STATE OF NEW YORK

9009--В

IN ASSEMBLY

January 19, 2022

A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to accelerating the middleclass tax cut (Part A); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing an enhanced investment tax credit to farmers (Subpart A); to amend the tax law and chapter 60 of the laws of 2016 amending the tax law relating to creating a farm workforce retention credit, in relation to the effectiveness of such credit (Subpart B); and to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a farm employer overtime credit (Subpart C) (Part B); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to expanding the small business subtraction modification (Part C); to amend the tax law, in relation to excluding certain loan forgiveness awards from state income tax (Part D); to amend the economic development law and the tax law, in relation to creating the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program (Part E); to amend the tax law and the state finance law, in relation to extending and expanding the New York city musical and theatrical production tax credit and the purposes of the New York state council on the arts cultural programs fund; and to amend subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending the tax law and the state finance law relating to establishing the New York city musical and theatrical production tax credit and establishing the New York state council on the arts cultural program fund, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part F); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a permanent rate for the metropolitan transportation business tax surcharge (Part G); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending and modifying the hire a vet credit (Part H); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a tax credit for the conversion from grade no. 6 heating oil usage to biodiesel heating oil and geothermal systems (Part I); to amend the public housing law, in relation to extending the credit against income tax for persons or entities investing in low-income housing (Part J); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the clean heating fuel credit for three years

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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(Part K); to amend chapter 604 of the laws of 2011 amending the tax law relating to the credit for companies who provide transportation to people with disabilities, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; and to amend the tax law, in relation to the application of a credit for companies who provide transportation to individuals with disabilities (Part L); to amend the tax law, in relation to the empire state film production credit and the empire state film post production credit (Part M); to amend the labor law, in relation to extending the New York youth jobs program tax credit (Part N); to amend the labor law, in relation to extending the empire state apprenticeship tax credit program (Part O); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the alternative fuels and electric vehicle recharging property credit (Part P); to amend the labor law, in relation to the program period for the workers with disabilities tax credit program; and to amend part MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014 amending the labor law and the tax law relating to the creation of the workers with disabilities tax credit program, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part Q); intentionally omitted (Part R); to amend the tax law, in relation to the investment tax credit (Part S); intentionally omitted (Part T); intentionally omitted (Part U); intentionally omitted (Part V); to amend the tax law in relation to requiring publication of changes in withholding tables and interest rates (Part W); to amend the tax law, in relation to expanding the definition of financial institution under the financial institution data match program (Part X); to amend the real property tax law and chapter 475 of the laws of 2013, relating to assessment ceilings for local public utility mass real property, relation to extending the assessment ceiling for local public utility mass real property to January 1, 2027 (Part Y); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to good cause refunds for the STAR program (Subpart A); intentionally omitted (Subpart B); to amend the tax law, in relation to clarifying the applicable income tax year for the basic STAR credit (Subpart C); to amend the tax law, in relation to allowing names of STAR credit recipients to be disclosed to assessors outside of New York state (Subpart D); and to amend the tax law, in relation to allowing decedent reports to be given to assessors (Subpart E) (Part Z); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to the grievance process with respect to the valuation of solar and wind energy systems (Part AA); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a homeowner tax rebate credit (Part BB); intentionally omitted (Part CC); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering breeding law, in relation to the utilization of funds in the Catskill and Capital regions off-track betting corporation's capital acquisition funds; and to amend part LLL of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, relating to the utilization of funds in the Catskill and Capital regions offtrack betting corporation's capital acquisition funds, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part DD); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to licenses for simulcast facilities, sums relating to track simulcast, simulcast of out-ofstate thoroughbred races, simulcasting of races run by out-of-state harness tracks and distributions of wagers; to amend chapter 281 of the laws of 1994 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breedlaw and other laws relating to simulcasting; to amend chapter 346 of the laws of 1990 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, in relation to extending certain provisions

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thereof; and to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof (Part EE); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing for the advance payment of the earned income tax credit (Part FF); to amend the tax law, in relation to pass-through manufacturers zero percent tax rate (Part GG); to amend the tax law and the parks, recreation and historic preservation law, in relation to extending the credit for rehabilitation of historic properties (Part HH); to amend the tax law, in relation to permitting deductions for commercial cannabis activity; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Part II); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to the New York Jockey Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. (Part JJ); to amend the tax law, in relation to increasing the aggregate cap on the amount of such credit (Part KK); to amend the tax law, relation to exempting the sale of the first thirty-five thousand dollars of a battery, electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicle from state sales and compensating use taxes; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part LL); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing small business savings accounts (Part MM); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a credit for geothermal energy systems(Part NN); to amend the state finance law, in relation to the liability of a person who presents false claims for money or property to the state or a local government (Part 00); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending sales tax exemption for certain food and drink vending machines (Part PP); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to providing that state lands within the Eastport-South Manor Central School District are subject to taxation for school purposes (Part QQ); to amend the real property tax law and the tax law, in relation to the definition of income in relation to the enhanced STAR exemption (Part RR); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to an abatement of real property taxes for the creation or expansion of childcare centers in certain buildings in a city having a population of one million or more (Part SS); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the earned income tax credit (Part TT); to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to establishing a tax credit for child care against the unincorporated business tax, general corporation tax, and the business corporation tax of 2015 (Part UU); to amend the tax law and the economic development law, in relation to the creation of the empire state digital gaming media production credit; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof (Part VV); and to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to mobile sports wagering licenses (Part WW)

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The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2022-2023 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through WW. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a

1 section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular 2 component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding 3 section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets 4 forth the general effective date of this act.

5 PART A

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6
      Section 1. Clauses (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of subparagraph (B) of
    paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 601 of the tax law, clauses
 8
    (vi), (vii) and (viii) as amended and clause (ix) as added by section 1
    of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as
 9
10
    follows:
      (vi) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-three and
11
12
    before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:
13
   [If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
                                            4% of the New York taxable income
14 Not over $17,150
15
   Over $17,150 but not over $23,600
                                            $686 plus 1.5% of excess over
                                            $17,150
16
    Over $23,600 but not over $27,900
                                            $976 plus 5.25% of excess over
17
18
                                            $23,600
19 Over $27,900 but not over $161,550
                                            $1,202 plus 5.73% of excess over
20
                                            $27,900
                                            $8,860 plus 6.17% of excess over
21
   Over $161,550 but not over $323,200
                                            $161,550
22
23
   Over $323,200 but not over
                                            $18,834 plus 6.85% of
24 $2,155,350
                                            excess over $323,200
25
   Over $2,155,350 but not over
                                            $144,336 plus 9.65% of excess over
    $5,000,000
                                            $2,155,350
26
    Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                            $418,845 plus 10.30% of excess over
27
    $25,000,000
28
                                            $5,000,000
29 Over $25,000,000
                                            $<del>2,178,815 plus 10.90% of excess over</del>
30
                                            <del>$25,000,000</del>
31
      (vii) For taxable
                           <del>years</del>
                                  beginning in two thousand twenty-four the
32 following rates shall apply:
33
   If the New York taxable income is:
   Not over $17,150
34
                                            <del>1% of the New York taxable income</del>
35
   Over $17,150 but not over $23,600
                                            $686 plus 1.5% of excess over
                                            $17,150
36
37
    Over $23,600 but not over $27,900
                                            $976 plus 5.25% of excess over
38
                                            $23,600
39
    Over $27,900 but not over $161,550
                                            $1,202 plus 5.61% of excess over
40
                                            $27,900
41 Over $161,550 but not over $323,200
                                            $8,700 plus 6.09% of excess over
42
                                            $161,550
43
   Over $323,200 but not over
                                            $18,544 plus 6.85% of excess over
44
   $2,155,350
                                            $323,200
45
   Over $2,155,350 but not over
                                            $144,047 plus 9.65% of excess over
46
    $5,000,000
                                            $2,155,350
    Over $5,000,000 but not over
47
                                            $418,555 plus 10.30% of excess over
   <del>$25,000,000</del>
48
                                            <del>$5,000,000</del>
    Over $25,000,000
49
                                            $2,478,555 plus 10.90% of excess over
                                            <del>$25,000,000</del>
50
51
      (viii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-four and
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52 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:

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If the New York taxable income is:
                                          The tax is:
   Not over $17,150
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
    Over $17,150 but not over $23,600
                                           $686 plus 4.5% of excess over
                                           $17,150
 5
                                          $976 plus 5.25% of excess over
   Over $23,600 but not over $27,900
                                           $23,600
 7
    Over $27,900 but not over $161,550
                                           $1,202 plus 5.5% of excess over
 8
                                           $27,900
                                           $8,553 plus 6.00% of excess over
 9
    Over $161,550 but not over $323,200
10
                                           $161,550
11
    Over $323,200 but not over
                                           $18,252 plus 6.85% of excess over
12
    $2,155,350
                                           $323,200
    Over $2,155,350 but not over
                                           $143,754 plus 9.65% of excess over
13
14
    $5,000,000
                                           $2,155,350
                                          $418,263 plus 10.30% of excess over
15
   Over $5,000,000 but not over
16
    $25,000,000
                                           $5,000,000
    Over $25,000,000
17
                                           $2,478,263 plus 10.90% of excess over
18
                                           $25,000,000
19
      [(ix)](vii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-sev-
20
    en the following rates shall apply:
    If the New York taxable income is:
                                          The tax is:
   Not over $17,150
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
22
    Over $17,150 but not over $23,600
                                           $686 plus 4.5% of excess over
23
24
                                           $17,150
25
   Over $23,600 but not over $27,900
                                           $976 plus 5.25% of excess over
26
                                           $23,600
27
   Over $27,900 but not over $161,550
                                          $1,202 plus 5.5% of excess over
28
                                           $27,900
29
    Over $161,550 but not over $323,200
                                          $8,553 plus 6.00% of excess
30
                                          over $161,550
31 Over $323,200 but not over
                                          $18,252 plus 6.85% of excess
32
    $2,155,350
                                          over $323,200
33
    Over $2,155,350
                                           $143,754 plus 8.82% of excess
34
                                          over $2,155,350
35
      § 2. Clauses (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of subparagraph (B) of para-
    graph 1 of subsection (b) of section 601 of the tax law, clauses (vi),
    (vii) and (viii) as amended and clause (ix) as added by section 2 of
37
    part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as
38
39
    follows:
40
      (vi) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-three and
41
   before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:
42
   [If the New York taxable income is:
                                          The tax is:
43 Not over $12,800
                                           4% of the New
44
   Over $12,800 but not over $17,650
                                           $512 plus 4.5% of excess over
45
                                           $12,800
46
   Over $17,650 but not over $20,900
                                           $730 plus
47
                                           $17,650
                                           $901 plus 5.73%
48
    Over $20,900 but not over
49
                                           <del>$20,900</del>
50 Over $107,650 but not over
                               $269,300
                                           $5,872 plus
                                           $107,650
51
52 Over $269,300 but not
                                           $15,845 plus
   $1,616,450
                                          over $269,300
53
54 Over $1,616,450 but not over
                                          $108,125 plus 9.65% of excess over
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$5,000,000
                                           $1,616,450
 2 Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                           $434,638 plus 10.30% of excess over
 3
    $25,000,000
                                           $5,000,000
 4
   Over $25,000,000
                                           $2,494,638 plus 10.90% of excess
 5
                                           $25,000,000
 6
      (vii) For taxable
                           years beginning in two thousand twenty-four the
 7
   following rates shall apply:
 8
   If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
 9
   Not over $12,800
                                           4\% of the New York taxable income
10 Over $12,800 but not over $17,650
                                           $512 plus 4.5% of excess over
11
                                           $12,800
12 Over $17,650 but not over $20,900
                                           $730 plus 5.25% of excess over
                                           $17,650
13
14 Over $20,900 but not over $107,650
                                           $901 plus 5.61% of excess over
15
                                           $20,900
                                           $5,768 plus 6.09% of excess over
16 Over $107,650 but not over $269,300
17
                                           $107,650
                                           $15,612 plus 6.85% of excess
18 Over $269,300 but not over
                                           over $269,300
19
    $1,616,450
20
   Over $1,616,450 but not over
                                           $107,892 plus 9.65% of excess over
21 $5,000,000
                                           <del>$1,616,450</del>
22 Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                           $434,404 plus 10.30% of excess over
23 $25,000,000
                                           $5,000,000
    Over $25,000,000
                                           $2,494,404 plus 10.90% of excess
24
                                           $25,000,000
25
     (viii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-four
26
27 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:
   If the New York taxable income is:
28
                                           The tax is:
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
29
    Not over $12,800
30
   Over $12,800 but not over $17,650
                                           $512 plus 4.5% of excess over
31
                                           $12,800
32 Over $17,650 but not over $20,900
                                           $730 plus 5.25% of excess over
33
                                           $17,650
34 Over $20,900 but not over $107,650
                                           $901 plus 5.5% of excess over
35
                                           $20,900
36 Over $107,650 but not over $269,300
                                           $5,672 plus 6.00% of excess over
37
                                           $107,650
38 Over $269,300 but not over
                                           $15,371 plus 6.85% of excess over
39
    $1,616,450
                                           $269,300
   Over $1,616,450 but not over
40
                                           $107,651 plus 9.65% of excess over
41
    $5,000,000
                                           $1,616,450
42 Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                           $434,163 plus 10.30% of excess over
43
    $25,000,000
                                           $5,000,000
44
   Over $25,000,000
                                           $2,494,163 plus 10.90% of excess over
45
                                           $25,000,000
46
      [(ix)](vii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-sev-
47
    en the following rates shall apply:
   If the New York taxable income is:
                                          The tax is:
   Not over $12,800
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
49
50
    Over $12,800 but not over
                                           $512 plus 4.5% of excess over
51
    $17,650
                                           $12,800
52 Over $17,650 but not over
                                           $730 plus 5.25% of excess over
53
    $20,900
54 Over $20,900 but not over
                                           $901 plus 5.5% of excess over
55 $107,650
                                           $20,900
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Over \$107,650 but not over

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$269,300
                                           over $107,650
3
   Over $269,300 but not over
                                           $15,371 plus 6.85% of excess
                                           over $269,300
4
   $1,616,450
5
   Over $1,616,450
                                           $107,651 plus 8.82% of excess
                                           over $1,616,450
7
      § 3. Clauses (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of subparagraph (B) of para-
    graph 1 of subsection (c) of section 601 of the tax law, clauses (vi),
9
   (vii) and (viii) as amended, and clause (ix) as added by section 3 of
   part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as
10
   follows:
11
      (vi) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-three and
12
13
   before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:
   [If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
14
15 Not over $8,500
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
16
   Over $8,500 but not over $11,700
                                           $340 plus 4.5% of excess over
17
                                           $8,500
   Over $11,700 but not over $13,900
18
                                           $484 plus 5.25% of excess over
19
                                           $11,700
20 Over $13,900 but not over $80,650
                                           $600 plus 5.73% of excess over
21
                                           $13,900
                                           $1,121 plus 6.17% of excess over
22
   Over $80,650 but not over $215,400
                                           $80,650
23
24 Over $215,400 but not over
                                           $12,738 plus 6.85% of excess
25 $1,077,550
                                           <del>over $215,400</del>
26
   Over $1,077,550 but not over
                                           $71,796 plus 9.65% of excess over
                                           $1,077,550
   $5,000,000
27
28 Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                           $450,312 plus 10.30% of excess over
   $25,000,000
29
                                           $5,000,000
30 Over $25,000,000
                                           $2,510,312 plus 10.90% of excess over
31
                                           <del>$25,000,000</del>
32
      (vii) For taxable
                           <del>years</del>
                                  beginning in two thousand twenty-four the
   following rates shall apply:
33
34
   If the New York taxable income is:
35 Not over $8,500
                                            <del>1% of the New York taxable income</del>
   Over $8,500 but not over $11,700
                                           $340 plus 4.5% of excess over
36
37
                                           $8,500
38 Over $11,700 but not over $13,900
                                           $484 plus 5.25% of excess over
39
                                           $600 plus 5.61% of excess over
40 Over $13,900 but not over $80,650
41
                                           $13,900
42 Over $80,650 but not over $215,400
                                           $4,344 plus 6.09% of excess over
43
                                           $80,650
44 Over $215,400 but not over
                                           $12,550 plus 6.85% of excess
45
   $1,077,550
                                           <del>over $215,400</del>
46
   Over $1,077,550 but not over
                                           $71,608 plus 9.65% of excess over
47
   $5,000,000
                                           $1,077,550
48 Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                           $450,124 plus 10.30% of excess over
   $25,000,000
49
                                           <del>$5,000,000</del>
50 Over $25,000,000
                                           $2,510,124 plus 10.90% of excess over
                                           <del>$25,000,000</del>
51
52
      (viii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-four and
53 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:
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\$5,672 plus 6.00% of excess

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If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
   Not over $8,500
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
    Over $8,500 but not over $11,700
                                           $340 plus 4.5% of excess over
                                           $8,500
 5
   Over $11,700 but not over $13,900
                                           $484 plus 5.25% of excess over
                                           $11,700
 7
    Over $13,900 but not over $80,650
                                           $600 plus 5.50% of excess over
 8
                                           $13,900
 9
    Over $80,650 but not over $215,400
                                           $4,271 plus 6.00% of excess over
10
                                           $80,650
11
    Over $215,400 but not over
                                           $12,356 plus 6.85% of excess over
12
    $1,077,550
                                           $215,400
    Over $1,077,550 but not over
                                           $71,413 plus 9.65% of excess over
13
14
    $5,000,000
                                           $1,077,550
15
   Over $5,000,000 but not over
                                           $449,929 plus 10.30% of excess over
16
    $25,000,000
                                           $5,000,000
17
    Over $25,000,000
                                           $2,509,929 plus 10.90% of excess over
18
                                           $25,000,000
19
      [(ix)](vii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-sev-
20
    en the following rates shall apply:
21
    If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
22
   Not over $8,500
                                           4% of the New York taxable income
23
   Over $8,500 but not over $11,700
                                           $340 plus 4.5% of excess over
24
                                           $8,500
25
   Over $11,700 but not over $13,900
                                           $484 plus 5.25% of excess over
26
                                           $11,700
27
   Over $13,900 but not over $80,650
                                           $600 plus 5.50% of excess over
28
                                           $13,900
29
    Over $80,650 but not over $215,400
                                           $4,271 plus 6.00% of excess
30
                                           over $80,650
31
   Over $215,400 but not over
                                           $12,356 plus 6.85% of excess
32
    $1,077,550
                                           over $215,400
33
    Over $1,077,550
                                           $71,413 plus 8.82% of excess
34
                                           over $1,077,550
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35 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

36 PART B

Section 1. This act enacts into law components of legislation relating 37 to certain tax credits. Each component is wholly contained within a 38 Subpart identified as Subparts A through C. The effective date for each 39 40 particular provision contained within such Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision in any section contained 41 42 within a Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with 43 44 that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section three 46 of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

47 SUBPART A

Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph (a-1) to read as follows:

50 <u>(a-1) For a taxpayer that is an eliqible farmer, as defined in subdi-</u>
51 <u>vision eleven of this section, the percentage to be used to compute the</u>

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credit allowed under this subdivision shall be twenty percent for property described in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision that is principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture or viticulture.

- § 2. Subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 1-a to read as follows:
- (1-a) For a taxpayer that is an eligible farmer, as defined in subsection (n) of this section, the percentage to be used to compute the credit allowed under this subsection shall be twenty percent for proper-10 ty described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph two of this subsection that is principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by 12 farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture or viticulture.
- § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to property 13 14 placed in service on or after April 1, 2022.

