STATE OF NEW YORK

5473--A

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

March 8, 2021

Introduced by Sens. SANDERS, KAVANAGH, SALAZAR, SKOUFIS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Judiciary -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the civil practice law and rules, the general obligations law, the real property actions and proceedings law, and the real property law, in relation to the rights of parties involved in foreclosure actions

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Foreclosure Process Abuse Prevention Act".

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- § 2. Section 203 of the civil practice law and rules is amended by adding a new subdivision (h) to read as follows:
- (h) Clarification. Once a cause of action upon an instrument described under subdivision four of section two hundred thirteen of this article has accrued, no party may unilaterally waive, postpone, cancel, or reset 8 the accrual thereof, or otherwise effectuate a unilateral extension of the limitations period prescribed by law to interpose the claim, unless expressly permitted by law.
- 11 § 3. The civil practice law and rules is amended by adding a new 12 section 205-a to read as follows:
- 13 § 205-a. Termination of specific actions related to real property. (a) If an action upon an instrument described under subdivision four of 14 section two hundred thirteen of this article is timely commenced and is 15 16 terminated in any other manner than by a voluntary discontinuance, a 17 failure to obtain personal jurisdiction over the defendant, a dismissal 18 of the complaint for any form of neglect, including, but not limited to, those specified in subdivision (c) of section thirty-two hundred 19 20 fifteen, rules thirty-two hundred sixteen and thirty-four hundred four 21 of this chapter, or sections 202.27 and 202.48 of part two hundred of

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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title twenty-two of the New York state codes, rules and regulations, or a final judgment upon the merits, the original plaintiff, or, if the 3 original plaintiff dies, and the cause of action survives, his or her 4 executor or administrator, may commence a new action upon the same tran-5 saction or occurrence or series of transactions or occurrences within 6 six months after the termination provided that the new action would have been timely commenced within the applicable limitations period 7 prescribed by law at the time of commencement of the prior action and 8 9 that service upon the original defendant is effected within such six-10 month period. Where a dismissal is one for any form of neglect, the 11 judge shall set forth on the record either the specific law, rule or code forming the basis for dismissal or, in the alternative, the conduct 12 13 constituting the neglect, which conduct shall demonstrate a general 14 pattern of delay in proceeding with the litigation. For purposes of this 15 subdivision:

- 1. an assignee of the plaintiff shall not be deemed the plaintiff, unless acting on behalf or asserting the rights of the original plaintiff; and
- 2. in no event shall the plaintiff receive more than one six-month extension under this subdivision.
- (b) Where the defendant has served an answer and the action upon an instrument described under subdivision four of section two hundred thirteen of this article is terminated in any manner, and a new action upon the same transaction or occurrence or series of transactions or occurrences is commenced by the original plaintiff or a successor in interest or assignee of the original plaintiff, the assertion of any cause of action or defense by the defendant in the new action shall be timely if it was timely asserted in the prior action.
- 29 § 4. Section 206 of the civil practice law and rules is amended by adding a new subdivision (e) to read as follows:
 - (e) Based on standardized mortgage instruments. In an action to foreclose upon any uniform or model mortgage instrument securing real property or any interest therein, as adopted by the federal national mortgage association (Fannie Mae), federal home loan mortgage corporation (Freddie Mac), or U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the time within which the action must be commenced and the claim interposed shall be computed from the time the right to demand immediate payment in full of all sums so secured thereby may be exercised.
 - § 5. Section 306-b of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 473 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 41 § 306-b. Service of the summons and complaint, summons with notice, 42 third-party summons and complaint, or petition with a notice of petition 43 order to show cause. Service of the summons and complaint, summons 44 with notice, third-party summons and complaint, or petition with a 45 notice of petition or order to show cause shall be made within one 46 hundred twenty days after the commencement of the action or proceeding, 47 provided that in an action or proceeding, except a proceeding commenced under the election law, where the applicable statute of limitations is 48 49 four months or less, service shall be made not later than fifteen days after the date on which the applicable statute of limitations expires. 50 51 If service is not made upon a defendant within the time provided in this section, the court, upon motion, shall dismiss the action without preju-52 dice as to that defendant, or upon good cause shown or in the interest 54 of justice, extend the time for service. In an action based upon an 55 instrument described under subdivision four of section two hundred thirteen of this chapter, a motion to extend the time for service of a

defendant under this section shall be denied as untimely if it is made after the entry of any order or judgment of dismissal.

