STATE OF NEW YORK

1780--A

Cal. No. 458

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2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 15, 2021

Introduced by Sens. SKOUFIS, GOUNARDES, REICHLIN-MELNICK -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- reported favorably from said committee, ordered to first and second report, amended on second report, ordered to a third reading, and to be reprinted as amended, retaining its place in the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to providing for electronic notarization

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 137-a to read as follows:
- § 137-a. Electronic notarization. 1. Definitions. (a) "Communication 4 technology" means an electronic device or process that: (i) allows a 5 notary public and a remotely located individual to communicate with each 6 other simultaneously by sight and sound; and (ii) when necessary and consistent with other applicable law, facilitates communication with a remotely located individual who has a vision, hearing, or speech impairment.
- 10 (b) "Electronic" shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivi-11 sion one of section three hundred two of the state technology law.
- (c) "Electronic document" means information that is created, gener-12 ated, sent, communicated, received or stored by electronic means. 13
- 14 (d) "Electronic notarial act" means an official act by a notary public 15 on or involving an electronic document and using means authorized by the 16 secretary of state.
- 17 (e) "Electronic notary public" or "electronic notary" means a notary 18 public who has registered with the secretary of state the capability of 19 performing electronic notarial acts.

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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S. 1780--A 2

(f) "Electronic signature" shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision three of section three hundred two of the state technology law.

- (g) "Electronic notarial statement of authority" means the portion of a notarized electronic document that is completed by a notary public and contains the notary public's electronic signature and all information required by section one hundred thirty-seven of this article.
- (h) "Notary electronic signature" means those forms of electronic signature, which have been approved by the secretary of state as an acceptable means for an electronic notary to affix the notary public's official signature to an electronic record that is being notarized.
- 12 <u>(i) "Remotely located individual" means an individual who is not in</u>
 13 the physical presence of the notary public at the time of the notarial
 14 act.
 - 2. Identifying document signers. (a) The methods for identifying document signers for an electronic notarization shall be the same as the methods required for a paper-based notarization; provided, however, an electronic notarization conducted utilizing communication technology shall meet the following standards:
 - (i) the signal transmission shall be secure from interception through lawful means by anyone other than the persons communicating; and
 - (ii) the technology shall permit the notary to communicate with and identify the remotely located individual at the time of the notarial act, provided that such identification is confirmed by:
 - (A) personal knowledge; or
 - (B) each of the following: (1) remote presentation by the person creating the electronic signature of a government issued identification credential, including such person's passport or driver's license, that contains the signature and a photograph of such person; (2) credential analysis; and (3) identity proofing.
- 31 (b) If video and audio conference technology has been used to ascer32 tain a document signer's identity, the electronic notary shall keep a
 33 copy of the recording of the video and audio conference and a notation
 34 of the type of any other identification used. The recording shall be
 35 maintained for a period of at least ten years from the date of trans36 action.
 - (c) For purposes of this subdivision: (i) "credential analysis" means a process or service that meets the standards established by the secretary of state through which a third person affirms the validity of a government-issued identification credential through review of public and proprietary data sources; and
 - (ii) "identity proofing" means a process or service operating according to standards established by the secretary of state through which a third person affirms the identity of an individual: (A) by means of dynamic knowledge based authentication such as a review of personal information from public or proprietary data sources; or (B) by means of analysis of biometric data such as, but not limited to, facial recognition, voiceprint analysis, or fingerprint analysis.
- 3. Registration requirements. (a) Before performing any electronic notarial act or acts, a notary public shall register the capability to notarize electronically with the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of state.
- 53 (b) In registering the capability to perform electronic notarial acts, 54 the notary public shall provide the following information to the secre-55 tary of state, notary processing unit:

3 S. 1780--A

- 1 (i) the applicant's name as currently commissioned and complete mail-2 ing address;
- 3 (ii) the expiration date of the notary public's commission and signa-4 ture of the commissioned notary public;
 - (iii) the applicant's e-mail address;

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- (iv) the description of the electronic technology or technologies to be used in attaching the notary public's electronic signature to the electronic document; and
- 9 (v) an exemplar of the notary public's electronic signature, which 10 shall contain the notary public's name and any necessary instructions or 11 techniques that allow the notary public's electronic signature to be 12 read.
- 4. Types of electronic notarial acts. (a) Any notarial act authorized by section one hundred thirty-five of this article may be performed 14 electronically as prescribed by this section if: (i) under applicable law that document may be signed with an electronic signature; and (ii) the electronic notary public is located within the state at the time of the performance of an electronic notarial act using communication technology, regardless of the location of the document signer.
 - (b) An electronic notarial act performed using communication technology pursuant to this section satisfies any requirement of law of this state that a document signer personally appear before, be in the presence of, or be in a single time and place with a notary public at the time of the performance of the notarial act.
 - 5. Form and manner of performing the electronic notarial act. (a) When performing an electronic notarial act, a notary public shall apply an electronic signature, which shall be attached to or logically associated with the electronic document such that removal or alteration of such electronic signature is detectable and will render evidence of alteration of the document containing the notary signature which may invalidate the electronic notarial act.
- 32 (b) The notary public's electronic signature is deemed to be reliable 33 if the following requirements are met: (i) it is unique to the notary 34 public;
 - (ii) it is capable of independent verification;
 - (iii) it is retained under the notary public's sole control;
- (iv) it is attached to or logically associated with the electronic 37 38 <u>document; and</u>
 - (v) it is linked to the data in such a manner that any subsequent alterations to the underlying document are detectable and may invalidate the electronic notarial act.
- 42 (c) The notary public's electronic signature shall be used only for 43 the purpose of performing electronic notarial acts.
- 44 (d) The remote online notarial certificate for an electronic notarial 45 act shall state that the person making the acknowledgement or making the 46 oath appeared remotely online.
 - (e) The secretary shall adopt rules necessary to establish standards, procedures, practices, forms, and records relating to a notary public's electronic signature. The notary public's electronic signature shall conform to any standards adopted by the secretary.
- 51 6. Recording of an electronic record. (a) If otherwise required by law as a condition for recording that a document be an original docu-52 53 ment, printed on paper or another tangible medium, or be in writing, the requirement is satisfied by paper copy of an electronic record that 54 55 complies with the requirements of this section.

4 S. 1780--A

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(b) If otherwise required by law as a condition for recording, that a document be signed, the requirement is satisfied by an electronic signature.

- (c) A requirement that a document or a signature associated with a document be notarized, acknowledged, verified, witnessed, or made under oath is satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized to perform that act, and all other information required to be included, is attached to or logically associated with the document or signature. A physical or electronic image of a stamp, impression, or seal need not accompany an electronic signature if the notary has attached an electronic notarial certificate that meets the requirements of this section.
- 7. Change of e-mail address. Within five days after the change of an electronic notary public's e-mail address, the notary public shall electronically transmit to the secretary of state a notice of the change, signed with the notary public's official electronic signature.
- § 2. Section 136 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 143 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
- § 136. Notarial fees. A notary public shall be entitled to [the following] fees[+
- 1. For administering an oath or affirmation, and certifying the same when required, except where another fee is specifically prescribed by 22 statute, two dollars.
 - 2. For taking and certifying the acknowledgment or proof of execution of a written instrument, by one person, two dollars, and by each additional person, two dollars, for swearing each witness thereto, two dollars] as authorized by the secretary of state.
- 27 § 3. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or $\,$ 28 29 repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made on or before 30 31 such effective date.