15 SUBPART B

Section 1. Subsection (e) of section 42 of the tax law, as amended by 16 section 1 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to 17 18 read as follows:

- 19 (e) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-20 sand seventeen and before January first, two thousand eighteen, the amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the 21 product of the total number of eligible farm employees and two hundred 22 fifty dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, 23 two thousand eighteen and before January first, two thousand nineteen, 25 the amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to 26 the product of the total number of eligible farm employees and three hundred dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, 27 28 two thousand nineteen and before January first, two thousand twenty, the 29 amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the 30 product of the total number of eligible farm employees and five hundred 31 dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty and before January first, two thousand twenty-one, the 32 amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the 33 34 product of the total number of eligible farm employees and four hundred 35 dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-one and before January first, two thousand [twenty-five] 37 twenty-six, the amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the product of the total number of eligible farm employees and 38 39 [six] twelve hundred dollars.
- § 2. Section 5 of part RR of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016 amending the tax law relating to creating a farm workforce retention credit, as 42 amended by section 2 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 44 This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply only to 45 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017 and before January 46 1, [2025] <u>2026</u>.
 - § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

48 SUBPART C

Section 1. Subdivision (f) of section 42 of the tax law, as added by 49 section 1 of part RR of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, is amended to 51 read as follows:

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- (f) A taxpayer claiming the credit allowed under this section shall 2 not be allowed to claim any other tax credit allowed under this chapter, 3 except the credit allowed under section forty-two-a of this article, 4 with respect to any eligible farm employee included in the total number of eligible farm employees used to determine the amount of the credit allowed under this section.
 - § 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 42-a to read as follows:
 - § 42-a. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (f) of section forty-two of this article, a taxpayer that is a farm employer or an owner of a farm employer shall be eliqible for a credit against the tax imposed under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chapter, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (h) of this section.
 - (b) A farm employer is a corporation (including a New York S corporation), a sole proprietorship, a limited liability company or a partnership that is an eligible farmer.
- (c) For purposes of this section, the term "eligible farmer" means a taxpayer whose federal gross income from farming as defined in 20 subsection (n) of section six hundred six of this chapter for the taxable year is at least two-thirds of excess federal gross income. Excess federal gross income means the amount of federal gross income from all 22 sources for the taxable year in excess of thirty thousand dollars. For 23 purposes of this section, payments from the state's farmland protection 24 program, administered by the department of agriculture and markets, shall be included as federal gross income from farming for otherwise eligible farmers.
 - (d) An eligible farm employee is an individual who meets the definition of a "farm laborer" under section two of the labor law who is employed by a farm employer in New York state, but excluding general executive officers of the farm employer.
 - (e) Eligible overtime is the aggregate number of hours of work performed during the taxable year by an eligible farm employee that in any calendar week exceeds the overtime work threshold set by the commissioner of labor pursuant to the recommendation of the farm laborers wage board, provided that work performed in such calendar week in excess of sixty hours shall not be included.
 - (f) Special rules. If more than fifty percent of such eligible farmer's federal gross income from farming is from the sale of wine from a licensed farm winery as provided for in article six of the alcoholic beverage control law, or from the sale of cider from a licensed farm cidery as provided for in section fifty-eight-c of the alcoholic beverage control law, then an eligible farm employee of such eligible farmer shall be included for purposes of calculating the amount of credit allowed under this section only if such eligible farm employee is employed by such eligible farmer on qualified agricultural property as defined in paragraph four of subsection (n) of section six hundred six
 - (g) The amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the aggregate amount of such credit allowed per eligible farm employee, as follows. The amount of the credit allowed per eligible farm employee shall be equal to the product of (i) the eligible overtime worked during the taxable year by the eligible farm employee and (ii) the overtime rate paid by the farm employer to the eligible farm employee less such employee's regular rate of pay plus any related fringe

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(h) Advance payment option. (1) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-two and thereafter, a taxpayer may choose to use any one or more of quarterly periods (July thirtyfirst, October thirty-first, January thirty-first or April thirtieth) as the date to calculate their overtime credit based on the eligible overtime threshold ending such date to the extent the overtime rate was paid to eligible employees, as determined by subdivisions (e) and (g) of this section.

- (2) A taxpayer shall be required to submit the form prescribed by the commissioner, attesting the eligibility of tax credit to the commission-
- (3) A taxpayer must submit such request no later than twenty days immediately following the end of each quarterly period to receive advance payment. For those taxpayers who have requested an advance payment and for whom the commissioner has determined eligible for this credit, the commissioner shall advance a payment of the tax credit allowed to the taxpayer as soon as practicable. The remainder of the credit, if any, shall be reconciled upon filing tax returns due for the taxable year.
- 20 (i) Cross references: For application of the credit provided in this 21 section, see the following provisions of this chapter:
 - (1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58.
 - (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn).
 - 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows:
 - 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article.
 - (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon.
- § 4. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 41 42 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlix) to read as 43

44 (xlix) Farm employer overtime Amount of credit under 45 <u>credit under subsection (nnn)</u> subdivision fifty-eight of section two hundred ten-B

- § 5. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection (nnn) to read as follows:
- (nnn) Farm employer overtime credit. (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article.
- 52 (2) Application of credit. If the amount of credit allowed under this 53 subsection for any taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credit-54 ed or refunded in accordance with the provision of section six hundred 55

1 <u>eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest shall be</u> 2 <u>paid thereon.</u>

- § 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.
- 5 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 6 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through C of this act shall 7 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

8 PART C

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9 Section 1. Paragraph 39 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax 10 law, as added by section 1 of part Y of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, 11 is amended to read as follows:

- (39) (A) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business or a taxpayer who is a member, partner, or shareholder of a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation, respectively, that is a small business, who or which has business income and/or farm income as defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to [three] **<u>fifteen</u>** percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero[, for taxable years beginning after two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen].
- (B) (i) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business shall mean: (I) a sole proprietor [or a farm business] who employs one or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income or net farm income of greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars;
- (II) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has net farm income attributable to a farm business that is greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars; or
- (III) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has New York gross business income attributable to a non-farm business that is greater than zero but less than one million five hundred thousand dollars.
- (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term New York gross business income shall mean: (I) in the case of a limited liability company or a partnership, New York source gross income as defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (c) of section six hundred fifty-eight of this article; and (II) in the case of a New York S corporation, New York receipts included in the numerator of the apportionment factor determined under section two hundred ten-A of this chapter for the taxable year.
- 50 (C) To qualify for this modification in relation to a non-farm small
 51 business that is a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S
 52 corporation, the taxpayer's income attributable to the net business
 53 income from its ownership interests in non-farm limited liability compa-

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nies, partnerships, or New York S corporations must be less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

- § 2. Paragraph 35 of subdivision (c) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 2 of part Y of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- (35) (A) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business or a taxpayer who is a member, partner, or shareholder of a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation, respectively, that is a small business, who or which has business income and/or farm income as defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to [three] fifteen percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction 12 attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero[, for taxable years beginning after 13 14 two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attribut-15 able to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two 17 thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items 18 of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or 19 20 farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than 21 zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen].
- 22 (B) (i) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business 23 shall mean: (I) a sole proprietor [or a farm business] who employs one or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income or net farm income of greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars:
- 27 (II) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corpo-28 ration that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has net farm income that is greater than zero but less than two hundred 29 30 fifty thousand dollars; or
 - (III) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has New York gross business income attributable to a non-farm business that is greater than zero but less than one million five hundred thousand dollars.
 - (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term New York gross business income shall mean: (I) in the case of a limited liability company or a partnership, New York source gross income as defined in subparagraph (b) or paragraph three of subsection (c) of section six hundred fifty-eight of the tax law, and, (II) in the case of a New York S corporation, New York receipts included in the numerator of the apportionment factor determined under section two hundred ten-A of the tax law for the taxable year.
- 44 (C) To qualify for this modification in relation to a non-farm small 45 business that is a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation, the taxpayer's income attributable to the net business 46 47 income from its ownership interests in non-farm limited liability compa-48 nies, partnerships, or New York S corporations must be less than two 49 hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- 50 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

52 PART D

Subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is amended 53 Section 1. 54 by adding a new paragraph 46 to read as follows:

(46) The amount of any student loan forgiveness award made by the 1 state, including any awards made pursuant to a program established under 3 article fourteen of the education law, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income.

2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

7 PART E

8 Section 1. The economic development law is amended by adding a new 9 article 26 to read as follows:

10 ARTICLE 26

11 COVID-19 CAPITAL COSTS TAX CREDIT PROGRAM

Section 480. Short title. 12

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481. Statement of legislative findings and declaration.

482. Definitions.

15 483. Eligibility criteria.

484. Application and approval process.

485. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit.

486. Powers and duties of the commissioner.

487. Maintenance of records.

488. Reporting.

489. Cap on tax credit.

480. Short title. This article shall be known and may be cited as the "COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program act".

§ 481. Statement of legislative findings and declaration. It is hereby found and declared that New York state needs, as a matter of public policy, to provide critical assistance to small businesses to comply with public health or other emergency orders or regulations, and to take infectious disease mitigation measures related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program is created to provide 30 financial assistance to economically harmed businesses to offer relief and reduce the duration and severity of the current economic difficulties.

§ 482. Definitions. For the purposes of this article:

- 1. "Certificate of tax credit" means the document issued to a business entity by the department after the department has verified that the business entity has met all applicable eliqibility criteria in this article. The certificate shall specify the exact amount of the tax credit under this article that a business entity may claim, pursuant to section four hundred eighty-five of this article.
- 2. "Commissioner" shall mean commissioner of the department of economic development.
 - 3. "Department" shall mean the department of economic development.
- 43 "Qualified COVID-19 capital costs" shall mean costs incurred from 44 January first, two thousand twenty-one through December thirty-first, 45 two thousand twenty-two at a business location in New York state to 46 comply with public health or other emergency orders or regulations related to the COVID-19 pandemic, or to generally increase safety 47 through infectious disease mitigation, including costs for: (i) supplies 48 to disinfect and/or protect against COVID-19 transmission; (ii) restock-49 50 ing of perishable goods to replace those lost during the COVID-19 pandemic; (iii) physical barriers and sneeze quards; (iv) hand sanitizer 51 52 stations; (v) respiratory devices such as air purifier systems installed 53 at the business entity's location; (vi) signage related to the COVID-19 pandemic including, but not limited to, signage detailing vaccine and

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masking requirements, and social distancing; (vii) materials required to define and/or protect space such as barriers; (viii) materials needed to 2 block off certain seats to allow for social distancing; (ix) certain 3 4 point of sale payment equipment to allow for contactless payment; (x) 5 equipment and/or materials and supplies for new product lines in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; (xi) software for online payment 7 platforms to enable delivery or contactless purchases; (xii) building 8 construction and retrofits to accommodate social distancing and instal-9 lation of air purifying equipment but not for costs for non-COVID-19 10 pandemic related capital renovations or general "closed for renovations" 11 upgrades; (xiii) machinery and equipment to accommodate contactless 12 sales; (xiv) materials to accommodate increased outdoor activity such as heat lamps, outdoor lighting, and materials related to outdoor space 13 expansions; and (xv) other costs as determined by the department to be 14 15 eligible under this section; provided, however, that "qualified COVID-19 capital costs" do not include any cost paid for with other COVID-19 16 17 grant funds as determined by the commissioner.

- § 483. Eligibility criteria. 1. To be eligible for a tax credit under the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program, a business entity must:
- (a) be a small business as defined in section one hundred thirty-one of this chapter and have two million five hundred thousand dollars or less of gross receipts in the taxable year that includes December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-one; and
 - (b) operate a business location in New York state.
- 2. A business entity must be in substantial compliance with any public health or other emergency orders or regulations related to the entity's business sector or other laws and regulations as determined by the commissioner. In addition, a business entity may not owe past due state taxes or local property taxes unless the business entity is making payments and complying with an approved binding payment agreement entered into with the taxing authority.
- § 484. Application and approval process. 1. A business entity must submit a complete application as prescribed by the commissioner.
- 2. The commissioner shall establish procedures and a timeframe for business entities to submit applications. As part of the application, each business entity must:
- (a) provide evidence in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner of their business eliquibility;
- (b) agree to allow the department of taxation and finance to share the business entity's tax information with the department. However, any information shared as a result of this program shall not be available for disclosure or inspection under the state freedom of information law;
- (c) allow the department and its agents access to any and all books and records the department may require to monitor compliance;
- 45 <u>(d) certify, under penalty of perjury, that it is in substantial</u>
 46 <u>compliance with all emergency orders or public health regulations</u>
 47 <u>currently required of such entity, and local, and state tax laws;</u>
- 48 (e) certify, under penalty of perjury, that it did not include any
 49 cost paid for with other COVID-19 grant funds as determined by the
 50 commissioner in its application for a tax credit under the COVID-19
 51 capital costs tax credit program; and
- 52 <u>(f) agree to provide any additional information required by the</u> 53 <u>department relevant to this article.</u>
- 3. After reviewing a business entity's completed final application and determining that the business entity meets the eligibility criteria as

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set forth in this article, the department may issue to that business entity a certificate of tax credit.

- 4. The business entity must submit its application by March thirtyfirst, two thousand twenty-three.
- § 485. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. 1. A business entity in the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program that meets the eligibility requirements of section four hundred eighty-three of this article may be eligible to claim a credit equal to fifty percent of its qualified COVID-19 capital costs as defined in subdivision four of section four hundred eighty-two of this article.
- 2. A business entity, including a partnership, limited liability 12 company and subchapter S corporation, may not receive in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars under this program. 13
 - The credit shall be allowed as provided in section forty-seven, subdivision fifty-eight of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (nnn) of section six hundred six of the tax law.
 - 4. A business entity may claim the tax credit in the taxable year that includes the date the certificate of tax credit was issued by the department pursuant to subdivision three of section four hundred eighty-four of this article.
 - § 486. Powers and duties of the commissioner. 1. The commissioner may promulgate regulations establishing an application process and eliqibility criteria, that will be applied consistent with the purposes of this article, so as not to exceed the annual cap on tax credits set forth in section four hundred eighty-nine of this article which, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act, may be adopted on an emergency basis.
 - 2. The commissioner shall, in consultation with the department taxation and finance, develop a certificate of tax credit that shall be issued by the commissioner to eligible businesses. Such certificate shall contain such information as required by the department of taxation and finance.
 - 3. The commissioner shall solely determine the eligibility of any applicant applying for entry into the program and shall remove any business entity from the program for failing to meet any of the requirements set forth in section four hundred eighty-three of this article, or for failing to meet the requirements set forth in subdivision one of section four hundred eighty-four of this article.
- 39 § 487. Maintenance of records. Each business entity participating in the program shall keep all relevant records for their duration of 40 program participation for at least three years. 41
- 42 § 488. Reporting. Each business entity participating in this program 43 shall submit a performance report to the department at a time prescribed 44 in regulations by the commissioner. The commissioner shall on or before 45 April first, two thousand twenty-three and every quarter thereafter, 46 until program funds are fully expended, submit a report to the governor, 47 the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the 48 chair of the senate finance committee, and the chair of the assembly 49 ways and means committee, setting forth the activities undertaken by the program. Such report shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, 50 the following in each reporting period: total number of participants 51 52 approved and the economic development region in which the business is located; total amount of payments disbursed and tax credits claimed, and 53 average amount of payments disbursed and tax credits claimed; names of 54 payment recipients and tax credits claimed; and such other information 55 56 as the commissioner determines necessary and appropriate to effectuate

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the purpose of the program. Such reports shall, at the same time, be included on the department's website and any other publicly accessible 2 3 database that lists economic development programs as determined by the 4 department.

- § 489. Cap on tax credit. The total amount of tax credits listed on certificates of tax credit issued by the commissioner pursuant to this article may not exceed two hundred fifty million dollars.
- 8 The tax law is amended by adding a new section 47 to read as 9 follows:
- 10 § 47. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A 11 taxpayer subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chap-12 ter shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (f) of this section. The amount of 13 14 the credit is equal to the amount determined pursuant to section four 15 hundred eighty-five of the economic development law. No cost or expense 16 paid or incurred by the taxpayer which is included as part of the calcu-17 lation of this credit shall be the basis of any other tax credit allowed 18 under this chapter.
 - (b) Eligibility. To be eligible for the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit, the taxpayer shall have been issued a certificate of tax credit by the department of economic development pursuant to subdivision three of section four hundred eighty-four of the economic development law, which certificate shall set forth the amount of the credit that may be claimed for the taxable year. The taxpayer shall be allowed to claim only the amount listed on the certificate of tax credit for that taxable year. A taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership, member of a limited liability company or shareholder in a subchapter S corporation that has received a certificate of tax credit shall be allowed its pro rata share of the credit earned by the partnership, limited liability company or subchapter S corporation.
- 31 (c) Tax return requirement. The taxpayer shall be required to attach 32 to its tax return in the form prescribed by the commissioner, proof of 33 receipt of its certificate of tax credit issued by the commissioner of 34 the department of economic development.
 - (d) Information sharing. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, employees of the department of economic development and the department shall be allowed and are directed to share and exchange:
- (1) information derived from tax returns or reports that is relevant to a taxpayer's eligibility to participate in the COVID-19 capital costs 40 tax credit program;
- (2) information regarding the credit applied for, allowed or claimed 41 42 pursuant to this section and taxpayers that are applying for the credit 43 or that are claiming the credit; and
- 44 (3) information contained in or derived from credit claim forms submitted to the department and applications for admission into the 45 COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program. Except as provided in para-46 47 graph two of this subdivision, all information exchanged between the 48 department of economic development and the department shall not be subject to disclosure or inspection under the state's freedom of infor-49 50 mation law.
- 51 (e) Credit recapture. If a certificate of tax credit issued by the 52 department of economic development under article twenty-six of the economic development law is revoked by such department, the amount of 53 credit described in this section and claimed by the taxpayer prior to 54 that revocation shall be added back to tax in the taxable year in which 55 56 any such revocation becomes final.

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- (f) Cross references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:
 - (1) article 9-A: section 210-B, subdivision 58;
 - (2) article 22: section 606, subsection (nnn).
- 5 § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows:
 - 58. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-seven of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by this article.
- (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision for the taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of credit allowed under this subdivision for the taxable year reduces the tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of 20 21 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding, no interest will be paid thereon.
- 23 § 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection 24 (nnn) to read as follows:
 - (nnn) COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-seven of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article.
- (2) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under 29 30 this subsection for the taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such 31 year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credit-32 ed or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred 33 eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest will be 34 paid thereon.
- § 5. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 35 36 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlix) to read as 37 follows:
- (xlix) COVID-19 capital costs Amount of credit under 38 39 tax credit under subsection (nnn) subdivision 58 of 40 section two hundred ten-B
- 41 § 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

42 PART F

- 43 Section 1. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 24-c of the tax 44 law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the 45 laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) The amount of the credit shall be the product (or pro rata share 46 of the product, in the case of a member of a partnership) of twenty-five 47 percent and the sum of the qualified production expenditures paid for 48 during the qualified New York city musical and theatrical production's 49 50 credit period. Provided however that the amount of the credit cannot exceed three million dollars per qualified New York city musical and 51 theatrical production for productions whose first performance is [during 53 the first year in which applications are accepted] prior to January first, two thousand twenty-three. For productions whose first perform-54

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ance is [during the second year in which applications are accepted] on or after January first, two thousand twenty-three, such cap shall 3 decrease to one million five hundred thousand dollars per qualified New 4 York city musical and theatrical production unless the New York city 5 tourism economy has not sufficiently recovered, as determined by the department of economic development in consultation with the division of 7 the budget. In determining whether the New York city tourism economy has sufficiently recovered, the department of economic development will 9 perform an analysis of key New York city economic indicators which shall 10 include, but not be limited to, hotel occupancy rates and travel 11 metrics. The department of economic development's analysis shall also be 12 informed by the status of any remaining COVID-19 restrictions affecting New York city musical and theatrical productions. In no event shall a 13 14 qualified New York city musical and theatrical production be eligible 15 for more than one credit under this program.

- § 2. Section 24-c of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (h) to read as follows:
- (h) Recapture. In addition to any other requirements under this section, any qualified New York city musical and theatrical production company that performs in a qualified New York city production facility and applied to receive a credit under this section shall be required: (1) to have extended an offer of re-employment to all employees at substantially similar rates of pay and benefits to such rates and benefits that were previously provided during the first week of March, two thousand twenty if such production was performed prior to March twelfth, two thousand twenty; or (2) if such production was not performed in a qualified New York city production facility prior to March twelfth, two thousand twenty, such production company shall provide all employees providing services for such production with no less than the terms and conditions of employment, including rates of pay and benefits, that were provided to employees for similar work during the first week of March, two thousand twenty. If such production company has failed and/or fails to extend substantially similar terms and conditions to all employees providing services, the credit allowed under paragraph two of subdivision (a) of this section shall be reduced by a fraction which shall be computed as follows: the numerator is the number of employees who have not received the similar terms and conditions at any time during the credit period under paragraph four of subdivision (b) and the denominator is the total number of employees providing such services during such period.
- § 3. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph 5 of subdivision (b) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) "The credit period of a qualified New York city musical and theatrical production company" is the period starting on the production start date and ending on the earlier of the date the qualified musical and theatrical production has expended sufficient qualified production expenditures to reach its credit cap, [March thirty-first] September thirtieth, two thousand twenty-three or the date the qualified musical and theatrical production closes.
- § 4. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (f) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 54 (1) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this section, 55 subdivision fifty-seven of section two hundred ten-B and subsection 56 (mmm) of section six hundred six of this chapter shall be [ene] two

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hundred million dollars. Such aggregate amount of credits shall be allocated by the department of economic development among taxpayers based on the date of first performance of the qualified musical and theatrical production.