- § 6. Section 2001 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 529 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- § 2001. Mistakes, omissions, defects and irregularities. (a) At any stage of an action, including the filing of a summons with notice, summons and complaint or petition to commence an action, the court may permit a mistake, omission, defect or irregularity, including the failure to purchase or acquire an index number or other mistake in the filing process, to be corrected, upon such terms as may be just, or, if a substantial right of a party is not prejudiced, the mistake, omission, defect or irregularity shall be disregarded, provided that any applicable fees shall be paid.
- (b) The court shall not disregard or permit a mistake, omission, defect or irregularity arising from the failure of a lender, an assignee or a mortgage loan servicer to strictly comply with sections thirteen hundred one, thirteen hundred two, thirteen hundred three, thirteen hundred four or thirteen hundred six of the real property actions and proceedings law, where applicable.
- § 7. Rule 3212 of the civil practice law and rules is amended by adding a new subdivision (d) to read as follows:
- (d) Successive motions; standard. Where the court issues an order denying all or any part of a motion for summary judgment, the court shall consider any successive motion for summary judgment made by the party having previously moved unsuccessfully for such relief as a motion affecting a prior order and the motion shall be made and reviewed in accordance with subdivisions (d), (e) or (f) of rule two thousand two hundred twenty-one or subdivision (a) of rule five thousand fifteen of this chapter.
- § 8. Subdivision (d) of rule 3217 of the civil practice law and rules, as added by section 29 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (d) Effect of discontinuance of actions based upon certain instruments related to real property. Unless effectuated in strict accordance with the applicable provisions of article seventeen of the general obligations law, the discontinuance of an action upon an instrument described under subdivision four of section two hundred thirteen of this chapter, by any means, shall not, in form or effect:
- 1. act as a waiver, postponement, cancellation, resetting, or tolling of accrual of the cause of action;
- 2. extend the limitations period prescribed by law to interpose the claim: or
- 3. automatically revoke or nullify an election of remedies made in any complaint.
- (e) All notices, stipulations, or certificates pursuant to this rule shall be filed with the county clerk by the defendant.
- § 9. Subdivision 3 and paragraph a of subdivision 4 of section 17-103 of the general obligations law are amended to read as follows:
- 3. [A promise to waive, to extend, or not to plead the statute of
 limitation has no effect to A waiver, promise or agreement, express or
 implied in fact or in law, shall not, in form or effect, postpone,
 cancel, reset, toll, revive or otherwise extend the time limited by
 statute for commencement of an action or proceeding for any greater time
 or in any other manner than that provided in this section, [ex] unless
 made as provided in this section.

 a. does not change the requirements or the effect with respect to the [statute of limitation, of] accrual of a cause of action, nor the time limited for commencement of an action based upon an acknowledgment or promise to pay[7] or a payment or part payment of principal or interest[7 or a stipulation made in an action or proceeding];

