STATE OF NEW YORK

1596

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 14, 2021

Introduced by Sens. SANDERS, MAY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Commerce, Economic Development and Small Business

AN ACT establishing the New York state small business protection program

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Legislative findings. a. In April 2020, the Federal Govern-2 ment enacted two Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act stimulus packages where it introduced the Paycheck Protection 4 Program (PPP) totaling \$659 billion dollars to financially assist small 5 businesses, and to prevent the loss of jobs and the failure of small businesses due to financial losses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

b. Many local small businesses including minority- and women-owned 7 businesses (MWBEs) in our state did not receive any federal funding under the federal PPP in either of the two rounds of funding. In fact, 9 10 most of the first round of funding totaling \$349 billion, which was exhausted in 2 weeks, went to large publicly traded businesses. 11

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- c. According to a report issued by the Federal Small Business Adminis-12 13 tration Inspector General, the Small Business Administration (SBA) was faulted in administering the PPP, in that the SBA did not issue guide-14 15 lines for banks to prioritize businesses in rural markets, companies that have only been in business for two years or less, or businesses owned by veterans, minorities, women and economically disadvantaged 17 individuals. Moreover, the PPP application did not include demographic 18 19 information making it difficult or near impossible to determine how much 20 money went into the markets.
- 21 d. As New York state is reopening regionally post COVID-19, many of 22 our small businesses, including MWBEs and farmers who did not receive 23 any PPP funding are in desperate need of funding to employ and/or pay 24 staff, purchase inventory, and pay rent and utilities.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 § 2. Establishment. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 2 contrary, the legislature shall authorize the establishment of a New 3 York State Small Business Protection Program (NYSSBPP) to be funded in 4 the amount of 100 million dollars from future federal stimulus funding. 5 Such funding shall reimburse any moneys used from any state funds for 6 the purposes described under sections four or five of this act.

- § 3. Eligibility. Entities shall be eligible for the NYSSBPP provided such entity has less than 100 employees per location, did not receive any federal funding from the Federal CARES Act, was in existence in New York state by the first day the state disaster emergency related to COVID-19 was declared by the governor, can document actual economic harm or revenue shortfall as a direct result of the pandemic, and has filed 2018, 2019 or 2020 tax returns. The lending priority shall be as follows:
- a. small businesses, including minority- and women-owned business 6 enterprises, owned by veterans, minorities, women, economically disad-7 vantaged individuals and farmers;
 - b. businesses in the restaurant, luxury service, retail, transportation, hospitality and farming industries;
 - c. small businesses located in economically distressed or underserved communities and rural markets;
 - d. non-profit organizations having tax exempt status under section 501(c)(3), or a veterans organization having tax exempt status under section 501(c)(19) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
 - e. sole proprietors, independent contractors, and self-employed persons;
 - f. small businesses that have been in existence for two years or less; and
- g. new businesses formed or incorporated within 30 days after the expiration of the state of emergencies or the region of the state where the business is located has reopened post COVID-19.
 - § 4. Loan details and forgiveness. a. All eligible entities pursuant to section three of this act, shall submit an application through community development financial institutions (CDFIs), minority depository institutions (MDIs), local community banks or credit unions located within the state. No applications shall be processed through any merchant cash advance or any financial technology companies. All lending institutions in this program shall collect and provide data about the borrowers' demographics and loan amount.
 - b. The loan amount shall equal 60% of the prior year eligible expenses not to exceed \$100,000.00.
 - c. Such loan shall be forgiven if funds are used for payroll or 1099 employees, interest on mortgages, rent, utilities and inventory.
- d. Purchases of new equipment are permissible under this program but such loan will not be forgiven as a grant.
 - e. All loan payments shall be deferred for 6 months, which can be deferred for an additional 6 months but not to exceed 1 year from the date of the loan.
 - f. No collateral or personal guarantees are required. Neither the government nor financial institutions shall charge qualifying entities any fees.
- g. Forgiveness is based on the qualifying small business maintaining or quickly rehiring employees and maintaining salary levels. Forgiveness will be reduced if full-time headcount declines, or if salaries and wages decrease within 12 weeks of receiving such funding. The 12-week rule shall not apply to any entity if such entity paid its employees'

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1 salaries during the COVID-19 state of disaster emergencies or when such entity was closed. Documented proof of such payroll payment shall be 3 required.

- h. All loans not forgiven under subdivision b of this section shall have a maturity of 2 years and an interest rate of 1% or 3 years of the loan payments have been deferred.
- i. The department of financial services shall have oversight and monitor the application process pursuant to this section. Such department shall create the application and promulgate rules necessary for the administration of this program.
- § 5. Grants. The NYSSBPP shall provide the following grants to all 11 12 qualified small businesses, not-for-profits and charitable organiza-13 tions:
- a. A rent reimbursement grant to reimburse qualifying entities for 15 rent paid during the COVID-19 pandemic, provided such entity has documentary proof of such paid rent. This rent reimbursement grant shall be capped at 3 months of paid rent during the state of emergencies;
- 18 b. A grant to reimburse qualifying entities for perishable inventory purchased before the COVID-19 state of disaster emergency that was 19 20 thrown out due to the forced shut down of such entity and/or to replace 21 food inventory to help such entity reopen; and
- c. A grant subsidy for farmers to pay for gas and tolls to deliver the 22 23 products throughout the state.
- \S 6. Oversight. The state comptroller shall monitor the NYSSBPP to 24 25 ensure the provisions of this act are properly executed. The state comptroller shall submit a report on such program to the governor, the 27 temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly, and shall post such on the comptroller's website on a quarterly basis 28 29 describing any loans granted under such program.
 - § 7. This act shall take effect immediately.