AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to establishing restrictions on the sale of over-the-counter diet pills and dietary supplements for weight loss or muscle building and increasing civil penalties for the sale or promotional distribution of dietary supplements containing ephedra

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 391-oo to read as follows:

§ 391-oo. Sale of over-the-counter diet pills and dietary supplements for weight loss or muscle building. 1. No person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company, or other entity shall sell or offer to sell or give away, as either a retail or whole-sale promotion, an over-the-counter diet pill or dietary supplement for weight loss or muscle building within New York state to any person under eighteen years of age.

2. For purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) "dietary supplements for weight loss or muscle building" means a class of dietary supplement as defined in section three hundred ninety-one-o of this article sold for or used with the intent to achieve weight loss or build muscle;

(b) "over-the-counter diet pills" means a class of drugs, sold for or used with the intent to achieve weight loss or build muscle that are lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished over-the-counter with or with-
out a prescription pursuant to the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. section 301 et. seq., or regulations adopted thereunder; and 
(c) "dietary supplements for weight loss or muscle building" and "over-the-counter diet pills" may include, but are not limited to, thermogens, which are substances that produce heat in the body and promote more calorie burning, lipotropics, which are compounds that help break down fat during body metabolism, hormones, including hormone modulators and hormone mimetics, appetite suppressants, or ingredients deemed adulterated under 21 U.S.C.A § 342.

3. Whenever there shall be a violation of this section, an application may be made by the attorney general in the name of the people of the state of New York, to a court or justice having jurisdiction by a special proceeding to issue an injunction, and upon notice to the defendant of not less than five days, to enjoin and restrain the continuance of such violation; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court or justice that the defendant has, in fact, violated this section, an injunction may be issued by the court or justice, enjoining and restraining any further violations, without requiring proof that any person has, in fact, been injured or damaged thereby. In any such proceeding, the court may make allowances to the attorney general as provided in paragraph six of subdivision (a) of section eighty-three hundred three of the civil practice law and rules, and direct restitution. Whenever the court shall determine that a violation of this section has occurred, the court may impose a civil penalty of not more than two thousand dollars.

§ 2. Subdivision 4 of section 391-o of the general business law, as added by chapter 385 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

4. Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company, or other entity that violates the provisions of this section by selling, offering to sell, or giving away as either a retail or wholesale promotion, a dietary supplement containing any quantity of ephedrine alkaloids shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than [five hundred] two thousand dollars per violation, recoverable in an action by any enforcement authority designated by any municipality or political subdivision.

§ 3. The department of health, in consultation with other state and federal agencies, as appropriate, and relevant stakeholders including, but not limited to, the eating disorders community, shall determine what products constitute over-the-counter diet pills, or dietary supplements for weight loss or muscle building shall have limited accessibility.

§ 4. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightyieth day after it shall have become a law.