- § 10. Subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 17-105 of the general obligations law are amended to read as follows:
- 4. [Except as provided in subdivision five, no] An acknowledgment, waiver [or promise has any effect to], promise or agreement, express or implied in fact or in law, shall not, in form or effect, postpone, cancel, reset, toll, revive or otherwise extend the time limited for commencement of an action to foreclose [or a mortgage for any greater time or in any other manner than that provided in this section, [nor] unless it is made as provided in this section.
- 5. This section does not change the requirements[7] or the effect with respect to the <u>accrual of a cause of action</u>, nor the time limited for commencement of an action[7 of] <u>based upon either:</u>
- a. a payment or part payment of the principal or interest secured by the mortgage, or
 - b. a stipulation made in an action or proceeding.
- § 11. Subdivisions 1, 1-a and 2 of section 1304 of the real property actions and proceedings law, subdivision 1 as amended by section 6 of part Q of chapter 73 of the laws of 2016, subdivision 1-a as added by section 3 and subdivision 2 as amended by section 4 of part HH of chapter 58 of the laws of 2018, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with regard to a home loan, at least ninety days before a lender, an assignee or a mortgage loan servicer commences legal action against the borrower, or borrowers at the property address and any other address of record, including mortgage foreclosure, such lender, assignee or mortgage loan servicer shall give notice to the borrower in at least fourteen-point type which shall include the following:

"YOU MAY BE AT RISK OF FORECLOSURE. PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING NOTICE CAREFULLY"

"As of ___, your home loan is ___ days and ___ dollars in default. Under New York State Law, we are required to send you this notice to inform you that you are at risk of losing your home.

Attached to this notice is a list of government approved housing counseling agencies in your area which provide free counseling. You can also call the NYS Office of the Attorney General's Homeowner Protection Program (HOPP) toll-free consumer hotline to be connected to free housing counseling services in your area at 1-855-HOME-456 (1-855-466-3456), visit their website at [http://www.aghomehelp.com/] https://ag.ny.gov/consumer-frauds/help-homeowners. A statewide listing by county is also available at [http://www.dfs.ny.gov/consumer/mortg nys np counseling agencies.htm] http://www.dfs.ny.gov/consumer/mortg nys np counseling agencies.htm; housing counselors from New York-based agencies listed on this website are trained to help homeowners who are having problems making their mortgage payments and can help you find the best option for your situation. Qualified free help is available; watch out for companies or people who charge a fee for these services. Additional free information and resources can be found at the following websites: https://homeownerhelpny.org/ and

54 https://www.lawhelpny.org/issues/housing.

[Housing counselors from New York-based agencies listed on the website above are trained to help homeowners who are having problems making

1 their mortgage payments and can help you find the best option for your situation. If you wish, you may also contact us directly at _____ and ask to discuss possible options. 3 While we cannot assure that a mutually agreeable resolution is possible, we encourage you to take immediate steps to try to achieve a resolution. The longer you wait, the fewer options you may have. 7 If you have not taken any actions to resolve this matter within 90 8 days from the date this notice was mailed, we may commence legal action 9 against you (or sooner if you cease to live in the dwelling as your 10 primary residence.) 11 If you need further information, please call the New York State 12 Department of Financial Services' toll-free helpline at [(show number) 13 877-226-5697 or visit the Department's website at [(show web address)] 14 http://www.dfs.ny.gov. 15 IMPORTANT: You have the right to remain in your home until you receive 16 a court order telling you to leave the property. If a foreclosure action 17 is filed against you in court, you still have the right to remain in the 18 home until a court orders you to leave. You legally remain the owner of and are responsible for the property until the property is sold by you 19 20 or by order of the court at the conclusion of any foreclosure proceedings. This notice is not an eviction notice, and a foreclosure action has not yet been commenced against you." 22 23 1-a. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with regard to a 24 reverse mortgage home loan, at least ninety days before a lender, an 25 assignee or a mortgage loan servicer commences legal action against the 26 borrower or borrowers at the property address and any other addresses of 27 record, including reverse mortgage foreclosure, such lender, assignee or 28 mortgage loan servicer shall give notice to the borrower in at least 29 fourteen-point type except for the heading which shall be in at least sixteen-point type which shall include the following: 30 "YOU COULD LOSE YOUR HOME TO FORECLOSURE. 31 32 PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING NOTICE CAREFULLY. 33 Date 34 Borrower's address 35 Loan Number: 36 Property Address: 37 Dear Borrower(s): __, we as your lender or servicer claim that your reverse 38 As of ____ 39 mortgage loan is ___ days in default. Under New York State Law, we are 40 required to send you this notice to inform you that you may be at risk 41 of losing your home. 42 We, the lender or servicer of your loan, are claiming that your reverse 43 mortgage loan is in default because you have not complied with the following conditions of your loan: 45 _____ You are not occupying your home as your principal residence _____ You did not submit the required annual certificate of occupancy 47 _____ The named borrower on the reverse mortgage has died _____ You did not pay property taxes 48 49 {Servicer name} paid your property taxes for the following 50 time periods:____ ______ {quarter/year} 51

