STATE OF NEW YORK

2805

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 25, 2021

Introduced by Sen. KAVANAGH -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Consumer Protection

AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to prohibiting the use of polystyrene containers by restaurants and food vendors

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 399-eee to read as follows:
- 3 § 399-eee. Prohibiting the use of polystyrene containers by restau-4 rants, food trucks, and other food vendors. 1. Definitions. The follow-5 ing terms shall have the following meanings as used in this section:
- 6 (a) "polystyrene" or "polystyrene foam" means blown polystyrene and
 7 expanded foams utilizing a styrene monomer and processed by any number
 8 of techniques. Polystyrene foam is generally used to make cups, bowls,
 9 plates, trays, clamshell containers, meat trays and egg cartons.
- 10 (b) "food service establishment" means any area, including outdoor 11 seating areas, in which the business is the sale of food for on-premises 12 consumption.
- 13 (c) "food vendor" means any store, shop, sales outlet, or other estab-14 lishment, including a grocery store, delicatessen or restaurant that 15 sells prepared foods.
- (d) "disposable food service ware" means all containers, bowls, plates, trays, cartons, cups, lids, and other items that are designed for one-time use for prepared foods, including without limitation, service ware takeout foods and/or leftovers from partially consumed meals prepared by food service establishments, food vendors, and/or mobile food service establishments.
- 22 (e) "mobile food service establishment" means a self-contained food
 23 service operation, located in a vehicle or a movable stand, self or
 24 otherwise propelled, used to store, prepare, display or serve food
 25 intended for individual portion service.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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2. Use of polystyrene disposable food service ware prohibited. No food service establishment, food vendor, or mobile food service establishment shall use polystyrene disposable food service ware for the packaging of food or drink to be taken from such food service establishment, food vendor, or mobile food service establishment by patrons.

- 3. Enforcement and violations. (a) Whenever there shall be a violation of this section, application may be made by the attorney general in the name of the people of the state of New York to a court or justice having jurisdiction by a special proceeding to issue an injunction, and upon notice to the defendant of not less than five days, to enjoin and restrain the continuance of such violation; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court or justice that the defendant has, in fact, violated this section, an injunction may be issued by such court or justice, enjoining and restraining any further violation, without requiring proof that any person has, in fact, been injured or damaged thereby. In connection with any such proposed application, the attorney general is authorized to take proof and make a determination of the relevant facts and to issue subpoenas in accordance with the civil practice law and rules.
- (b) Any person who violates this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars for each violation. Each day in which a food service establishment, food vendor, or mobile food service establishment uses polystyrene disposable food service ware in violation of this section may constitute a separate violation.
- 25 (c) In addition, the district attorney, county attorney, and the 26 corporation counsel shall have concurrent authority to seek the relief 27 in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, and all civil penalties obtained 28 in any such action shall be retained by the municipality or county.
- 29 § 2. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after 30 it shall have become a law.