsibil-  
38 ity of the state archaeologist to determine, as soon as practicable,  
39 whether there is any reasonably ascertainable lineal descendant or  
40 culturally-affiliated group with respect to such site, remains or  
41 objects and, immediately upon making such determination, to provide  
42 notice to such descendants or group of the reported discovery.

43 (2) If the state archaeologist, the forensic anthropologist or bioar-  
44 chaeologist, and the committee agree that the burial site wholly or  
45 partly contains human remains or funerary objects that may be of Native  
46 American origin, it shall be the responsibility of the committee to  
47 determine the lineal descendants or culturally-affiliated groups. Such  
48 determination shall be made as soon as practicable after the committee  
49 receives a report from the state archaeologist concerning the burial  
50 site. Immediately upon making such determination, the committee shall  
51 provide written notification to such descendants or groups of the  
52 reported discovery.

53 (3) The committee shall have stewardship of Native American human  
54 remains and funerary objects from the time it receives notification from  
55 the state archaeologist pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section until  
56 the lineal descendants and/or culturally-affiliated groups receive

1 notification from the committee pursuant to this paragraph, at which  
2 time such lineal descendants and/or culturally-affiliated groups shall  
3 have the right of possession and stewardship of such remains and  
4 objects. Upon notification to such lineal descendants or culturally-af-  
5 iliated groups pursuant to this paragraph, ownership of and responsi-  
6 bility for the human remains and funerary objects shall vest exclusively  
7 in such descendants or groups, which shall have exclusive authority to  
8 determine their disposition.

9 (4) The committee shall establish procedures for making the determi-  
10 nation as to whether discovered human remains or funerary objects may be  
11 of Native American origin when the state archaeologist and the committee  
12 can not come to agreement.

13 (5) Where a burial site contains both Native American and non-Native  
14 American human remains or funerary objects, the committee shall be  
15 responsible for the Native American burials at the site, and the state  
16 archaeologist shall be responsible for all other burials at the site.

17 (f) Disposition of remains and objects. (1) Within ten days after  
18 notification by the state archaeologist to a lineal descendant or  
19 culturally-affiliated group, other than a Native American tribe of the  
20 discovery of a burial site, the descendant or group shall advise the  
21 state archaeologist as to the preferred disposition of the discovered  
22 remains or objects. The state archaeologist shall to the maximum extent  
23 practicable facilitate such preferred disposition, which may consist of  
24 reinterment and protection of the burial site or disinterment and  
25 reburial or other disposition as determined.

26 (2) Within ten days after notification by the committee to a lineal  
27 descendant or culturally-affiliated group of the discovery of a burial  
28 site, the descendant or group shall advise the committee in writing as  
29 to the preferred disposition of the discovered remains or objects. The  
30 committee shall to the maximum extent practicable facilitate such  
31 preferred disposition, which may consist of reinterment and protection  
32 of the burial site or disinterment and reburial or other disposition as  
33 determined.

34 (g) Disposition of human remains and funerary objects, generally. (1)  
35 Except as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, burial  
36 sites, human remains and funerary objects shall remain undisturbed after  
37 discovery.

38 (2) Unless express contrary direction is given by the committee, a  
39 culturally-affiliated group or lineal descendant, the presumed disposi-  
40 tion of human remains and funerary objects shall be that they remain  
41 undisturbed where buried, except as provided in subparagraphs three and  
42 four of this paragraph.

43 (3) Notwithstanding subparagraph two of this paragraph, where there is  
44 no practicable means of modifying the activity which led to the discov-  
45 ery of a burial site, human remains or funerary objects in order to  
46 avoid disturbing such site, remains or objects, the remains or objects  
47 shall be removed and disposition be determined in accordance with the  
48 directions of the committee, culturally-affiliated group, or lineal  
49 descendant.

50 (4) Notwithstanding subparagraph two of this paragraph, where the  
51 state archaeologist and the committee have been unable to identify the  
52 lineal descendant or culturally-affiliated group for human remains or  
53 funerary objects, the state archaeologist shall determine the appropri-  
54 ate disposition of such remains or objects.

55 (h) Penalties. (1) Any person who fails to report the discovery of a  
56 burial site, human remains or funerary objects as required by paragraph

1 (d) of this section shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor, as defined  
2 in the penal law.

3 (2) Any person other than the state archaeologist, or a person or  
4 group with a right of possession or stewardship pursuant to this  
5 section, or a designee thereof, who intentionally removes human remains  
6 or funerary objects from a burial site shall be guilty of a class A  
7 misdemeanor, as defined in the penal law.

8 (3) Any person who defaces or destroys a burial site, human remains or  
9 funerary objects, or who possesses human remains or funerary objects  
10 with intent to sell such remains or artifacts, or who sells or attempts  
11 to sell human remains or funerary objects, shall be guilty of a class E  
12 felony, as defined in the penal law.

13 (i) Enforcement. The attorney general or any aggrieved party, includ-  
14 ing the committee and any lineal descendant or culturally-affiliated  
15 group, may bring an action in supreme court in the judicial district  
16 where the remains or objects covered by this section are located to  
17 enjoin violations or threatened violations of this section, and to  
18 recover such remains or objects, and in the case of an aggrieved party,  
19 compensatory and punitive damages for such violation.

20 § 5. Section 235 of the education law is amended to read as follows:

21 § 235. State science service. There shall be maintained in the  
22 university a science service which shall be known as the state science  
23 service and the state geologist, paleontologist, botanist [~~and~~], ento-  
24 mologist, and archaeologist shall constitute its staff together with  
25 such other scientists as the regents may employ or who are now employed  
26 by them. This service is empowered and directed to make available its  
27 services to all the departments of the state, and the residents of the  
28 state under such rules and regulations as the regents may prescribe and  
29 is empowered to engage in such scientific research as directed by law or  
30 by the regents and shall cooperate with scientific units or agencies of  
31 other states, the federal government, educational institutions and  
32 industry in the discovery, analysis and dissemination of scientific  
33 information. The director of the state museum shall also be the direc-  
34 tor and head of the state science service and the staff of the service  
35 shall be members of the staff of the state museum.

36 § 6. Section 14.09 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation  
37 law is amended by adding a new subdivision 3 to read as follows:

38 3. Prior to the preparation or approval of the final design or plan of  
39 any project undertaken by a state agency, or prior to the funding of any  
40 project by a state agency, or prior to an action of approval or entitle-  
41 ment of any private project by a state agency, the agency's preservation  
42 officer shall perform a diligent inquiry to determine whether any aspect  
43 of the project may or will effect a disturbance of a known or suspected  
44 burial site for which a culturally-affiliated Native American tribe,  
45 group or lineal descendent can be identified. The terms "burial site",  
46 "culturally-affiliated" and "Native American tribe" shall have the same  
47 meanings as ascribed to such terms in paragraph (a) of section fifteen  
48 hundred eighteen of the not-for-profit corporation law. In such event  
49 such officer shall notify such Native American tribe and the Native  
50 American burial site review committee established by section fifteen  
51 hundred eighteen of the not-for-profit corporation law and consult with  
52 the tribe and such committee to determine how to avoid such disturbance.

53 § 7. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-  
54 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.