52 _____ You did not maintain homeowner's insurance

{Servicer name} purchased homeowner's insurance for you on the 1 2 following date(s) and for the following 3 4 _____ You did not pay water/sewer charges 5 {Servicer name} paid water/sewer charges for you on the following 6 date(s) and for the following cost(s): 7 8 _____ You did not make required repairs to your home If the claim is based on your failure to pay property or water and sewer 10 charges or maintain homeowner's insurance, you can cure this default by making the payment of \$_____ for the advancements we made towards 11 these payments on your behalf. 12 13 You have the right to dispute the claims listed above by contacting us, 14 by calling _____ or sending a letter to _____. This 15 may include proof of payments made for property taxes or water and sewer charges or a current declaration page from your insurance company, or any other proof to dispute the servicer's claim. 17 18 If you are in default for failure to pay property charges (property 19 taxes, homeowner's insurance and/or water/sewer charges) you may qualify 20 for a grant, loan, or re-payment plan to cure the default balance owed. If you are in default due to the death of your spouse, you may be 21 considered an eligible "Non-Borrowing Spouse" under a HUD program which 23 allows you to remain in your home for the rest of your life. 24 If you are over the age of 80 and have a long term illness, you may also qualify for the "At-Risk Extension," which allows you to remain in your 25 26 home for one additional year and requires an annual re-certification. 27 Attached to this notice is a list of government-approved housing coun-28 seling agencies and legal services in your area which provide free counseling. You can also call the NYS Office of the Attorney General's Home-29 30 owner Protection Program (HOPP) toll-free consumer hotline to be 31 free housing counseling services in your area at connected to 32 1-855-HOME-456 (1-855-466-3456), or visit their 33 [http://www.aghomehelp.com] https://ag.ny.gov/consumer-frauds/helphomeowners. A statewide listing by county is also available 34 [http://www.dfs.ny.gov/consumer/mortg nys np counseling agencies.htm] 35 36 http://www.dfs.ny.gov/consumer/mortq nys np counseling agencies.htm; housing counselors from New York-based agencies listed on this website 37 38 are trained to help homeowners who are having problems making their mortgage payments and can help you find the best option for your situ-39 40 ation. You may also call your local Department of Aging for a referral 41 or call 311 if you live in New York City. Qualified free help is available; watch out for companies or people who 42 charge a fee for these services. Additional free information and 43 44 resources can be found at the following websites: 45 https://homeownerhelpny.org/ and https://www.lawhelpny.org/issues/housing. 47 [You] If you wish, you may also contact us directly at _ ask to discuss [all] possible options [to allow you to cure your default

- 1 and prevent the foreclosure of your home]. While we cannot ensure that a
- mutually agreeable resolution is possible, we encourage you to take
- immediate steps to try to achieve a resolution. The longer you wait, the
- fewer options you may have.
- If you have not taken any actions to resolve this matter within 90 days
- from the date this notice was mailed, we may commence legal action
- against you (or sooner if you cease to live in the dwelling as your
- primary residence).