- § 5. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (f) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) The commissioner of economic development, after consulting with the commissioner, shall promulgate regulations to establish procedures for the allocation of tax credits as required by this section. Such rules and regulations shall include provisions describing the application process, the due dates for such applications, the standards that will be used to evaluate the applications, the documentation that will be provided by applicants to substantiate to the department the amount of qualified production expenditures of such applicants, and such other provisions as deemed necessary and appropriate. Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act, such rules and regulations may be adopted on an emergency basis. In no event shall a qualified New York city musical and theatrical production submit an application for this program after [December thir-20 ty-first, two thousand twenty-two] June thirtieth, two thousand twentythree.
 - 6. Subdivision (g) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, amended to read as follows:
 - Any qualified New York city musical and theatrical production company that performs in a qualified New York city production facility and applies to receive a credit under this section shall be required to: (1) participate in a New York state diversity and arts job training program; (2) create and implement a plan to ensure that their production is available and accessible for low-or no-cost to low income New Yorkers; and (3) contribute to the New York state council on the arts, cultural program fund an amount up to fifty percent of the total credits received if its production earns ongoing revenue prospectively after the end of the credit period that is at least equal to two hundred percent its ongoing production costs, with such amount payable from twentyfive percent of net operating profits, such amounts payable on a monthly basis, up until such fifty percent of the total credit amount is reached. Any funds deposited pursuant to this subdivision may be used for arts and cultural educational and workforce development grant programs of the New York state council on the arts.
 - § 7. Subdivision 5 of section 99-11 of the state finance law, as added by section 5 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. The moneys in such fund shall be expended for the purpose of supplementing art and cultural grant programs of the New York state council on the arts for secondary and elementary children, including programs that increase access to art and cultural programs and events for children in underserved communities.
 - § 8. Section 6 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending the tax law and the state finance law relating to establishing the New York city musical and theatrical production tax credit and establishing the New York state council on the arts cultural program fund, is amended to read as follows:
- § 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 56 years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2024

and shall expire and be deemed repealed [en] January 1, 2024; provided, however that the obligations under paragraph 3 of subdivision [g] (g) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section one of this act, shall remain in effect until December 31, 2025.

§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that the amendments to section 24-c of the tax law and section 99-11 of the state finance law made by sections one, two, three, four, five, six, and seven of this act shall not affect the repeal of such sections and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

10 PART G

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 209-b of the tax law, as amended by section 7 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

13 14 (a) For the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of 15 doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing property in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining an office, or 16 deriving receipts from activity in the metropolitan commuter trans-17 18 portation district, for all or any part of its taxable year, there is 19 hereby imposed on every corporation, other than a New York S corpo-20 ration, subject to tax under section two hundred nine of this article, any receiver, referee, trustee, assignee or other fiduciary, or any 21 officer or agent appointed by any court, who conducts the business 22 23 any such corporation, a tax surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed 24 under section two hundred nine of this article, to be computed at the 25 rate of seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such section for such 26 taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three and before January 27 28 first, two thousand fifteen after the deduction of any credits otherwise 29 allowable under this article, at the rate of twenty-five and six-tenths 30 percent of the tax imposed under such section for taxable years begin-31 ning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January 32 first, two thousand sixteen before the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, [and] at the rate determined by the 33 34 commissioner pursuant to paragraph (f) of this subdivision of the tax 35 imposed under such section, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen and before January first, two thou-37 sand twenty-three before the deduction of any credits otherwise allow-38 able under this article, and at the rate of no less than thirty percent 39 of the tax imposed under such section for taxable years beginning on or 40 after January first, two thousand twenty-three before the deduction of 41 any credits otherwise allowable under this article. However, such rate 42 of tax surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under section two hundred nine of this article before the 43 44 deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article which is 45 attributable to the taxpayer's business activity carried on within the 46 metropolitan commuter transportation district; and provided, further, the surcharge computed on a combined report shall include a surcharge on 47 48 the fixed dollar minimum tax for each member of the combined group 49 subject to the surcharge under this subdivision.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

51 PART H

Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b) and (d) of subdivision 29 of section 210-B of the tax law, paragraph (a) and subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) as amended by section 1 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, paragraph (b) as amended by section 1 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 490 of the laws of 2019 and paragraph (d) as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

- (a) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this subdivision, against the tax imposed by this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than [one year and for not less than thirty-five hours each week] twelve continuous and uninterrupted months (hereinafter referred to as the twelve-month period) in a full-time or part-time position, a qualified veteran within the state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified veteran completes [one year] the twelve-month period of employment by the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this subdivision, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit allowed under this article.
 - (b) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:
- (1) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air force, space force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, or who served in active military service of the United States as a member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or New York naval militia, or who served in the active uniformed services of the United States as a member of the commissioned corps of the national oceanic and atmospheric administration or the commissioned corps of the United States public health service; who (i) was released from active duty by general or honorable discharge [after September eleventh, two thousand one], or (ii) has a qualifying condition, as defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such [after September eleventh, two thousand one], or (iii) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two thousand one];
- (2) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-five; and
- (3) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or her employment by the taxpayer.
- (d) Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be [ten] fifteen percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employment. Provided, however, that, if the qualified veteran is a disabled veteran, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section eighty-five of the civil service law, the amount of the credit shall be [fifteen] twenty percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employment. The credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed in any taxable year, [five] fifteen thousand dollars for any

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qualified veteran [and fifteen] employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred twenty or more hours in one twelve-month period, twenty thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled 4 veteran employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred 5 twenty or more hours in one twelve-month period, seven thousand five hundred dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a part-time posi-7 tion for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thousand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period, and ten 8 9 thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran 10 employed in a part-time position for at least one thousand forty hours 11 but not more than one thousand eight hundred nineteen hours in one 12 twelve-month period.

- § 2. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 4 of subsection (a-2) of section 606 of the tax law, paragraph 1 and subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 2 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, paragraph 2 as amended by section 2 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 490 of the laws of 2019 and paragraph 4 as added by section 3 of part AA of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:
- (1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this subsection, against the tax imposed by this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than [one year and for not less than thirty-five hours each week] twelve continuous and unin-26 terrupted months (hereinafter referred to as the twelve-month period) in a full-time or part-time position, a qualified veteran within the state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified veteran completes [one year] the twelve-month period of employment by the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this subsection, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit allowed under this article.
 - (2) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:
- (A) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air force, space force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, who served in active military service of the United States as a member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or New York naval militia, or who served in the active uniformed services of the United States as a member of the commissioned corps of the national oceanic and atmospheric administration or the commissioned 41 42 corps of the United States public health service; who (i) was released 43 from active duty by general or honorable discharge [after September 44 eleventh, two thousand one], or (ii) has a qualifying condition, as defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has 45 46 received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such 47 service [after September eleventh, two thousand one], or (iii) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two thou-50 51 sand one];
- 52 (B) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 53 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 54 thousand [twenty-two] twenty-five; and
- (C) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 56 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any

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week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or her employment by the taxpayer.

- (4) Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be [ten] fifteen 4 percent of the total amount of wages paid to [he] the qualified veteran 5 during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employment. Provided, however, that, if the qualified veteran is a disabled 7 veteran, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section eighty-five of the civil service law, the amount of the credit shall be 9 [fifteen] twenty percent of the total amount of wages paid to the quali-10 fied veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period 11 of employment. The credit allowed pursuant to this subsection shall not 12 exceed in any taxable year, [five] fifteen thousand dollars for any qualified veteran [and fifteen] employed in a full-time position for one 13 14 thousand eight hundred twenty or more hours in one twelve-month period, 15 twenty thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred 16 17 twenty or more hours in one twelve-month period, seven thousand five hundred dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a part-time posi-18 19 tion for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thou-20 sand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period, and ten 21 thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran 22 employed in a part-time position for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thousand eight hundred nineteen hours in one 23 24 twelve-month period.
 - § 3. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 4 of subdivision (g-1) of section 1511 of the tax law, paragraph 1 and subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 3 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, paragraph 2 as amended by section 3 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 490 of the laws of 2019 and paragraph 4 as added by section 5 of part AA of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this subdivision, against the tax imposed by this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than [one year and for not less than thirty five hours each week] twelve continuous and uninterrupted months (hereinafter referred to as the twelve-month period) in a full-time or part-time position, a qualified veteran within the state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified veteran completes [one year] the twelve-month period of employment by the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this subdivision, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit allowed under this article.
 - (2) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:
- 47 (A) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air 48 force, space force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, 49 or who served in active military service of the United States as a member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or 50 51 New York naval militia, or who served in the active uniformed services 52 of the United States as a member of the commissioned corps of the national oceanic and atmospheric administration or the commissioned 53 corps of the United States public health service; who (i) was released from active duty by general or honorable discharge [after September 55 56 eleventh, two thousand one], or (ii) has a qualifying condition, as

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defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two thousand one], or (iii) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two thousand one];

- (B) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-five; and
- (C) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or her employment by the taxpayer.
- (4) Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be [ten] fifteen percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employment. Provided, however, that, if the qualified veteran is a disabled veteran, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of eighty-five of the civil service law, the amount of the credit shall be [fifteen] twenty percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employment. The credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed in any taxable year, [five] fifteen thousand dollars for any qualified veteran [and fifteen] employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred twenty or more hours in one twelve-month period, twenty thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred twenty or more hours in one twelve-month period, seven thousand five hundred dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a part-time position for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thousand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period, and ten thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran employed in a part-time position for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thousand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period.
- § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

39 PART I

40 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 47 to read 41 as follows:

§ 47. Grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. (a) (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer that meets the eligibility requirements of subdivision (b) of this section and is subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chapter may be eligible to claim a grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit in the taxable year the conversion is complete. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the conversion costs for all of the taxpayer's buildings located in a municipality paid by such taxpayer on or after January first, two thousand twenty-two and before July first, two thousand twenty-three. The credit cannot exceed five hundred thousand dollars per municipality.

(2) A taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership, member of a limited liability company or shareholder in a subchapter S corporation shall be allowed its pro rata share of the credit earned by the partnership,

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limited liability company or subchapter S corporation that meets the eligibility criteria described in subdivision (b) of this section to 2 3 claim a grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. In no event may 4 the total amount of the credit earned by the partnership, limited 5 liability company or subchapter S corporation exceed five hundred thou-6 sand dollars for all buildings located in a municipality.

- (3) No cost or expense paid or incurred by the taxpayer that is included as part of the calculation of this credit shall be the basis of any other tax credit allowed under this chapter.
- (b) Eligibility criteria. (1) To be eligible to claim a grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit, a business entity must:
- (i) incur expenses for the conversion from grade no. 6 heating oil 12 fuel, as described as "conversion costs" in paragraph (1) of subdivision 13 14 (c) of this section, to biodiesel heating oil or a geothermal system 15 any building located in New York state outside the city of New York;
- (ii) submit an application to and obtain approval of such application 16 17 by the New York state energy research and development authority describing the conversion and approved costs to complete such conversion; 18
 - (iii) not be principally engaged in the generation or distribution of electricity, power or energy;
 - (iv) be in compliance with all environmental conservation laws and regulations; and
- 23 (v) not owe past due state taxes unless the business entity is making payments and complying with an approved binding payment agreement 24 25 entered into with the taxing authority.
 - (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options.
 - (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems.
 - (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building.
 - (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town.
 - (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York state energy research and development authority.
- (e) Information sharing. The department, the department of environmental conservation and the New York state energy research and development authority shall be allowed and are directed to share and exchange information regarding the information contained on the credit applica-52 tion for claiming the grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit and such information exchanged between the department, the department of 54 environmental conservation and the New York state energy research and development authority shall not be subject to disclosure or inspection 55 56 under the state's freedom of information law.

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- (f) Cross references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:
 - (1) article 9-A: section 210-B, subdivision 58;
 - (2) article 22: section 606, subsection (nnn).
- § 2. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows:
- 58. Grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer will be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-seven of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by this article.
- (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision 11 12 for the taxable year will not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of 13 14 section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of cred-15 it allowed under this subdivision for the taxable year reduces the tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed 16 17 dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year will be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or 18 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand 19 eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of 20 21 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter 22 notwithstanding, no interest will be paid thereon.
- 23 § 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 24 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlix) to read as 25 follows:
- (xlix) Grade no. 6 heating oil Amount of credit under subdivision 26 27 conversion tax credit under fifty-eight of section two hundred 28 subsection (nnn) ten-B
- 29 § 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection 30 (nnn) to read as follows:
 - (nnn) Grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-seven of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this <u>article.</u>
- (2) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under 36 this subsection for the taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such 37 year, the excess will be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred 38 39 eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest will be 40 paid thereon.
- § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 41 42 years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

43 PART J

- 44 Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, 45 amended by section 2 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 46 amended to read as follows:
- 4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which 47 48 the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be one hundred [twenty] twenty-seven million dollars. 49 50 The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does 51 52 not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an

eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.

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- Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended by section 3 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, amended to read as follows:
- 4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be one hundred [twenty eight] forty-two million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.
- § 3. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended by section 4 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be one hundred [thirty six] fifty-seven million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.
- § 4. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended by section 5 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be one hundred [forty-four] seventy-two million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.
- 31 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, 32 section one of this act shall take effect April 1, 2022; section two of this act shall take effect April 1, 2023; section three of this act shall take effect April 1, 2024; and section four of this act shall take 35 effect April 1, 2025.

36 PART K

37 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 25 of section 210-B of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part R of chapter 59 of the laws of 38 2019, is amended to read as follows: 39

- (a) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, shall be allowed for bioheating fuel, used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes within this state 43 purchased before January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six. 45 Such credit shall be \$0.01 per percent of biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel, not to exceed twenty cents per gallon, purchased by such taxpayer. Provided, however, that on or after January first, two thousand seventeen, this credit shall not apply to bioheating fuel that is less than six percent biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel.
 - § 2. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (mm) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part R of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:
- 53 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by 54 this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, shall

be allowed for bioheating fuel, used for space heating or hot water production for residential purposes within this state and purchased on or after July first, two thousand six and before July first, two thousand seven and on or after January first, two thousand eight and before January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six. Such credit shall be \$0.01 per percent of biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel, not to 7 exceed twenty cents per gallon, purchased by such taxpayer. Provided, however, that on or after January first, two thousand seventeen, this 9 credit shall not apply to bioheating fuel that is less than six percent 10 biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

12 PART L

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Section 1. Section 5 of chapter 604 of the laws of 2011 amending the tax law relating to the credit for companies who provide transportation to people with disabilities, as amended by section 1 of part K of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

- § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall remain in effect until December 31, 2016 when upon such date it shall be deemed repealed; provided that this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on December 31, 2010; provided further that this act shall apply all tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2011; and provided further that sections one and two of this act shall remain in effect until December 31, [2022] 2028 when upon such date such sections shall be deemed repealed.
- § 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 38 of section 210-B of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part K of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:
- 28 (c) Application of credit. In no event shall the credit allowed under 29 this subdivision for any taxable year reduce the tax due for such year 30 to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one 31 section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of 32 credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the 33 tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the 34 fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in 35 such taxable year shall be carried over to the following year or years, and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years. The 37 tax credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not apply to taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-38 39 three] twenty-nine.
 - § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

41 PART M

Paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) of section 24 of the tax Section 1. as added by section 5 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

(4) (i) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, qualified film production company or qualified independent film production company, that has applied for credit under the provisions of this section, agrees as a condition for the granting of the credit: $\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)$ (A) to include in each qualified film distributed by DVD, or other media for the secondary market, a New York promotional video approved by 51 the governor's office of motion picture and television development or to 52 include in the end credits of each qualified film "Filmed With the

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Support of the New York State Governor's Office of Motion Picture and Television Development" and a logo provided by the governor's office of motion picture and television development, and [(ii)] (B) to certify that it will purchase taxable tangible property and services, defined as qualified production costs pursuant to paragraph one of subdivision (b) of this section, only from companies registered to collect and remit state and local sales and use taxes pursuant to articles twenty-eight and twenty-nine of this chapter.

(ii) On or after January first, two thousand twenty-three, a qualified film production company or qualified independent film production company that has applied for credit under the provisions of this section shall, as a condition for the granting of the credit, file a diversity plan with the governor's office for motion picture and television development outlining specific goals for hiring a diverse workforce. The commissioner of economic development shall promulgate regulations implementing the requirements of this paragraph, which, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act, may be adopted on an emergency basis, to ensure compliance with the provisions of this paragraph. The governor's office for motion picture and television development shall review each submitted plan as to whether it meets the requirements established by the commissioner of economic development, and shall verify that the applicant has met or made good-faith efforts in achieving these goals. The diversity plan also shall indicate whether the qualified film production company or qualified independent film production company that has applied for credit under the provisions of this section intends to participate in training, education, and recruitment programs that are designed to promote and encourage the training and hiring in the film and television industry of New York residents who represent the diversity of the State's population.

- § 2. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (a) of section 24 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 33 (5) For the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-34 **six**] twenty-nine, in addition to the amount of credit established in paragraph two of this subdivision, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit 35 36 equal to the product (or pro rata share of the product, in the case of a 37 member of a partnership) of ten percent and the amount of wages or salaries paid to individuals directly employed (excluding those employed as 39 writers, directors, music directors, producers and performers, including 40 background actors with no scripted lines) by a qualified film production company or a qualified independent film production company for services 41 42 performed by those individuals in one of the counties specified in this 43 paragraph in connection with a qualified film with a minimum budget of 44 five hundred thousand dollars. For purposes of this additional credit, 45 the services must be performed in one or more of the following counties: Albany, Allegany, Broome, Cattaraugus, Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chemung, 46 47 Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Cortland, Delaware, Dutchess, Erie, Essex, 48 Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, 49 Livingston, Madison, Monroe, Montgomery, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, 50 Ontario, Orange, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Putnam, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Schuyler, Seneca, St. Lawrence, Steuben, Sulli-51 52 van, Tioga, Tompkins, Ulster, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming, or 53 The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed pursuant to the Yates. authority of this paragraph shall be five million dollars each year during the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] 55 twenty-nine of the annual allocation made available to the program 56

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pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of this section. aggregate amount of credits shall be allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television development among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the date of filing an application for allocation 5 of film production credit with such office. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for under this paragraph in any year exceeds the 7 aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this paragraph, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the 9 first day of the next year. If the total amount of allocated tax credits 10 applied for under this paragraph at the conclusion of any year is less 11 than five million dollars, the remainder shall be treated as part of the 12 annual allocation made available to the program pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of this section. However, in no event may the 13 14 total of the credits allocated under this paragraph and the credits 15 allocated under paragraph five of subdivision (a) of section thirty-one 16 of this article exceed five million dollars in any year during the peri-17 od two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine.

