STATE OF NEW YORK

4005

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 1, 2021

Introduced by Sen. HOYLMAN -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Children and Families

AN ACT to amend the domestic relations law, in relation to prohibiting the consideration of evidence that either parent has ever obtained or attempted to obtain reproductive health services relating to the termination of a pregnancy in certain legal proceedings

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 70 of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 457 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Where a minor child is residing within this state, either parent may apply to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus to have such minor child brought before such court; and on the return thereof, the 7 court, on due consideration, may award the natural guardianship, charge and custody of such child to either parent for such time, under such regulations and restrictions, and with such provisions and directions, 10 as the case may require, and may at any time thereafter vacate or modify such order. In all cases there shall be no prima facie right to the 12 custody of the child in either parent, but the court shall determine 13 solely what is for the best interest of the child, and what will best 14 promote its welfare and happiness, and make award accordingly. 15 making a determination of the best interest of the child pursuant to 16 this section, the court shall not consider evidence that either parent has ever obtained or attempted to obtain reproductive health services. 17 18 For the purposes of this section, reproductive health services means 19 health care services provided in a hospital, clinic, physician's office 20 or other facility and includes medical, surgical, counseling or referral services relating to the human reproductive system, including services relating to pregnancy or the termination of a pregnancy.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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§ 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 240 of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 567 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

In any action or proceeding brought (1) to annul a marriage or to 4 declare the nullity of a void marriage, or (2) for a separation, or (3) for a divorce, or (4) to obtain, by a writ of habeas corpus or by peti-7 tion and order to show cause, the custody of or right to visitation with any child of a marriage, the court shall require verification of the 9 status of any child of the marriage with respect to such child's custody 10 support, including any prior orders, and shall enter orders for 11 custody and support as, in the court's discretion, justice requires, having regard to the circumstances of the case and of the respective 12 parties and to the best interests of the child and subject to the 13 14 provisions of subdivision one-c of this section. In making a determi-15 nation of the best interest of the child pursuant to this section, the 16 court shall not consider evidence that either parent has ever obtained 17 or attempted to obtain reproductive health services. For the purposes of this section, reproductive health services means health care services 18 19 provided in a hospital, clinic, physician's office or other facility and 20 includes medical, surgical, counseling or referral services relating to 21 the human reproductive system, including services relating to pregnancy or the termination of a pregnancy. Where either party to an action 22 concerning custody of or a right to visitation with a child alleges in a 23 sworn petition or complaint or sworn answer, cross-petition, counter-24 25 claim or other sworn responsive pleading that the other party has 26 committed an act of domestic violence against the party making the alle-27 gation or a family or household member of either party, as such family or household member is defined in article eight of the family court act, 28 29 and such allegations are proven by a preponderance of the evidence, the 30 court must consider the effect of such domestic violence upon the best 31 interests of the child, together with such other facts and circumstances 32 the court deems relevant in making a direction pursuant to this section and state on the record how such findings, facts and circum-33 stances factored into the direction. If a parent makes a good faith 34 35 allegation based on a reasonable belief supported by facts that the 36 child is the victim of child abuse, child neglect, or the effects of 37 domestic violence, and if that parent acts lawfully and in good faith in 38 response to that reasonable belief to protect the child or seek treat-39 ment for the child, then that parent shall not be deprived of custody, visitation or contact with the child, or restricted in custody, 40 41 tion or contact, based solely on that belief or the reasonable actions 42 taken based on that belief. If an allegation that a child is abused is supported by a preponderance of the evidence, then the court shall 43 44 consider such evidence of abuse in determining the visitation arrange-45 ment that is in the best interest of the child, and the court shall not 46 place a child in the custody of a parent who presents a substantial risk 47 of harm to that child, and shall state on the record how such findings factored into the determination. Where a proceeding filed pursuant 48 49 to article ten or ten-A of the family court act is pending at the same 50 time as a proceeding brought in the supreme court involving the custody 51 of, or right to visitation with, any child of a marriage, the court 52 presiding over the proceeding under article ten or ten-A of the family court act may jointly hear the dispositional hearing on the petition 54 under article ten or the permanency hearing under article ten-A of the 55 family court act and, upon referral from the supreme court, the hearing to resolve the matter of custody or visitation in the proceeding pending

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in the supreme court; provided however, the court must determine custody or visitation in accordance with the terms of this section.

3 An order directing the payment of child support shall contain the 4 social security numbers of the named parties. In all cases there shall be no prima facie right to the custody of the child in either parent. Such direction shall make provision for child support out of the proper-7 ty of either or both parents. The court shall make its award for child support pursuant to subdivision one-b of this section. Such direction 9 may provide for reasonable visitation rights to the maternal and/or 10 paternal grandparents of any child of the parties. Such direction as it 11 applies to rights of visitation with a child remanded or placed in the 12 care of a person, official, agency or institution pursuant to article 13 ten of the family court act, or pursuant to an instrument approved under 14 section three hundred fifty-eight-a of the social services law, shall be 15 enforceable pursuant to part eight of article ten of the family court 16 and sections three hundred fifty-eight-a and three hundred eightyfour-a of the social services law and other applicable provisions of law 17 18 against any person having care and custody, or temporary care and custo-19 dy, of the child. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any writ-20 ten application or motion to the court for the establishment, modifica-21 tion or enforcement of a child support obligation for persons not in receipt of public assistance and care must contain either a request for 22 child support enforcement services which would authorize the collection 23 24 the support obligation by the immediate issuance of an income 25 execution for support enforcement as provided for by this chapter, 26 completed in the manner specified in section one hundred eleven-q of the 27 social services law; or a statement that the applicant has applied for or is in receipt of such services; or a statement that the applicant 28 29 knows of the availability of such services, has declined them at this 30 time and where support enforcement services pursuant to section one 31 hundred eleven-q of the social services law have been declined that the 32 applicant understands that an income deduction order may be issued 33 pursuant to subdivision (c) of section fifty-two hundred forty-two of the civil practice law and rules without other child support enforcement 34 35 services and that payment of an administrative fee may be required. 36 court shall provide a copy of any such request for child support 37 enforcement services to the support collection unit of the appropriate 38 social services district any time it directs payments to be made to such 39 support collection unit. Additionally, the copy of any such request shall be accompanied by the name, address and social security number of 40 41 the parties; the date and place of the parties' marriage; the name and 42 date of birth of the child or children; and the name and address of 43 employers and income payors of the party from whom child support is sought or from the party ordered to pay child support to the other 44 45 party. Such direction may require the payment of a sum or sums of money 46 either directly to the custodial parent or to third persons for goods or 47 services furnished for such child, or for both payments to the custodial parent and to such third persons; provided, however, that unless the party seeking or receiving child support has applied for or is receiving 49 50 such services, the court shall not direct such payments to be made to 51 the support collection unit, as established in section one hundred 52 eleven-h of the social services law. Every order directing the payment of support shall require that if either parent currently, or at any time 54 in the future, has health insurance benefits available that may be 55 extended or obtained to cover the child, such parent is required to exercise the option of additional coverage in favor of such child and

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1 execute and deliver to such person any forms, notices, documents or 2 instruments necessary to assure timely payment of any health insurance 3 claims for such child.

- 4 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.