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- If you need further information, please call the New York State Depart-
- 10 ment of Financial Services' toll-free helpline at 877-226-5697 or visit
- 11 the Department's website at http://www.dfs.ny.gov.
- IMPORTANT: You have the right to remain in your home until you receive a 12
- 13 court order telling you to leave the property. If a foreclosure action
- 14 is filed against you in court, you still have the right to remain in the
- home until a court orders you to leave. You legally remain the owner of 15
- and are responsible for the property until the property is sold by you 16
- 17 or by order of the court at the conclusion of any foreclosure
- 18 proceedings. This notice is not an eviction notice, and a foreclosure
- action has not yet been commenced against you." 19
- 20 A lender, assignee or mortgage loan servicer of a reverse mortgage home loan which provides notice to the borrower as required by this 21 22 subdivision is not required to provide notice to such borrower with 23 regard to such loan pursuant to subdivision one of this section. 24 purposes of this section, the borrower shall also mean any non-borrower mortgagor and non-borrowing mortgagors shall be entitled to notice under 25 26 this section in the same manner and direction as the borrower.
- 27 2. The notices required by this section shall be sent by such lender, 28 assignee (including purchasing investor) or mortgage loan servicer to 29 the borrower, by registered or certified mail and also by first-class mail to the last known address of the borrower, and to the residence 30 31 that is the subject of the mortgage. The notices required by this 32 section shall be sent by the lender, assignee or mortgage loan servicer in a separate envelope from any other mailing or notice. Notice is 34 considered given as of the date it is mailed. The notices required by this section shall contain a current list of at least five housing coun-35 seling agencies serving the county where the property is located from 36 the most recent listing available from department of financial services. 37 38 The list shall include the counseling agencies' last known addresses and telephone numbers. The department of financial services shall make 39 40 available on its websites a listing, by county, of such agencies. The 41 lender, assignee or mortgage loan servicer shall use such lists to meet 42 the requirements of this section. The department of financial services 43 shall update the counseling agency listings on its websites on the first 44 Friday of every month and shall save, archive and make available on its 45 websites each monthly listing for a period of no less than ten years.
 - § 12. Section 282 of the real property law, as added by chapter 550 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
- § 282. [Mortgagor's right] Right to recover attorneys' fees in actions or proceedings arising out of foreclosures of residential property. 1. 50 Whenever a covenant contained in a mortgage on residential real property shall provide that in any action or proceeding to foreclose the mortgage that the mortgagee may recover attorneys' fees and/or expenses incurred

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1 as the result of the failure of the mortgagor or borrower to perform any covenant or agreement contained in such mortgage, or that amounts paid by the mortgagee therefor shall be paid by the mortgagor as additional 3 payment, there shall be implied in such mortgage a covenant by the mortgagee to pay to the mortgagor or borrower the reasonable attorneys' fees and/or expenses incurred by the mortgagor or borrower as the result of the failure of the mortgagee to perform any covenant or agreement on its 7 part to be performed under the mortgage or in the successful defense of 9 any action or proceeding pending or commenced by the mortgagee against 10 the mortgagor or borrower arising out of the contract, and an agreement 11 that such fees and expenses may be recovered as provided by law in an action or proceeding pending or commenced against the mortgagee or by 12 13 way of counterclaim in any action or proceeding pending or commenced by 14 the mortgagee against the mortgagor or borrower. Any waiver of this 15 section shall be void as against public policy. 16

- 2. For the purposes of this section, "residential real property" means real property improved by a one- to four-family residence, a condominium that is occupied by the mortgagor or **borrower or** a cooperative unit that is occupied by the mortgagor **or borrower**.
- 3. For the purposes of this section, "successful defense" of any action or proceeding pending or commenced by the mortgagee shall mean any form of dismissal of the action or proceeding, with or without prejudice, on the court's own initiative, after trial, or upon application or motion made by the mortgagor or borrower.
- § 13. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.
 - § 14. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however:
- a. for causes of action pursuant to subdivision (e) of section 206 of the civil practice law and rules as added by section four of this act, having accrued prior to, and would be time barred immediately upon, the effective date of this act, suits thereupon shall be commenced within one year after this act shall have become a law; and
- b. for causes of action pursuant to subdivision (e) of section 206 of the civil practice law and rules as added by section four of this act, having accrued prior to the effective date of such section and for which less than one year remains upon the applicable limitations period for the commencement of an action or proceeding thereupon, such suits shall be commenced within one year after this act shall have become a law.