§ 3. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(4) Additional pool 2 - The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed in subdivision (a) of this section shall be increased by an additional four hundred twenty million dollars in each year starting in two thousand ten through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine provided however, seven million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section thirty-one this article in two thousand thirteen and two thousand fourteen, twenty-five million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section thirty-one of this article in each year starting in two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine and five million dollars the annual allocation shall be made available for the television writers' and directors' fees and salaries credit pursuant to section twenty-four-b of this article in each year starting in two thousand twenty through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine. This amount shall be allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television development among taxpayers in accordance with subdivision (a) of this section. If the commissioner of economic development determines that the aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool 2 for the empire state film production tax credit have been previously allocated, and determines that the pending applications from eligible applicants for the empire state film post production tax credit pursuant to section thirty-one of this article is insufficient to utilize the balance of unallocated empire state film post production tax credits from such pool, the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, shall be made available for allocation in the empire state film tax credit pursuant to this section, subdivision twenty of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (gg) of section six hundred six of this if the commissioner of economic development determines chapter. Also, that the aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool for the empire state film post production tax credit have been previously allocated, and determines that the pending applications from eligible applicants for the empire state film production tax credit pursuant to this section is insufficient to utilize the balance of unallocated film production tax credits from such pool, then all or part of 56 the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, shall be

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made available for allocation for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to this section, subdivision thirty-two of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (qq) of section six hundred six of this chapter. The governor's office for motion picture and television devel-5 opment must notify taxpayers of their allocation year and include the allocation year on the certificate of tax credit. Taxpayers eligible to 7 claim a credit must report the allocation year directly on their empire state film production credit tax form for each year a credit is claimed and include a copy of the certificate with their tax return. In the case 9 10 of a qualified film that receives funds from additional pool 2, no 11 empire state film production credit shall be claimed before the later of 12 the taxable year the production of the qualified film is complete, or the taxable year immediately following the allocation year for which the 13 14 film has been allocated credit by the governor's office for motion 15 picture and television development.

- § 4. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (4) Additional pool 2 - The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed in 20 subdivision (a) of this section shall be increased by an additional four 21 hundred twenty million dollars in each year starting in two thousand ten 22 through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine provided however, seven 23 million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available for the 24 empire state film post production credit pursuant to section thirty-one 25 of this article in two thousand thirteen and two thousand fourteen and 26 twenty-five million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available 27 for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section 28 thirty-one of this article in each year starting in two thousand fifteen 29 through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine. This amount shall be 30 allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television 31 development among taxpayers in accordance with subdivision (a) of this 32 section. If the commissioner of economic development determines that the 33 aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool 2 for the 34 empire state film production tax credit have been previously allocated, 35 and determines that the pending applications from eligible applicants 36 for the empire state film post production tax credit pursuant to section 37 thirty-one of this article is insufficient to utilize the balance of unallocated empire state film post production tax credits from such 39 pool, the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, shall be made available for allocation in the empire state film tax 40 credit pursuant to this section, subdivision twenty of section two 41 42 hundred ten-B and subsection (gg) of section six hundred six of this 43 chapter. Also, if the commissioner of economic development determines 44 that the aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool 45 2 for the empire state film post production tax credit have been previ-46 ously allocated, and determines that the pending applications from 47 eligible applicants for the empire state film production tax credit 48 pursuant to this section is insufficient to utilize the balance of unallocated film production tax credits from such pool, then all or part of 49 50 the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, shall be 51 made available for allocation for the empire state film post production 52 credit pursuant to this section, subdivision thirty-two of section two 53 hundred ten-B and subsection (qq) of section six hundred six of this chapter. The governor's office for motion picture and television development must notify taxpayers of their allocation year and include the 55 allocation year on the certificate of tax credit. Taxpayers eligible

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claim a credit must report the allocation year directly on their empire state film production credit tax form for each year a credit is claimed and include a copy of the certificate with their tax return. In the case of a qualified film that receives funds from additional pool 2, no empire state film production credit shall be claimed before the later of the taxable year the production of the qualified film is complete, or the taxable year immediately following the allocation year for which the film has been allocated credit by the governor's office for motion picture and television development.

- § 5. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (f) of section 24 of the tax law, as added by section 2 of subpart A of part H of chapter 39 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) With regard to certificates of tax credit issued on or after January first, two thousand twenty, the commissioner of economic development shall reduce by one-quarter of one percent the amount of credit allowed to a taxpayer and this reduced amount shall be reported on a certificate of tax credit issued pursuant to this section and the regulations promulgated by the commissioner of economic development to implement this credit program. Provided, however, for certificates of tax credit issued on or after January first, two thousand twenty-three, the amount of credit shall be reduced by one-half of one percent allowed to the taxpayer.
- § 6. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (a) of section 31 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (6) For the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-27 twenty-nine, in addition to the amount of credit established in 28 paragraph two of this subdivision, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit 29 equal to the product (or pro rata share of the product, in the case of a 30 member of a partnership) of ten percent and the amount of wages or sala-31 ries paid to individuals directly employed (excluding those employed as 32 writers, directors, music directors, producers and performers, including 33 background actors with no scripted lines) for services performed by 34 those individuals in one of the counties specified in this paragraph in connection with the post production work on a qualified film with a 35 36 minimum budget of five hundred thousand dollars at a qualified post 37 production facility in one of the counties listed in this paragraph. For purposes of this additional credit, the services must be performed in 39 one or more of the following counties: Albany, Allegany, Broome, Catta-40 raugus, Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chemung, Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Cortland, Delaware, Dutchess, Erie, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, 41 42 Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Livingston, Madison, 43 Monroe, Montgomery, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, Ontario, Orange, Orleans, 44 Oswego, Otsego, Putnam, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Schuyler, Seneca, St. Lawrence, Steuben, Sullivan, Tioga, Tompkins, 45 46 Ulster, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming, or Yates. The aggregate 47 amount of tax credits allowed pursuant to the authority of this para-48 graph shall be five million dollars each year during the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine of the 49 allocation made available to the empire state film post 50 production credit pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of 51 section twenty-four of this article. Such aggregate amount of credits 52 53 shall be allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television development among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the date of filing an application for allocation of post production credit 55 56 with such office. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for

under this paragraph in any year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this paragraph, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the next year. If the total amount of allocated tax credits applied for under this para-5 graph at the conclusion of any year is less than five million dollars, the remainder shall be treated as part of the annual allocation for two 7 thousand seventeen made available to the empire state film post production credit pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of 9 section twenty-four of this article. However, in no event may the total 10 the credits allocated under this paragraph and the credits allocated 11 under paragraph five of subdivision (a) of section twenty-four of this 12 article exceed five million dollars in any year during the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine. 13

§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that the amendments to paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the tax law made by section three of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as section 5 of chapter 683 of the laws of 2019, as amended, takes effect.

19 PART N

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Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 25-a of the labor law, as 21 amended by section 1 of subpart A of part N of chapter 59 of the laws of 22 2017, is amended to read as follows:

- The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer the 23 24 program established under this section to provide tax incentives to 25 employers for employing at risk youth in part-time and full-time posi-26 tions. There will be ten distinct pools of tax incentives. Program one 27 will cover tax incentives allocated for two thousand twelve and two 28 thousand thirteen. Program two will cover tax incentives allocated in 29 two thousand fourteen. Program three will cover tax incentives allocated 30 in two thousand fifteen. Program four will cover tax incentives allo-31 cated in two thousand sixteen. Program five will cover tax incentives 32 allocated in two thousand seventeen. Program six will cover tax incen-33 tives allocated in two thousand eighteen. Program seven will cover tax 34 incentives allocated in two thousand nineteen. Program eight will cover 35 tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty. Program nine will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-one. Program ten will 37 cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-two. Program elev-38 en will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-three. Program twelve will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twen-39 40 ty-four. Program thirteen will cover tax incentives allocated in two 41 thousand twenty-five. Program fourteen will cover tax incentives allo-42 cated in two thousand twenty-six. Program fifteen will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-seven. The commissioner is 43 44 authorized to allocate up to twenty-five million dollars of tax credits 45 under program one, ten million dollars of tax credits under program two, 46 twenty million dollars of tax credits under program three, fifty million 47 dollars of tax credits under each of programs four and five, and forty 48 million dollars of tax credits under programs six, seven, eight, [and], ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen. 49
 - § 2. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (b) of section 25-a of the labor law, as added by section 1-a of subpart A of part N of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
 - (4) For programs six, seven, eight, nine [and], ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, and fifteen the tax credit under each program shall

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be allocated as follows: (i) twenty million dollars of tax credit for qualified employees; and (ii) twenty million dollars of tax credit for individuals who meet all of the requirements for a qualified employee except for the residency requirement of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph two of this subdivision, which individuals shall be deemed to meet the residency requirements of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph two of this subdivision if they reside in New York state.

§ 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision (d) of section 25-a of the labor law, as amended by section 2 of part R of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

11 To participate in the program established under this section, 12 employer must submit an application (in a form prescribed by the commissioner) to the commissioner after January first, two thousand twelve but 13 14 later than November thirtieth, two thousand twelve for program one, 15 after January first, two thousand fourteen but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand fourteen for program two, after January first, 16 17 two thousand fifteen but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand fifteen for program three, after January first, two thousand sixteen but 18 no later than November thirtieth, two thousand sixteen for program four, 19 20 after January first, two thousand seventeen but no later than November 21 thirtieth, two thousand seventeen for program five, after January first, 22 two thousand eighteen but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand 23 eighteen for program six, after January first, two thousand nineteen but 24 no later than November thirtieth, two thousand nineteen for program 25 seven, after January first, two thousand twenty but no later than Novem-26 two thousand twenty for program eight, after January ber thirtieth, 27 first, two thousand twenty-one but no later than November thirtieth, two 28 thousand twenty-one for program nine, [and] after January first, two thousand twenty-two but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand 29 twenty-two for program ten, after January first, two thousand twenty-30 31 three but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-three 32 for program eleven, after January first, two thousand twenty-four but no 33 later than November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-four for program 34 twelve, after January first, two thousand twenty-five but no later than 35 November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-five for program thirteen, after 36 January first, two thousand twenty-six but no later than November thir-37 tieth, two thousand twenty-six for program fourteen, and after January 38 first, two thousand twenty-seven but no later than November thirtieth, 39 two thousand twenty-seven for program fifteen. The qualified employees must start their employment on or after January first, two thousand 40 twelve but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twelve for 41 42 program one, on or after January first, two thousand fourteen but no 43 later than December thirty-first, two thousand fourteen for program two, 44 on or after January first, two thousand fifteen but no later than Decem-45 ber thirty-first, two thousand fifteen for program three, on or after 46 January first, two thousand sixteen but no later than December thirty-47 first, two thousand sixteen for program four, on or after January first, 48 thousand seventeen but no later than December thirty-first, two 49 thousand seventeen for program five, on or after January first, two thousand eighteen but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand 50 51 eighteen for program six, on or after January first, two thousand nine-52 teen but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand nineteen for 53 program seven, on or after January first, two thousand twenty but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty for program eight, on or after January first, two thousand twenty-one but no later than 55 December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-one for program nine, [and]

on or after January first, two thousand twenty-two but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-two for program ten, on or after January first, two thousand twenty-three but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand three for program eleven, on or after 5 January first, two thousand twenty-four but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-four for program twelve, on or after Janu-7 ary first, two thousand twenty-five but no later than December thirtyfirst, two thousand twenty-five for program thirteen, on or after 9 January first, two thousand twenty-six but no later than December thir-10 ty-first, two thousand twenty-six for program fourteen, and on or after January first, two thousand twenty-seven but no later than December 11 thirty-first, two thousand twenty-seven for program fifteen. As part of 12 such application, an employer must: 13

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

15 PART O

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Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 25-c of the labor law, as added 16 by section 1 of subpart B of part N of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, 17 is amended to read as follows: 18

(a) The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer the empire state apprenticeship tax credit program to provide tax incentives to certified employers for employing qualified apprentices pursuant to an apprenticeship agreement registered with the department pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this chapter. The commissioner is authorized to allocate up to ten million dollars of tax credits annually, beginning in two thousand eighteen and ending before two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-eight. Any unused annuallocation of the credit shall be made available in each of the subsequent years before two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-eight.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

30 PART P

Section 1. Subdivision 6 of section 187-b of the tax law, as amended 31 by section 1 of part O of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to 32 33 read as follows:

- 34 6. Termination. The credit allowed by subdivision two of this section 35 shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, 36 two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-seven.
- 37 § 2. Paragraph (f) of subdivision 30 of section 210-B of the tax law, 38 as amended by section 2 of part O of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is 39 amended to read as follows:
 - (f) Termination. The credit allowed by paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December thirtyfirst, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-seven.
 - § 3. Paragraph 6 of subsection (p) of section 606 of the tax law, amended by section 3 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- (6) Termination. The credit allowed by this subsection shall not apply 46 in taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two thousand 47 48 [twenty-two] twenty-seven. 49
 - § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

50 PART O

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Section 1. Section 5 of part MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014 amending the labor law and the tax law relating to the creation of the workers with disabilities tax credit program, as amended by section 1 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

- § 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2015, and shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after that date[+ provided, however, that this act shall expire and be deemed repealed January 1, 2023].
- 8 § 2. Section 25-b of the labor law is amended by adding a new subdivi-9 sion (f) to read as follows:
- 10 <u>(f) The tax credits provided under this program shall be applicable to</u>
 11 <u>taxable periods beginning before January first, two thousand twenty-</u>
 12 <u>nine.</u>
- 13 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

14 PART R

15 Intentionally Omitted

16 PART S

Section 1. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 210-B of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

20 (i) A credit shall be allowed under this subdivision with respect to 21 tangible personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable 22 23 pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue 24 code, have a useful life of four years or more, are acquired by purchase 25 defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal 26 revenue code, have a situs in this state and are (A) principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing, 27 28 assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horti-29 culture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing, (B) industrial 30 waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facilities, used in the taxpayer's trade or business, (C) research and development property, 31 32 (D) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade 33 or business as a broker or dealer in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, entering 35 into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other securities as defined in section four hundred 36 seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as 37 38 defined in section four hundred seventy-five (e) of the Internal Revenue 39 Code, (E) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's 40 trade or business of providing investment advisory services for a regulated investment company as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one 41 of the Internal Revenue Code, or lending, loan arrangement or loan orig-42 43 ination services to customers in connection with the purchase or sale 44 (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities 45 defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal 46 47 Revenue Code, (F) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's business as an exchange registered as a national securities 48 exchange within the meaning of sections 3(a)(1) and 6(a) of the Securi-49 ties Exchange Act of 1934 or a board of trade as defined in subparagraph 51 one of paragraph (a) of section fourteen hundred ten of the not-for-proА. 9009--В 38

fit corporation law or as an entity that is wholly owned by one or more such national securities exchanges or boards of trade and that provides automation or technical services thereto, or (G) principally used as a qualified film production facility including qualified film production 5 facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated as such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, where the taxpayer 7 is providing three or more services to any qualified film production company using the facility, including such services as a studio lighting 9 lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone service, broadband 10 information technology access, industrial scale electrical capacity, 11 food services, security services, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (D), (E) and (F) of this subpara-12 graph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a regulated 13 broker, dealer, registered investment advisor, national securities 14 15 exchange or board of trade, is allowed a credit under this subdivision if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker, 16 17 registered investment advisor, national securities exchange or board of trade in accordance with this subdivision. For purposes of determining 18 the property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by the 19 taxpayer described in clauses (D) and (E) of this subparagraph may be 20 21 aggregated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regu-22 lated broker, dealer and registered investment advisor under either or 23 both of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer 24 shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (D), (E) and (F) of 25 subparagraph unless the property is first placed in service before 26 October first, two thousand fifteen and (i) eighty percent or more of 27 employees performing the administrative and support functions 28 resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are located in this state or (ii) the average number of employees that 29 perform the administrative and support functions resulting from or 30 31 related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and are located in this 32 state during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal 33 to or greater than ninety-five percent of the average number of employ-34 that perform these functions and are located in this state during 35 the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year for which the cred-36 it is claimed, or (iii) the number of employees located in this state 37 during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety percent of the number of employees located in this 39 state on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the 40 taxpayer was not a calendar year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninetyeight, the last day of its first taxable year ending after December 41 42 thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes 43 subject to tax in this state after the taxable year beginning in nine-44 teen hundred ninety-eight, then the taxpayer is not required to satisfy 45 the employment test provided in the preceding sentence of this subpara-46 graph for its first taxable year. For purposes of clause (iii) of this 47 subparagraph the employment test will be based on the number of employ-48 located in this state on the last day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject to tax in this state. If the uses of the property 49 must be aggregated to determine whether the property is principally used 50 51 in qualifying uses, then either each affiliate using the property must 52 satisfy this employment test or this employment test must be satisfied 53 through the aggregation of the employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser using the 55 property. For purposes of clause (A) of this subparagraph, tangible personal property and other tangible property shall not include property

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principally used by the taxpayer (I) in the production or distribution of electricity, natural gas after extraction from wells, steam, or water delivered through pipes and mains, or (II) in the creation, production or reproduction, in any medium, of any audio or visual recording, including but not limited to films, television shows, commercials, and musical recordings, or in the duplication, for purposes of broadcast in any medium, of a master of any audio or visual recording, including but not limited to films, television shows, commercials, and musical recordings.

§ 2. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

13 (A) A credit shall be allowed under this subsection with respect to 14 tangible personal property and other tangible property, including build-15 ings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable 16 pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue 17 code, have a useful life of four years or more, are acquired by purchase defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal 18 revenue code, have a situs in this state and are (i) principally used by 19 20 the taxpayer in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing, 21 assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horti-22 culture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing, (ii) indus-23 trial waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facilities, 24 used in the taxpayer's trade or business, (iii) research and development 25 property, (iv) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's 26 trade or business as a broker or dealer in connection with the purchase 27 or sale (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, enter-28 ing into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of 29 stocks, bonds or other securities as defined in section four hundred 30 seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as 31 defined in section 475(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, (v) principally 32 used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business of 33 providing investment advisory services for a regulated investment compa-34 ny as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue 35 Code, or lending, loan arrangement or loan origination services to 36 customers in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include 37 but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities as defined in 39 section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 40 or (vi) principally used as a qualified film production facility including qualified film production facilities having a situs in an empire 41 42 zone designated as such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general 43 municipal law, where the taxpayer is providing three or more services to 44 any qualified film production company using the facility, including such 45 services as a studio lighting grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-46 line phone service, broadband information technology access, industrial 47 scale electrical capacity, food services, security services, and heat-48 ing, ventilation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated 49 with a regulated broker, dealer, or registered investment adviser is 50 51 allowed a credit under this subsection if the property is used by its 52 affiliated regulated broker, dealer or registered investment adviser in 53 accordance with this subsection. For purposes of determining if property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by the taxpayer described in clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph may be aggre-55 gated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated

broker, dealer and registered investment adviser under either or both of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph unless (I) eighty percent or more of the employees performing the 5 administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are located in this state, or (II) the 7 average number of employees that perform the administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such 9 equipment and are located in this state during the taxable year for 10 which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety-five 11 percent of the average number of employees that perform these functions 12 and are located in this state during the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year for which the credit is claimed, or (III) the number 13 14 of employees located in this state during the taxable year for which the 15 credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety percent of the 16 number of employees located in this state on December thirty-first, 17 nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer was not a calendar 18 year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the last day of its first taxable year ending after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred 19 20 ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in this state after 21 the taxable year beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, then the 22 taxpayer is not required to satisfy the employment test provided in the 23 preceding sentence of this subparagraph for its first taxable year. For 24 the purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph the employment test 25 will be based on the number of employees located in this state on the 26 last day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject to tax in 27 this state. If the uses of the property must be aggregated to determine 28 whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses, then either 29 each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employment test or 30 this employment test must be satisfied through the aggregation of the 31 employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, and 32 registered investment adviser using the property. For purposes of clause 33 (i) of this subparagraph, tangible personal property and other tangible 34 property shall not include property principally used by the taxpayer (a) in the production or distribution of electricity, natural gas after 35 extraction from wells, steam, or water delivered through pipes and 36 37 mains, or (b) in the creation, production or reproduction, in any medium, of any audio or visual recording, including but not limited to 39 films, television shows, commercials, and musical recordings, or in the duplication, for purposes of broadcast in any medium, of a master of any 40 audio or visual recording, including but not limited to films, tele-41 vision shows, commercials, and musical recordings. 42

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall apply to prop-44 erty placed in service on or after January 1, 2023.

PART V

Intentionally Omitted PART U Intentionally Omitted Intentionally Omitted	PAR'I' 'I'	
	Intentionally	Omitted
48 Intentionally Omitted	PART U	
	Intentionally	Omitted

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2 PART W

Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 671 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 760 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Every employer maintaining an office or transacting business within this state and making payment of any wages taxable under this article shall deduct and withhold from such wages for each payroll period a tax computed in such manner as to result, so far as practicable, in withholding from the employee's wages during each calendar year an amount substantially equivalent to the tax reasonably estimated to be due under this article resulting from the inclusion in the employee's New York adjusted gross income or New York source income of [his] the employee's wages received during such calendar year. The method of determining the amount to be withheld shall be prescribed by $[\frac{regulations - of}{}]$ the commissioner, with due regard to the New York withholding exemptions of employee and the sum of any credits allowable against [his] the employee's tax. The commissioner shall publish any changes to such method of determining the amount of tax to be withheld on the website of the department of taxation and finance. The commissioner shall also cause notice of such changes to be published in the section for miscellaneous notices in the state register and shall give other appropriate general notice of such changes.
- § 2. Paragraph 6 of subsection (j) of section 697 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:
- (6) Publication of interest rates. The commissioner of taxation and finance shall publish the interest rates set under this subsection on the website of the department of taxation and finance. Immediately following such publication, the commissioner shall cause such interest rates to be published in the section for miscellaneous notices in the state register[7] and give other appropriate general notice of[7, the] such interest rates [to be set under this subsection no later than twentry days preceding the first day of the calendar quarter during which such interest rates apply]. The setting and publication of such interest rates shall not be included within paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section one hundred two of the state administrative procedure act relating to the definition of a rule.
- § 3. Paragraph 5 of subsection (e) of section 1096 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:
- (5) Publication of interest rates. The commissioner of taxation and finance shall publish the interest rates set under this subsection on the website of the department of taxation and finance. Immediately following such publication, the commissioner shall cause such interest rates to be published in the section for miscellaneous notices in the state register[7] and give other appropriate general notice of[7 the] such interest rates [to be set under this subsection no later than twenty days preceding the first day of the calendar quarter during which such interest rates apply]. The setting and publication of such interest rates shall not be included within paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section one hundred two of the state administrative procedure act relating to the definition of a rule.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART X

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Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 1701 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part CC-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

- (c) "Financial institution" means $\underline{\text{(i)}}$ any financial institution authorized or required to participate in a financial institution data match system or program for child support enforcement purposes under federal or state law, and (ii) any virtual currency business licensed by the superintendent of financial services.
- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 11

12 PART Y

Section 1. Section 4 of chapter 475 of the laws of 2013, relating to 14 assessment ceilings for local public utility mass real property, as amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is 16 amended to read as follows:

- 4. This act shall take effect on the first of January of the second calendar year commencing after this act shall have become a law and shall apply to assessment rolls with taxable status dates on or after such date; provided, however, that this act shall expire and be deemed repealed [eight] twelve years after such effective date; and provided, further, that no assessment of local public utility mass real property appearing on the municipal assessment roll with a taxable status date occurring in the first calendar year after this act shall have become a law shall be less than ninety percent or more than one hundred ten percent of the assessment of the same property on the date this act shall have become a law.
- 2. Subdivision 4 of section 499-pppp of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 475 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. Any final determination of an assessment ceiling by the commission-31 32 er pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall be subject to judi-33 cial challenge by an owner of local public utility mass real property or a local assessing jurisdiction in a proceeding under article seven of 35 this chapter; provided however, the time to commence such proceeding shall be within sixty days of the issuance of the final assessment ceil-36 ing certificate and all questions of fact and law shall be determined de 37 38 novo. Any judicial proceeding shall be commenced in the supreme court in 39 the county of Albany or the county agreed upon by the parties in which 40 the local public utility mass real property is located. Nothing in this 41 section shall preclude a challenge of the assessed value established by a local assessing jurisdiction with respect to local public utility mass 42 43 real property as otherwise provided in article seven of this chapter, provided however that upon motion of the local assessing jurisdiction, such challenge shall be consolidated with the challenge to the final 45 assessment ceiling commenced pursuant to this subdivision and litigated 46 in the venue specified by this subdivision. In any proceeding challeng-47 48 ing an assessed value established by a local assessing jurisdiction for 49 local public utility mass real property, the final certified assessment ceiling established pursuant to subdivision one of this section [shall 51 not], and the evidence submitted in connection therewith, may be consid-52 ered by the court when determining the merits of the challenge to the

assessed value established by the assessing unit. In such a proceeding, 2 the local assessing jurisdiction, upon request to the local public utility mass real property owner, shall be provided with a copy of the annual report provided to the commissioner under section four hundred nine-5 ty-nine-rrrr of this title. Such annual report shall only be used for actual and necessary activities related to such proceeding and shall 7 otherwise be considered confidential and shall not be subject to further disclosure pursuant to the freedom of information law or otherwise. If 9 the local public utility mass real property owner fails to provide the 10 report within thirty days of such a request, the proceeding shall be 11 dismissed.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that the amendments to subdivision 4 of section 499-pppp of the real property tax law made by section two of this act shall not affect the repeal of such subdivision and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith.

16 PART Z

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17 Section 1. This Part enacts into law major components of legislation relating to the administration of the STAR program authorized by section 18 19 425 of the real property tax law and subsection (eee) of section 606 of 20 the tax law. Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through E. The effective date for each particular 21 provision contained within such Subpart is set forth in the last section 22 23 of such Subpart. Any provision in any section contained within a Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes refer-24 25 ence to a section of "this act", when used in connection with that 26 particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section two 27 contains a severability clause for all provisions contained in each 28 29 Subpart of this Part. Section three of this act sets forth the general 30 effective date of this Part.

31 SUBPART A

Section 1. Paragraph (a-2) of subdivision 6 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as amended by section 1 of part TT of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

35 (a-2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, where an application for the "enhanced" STAR exemption authorized by subdivision 36 37 four of this section has not been filed on or before the taxable status date, and the owner believes that good cause existed for the failure to 38 39 file the application by that date, the owner may, no later than the last 40 day for paying school taxes without incurring interest or penalty, 41 submit a written request to the commissioner asking him or her to extend 42 the filing deadline and grant the exemption. Such request shall contain 43 an explanation of why the deadline was missed, and shall be accompanied 44 by an application, reflecting the facts and circumstances as they existed on the taxable status date. After consulting with the assessor, 45 the commissioner may extend the filing deadline and grant the exemption 46 47 if the commissioner is satisfied that (i) good cause existed for the 48 failure to file the application by the taxable status date, and that 49 (ii) the applicant is otherwise entitled to the exemption. The commis-50 sioner shall mail notice of his or her determination to such owner and 51 the assessor. If the determination states that the commissioner has 52 granted the exemption, the assessor shall thereupon be authorized and

directed to correct the assessment roll accordingly, or, if another person has custody or control of the assessment roll, to direct that person to make the appropriate corrections. [If the correction is not made before school taxes are levied, the school district authorities 5 shall be authorized and directed to take account of the fact that the commissioner has granted the exemption by correcting the applicant's tax bill and/or issuing a refund accordingly Provided, however, that if the 7 8 assessment roll cannot be corrected in time for the exemption to appear 9 on the applicant's school tax bill, the commissioner shall be authorized 10 to remit directly to the applicant the tax savings that the STAR exemption would have yielded if it had appeared on the applicant's tax 11 12 bill. The amounts so payable shall be paid from the account established for the payment of STAR benefits to late registrants pursuant to subpar-13 agraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen of this section. 14 15

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

16 SUBPART B

17 Intentionally Omitted.

18 SUBPART C

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19 Section 1. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (eee) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part RR of chap-20 ter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 21

(A) Beginning with taxable years after two thousand fifteen, a basic STAR credit shall be available to a qualified taxpayer if the affiliated income of the parcel that serves as the taxpayer's primary residence is less than or equal to five hundred thousand dollars for the applicable income tax year specified by paragraph (b-1) of subdivision three of section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law. The income limit established for the basic STAR exemption by paragraph (b-1) of subdivision three of section four hundred twenty-five of the real 30 property tax law shall not be taken into account when determining eligi-31 bility for the basic STAR credit.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

33 SUBPART D

Section 1. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 7 of subsection (eee) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 7 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the names and addresses of individuals who have applied for or are receiving the credit authorized by this subsection may be disclosed to assessors, county directors of real property tax services, and municipal tax collecting officers within New York state. In addition, where an agreement is in place between the commissioner and the head of the tax department of another state, such information may be disclosed to such official or his or her designees, or assessors and tax officials from jurisdictions outside New York state if the laws of the other jurisdiction allow it to provide similar information to this state. Such information shall be considered confidential and shall not be subject to further disclosure pursuant to the freedom of information law or otherwise.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 1

2 SUBPART E

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Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 651 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part QQ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

- (c) Decedents. The return for any deceased individual shall be made and filed by [his] the decedent's executor, administrator, or other person charged with [his] the decedent's property. If a final return of a decedent is for a fractional part of a year, the due date of such return shall be the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the twelve-month period which began with the first day of such fractional part of the year. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, when a return has been filed for a decedent, the commissioner may disclose the decedent's name, address, and the date of death to the director of real property tax services of the county and the assessor of the assessing unit in which the address reported on such return is located.
- 18 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.
- § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or subpart contained in any part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 21 judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, 22 23 but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para-24 graph, subdivision, section or subpart contained in any part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have 26 been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions 27 28 had not been included herein.
- 29 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that 30 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through E of this act shall 31 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

32 PART AA

33 Section 1. Section 575-b of the real property tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 4 to read as follows:

- 4. Complaints with respect to assessments determined under this section shall be governed by sections five hundred twelve and five 36 hundred twenty-four of this article and the following provisions:
 - (a) The assessor shall, upon request, provide the owner with the inputs that he or she entered into the commissioner's appraisal model when valuing the property pursuant to this section.
 - (b) The property owner may advise the assessor of any alleged errors to the appraisal model inputs believed to have been made by the assessor, and may provide information to the assessor in support of any proposed change to those inputs.
 - (c) If the property owner provides such information to the assessor prior to the filing of the tentative assessment roll, the assessor may make such adjustments to the appraisal model inputs as he or she deems warranted based upon the information provided by the property owner, and may recalculate the property value by entering the adjusted inputs into the appraisal model.
- (d) If dissatisfied with the assessed value appearing on the tentative 52 assessment roll, the property owner may file a complaint with the board

of assessment review; provided, however, that the grounds for review of an assessment determined under this section with respect to both article five and article seven of this chapter shall be limited to the accuracy of the appraisal model inputs made by the assessor.

(e) Actions or proceedings that challenge the validity and accuracy of the appraisal model or discount rates established under this section may not be commenced against assessing units. Such challenges may only be brought by commencing an action against the commissioner in the third department of the appellate division of the supreme court in the manner provided by article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

12 PART BB

Section 1. The subsection heading and paragraphs 1, 2, 3, and 4 of subsection (n-1) of section 606 of the tax law, as added by subpart B of part C of chapter 20 of the laws of 2015, the opening paragraph of subparagraph (a) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 7 of part A of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, are amended to read as follows:

[Property tax relief] Homeowner tax rebate credit. (1) An individual taxpayer who meets the eligibility standards in paragraph two of this subsection shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by this article in the amount specified in paragraph three of this subsection for tax [years two thousand sixteen, two thousand seventeen, two thousand eighteen, and two thousand nineteen] year two thousand twenty-two.

(2) (a) To be eligible for the credit, the taxpayer (or taxpayers filing joint returns) on the personal income tax return filed for the taxable year two years prior, must have (i) been a resident, (ii) owned and primarily resided in real property receiving either the STAR exemption authorized by section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law or the school tax relief credit authorized by subsection (eee) of this section, and (iii) had qualified gross income no greater than two hundred [seventy-five] fifty thousand dollars. [Provided, however, that no credit shall be allowed if any of the following apply:

(i) Such property is located in an independent school district that is subject to the provisions of section two thousand twenty-three-a of the education law and that has adopted a budget in excess of the tax levy limit prescribed by that section. To render its taxpayers eligible for the credit authorized by this subsection, the school district must certify its compliance with such tax levy limit in the manner prescribed by subdivision two of section two thousand twenty-three-b of the education law.

(ii) Such property is located in a city with a dependent school district that is subject to the provisions of section three-c of the general municipal law and that has adopted a budget in excess of the tax levy limit prescribed by that section. To render its taxpayers eligible for the credit authorized by this subsection, the city must certify its compliance with such tax levy limit in the manner prescribed by subdivision two of section three-d of the general municipal law.

(iii) Such property is located in the city of New York.

(3) Amount of credit. (a) [For the two thousand sixteen taxable year (i) for a taxpayer residing in real property located within the metropolitan commuter transportation district (MCTD) and outside the city of New York, the amount of the credit shall be \$130; (ii) for a taxpayer

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residing in real property located outside the MCTD, the
   credit shall be $185.
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      (b) For the two thousand seventeen, two thousand eighteen and two
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    thousand nineteen taxable years (i) For a taxpayer who owned and prima-
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   rily resided in real property receiving the basic STAR exemption or who
   received the basic STAR credit, the amount of the credit shall equal the
 7
    STAR tax savings associated with such basic STAR exemption in the two
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    thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year, multiplied by
 9
    the following percentage:
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      [(A) for the two thousand seventeen taxable year:
11
    Qualified Gross Income
                                              Percentage
12 Not over $75,000
                                              28%
    Over $75,000 but not over $150,000
13
                                              <del>20.5%</del>
14
   Over $150,000 but not over $200,000
15
   Over $200,000 but not over $275,000
  Over $275,000
16
17
      (B) for the two thousand eighteen taxable year:
    Qualified Gross Income
18
                                              Percentage
    Not over $75,000
19
                                              <del>60%</del>
   Over $75,000 but not over $150,000
20
                                              42.5%
21
    Over $150,000 but not over $200,000
                                              <del>25%</del>
22
   Over $200,000 but not over $275,000
                                              7.5%
    Over $275,000
23
      (C) for the two thousand nineteen taxable year:
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25
      (i) For a taxpayer whose primary residence is located outside the city
26 of New York:
27 Qualified Gross Income
                                              Percentage
28 Not over $75,000
                                              [<del>85%</del>] <u>163%</u>
    Over $75,000 but not over $150,000
                                              [<del>60%</del>] <u>115%</u>
29
30
   Over $150,000 but not over $200,000
                                              [<del>35%</del>] <u>66%</u>
    Over $200,000 but not over
                                              [<del>10%</del>] <u>18%</u>
31
32
   [<del>$275,000</del>] <u>$250,000</u>
33
   Over [<del>$275,000</del>] <u>$250,000</u>
                                             No credit
34
      (ii) For a taxpayer whose primary residence is located within the city
35 of New York:
36 Qualified Gross Income
                                              <u>Percentage</u>
37
   Not over $75,000
                                              125%
38 Over $75,000 but not over $150,000
                                              115%
39
    Over $150,000 but not over $200,000
                                              105%
    Over $200,000 but not over $250,000
40
                                              100%
41
    Over $250,000
                                             No credit
42
      (c) (b) For a taxpayer who owned and primarily resided in real prop-
43 erty receiving the enhanced STAR exemption or who received the enhanced
    STAR credit, the amount of the credit shall equal the STAR tax savings
45
    associated with such enhanced STAR exemption in the two thousand twen-
46 ty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year, multiplied by [the follow-
47
   ing percentage:
48 Taxable Year
                                              Percentage
49 two thousand seventeen
                                              12%
50 two thousand eighteen
   two thousand nineteen
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    sixty-six percent if the taxpayer's primary residence is located outside
53 the city of New York, or one hundred ten percent if the taxpayer's
54 primary residence is located within the city of New York.
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     \left(\frac{d}{d}\right) (c) In no case may the amount of the credit allowed under this
56 subsection exceed the school district taxes due with respect to the
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residence for that school year, nor shall any credit be allowed under this subsection if the amount determined pursuant to this paragraph is less than one hundred dollars.

(4) For purposes of this subsection:

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- (a) "Qualified gross income" means the adjusted gross income of the qualified taxpayer for the taxable year as reported for federal income tax purposes, or which would be reported as adjusted gross income if a federal income tax return were required to be filed. In computing qualified gross income, the net amount of loss reported on Federal Schedule 10 C, D, E, or F shall not exceed three thousand dollars per schedule. In addition, the net amount of any other separate category of loss shall not exceed three thousand dollars. The aggregate amount of all losses 12 included in computing qualified gross income shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars.
 - (b) "STAR tax savings" means the tax savings attributable to the basic or enhanced STAR exemption, whichever is applicable, within a portion of school district, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision two of section thirteen hundred six-a of the real property tax
- 20 [(c) "Metropolitan commuter transportation district" or "MCTD" means 21 the metropolitan commuter transportation district as defined in section twelve hundred sixty-two of the public authorities law.]
- 23 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

24 PART CC

25 Intentionally Omitted

26 PART DD

27 Section 1. Section 509-a of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and 28 breeding law, as amended by section 1 of part LLL of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

509-a. Capital acquisition fund. 1. The corporation may create and establish a capital acquisition fund for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction or equipping of offices, facilities or premises of the corporation. Such capital acquisition fund shall consist of (i) the amounts specified pursuant to subdivision three-a of section five hundred thirty-two of this chapter; and (ii) contributions from the corporation's pari-mutuel wagering pools, subject to the following limitations:

- a. no contribution shall exceed the amount of one percent of the total pari-mutuel wagering pools for the quarter in which the contribution is made;
- 41 b. no contribution shall reduce the amount of quarterly net revenues, 42 exclusive of surcharge revenues, to an amount less than fifty percent of 43 such net revenues; and
- c. the balance of the fund shall not exceed the lesser of one percent 44 of total pari-mutuel wagering pools for the previous twelve months or 45 the undepreciated value of the corporation's offices, facilities and 46 47 premises.
- 48 Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation to the 49 contrary, from April nineteenth, two thousand twenty-one to March thir-50 ty-first, two thousand twenty-two, and for each state fiscal year there-51 after, twenty-three percent of the funds, not to exceed two and one-half

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million dollars, in the Catskill off-track betting corporation's capital acquisition fund and twenty-three percent of the funds, not to exceed four hundred forty thousand dollars, in the Capital off-track betting corporation's capital acquisition fund established pursuant to this section shall also be available to such off-track betting corporation for the purposes of statutory obligations, payroll, and expenditures necessary to accept authorized wagers.

- 3. The Catskill off-track betting corporation and the Capital off-track betting corporation shall make a report to the governor, speaker of the assembly, temporary president of the senate and the commission detailing the actual use of the funds made available in the capital acquisition fund. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, any impact on employment levels since utilizing the funds, the status of any statutory obligations, an accounting of the use of such funds, and any other information as deemed necessary by the commission. Such report shall be due no later than the [first day of April two thousand twenty—two] last day of the fiscal year in which the monies were spent.
- 18 § 2. Section 2 of part LLL of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending 19 the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, relating to the 20 utilization of funds in the Catskill and Capital regions off-track 21 betting corporation's capital acquisition funds, is amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be deemed repealed [one year] two years after such date.
 - § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

26 PART EE

27 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1003 of the 28 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 1 29 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as 30 follows:

31 (a) Any racing association or corporation or regional off-track 32 betting corporation, authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering under 33 this chapter, desiring to display the simulcast of horse races on which 34 pari-mutuel betting shall be permitted in the manner and subject to the 35 conditions provided for in this article may apply to the commission for a license so to do. Applications for licenses shall be in such form as 37 may be prescribed by the commission and shall contain such information 38 or other material or evidence as the commission may require. No license shall be issued by the commission authorizing the simulcast transmission 39 of thoroughbred races from a track located in Suffolk county. The fee 40 for such licenses shall be five hundred dollars per simulcast facility 41 42 and for account wagering licensees that do not operate either a simul-43 cast facility that is open to the public within the state of New York or 44 a licensed racetrack within the state, twenty thousand dollars per year 45 payable by the licensee to the commission for deposit into the general 46 fund. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall not 47 approve any application to conduct simulcasting into individual or group residences, homes or other areas for the purposes of or in connection 48 49 with pari-mutuel wagering. The commission may approve simulcasting into 50 residences, homes or other areas to be conducted jointly by one or more 51 regional off-track betting corporations and one or more of the followa franchised corporation, thoroughbred racing corporation or a 53 harness racing corporation or association; provided (i) the simulcasting 54 consists only of those races on which pari-mutuel betting is authorized

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by this chapter at one or more simulcast facilities for each of the contracting off-track betting corporations which shall include wagers made in accordance with section one thousand fifteen, one thousand sixteen and one thousand seventeen of this article; provided further 5 that the contract provisions or other simulcast arrangements for such simulcast facility shall be no less favorable than those in effect on January first, two thousand five; (ii) that each off-track betting 7 corporation having within its geographic boundaries such residences, 9 homes or other areas technically capable of receiving the simulcast signal shall be a contracting party; (iii) the distribution of revenues 10 11 shall be subject to contractual agreement of the parties except that 12 statutory payments to non-contracting parties, if any, may not be reduced; provided, however, that nothing herein to the contrary shall 13 14 prevent a track from televising its races on an irregular basis primari-15 ly for promotional or marketing purposes as found by the commission. For 16 purposes of this paragraph, the provisions of section one thousand thirteen of this article shall not apply. Any agreement authorizing an 17 18 in-home simulcasting experiment commencing prior to May fifteenth, nine-19 teen hundred ninety-five, may, and all its terms, be extended until June 20 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three; provided, however, 21 that any party to such agreement may elect to terminate such agreement 22 upon conveying written notice to all other parties of such agreement at 23 least forty-five days prior to the effective date of the termination, 24 via registered mail. Any party to an agreement receiving such notice of 25 an intent to terminate, may request the commission to mediate between 26 the parties new terms and conditions in a replacement agreement between 27 the parties as will permit continuation of an in-home experiment until 28 June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three; and (iv) no 29 in-home simulcasting in the thoroughbred special betting district shall 30 occur without the approval of the regional thoroughbred track. 31

§ 2. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph d of subdivision 3 of section 1007 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 2 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(iii) Of the sums retained by a receiving track located in Westchester county on races received from a franchised corporation, for the period commencing January first, two thousand eight and continuing through June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three, the amount used exclusively for purses to be awarded at races conducted by such receiving track shall be computed as follows: of the sums so retained, two and one-half percent of the total pools. Such amount shall be increased or decreased in the amount of fifty percent of the difference in total commissions determined by comparing the total commissions available after July twenty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five to the total commissions that would have been available to such track prior to July twenty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five.

§ 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1014 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 3 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on any day during which a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three and on any day regard-56 less of whether or not a franchised corporation is conducting a race

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meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack after June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three. On any day on which a franchised corporation has not scheduled a racing program but a thoroughbred racing corporation located within the state is conducting 5 racing, each off-track betting corporation branch office and each simulcasting facility licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven 7 (that has entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organization, as approved by the commission), 9 thousand eight, or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized 10 to accept wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred 11 tracks located in another state or foreign country subject to the 12 following provisions:

- § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 1015 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 4 of part DD of chapter 59 the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races conducted at harness tracks located in another state or country during the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three. This section shall supersede all inconsistent provisions of this chapter.
- 5. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1016 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 5 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on any day during which a franchised corporation is not conducting a race meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three. Every off-track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility 30 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven that have entered 32 into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's 33 organization as approved by the commission, one thousand eight or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and display the live full-card simulcast signal of thoroughbred tracks 35 (which may include quarter horse or mixed meetings provided that all such wagering on such races shall be construed to be thoroughbred races) located in another state or foreign country, subject to the following provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven of this article:

§ 6. The opening paragraph of section 1018 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 6 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for the period July twenty-fifth, two thousand one through September eighth, two thousand [twenty-one] twenty-two, when a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting within the state at Saratoga Race Course, every offtrack betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that has entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organization as approved by the commission), one thousand eight or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred tracks located in another state, provided that such facility shall accept wagers on races run at all in-state thoroughbred tracks which are conducting racing

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programs subject to the following provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven of this article.

- 7. Section 32 of chapter 281 of the laws of 1994, amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting, as amended by section 7 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 32. This act shall take effect immediately and the pari-mutuel tax 9 reductions in section six of this act shall expire and be deemed 10 repealed on July 1, [2022] 2023; provided, however, that nothing 11 contained herein shall be deemed to affect the application, 12 tion, expiration, or repeal of any provision of law amended by any section of this act, and such provisions shall be applied or qualified 13 14 shall expire or be deemed repealed in the same manner, to the same 15 extent and on the same date as the case may be as otherwise provided by 16 law; provided further, however, that sections twenty-three and twenty-17 five of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until May 1, 18 1997 and at such time shall be deemed to be repealed.
 - § 8. Section 54 of chapter 346 of the laws of 1990, racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, as amended by section 8 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 54. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, sections three through twelve of this act shall take effect on January 1, 1991, and section 1013 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by section thirty-eight of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed on July 1, [2022] 2023; and section eighteen of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2008 and sections fifty-one and fiftytwo of this act shall take effect as of the same date as chapter 772 of the laws of 1989 took effect.
 - 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 238 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 9 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- The franchised corporation authorized under this chapter to conduct pari-mutuel betting at a race meeting or races run thereat shall distribute all sums deposited in any pari-mutuel pool to the holders of winning tickets therein, provided such tickets are presented for payment before April first of the year following the year of their purchase, less an amount that shall be established and retained by such franchised corporation of between twelve to seventeen percent of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track regular bets, and fourteen to twentyone percent of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track multiple bets and fifteen to twenty-five percent of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track exotic bets and fifteen to thirty-six 46 percent of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track super 47 exotic bets, plus the breaks. The retention rate to be established is subject to the prior approval of the commission.

Such rate may not be changed more than once per calendar quarter to be 50 effective on the first day of the calendar quarter. "Exotic bets" and "multiple bets" shall have the meanings set forth in section five hundred nineteen of this chapter. "Super exotic bets" shall have the 52 meaning set forth in section three hundred one of this chapter. For 53 purposes of this section, a "pick six bet" shall mean a single bet or wager on the outcomes of six races. The breaks are hereby defined as the 55 56 odd cents over any multiple of five for payoffs greater than one dollar

five cents but less than five dollars, over any multiple of ten for 2 payoffs greater than five dollars but less than twenty-five dollars, over any multiple of twenty-five for payoffs greater than twenty-five dollars but less than two hundred fifty dollars, or over any multiple of fifty for payoffs over two hundred fifty dollars. Out of the amount so retained there shall be paid by such franchised corporation to the commissioner of taxation and finance, as a reasonable tax by the state 7 for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel betting on the races run at 9 the race meetings held by such franchised corporation, the following percentages of the total pool for regular and multiple bets five percent 10 of regular bets and four percent of multiple bets plus twenty percent of 12 the breaks; for exotic wagers seven and one-half percent plus twenty percent of the breaks, and for super exotic bets seven and one-half 13 14 percent plus fifty percent of the breaks.

For the period April first, two thousand one through December thirtyfirst, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three, such tax on all wagers shall be one and six-tenths percent, plus, in each such period, twenty percent of the breaks. Payment to the New York state thoroughbred breeding and development fund by such franchised corporation shall be onehalf of one percent of total daily on-track pari-mutuel pools resulting from regular, multiple and exotic bets and three percent of super exotic bets and for the period April first, two thousand one through December thirty-first, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three, such payment shall be seven-tenths of one percent of regular, multiple and exotic pools. 24

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

26 PART FF

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Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part Q of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

(1) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as provided herein equal to (i) the applicable percentage of the earned income credit allowed under section thirty-two of the internal revenue code for the same taxable year, (ii) reduced by the credit permitted under subsection (b) of this section.

The applicable percentage shall be (i) seven and one-half percent for taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-four, (ii) ten percent for taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-five, (iii) twenty percent for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-five and before two thousand, (iv) twenty-two and one-half 39 40 percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand, (v) twenty-five percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand one, (vi) twenty-42 seven and one-half percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand 43 two, [and] (vii) thirty percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand three, and (viii) thirty-seven and one-half percent for taxable 44 45 years beginning in two thousand twenty-two and thereafter. Provided, 46 however, that if the reversion event, as defined in this paragraph, 47 occurs, the applicable percentage shall be twenty percent for taxable years ending on or after the date on which the reversion event occurred. 48 The reversion event shall be deemed to have occurred on the date on which federal action, including but not limited to, administrative, 50 51 statutory or regulatory changes, materially reduces or eliminates New 52 York state's allocation of the federal temporary assistance for needy 53 families block grant, or materially reduces the ability of the state to 54 spend federal temporary assistance for needy families block grant funds

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for the earned income credit or to apply state general fund spending on 1 the earned income credit toward the temporary assistance for needy fami-2 lies block grant maintenance of effort requirement, and the commissioner 3 of the office of temporary and disability assistance shall certify the 4 date of such event to the commissioner of taxation and finance, the 5 6 director of the division of the budget, the speaker of the assembly and 7 the temporary president of the senate.] Provided, however, for taxable 8 years beginning in two thousand twenty-two and thereafter, in the case 9 of an eligible individual with no qualifying children, as such term is 10 defined in section 32 of the internal revenue code, notwithstanding 11 section 32(c)(3)(D), the applicable percentage shall be sixty percent. 12 Furthermore, an individual otherwise eligible but for the requirement under section 32(m) of the internal revenue code shall be eliqible for 13 14 this credit.

- § 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 679 to read as follows:
- § 679. Advance payment of earned income credit. (a) General rule. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the commissioner shall provide for the prepayment of the earned income credit to qualifying taxpayers, if such taxpayer elects to receive such advanced payments.
- (b) Earned income eligibility application. For purposes of this article, an earned income eligibility application is a statement furnished by a taxpayer to the commissioner which:
- (1) certifies that the taxpayer received an earned income credit or an enhanced earned income credit provided pursuant to subsection (d) or (d-1) of section six hundred six of this article for the most recently available taxable year;
- (2) includes information on any substantial change in income or change in filing status that would materially change a taxpayer's eligibility for the earned income credit; and
- (3) states whether the employee's spouse has filed an earned income eligibility application for the taxable year.
- (c) Earned income advance amount. Three advanced payments shall be made to such qualifying taxpayer that files an earned income eligibility application with the department by the first of June in any taxable year. An estimated annual tax credit shall be determined by the commissioner in advance of the first payment which shall be equal to the credit provided for the most recently available taxable year as adjusted based on changes in income or filing status as reported in the taxpayer's earned income eligibility application. Prior to disbursement, the commissioner is authorized to verify that the qualifying taxpayer's status has not changed. The three advanced payments for a taxable year shall be equal to twenty-five percent of the estimated annual tax credit, and shall be disbursed on the thirtieth of June, the thirtieth of September, and the thirty-first of December, of the taxable year. The remainder of the earned income credit amount shall be reconciled upon the filing of the taxpayer's final return for the taxable year. advanced payments shall, to the extent practicable, be made available via direct deposit and via electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card.
- (d) Form and contents of application. Earned income eligibility application shall be in such form and contain such information as the commissioner may determine and prescribe.
- (e) Notification. (1) The commissioner shall notify all taxpayers who
 have received a refund of the credit pursuant to subsection (d) or (d-1)
 of section six hundred six of this article based on the most recent tax
 return or record in writing of the availability of earned income advance

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amounts under this section, no later than May first of the taxable year. Such written or electronic notification shall include a clearly labeled section or withholding forms and a separate handout with information about the advanced payment of the earned income credit in the six most common languages spoken by individuals in this state.

- (2) The commissioner shall provide information of the availability of earned income advance amounts under this section to tax preparers, accountants and organizations that assist individuals in tax preparation. Such information shall be distributed to qualifying individuals.
- 10 (3) Any increase in tax under this subsection shall not be treated as
 11 tax imposed by this chapter for purposes of determining the amount of
 12 any credit, other than the credit allowed by subsection (d) or (d-1) of
 13 section six hundred six of this article, allowable under this article.
 - § 3. Paragraph 1 of subsection (c-1) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
- 16 17 (1) A resident taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as provided herein 18 equal to the greater of one hundred dollars times the number of qualify-19 ing children of the taxpayer or the applicable percentage of the child 20 tax credit allowed the taxpayer under section twenty-four of the inter-21 nal revenue code for the same taxable year for each qualifying child. Provided, however, in the case of a taxpayer whose federal adjusted gross income exceeds the applicable threshold amount set forth by 23 section 24(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, the credit shall only be 24 25 equal to the applicable percentage of the child tax credit allowed the taxpayer under section 24 of the Internal Revenue Code for each qualify-26 27 ing child. For the purposes of this subsection, a qualifying child shall 28 be a child who meets the definition of qualified child under section 24(c) of the internal revenue code [and is at least four years of age]. 29 The applicable percentage shall be thirty-three percent. For purposes of 30 31 this subsection, any reference to section 24 of the Internal Revenue 32 Code shall be a reference to such section as it existed immediately prior to the enactment of Public Law 115-97. Provided, however, for 34 taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-two and thereafter, for a resident taxpayer with federal adjusted gross income of less than one 35 36 hundred thousand dollars, the applicable percentage shall be the appli-37 cable percentage otherwise computed under this paragraph multiplied by a 38 factor as follows:

39 <u>If federal adjusted gross</u>

40 <u>income is:</u> <u>The factor is:</u>

41 <u>Less than \$10,000</u> <u>2.00</u>

42 At least \$10,000 and less

43 than \$25,000 1.75

44 At least \$25,000 and less

45 <u>than \$50,000</u> <u>1.50</u>

46 At least \$50,000 and less

47 <u>than \$100,000</u> <u>1.25</u>

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

50 PART GG

Section 1. Subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 44 to read as follows:

53 (44) Any income, gain, loss and deduction, to the extent it is 54 included in federal adjusted gross income and is, when combined and

combined with additions for federal depreciation required by paragraph eight of this subsection and subtractions for New York allowed by subsection (k) of this section, less than zero, of an individual or trust from a qualified pass-through manufacturer, as defined in paragraph forty-six of subsection (c) of this section.

- § 2. Paragraph 39 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part Y of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended and a new paragraph 46 is added to read as follows:
- (39) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business who has busi-ness income and/or farm income as defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to three percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business shall mean a sole proprietor or a farm business who employs one or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income or net farm income of less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars. <u>For the</u> purposes of this paragraph, the term small business shall exclude any business that is a qualified pass-through manufacturer, as defined in paragraph forty-six of this subsection for the current tax year.
 - (46) (A) Any income, gain, loss and deduction, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income and is, when combined and combined with additions for federal depreciation required by paragraph eight of this subsection and subtractions for New York allowed by subsection (k) of this section, greater than zero, of an individual or trust from a qualified pass-through manufacturer. Income from a qualified pass-through manufacturer shall include wages of an individual controlling ten percent or more of the qualified business or entity. Income or loss from a qualified pass-through manufacturer shall not include an amount representing reasonable compensation for personal services, as defined in the internal revenue code section one hundred sixty-two regulations, for an individual controlling ten percent or more of the qualified business or entity.
 - (B) The qualified pass-through manufacturer may be organized as a sole proprietorship, a partnership, a limited liability company electing to be treated as a partnership or sole proprietorship, or an S corporation.
 - (C) For the purposes of this subsection, the term qualified pass-through manufacturer shall mean a business that is a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined by subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this chapter, except that the term "gross receipts" shall be replaced by "business receipts" in determining whether the business is "principally engaged" in manufacturing. A qualified pass-through manufacturer shall not include a business that is currently participating in the START-UP NY program.
 - § 3. Paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (B-1) to read as follows:
 - (B-1) Property placed in service during the tax year that is otherwise eliqible for the investment tax credit described in subparagraph (A) of

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this paragraph, will not be eligible for the investment tax credit if the use of the property is by a qualified pass-through manufacturer, as defined in paragraph forty-six of subsection (c) of section six hundred twelve of this article for the current tax year.

- 4. Subdivision 1 of section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph (g) to read as follows:
- (g) Property placed in service during the tax year that is otherwise eligible for the investment tax credit described in this subdivision, will not be eligible for the investment tax credit if the use of the property is by a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (a) of subsection one of section two hundred ten of this article for the current tax year.
- § 5. For purposes of determining the modifications of paragraphs 39 and 46 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law and the investment tax credit disallowance of subparagraph (B-1) of paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law, the amounts shall be multiplied by the following percentages: (a) for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022: thirty-three percent; (b) for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023: sixty-six percent; and (c) for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2024: one hundred percent.
- 21 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

23 PART HH

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 26 of section 210-B of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part RR of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, subparagraph (i) as amended by section 2 of part CCC of chapter 59 the laws of 2021, and clause (B) of subparagraph (ii) as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended and a new paragraph (g) is added to read as follows:

- (a) Application of credit. (i) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten, and before January first, two thousand [twenty-five] thirty-two, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer for the same taxable year with respect to a certified historic structure, and one hundred fifty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure that is a small project, under internal revenue code section 47(c)(3), determined without regard to ratably allocating the credit over a five year period as required by subsection (a) of such section 47, with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five million dollars.
- (ii) (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty five] thirty-two, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer for the same taxable year determined without regard to ratably allocating the credit over a five year period as required by subsection (a) of section 47 of the internal revenue code, with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (c)(3) of section 47 of the internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed

53 one hundred thousand dollars.

(B) If the taxpayer is a partner in a partnership or a shareholder in a New York S corporation, then the credit caps imposed in [subparagraph] clause (A) of this [paragraph] subparagraph shall be applied at the entity level, so that the aggregate credit allowed to all the partners or shareholders of each such entity in the taxable year does not exceed the credit cap that is applicable in that taxable year.

- (g) The commissioner shall report annually, on or before the first day of November, on the aggregate amount of credits claimed and awarded pursuant to this subdivision on returns filed during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall be provided to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the assembly ways and means committee and shall be made publicly available on the department's website.
- § 2. Section 14.05 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation law is amended by adding a new subdivision 5 to read as follows:
- 5. (a) The commissioner shall report annually, on or before the first day of November, on the tax credit projects applied for in accordance with subdivision twenty-six of section two hundred ten-B, subsection (oo) of section six hundred six, and subdivision (y) of section one thousand five hundred eleven of the tax law on returns filed during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall be provided to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the assembly ways and means committee, shall be made publicly available on the office's website, and shall include the following information:
- (i) the number and value of tax credit projects applied for during the state fiscal year, organized by municipality and county, and project size;
- (ii) the number and value of tax credit projects certified by the national park service during the state fiscal year, organized by municipality and county, and project size;
- (iii) the total value of credits certified annually for each of the taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand seven to the present, by municipality and county;
 - (iv) the number of housing units before and after rehabilitation;
 - (v) the number of low-moderate housing units before and after rehabilitation; and
- (vi) the number of projects certified for both federal and state credits, and the number of projects certified for federal credits only.
 - (b) The commissioner shall report annually, on or before the first day of November, on the tax credit projects applied for pursuant to subsection (pp) of section six hundred six of the tax law on returns filed during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall be provided to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the assembly ways and means committee, shall be made publicly available on the office's website, and shall include the following information:
- 48 (i) the number and value of tax credit projects applied for during the
 49 state fiscal year, organized by municipality and county, and project
 50 size;
- 51 <u>(ii) the number and value of tax credit projects certified by</u>
 52 <u>the office during the state fiscal year, organized by municipality and</u>
 53 <u>county, and project size;</u>
- (iii) the total value of credits certified annually for each of the taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand seven to the present, by municipality and county;

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(iv) the number of housing units before and after rehabilitation; and (v) the number of projects certified for state credits by the office.

- § 3. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 of subsection (oo) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part CCC of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended and a new paragraph 7 is added to read as follows:
- 7 (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-8 and before January first, two thousand [twenty-five] 9 thirty-two, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter 10 provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to 11 one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with 12 respect to a certified historic structure, and one hundred fifty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified 13 14 historic structure that is a small project, under internal revenue code 15 section 47(c)(3), determined without regard to ratably allocating the credit over a five year period as required by subsection (a) of such 16 17 section 47, with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five 18 million dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, 19 20 two thousand [twenty-five] thirty-two, a taxpayer shall be allowed a 21 credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, 22 in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the 23 taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under internal 24 revenue code section 47(c)(3), determined without regard to ratably 25 allocating the credit over a five year period as required by subsection 26 of such section 47, with respect to a certified historic structure 27 located within the state; provided, however, the credit shall not exceed 28 one hundred thousand dollars.
 - (7) The commissioner shall report annually, on or before the first day of November, on the aggregate amount of credits claimed and awarded pursuant to this subsection on returns filed during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall be provided to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the assembly ways and means committee and shall be made publicly available on the department's website.
 - § 4. Paragraph 2 of subsection (pp) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part RR of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended and a new paragraph 13 is added to read as follows:
 - (2) (A) With respect to any particular residence of a taxpayer, the credit allowed under paragraph one of this subsection shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [twenty**five** thirty-two and twenty-five thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-five] thirtytwo. In the case of a husband and wife, the amount of the credit shall be divided between them equally or in such other manner as they may both elect. If a taxpayer incurs qualified rehabilitation expenditures in relation to more than one residence in the same year, the total amount credit allowed under paragraph one of this subsection for all such expenditures shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [twenty-five] thirty-two and twenty-five thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-five] thirty-two.
 - (B) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [twenty-five]

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thirty-two, if the amount of credit allowable under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, and the taxpayer's New York adjusted gross income for such year does not exceed sixty thousand dollars, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be 5 credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest 7 shall be paid thereon. If the taxpayer's New York adjusted gross income for such year exceeds sixty thousand dollars, the excess credit that may 9 be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from 10 the taxpayer's tax for such year or years. For taxable years beginning 11 on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-five] thirty-two, if the 12 amount of credit allowable under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess may be carried over to the 13 14 following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for 15 such year or years.

- (13) The commissioner shall report annually, on or before the first day of November, on the aggregate amount of credits claimed and awarded pursuant to this subsection on returns filed during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall be provided to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the assembly ways and means committee and shall be made publicly available on the department's website.
- § 5. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 of subdivision (y) of section 1511 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part CCC of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended and a new paragraph 7 is added to read as follows:
- (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thoubefore January first, two thousand [twenty-five] and thirty-two, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure, and one hundred fifty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure that is a small project, under internal revenue code section 47(c)(3), determined without regard to ratably allocating the credit over a five year period as required by subsection (a) of such section 47, with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five million dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-five] thirty-two, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under internal revenue code section 47(c)(3), determined without regard to ratably allocating the credit over a five year period as required by subsection of such section 47 with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
 - (7) The commissioner shall report annually, on or before the first day of November, on the aggregate amount of credits claimed and awarded pursuant to this subdivision on returns filed during the preceding calendar year. Such report shall be provided to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of the assembly ways and means committee and shall be made publicly available on the department's website.
 - § 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART II 1

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Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 493-a to read as follows:

§ 493-a. Deductions. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-two, and before January first, two thousand twenty-five, the provisions of section 280E of the internal revenue code, relating to expenditures in connection with the illegal sale of drugs, shall not apply for the purposes of this chapter to the carrying on of any trade or business that is commercial cannabis activity by a licensee.

- (b) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions shall 12 apply:
- cannabis activity" includes the cultivation, (1) "Commercial 14 possession, manufacture, distribution, processing, storing, laboratory 15 testing, packaging, labeling, transportation, delivery, or sale of 16 cannabis and cannabis products, or acting as the holder of an adult-use 17 on-site consumption license pursuant to article four of the cannabis
- 19 (2) "Licensee" shall have the same meaning as defined in section three 20 of the cannabis law.
- 21 § 2. This act shall take effect on the same date and in the same 22 manner as section 39 of chapter 92 of the laws of 2021, takes effect, and shall expire January 1, 2025 when upon such date the provisions of 23 this act shall be deemed repealed.

25 PART JJ

26 Section 1. The opening paragraph of subdivision 7 of section 221 of 27 the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as separately amended 28 by chapter 243 and section 1 of part CC of chapter 59 of the laws of 29 2020, is amended to read as follows:

30 In order to pay the costs of the insurance required by this section 31 and by the workers' compensation law and to carry out its other powers and duties and to pay for any of its liabilities under section four-32 33 teen-a of the workers' compensation law, the New York Jockey Injury 34 Compensation Fund, Inc. shall ascertain the total funding necessary and establish the sums that are to be paid by all owners and trainers licensed or required to be licensed under section two hundred twenty of 36 37 this article, to obtain the total funding amount required annually. In order to provide that any sum required to be paid by an owner or trainer 38 39 equitable, the fund shall establish payment schedules that reflect 40 such factors as are appropriate, including where applicable, the geographic location of the racing corporation at which the owner or 41 trainer participates, the duration of such participation, the amount of 42 43 any purse earnings, the number of horses involved, or such other factors 44 as the fund shall determine to be fair, equitable and in the best inter-45 ests of racing. In no event shall the amount deducted from an owner's share of purses exceed two percent; provided, however, [for two thousand twenty and two thousand twenty-one | through calendar year two thousand 47 twenty-five, the New York Jockey Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. may use 48 49 up to two million dollars from the account established pursuant to 50 subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this article to pay the annual costs required by this section and the funds from such account shall not count against the two percent of purses deducted from an 52 owner's share of purses. The amount deducted from an owner's share of

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purses shall not exceed one percent after April first, two thousand twenty-four. In the cases of multiple ownerships and limited racing appearances, the fund shall equitably adjust the sum required.

- § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 2 of part CC of chapter 59 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) The franchised corporation shall maintain a separate account for all funds held on deposit in trust by the corporation for individual horsemen's accounts. Purse funds shall be paid by the corporation as required to meet its purse payment obligations. Funds held in horsemen's accounts shall only be released or applied as requested and directed by the individual horseman. [For two thousand twenty and two thousand twenty ty one] Through calendar year two thousand twenty-five the New York Jockey Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. may use up to two million dollars from the account established pursuant to this subdivision to pay the annual costs required by section two hundred twenty-one of this article.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

18 PART KK

19 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (e) of section 24-a of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part HH of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 21

- (1) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this section, subdivision forty-seven of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (u) of section six hundred six of this chapter in any calendar year shall be [eight] thirteen million dollars. Such aggregate amount of credits shall be allocated by the department of economic development among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the date of filing an application for allocation of musical and theatrical production credit with such department. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for in any particular year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this section, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the subsequent year.
- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that 33 34 the amendments to section 24-a of the tax law made by section one of 35 this act shall not affect the expiration and repeal of such section and shall be deemed to expire and repeal therewith.

37 PART LL

38 Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 1115 of the tax law is amended 39 by adding a new paragraph 47 to read as follows:

(47) The receipts from the first thirty-five thousand dollars of the retail sale or lease of a new or used battery, electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicle. For purposes of this paragraph the term "battery, electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle, as defined in section one hundred twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic law, that:

(i) has four wheels;

- (ii) was manufactured for use primarily on public streets, roads and 48 highways;
- 49 (iii) the powertrain of which has not been modified from the original 50 manufacturer's specifications;
- 51 (iv) is rated at not more than eight thousand five hundred pounds 52 gross vehicle weight;

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(v) has a maximum speed capability of at least fifty-five miles per 1 2

- (vi) is propelled at least in part by an electronic motor and associated power electronics which provide acceleration torque to the drive wheels sometime during normal vehicle operation, and that draws electricity from a battery that:
 - (A) has a capacity of not less than four kilowatt hours; and
- (B) is capable of being recharged from an external source of electricity.
- 10 § 2. Section 1160 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-11 sion (d) to read as follows:
 - (d) The new or used battery, electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicles exemption provided for in paragraph forty-seven of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter shall not apply to or limit the imposition of the tax imposed pursuant to this article.
- § 3. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 1210 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part J of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 18
 - (ii) Any local law, ordinance or resolution enacted by any city, county or school district, imposing the taxes authorized by this subdivision, shall omit the residential solar energy systems equipment and electricity exemption provided for in subdivision (ee), the commercial solar energy systems equipment and electricity exemption provided for in subdivision (ii), the commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and electricity generated by such equipment exemption provided for in subdivision (kk) and the clothing and footwear exemption provided for in paragraph thirty of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter, and the battery, electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicle exemption provided for in paragraph forty-seven of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter unless such city, county or school district elects otherwise as to such residential solar energy systems equipment and electricity exemption, such commercial solar energy systems equipment and electricity exemption, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and electricity generated by such equipment exemption or such clothing and footwear exemption or such battery, electric, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicle exemption provided for in paragraph forty-seven of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter.
- 39 § 4. This act shall take effect on the first day of a sales tax quar-40 terly period, as described in subdivision (b) of section 1136 of the tax law, next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law and 41 shall apply to sales made on or after such date; provided, however, this 42 43 act shall expire and be deemed repealed April 1, 2027.

44 PART MM

- 45 Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as 46 the "savings accounts for a variable economy (SAVE) for small businesses 47 act".
- § 2. 48 The tax law is amended by adding a new section 45 to read as 49 follows:
- 50 § 45. Small business savings accounts. (a) General. (1) The commis-51 sioner shall establish a program to administer small business savings 52 accounts under this section.
- 53 (2) The commissioner shall establish minimum standards for small busi-54 ness savings accounts and shall establish accounts, or enter into agree-

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ments that meet these standards to administer such accounts. In establishing such standards and making such agreements the commissioner 3 shall, to the extent practicable, seek to minimize fees, minimize risk 4 of loss of principal, and ensure a range of investment risk options 5 available to account beneficiaries. Any eligible small business may 6 establish a small business savings account with respect to such business 7 under terms which meet the requirements of this section.

- (b) Definition. For the purposes of this section, the term "small business savings account" means a tax preferred savings account which is designated at the time of establishment of the plan as a small business savings account. Such designation shall be made in such manner as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe.
- (c) Contributions. (1) There shall be allowed as a deduction an amount 14 equal to the contributions to a small business savings account for the 15 taxable year.
- (2) The aggregate amount of contributions for any taxable year to all 16 17 small business savings accounts maintained for the benefit of an eligible small business shall not exceed an amount equal to ten percent of 18 the entire net income of greater than zero but less than two hundred 19 20 fifty thousand dollars for article nine-A taxpayers and ten percent of 21 the New York source gross income of greater than zero but less than two 22 hundred fifty thousand dollars for a limited liability company, partner-23 ship, or New York S corporation.
 - (d) Distributions. (1) Any qualified distribution from a small business savings account shall not be includible in gross income.
 - (2) Any amounts distributed out of a small business savings account that are not qualified distributions shall be included in gross income for the taxable year of the distribution.
 - (3) For purposes of this section:
 - (A) The term "qualified distribution" means any amount:
 - (i) distributed from a small business savings account during a specified period of economic hardship; and
 - (ii) the distribution of which is certified by the taxpayer as part of plan which provides for the reinvestment of such distribution for the funding of worker hiring or financial stabilization for the purposes of job retention or creation.
 - (B) The term "specified period of economic hardship" means:
 - (i) any one-year period beginning immediately after the end of any two consecutive quarters during which the annual rate of real gross domestic product (as determined by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce) decreases, or
 - (ii) any period, in no event shorter than one year, specified by the commissioner for purposes of this section.
 - (C) The commissioner may specify a period under clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph with respect to a specified area in the case of an area determined by the governor to warrant assistance from the Federal Government under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.
- (D) The commissioner shall, for each specified period of economic 49 hardship establish a distribution limitation for qualified distributions 50 51 from eligible small business accounts with respect to such period. The 52 aggregate qualified distributions for any such period from all accounts with respect to an eligible small business shall not exceed such limita-53 54 tion.

(E) Any distribution not used in the manner certified under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be treated as a distribution other than a qualified distribution in the taxable year of such distribution.

- (F) Any amount contributed to a small business savings account (and any earnings attributable thereto), once distributed, shall not be treated as a qualified distribution unless such distribution is made not later than eight years after the date of such contribution. For purposes of this subparagraph, amounts (and the earnings attributable thereto) shall be treated as distributed on a first-in first-out basis.
 - (e) Eligible small business. For purposes of this section:
- (1) The term "eligible small business" means, with respect to any calendar year, any person if the annual average number of full-time employees employed by such person during the preceding calendar year was twenty-five or fewer and such person has an annual net income of less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars. For purposes of this paragraph, a preceding calendar year may be taken into account only if the person was in existence throughout the year.
- (2)(A) The term "full-time employee" means, with respect to any year, an employee who is employed on average at least forty hours of service per week.
- (B) The commissioner shall prescribe such regulations, rules, and guidance as may be necessary to determine the hours of service of an employee, including rules for the application of this subdivision to employees who are not compensated on an hourly basis.
- (f) Effect of pledging account as security. If, during any taxable year of the eligible small business for whose benefit an account is established, the account or any portion thereof is pledged as security for a loan, the portion so pledged shall be treated as distributed in a distribution other than a qualified distribution.
- (g) Annual report. The commissioner shall prepare and deliver an annual report on the efficacy of small business savings accounts to the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, an evaluation as to whether small business savings accounts contribute to financial stabilization of the small business during times of economic hardship, job retention or creation.
- § 3. Section 209 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 18 13 to read as follows:
- 13. For any taxable year beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-one, any eligible small business, as such term is defined pursuant to section forty-five of this chapter, shall be exempt from all taxes imposed pursuant to this article for any contribution to and qualified distribution from a small business savings account estab-lished pursuant to section forty-five of this chapter, subject to the limits set forth in such section. If a taxpayer files for and receives an exemption from the tax imposed under this section pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision and the funds withdrawn, or any portion thereof, are not expended for a qualifying purpose as set forth in section forty-five of this chapter, then the amount of such exemption claimed by the taxpayer shall be added back to tax in the next succeed-ing taxable year or in the year in which the exemption is disallowed.
- § 4. Subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 46 to read as follows:
- 54 (46) Any qualified contribution to and any qualified distribution from 55 a small business savings account established pursuant to section forty-56 five of this chapter. If a taxpayer files for and receives an exemption

from the tax imposed under this section pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph and are not a qualifying contribution or distribution as set forth in section forty-five of this chapter, then the amount of any such exemption claimed by the taxpayer shall be added back to tax in the next succeeding taxable year.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

8 PART NN

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9 Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 10 subsection (g-3) to read as follows:

(g-3) Geothermal energy systems credit. (1) General. An individual taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article equal to twenty-five percent of qualified geothermal energy system expenditures, except as provided in subparagraph (D) of paragraph two of this subsection. This credit shall not exceed five thousand dollars for a qualified geothermal energy system placed in service on or after September first, two thousand twenty-one.

- 18 (2) Qualified geothermal energy systems expenditures. (A) The term
 19 "qualified geothermal energy system expenditures" means expenditures
 20 for:
- 21 (i) the purchase of geothermal energy system equipment which is 22 installed in connection with residential property which is (I) located 23 in this state and (II) which is used by the taxpayer as his or her prin-24 cipal residence at the time the geothermal energy system equipment is 25 placed in service;
 - (ii) the lease of geothermal energy system equipment under a written agreement that spans at least ten years where such equipment owned by a person other than the taxpayer is installed in connection with residential property which is (I) located in this state and (II) which is used by the taxpayer as his or her principal residence at the time the geothermal energy system equipment is placed in service; or
 - (iii) the purchase of power under a written agreement that spans at least ten years whereunder the power purchased is generated by geothermal energy system equipment owned by a person other than the taxpayer which is installed in connection with residential property which is (I) located in this state and (II) used by the taxpayer as his or her principal residence at the time the geothermal energy system equipment is placed in service.
 - (B) Such qualified expenditures shall include expenditures for materials, labor costs properly allocable to on-site preparation, assembly and original installation, architectural and engineering services, and designs and plans directly related to the construction or installation of the qeothermal energy system equipment.
 - (C) Such qualified expenditures for the purchase of geothermal energy system equipment shall not include interest or other finance charges.
- 46 (D) Such qualified expenditures for the lease of geothermal energy 47 system equipment or the purchase of power under an agreement described in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall 48 include an amount equal to all payments made during the taxable year 49 50 under such agreement. Provided, however, such credits shall only be allowed for fourteen years after the first taxable year in which such 51 52 credit is allowed. Provided further, however, the twenty-five percent 53 limitation in paragraph one of this subsection shall only apply to the 54 total aggregate amount of all payments to be made pursuant to an agree-

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ment referenced in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, and shall not apply to individual payments made during a taxable year under such agreement except to the extent such limitation on an aggregate basis has been reached.

- (3) Geothermal energy system equipment. The term "geothermal energy system equipment" shall mean a system whose original use begins with the taxpayer; which meets the eligibility criteria, if any, prescribed by the department; and which is a ground coupled solar thermal system that utilizes the solar thermal energy stored in the ground or in bodies of water to produce heat, and which is commonly known as or referred to as a ground source heat pump system.
- (4) Multiple taxpayers. Where geothermal energy system equipment is purchased and installed in a principal residence shared by two or more taxpayers, the amount of the credit allowable under this subsection for each such taxpayer shall be prorated according to the percentage of the total expenditure for such geothermal energy system equipment contributed by each taxpayer.
- (5) Proportionate share. Where geothermal energy system equipment is purchased and installed by a condominium management association or a cooperative housing corporation, a taxpayer who is a member of the condominium management association or who is a tenant-stockholder in the cooperative housing corporation may for the purpose of this subsection claim a proportionate share of the total expense as the expenditure for the purposes of the credit attributable to his principal residence.
- (6) Grants. For purposes of determining the amount of the expenditure incurred in purchasing and installing geothermal energy system equipment, the amount of any federal, state or local grant received by the taxpayer, which was used for the purchase and/or installation of such equipment and which was not included in the federal gross income of the taxpayer, shall not be included in the amount of such expenditures.
- (7) When credit allowed. The credit provided for herein shall be allowed with respect to the taxable year, commencing after two thousand twenty-two, in which the geothermal energy system equipment is placed in service.
- (8) Carryover of credit. If the amount of the credit, and carryovers of such credit, allowable under this subsection for any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, such excess amount may be carried over to the five taxable years next following the taxable year with respect to which the credit is allowed and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.
- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 41 42 years commencing on and after January 1, 2022.

43 PART OO

44 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 of section 189 of the state 45 finance law, as amended by section 8 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws 46 of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

(a) This section shall apply to claims, records, [ex] statements, and obligations made under the tax law only if (i) the net income or sales of the person against whom the action is brought equals or exceeds one million dollars for any taxable year subject to any action brought pursuant to this article; and (ii) the damages pleaded in such action 52 exceed three hundred [and] fifty thousand dollars[+ and (iii) the person 53 is alleged to have violated paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or 54 (g) of subdivision one of this section; provided, however, that nothing

in this subparagraph shall be deemed to modify or restrict 2 tion of such paragraphs to any act alleged that relates to a violation of the tax law].

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to all 4 false claims, records, statements and obligations concealed, avoided or decreased on, prior to, or after such effective date.

7 PART PP

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8 Section 1. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 1115 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part SS of chap-10 ter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(B) Until May thirty first, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-five, the food and drink excluded from the exemption provided by clauses (i), (ii) 13 and (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, and bottled water, shall be exempt under this subparagraph when sold for [ene dellar] two 15 dollars and fifty cents or less through any vending machine that accepts coin or currency only or when sold for two dollars and fifty cents or 16 less through any vending machine that accepts any form of payment other than coin or currency, whether or not it also accepts coin or currency. 18

19 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

20 PART QQ

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 536 of the real 21 property tax law, as amended by section 4 of part CC of chapter 58 of 22 23 the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

24 (e) Lands owned by the state, within the core preservation area of the 25 Central Pine Barrens area as described and bounded by subdivision eleven 26 of section 57-0107 of the environmental conservation law, situate in the 27 following school districts:

28	County	School District	Town
29 30	Suffolk	Rocky Point Union Free school district	Brookhaven
31		[Eastport Union Free school]	Brookhaven
32		[district] <u>Eastport-South</u>	Southampton
33		Manor Central school	
34		<u>district</u>	
35		Longwood Central school	Brookhaven
36		district	
37		Riverhead Central school	Brookhaven
38		district	Riverhead
39			Southampton
40		Hampton Bays Union Free	Southampton
41		school district	
42		Shoreham-Wading River	Brookhaven
43		Central school	Riverhead
44		district	

45 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

46 PART RR

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Section 1. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as amended by section 1 of part B of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows: 3 (ii) The term "income" as used herein shall mean the "adjusted gross 5 income" for federal income tax purposes as reported on the applicant's federal or state income tax return for the applicable income tax year, 7 subject to any subsequent amendments or revisions, reduced by distributions, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, 9 received from an individual retirement account and an individual retire-10 ment annuity, and for other pensions and annuities, as such term is defined in paragraph three-a of subsection (c) of section six hundred 11 12 twelve of the tax law, received by an individual who has attained the age of fifty-nine and one-half years, but not in excess of twenty thou-13 14 sand dollars; provided that if no such return was filed for the applica-15 ble income tax year, "income" shall mean the adjusted gross income that 16 would have been so reported if such a return had been filed. Provided further, that effective with exemption applications for final assessment 17 rolls to be completed in two thousand nineteen, where an income-eligi-18 19 bility determination is wholly or partly based upon the income of one or 20 more individuals who did not file a return for the applicable income tax 21 year, then in order for the application to be considered complete, each such individual must file a statement with the department showing the 23 source or sources of his or her income for that income tax year, and the amount or amounts thereof, that would have been reported on such a 24 return if one had been filed. Such statement shall be filed at 25 26 time, and in such form and manner, as may be prescribed by the depart-27 ment, and shall be subject to the secrecy provisions of the tax law to 28 the same extent that a personal income tax return would be. The depart-29 ment shall make such forms and instructions available for the filing of such statements. The local assessor shall upon the request of a taxpayer 30 31 assist such taxpayer in the filing of the statement with the department. 32 § 2. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (eee) of section 33 of the tax law, as amended by section 10 of part B of chapter 59 of 34

the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows: (B) "Affiliated income" shall mean for purposes of the basic STAR the combined income of all of the owners of the parcel who credit, resided primarily thereon as of December thirty-first of the taxable year, and of any owners' spouses residing primarily thereon as of such date, and for purposes of the enhanced STAR credit, the combined income all of the owners of the parcel as of December thirty-first of the taxable year, and of any owners' spouses residing primarily thereon as such date; provided that for both purposes the income to be so combined shall be the "adjusted gross income" for the taxable year reported for federal income tax purposes, or that would be reported as adjusted gross income if a federal income tax return were required to be filed, reduced by distributions, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, received from an individual retirement account and an individual retirement annuity, and for other pensions and annuities, as such term is defined in paragraph three-a of subsection (c) of section six hundred twelve of this article, received by an individual who has attained the age of fifty-nine and one-half years, not in excess of twenty thousand dollars. For taxable years beginning on and after January first, two thousand nineteen, where an income-eligibility determination is wholly or partly based upon the income of one or more individuals who did not file a return pursuant to section six hundred

fifty-one of this article for the applicable income tax year, then in

order to be eligible for the credit authorized by this subsection, each such individual must file a statement with the department showing the source or sources of his or her income for that income tax year, and the amount or amounts thereof, that would have been reported on such a return if one had been filed. Such statement shall be filed at such 5 time, and in such form and manner, as may be prescribed by the depart-7 ment, and shall be subject to the provisions of section six hundred ninety-seven of this article to the same extent that a return would be. 9 The department shall make such forms and instructions available for the 10 filing of such statements. The local assessor shall upon the request of 11 a taxpayer assist such taxpayer in the filing of the statement with the 12 department. Provided further, that if the qualified taxpayer was an owner of the property during the taxable year but did not own it on 13 14 December thirty-first of the taxable year, then the determination as to 15 whether the income of an individual should be included in "affiliated 16 shall be based upon the ownership and/or residency status of 17 that individual as of the first day of the month during which the qualified taxpayer ceased to be an owner of the property, rather than as of 18 December thirty-first of the taxable year. 19

20 3. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-21 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.

22 PART SS

Section 1. Article 4 of the real property tax law is amended by adding 23 24 a new title 6 to read as follows:

TITLE 6

CHILDCARE CENTER TAX ABATEMENT FOR CERTAIN PROPERTIES IN A CITY HAVING A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE

28 Section 499-aaaaa. Definitions.

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499-bbbbb. Real property tax abatement.

499-cccc. Application for tax abatement.

499-ddddd. Continuing requirements.

499-eeeee. Revocation of tax abatement.

499-fffff. Enforcement and administration.

- § 499-aaaaa. Definitions. When used in this title, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- 1. "Abatement period" means the tax year or tax years in which the abatement is applied by the department of finance to the real property tax liability of an eligible building, provided that such abatement shall not be applied to the real property tax liability of such building during more than five tax years.
- 2. "Applicant" means an owner who files an application for tax abatement.
- 3. "Application for tax abatement" means an application for a child-44 care center tax abatement pursuant to section four hundred ninety-nine-45 ccccc of this title.
 - 4. "Childcare center" means a child care program for which a permit to operate such program has been issued by the department of health and mental hygiene pursuant to the health code of the city.
- 5. "Childcare desert" means a census tract in a city having a popu-50 lation of one million or more where, at the time of an application for tax abatement, there are three or more children under five years of age 51 52 <u>for each available childcare slot, or where there are no available</u> 53 childcare slots, as determined by the office of children and family 54 <u>services.</u>

- 6. "City" means a city with a population of a million or more.
- 7. "Cost-reasonable" means having a cost that, in its nature and amount, does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person under the circumstances prevailing at the time the decision was made to incur such cost.
- 8. "Department of finance" means the department of finance of a city having a population of one million or more.
- 8 9. "Department of health and mental hygiene" means the department of
 9 health and mental hygiene of a city having a population of one million
 10 or more.
- 10. "Designated agency" means an agency of a city having a population of one million or more that is designated by the mayor of such city to exercise the functions, powers and duties of a designated agency pursuant to this title.
 - 11. "Eligible building" shall mean a class one, class two or class four property, as such classes of property are defined in subdivision one of section eighteen hundred two of this chapter, located within a city having a population of one million or more, provided that, for any such property held in the condominium form of ownership, "eligible building" shall mean a tax lot in such property.
 - 12. "Owner" means the owner of an eligible building, or with respect to an eligible building held in the cooperative form of ownership, the board of directors of a cooperative apartment corporation, or, with respect to an eligible building held in the condominium form of ownership, an owner of a tax lot in such building or the board of managers of such building.
 - 13. "Premises" means the location of a childcare center as specified on the permit for the operation of such center issued by the department of health and mental hygiene pursuant to the health code of the city.
 - § 499-bbbbb. Real property tax abatement. 1. The department of finance shall provide an abatement of real property taxes pursuant to this section to an eligible building in which construction, conversion, alteration or improvement that is completed on or after April first, two thousand twenty-two has resulted in the creation of a premises of a childcare center or in an increase in the maximum number of children allowed on the premises of an existing childcare center when such center is in operation, as such number is specified in the permit issued by the department of health and mental hygiene to operate such center. The department of finance may only grant one such abatement to any eligible building.
 - 2. (a) Beginning in the tax year commencing on or after July first, two thousand twenty-three, the amount of such tax abatement provided to an eligible building described in subdivision one of this section shall be equal to the costs incurred in the construction, conversion, alteration or improvement that has resulted in the creation of a premises of a childcare center or in an increase in the maximum number of children allowed on the premises of an existing childcare center, provided that such costs are certified in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision two of section four hundred ninety-nine-cccc of this title, and provided further that, during the abatement period, the amount of such abatement shall not exceed thirty-five dollars for each square foot of the premises, nor exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- (i) For any tax year, such abatement shall not exceed seven dollars
 for each square foot of the premises, provided that such amount may be
 reduced as a result of an allocation of available funds for such abatement pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision; and provided,

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further, that the amount of such tax abatement in any tax year shall not 1 2 exceed the lesser of (A) twenty thousand dollars or (B) the real property tax liability for the eligible building in the tax year in which such 3 4 tax abatement is taken.

- (ii) To the extent the amount of such tax abatement exceeds the lesser of (A) twenty thousand dollars or (B) the real property tax liability of the eligible building in any tax year, any amount of such tax abatement that remains may be applied to the real property tax liability of such building in succeeding tax years, provided that such abatement must be applied to the real property tax liability of such building in one or more of the four tax years succeeding the tax year in which such tax abatement was initially taken.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subdivision, an enhanced tax 13 14 abatement shall be provided to an eligible building described in subdi-15 vision one of this section that is located within a childcare desert as 16 described in this title and in any rules promulgated hereunder. Begin-17 ning in the tax year commencing on or after July first, two thousand twenty-three, the amount of such enhanced tax abatement shall be equal 18 to the costs incurred in the construction, conversion, alteration or 19 20 improvement that has resulted in the creation of a premises of a childcare center or in an increase in the maximum number of children allowed 21 22 on the premises of an existing childcare center, provided that such costs are certified in accordance with paragraph (d) of subdivision two 23 of section four hundred ninety-nine-cccc of this title, and provided 24 25 further that, during the abatement period, the amount of such abatement shall not exceed seventy-five dollars for each square foot of the prem-26 27 ises nor exceed two hundred twenty-five thousand dollars.
 - (i) For any tax year, such abatement shall not exceed fifteen dollars for each square foot of the premises, provided that such amount may be reduced as a result of an allocation of available funds for such abatement pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subdivision; and provided further that the amount of such enhanced tax abatement in any tax year shall not exceed the lesser of (A) forty-five thousand dollars or (B) the real property tax liability for the eligible building in the tax year in which such tax abatement is taken.
 - (ii) To the extent the amount of such enhanced tax abatement exceeds the lesser of (A) forty-five thousand dollars or the (B) real property tax liability of the eliqible building in any tax year, any amount of such tax abatement that remains may be applied to the real property tax liability of such building in succeeding tax years, provided that such abatement shall be applied to the real property tax liability of such building in one or more of the four tax years succeeding the tax year in which the tax abatement was initially taken.
 - (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, the aggregate amount of tax abatements authorized pursuant to this section for any tax year shall be a maximum of twenty-five million dollars. No tax abatements shall be authorized pursuant to this section for any tax year commencing on or after July first, two thousand thirty.
- (d) Such aggregate amount of tax abatements, including the tax abatement described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision and the enhanced tax abatement described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, shall be allocated by the department of finance on a pro rata basis among applicants whose applications have been approved by the designated agency. If such allocation is not made prior to the date that the real property tax bill, statement of account or other similar bill or statement is prepared, the department of finance shall, as necessary, after such 56

allocation is made, submit an amended real property tax bill, statement of account or other similar bill or statement to any applicant whose abatement requires adjustment to reflect such allocation. Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to affect the obligation of any taxpayer under applicable law with respect to the payment of any installment of real property tax for the fiscal year as to which such allocation is made, which was due and payable prior to the date such amended real property tax bills are sent, and the department of finance shall be authorized to determine the date on which any such amended bills be sent and the installments of real property tax be reflected therein.

- (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any abatement granted to an eligible building pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any other abatement or exemption granted to such building, provided that any abatement granted under this section shall be applied after any other abatement or exemption granted to such building, and provided further that the application of this abatement after any other such exemption or abatement shall not exceed the real property tax liability due on such eligible property.
- 3. Such abatement shall commence on the first of July following the approval of an application for abatement by the designated agency.
- 4. If, as a result of application to the tax commission or a court order or action by the department of finance, the billable assessed value of the eligible building for the fiscal year in which the tax abatement is taken is reduced after the assessment roll becomes final, the department of finance shall recalculate such abatement so that the abatement granted shall not exceed the annual tax liability of such building as so reduced. The amount equal to the difference between the initial abatement granted by the department and the abatement as so recalculated shall be deducted from any refund otherwise payable or remission otherwise due as a result of such reduction in billable assessed value.
- § 499-cccc. Application for tax abatement. 1. To obtain a tax abatement authorized by this title, an application for tax abatement shall be filed with a designated agency no later than the fifteenth of March before the tax year, commencing on the first of July, for which the tax abatement authorized by this title is sought, provided, however, that such application for tax abatement shall not be filed later than March fifteenth, two thousand twenty-five.
 - 2. Such application shall contain the following:
- (a) The name, address and electronic mail address of the applicant and the location of the eligible building.
- (b) Proof that all required permits and other approvals, as further designated by rule, to construct, convert, alter or improve the premises of the childcare center in the eligible building described in subdivision one of section four hundred ninety-nine-bbbbb of this title were obtained.
- (c) Proof that the applicant has entered into a lease or other agreement with a person to operate a childcare center in the eligible building described in subdivision one of section four hundred ninety-nine-bbbbb of this title, or a copy of the new or amended permit issued to such childcare center by the department of health and mental hygiene for such operation.
- 53 <u>(d) Determinations that have been certified, in a form prescribed by</u>
 54 <u>the designated agency, by an engineer, architect, or certified public</u>
 55 <u>accountant, licensed and registered pursuant to the education law, or by</u>

1 <u>another certified or licensed professional in the field of business or</u> 2 <u>design, as further designated by rule, as follows:</u>

- (i) The area, in square feet, of the premises of the childcare center in the eligible building described in subdivision one of section four hundred ninety-nine-bbbb of this title;
- (ii) The costs incurred in the construction, conversion, alteration or improvement that has resulted in the creation of a premises of a child-care center in such building; or, for construction, conversion, alteration or improvement resulting in an increase in the maximum number of children allowed on the premises of an existing childcare center in such building, such costs that were necessary to increase the maximum number of children allowed on such premises; and
- (iii) The reasonableness of the costs to construct, convert, alter or improve the premises of the childcare center in the eligible building described in subdivision one of section four hundred ninety-nine-bbbb of this title, which requires finding that such costs were cost-reasonable and comparable to the cost of constructing, converting, altering or improving a premises of a childcare center pursuant to the health code of the city in a similar eligible building.
- (e) Any other information or certifications required by a designated agency pursuant to this title and the rules promulgated under this title.
- 3. An application for tax abatement shall be in any format prescribed by a designated agency, including electronic form.
- 4. An application for tax abatement shall be approved by a designated agency upon determining that the applicant has submitted proof acceptable to such agency that the requirements for obtaining such tax abatement have been satisfied. The burden of proof shall be on the applicant to show by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements for granting such tax abatement have been satisfied.
- 5. Upon receipt of notification from a designated agency that an application for tax abatement has been approved, the department of finance shall apply such tax abatement to the real property tax liability of the eligible building for the tax year for which the abatement was sought, provided that there are no outstanding real property taxes, water and sewer charges, payments in lieu of taxes or other municipal charges with respect to the eligible building.
- § 499-ddddd. Continuing requirements. Granting of the tax abatement authorized by this title shall require that an owner whose application for tax abatement has been approved:
- 1. Complies with all applicable provisions of law, including but not limited to, the local health, building and fire codes; and
- 2. Does not have real property taxes, water and sewer charges,
 44 payments in lieu of taxes or other municipal charges with respect to an
 45 eligible building due and owing during the abatement period for a period
 46 of six months or more.
 - § 499-eeee. Revocation of tax abatement. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the department of finance shall revoke, in whole or in part, any tax abatement granted pursuant to this title whenever a designated agency has determined and notified such department that:
- 52 (a) The childcare center in the eligible building of the owner whose
 53 application for tax abatement has been approved has ceased operation as
 54 a childcare center for a period exceeding one hundred eighty days of the
 55 abatement period, except when such childcare center ceases operation due
 56 to an act or event beyond the control and without any fault or negli-

gence of the childcare center or of the owner of the eligible building in which such childcare center operates, which shall include, but is not limited to, fire, flood, earthquake, storm or other natural disaster, civil commotion, war, terrorism, riot, and labor disputes not brought about by any act or omission of such childcare center or such owner;

- (b) An application, certification, report or other document submitted by the owner whose application for tax abatement has been approved contains a false or misleading statement as to a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statement therein not false or misleading.
- 2. The department of finance may revoke, in whole or in part, any tax abatement granted pursuant to this title whenever it has determined that an owner whose application for tax abatement has been approved has outstanding real property taxes, water and sewer charges, payments in lieu of taxes or other municipal charges that have been due and owing during the abatement period for a period of six months or more.
- 3. Upon a determination by a designated agency, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, that the childcare center in the eligible building of the owner whose application for tax abatement has been approved has ceased operation as a childcare center for a period exceeding one hundred eighty days of the abatement period, such agency shall notify the department of finance of such determination no later than the ninetieth day after such determination was reached.
- 4. An owner whose application for tax abatement has been approved, and for whom such tax abatement has been revoked due to a false or misleading statement, or an omission, pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section, shall pay, with interest, such part of any tax abatement received pursuant to this title that represents the period of non-compliance as determined by the designated agency or the department of finance, as the case may be.
- § 499-fffff. Enforcement and administration. 1. The department of finance shall have, in addition to any other functions, powers and duties conferred on it by law, the following functions, powers and duties to be exercised in accordance with this title:
- (a) To apply the tax abatement authorized by this title to the real property tax liability of an eligible building;
 - (b) To revoke all or part of any such tax abatement;
- (c) To promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this title, including, but not limited to, requiring, notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, that any submission be made in electronic form; and
- 42 <u>(d) Any other function, power or duty necessarily implied by this</u>
 43 <u>title.</u>
 - 2. A designated agency shall have, in addition to any other functions, powers and duties conferred on it by law, the following functions, powers and duties to be exercised in accordance with this title:
 - (a) To accept, review, approve and deny applications for tax abatement;
 - (b) To promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this title, including, but not limited to, requiring, notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, that any submission be made in electronic form;
 - (c) To make the determinations provided for in this title; and
- 53 <u>(d) Any other function, power or duty necessarily implied by this</u> 54 <u>title.</u>
- 55 <u>3. If a designated agency determines that an architect, engineer,</u>
 56 <u>certified public accountant, or other certified or licensed professional</u>

- 1 in the field of business or design whom such agency designates by rule,
- 2 <u>in making any certification under this title</u> or any rule promulgated
- 3 hereunder, engaged in professional misconduct, such agency shall so
- 4 <u>inform the education department or other appropriate certifying or</u> 5 <u>licensing authority.</u>
- 6 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall apply to tax 7 years beginning on and after July 1, 2023.

8 PART TT

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- 9 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (f) of section 1310 of the tax 10 law, as added by section 2 of part V of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004, 11 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any 13 city having a population of one million or more, acting through its local legislative body, is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and 14 15 amend local laws granting in any such city, for taxable years beginning after two thousand three, a credit against the city personal income tax 16 17 equal to five percent of the earned income credit allowed under section 18 thirty-two of the internal revenue code for the same taxable year, and, 19 for taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-one, a credit 20 against the city personal income tax equal to a percentage, determined pursuant to subparagraphs (A) through (I) of this paragraph, of the 21 earned income credit allowed under section thirty-two of the internal 22 revenue code for the same taxable year. For purposes of this paragraph, 23 24 "adjusted gross income" means New York adjusted gross income as deter-25 mined pursuant to article twenty-two of this chapter. The percentage 26 shall be:
 - (A) thirty percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than five thousand dollars;
 - (B) thirty percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of forty-nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than five thousand dollars and less than seventy-five hundred dollars;
 - (C) twenty-five percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than seventy-five hundred dollars and less than fifteen thousand dollars;
 - (D) twenty-five percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of fourteen thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than fifteen thousand dollars and less than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars;
 - (E) twenty percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars and less than twenty thousand dollars;
- 47 (F) twenty percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percent48 age point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income
 49 for such taxable year in excess of nineteen thousand nine hundred nine50 ty-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such
 51 taxable year is equal to or greater than twenty thousand dollars and
 52 less than twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars;

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(G) fifteen percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars and less than forty thousand dollars;

- (H) fifteen percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of thirty-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than forty thousand dollars and less than forty-two thousand five hundred dollars; and
- (I) ten percent where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than forty-two thousand five hundred 12 dollars.
 - § 2. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (d) of section 11-1706 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by local law number 39 for the year 2004, is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) For taxable years beginning after two thousand three, a credit against the city personal income tax shall be allowed, equal to five percent of the earned income credit allowed under section thirty-two of the internal revenue code for the same taxable year, and, for taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-one, a credit against the city personal income tax shall be allowed, equal to a percentage determined pursuant to subparagraphs (A) through (I) of this paragraph, of the earned income credit allowed under section thirty-two of the internal revenue code for the same taxable year. For purposes of this paragraph, "adjusted gross income" means New York adjusted gross income as determined pursuant to article twenty-two of the tax law. The percentage shall be:
 - (A) thirty percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is less than five thousand dollars;
 - (B) thirty percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of forty-nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than five thousand dollars and less than seventy-five hundred dollars;
 - (C) twenty-five percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than seventy-five hundred dollars and less than fifteen thousand dollars;
 - (D) twenty-five percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of fourteen thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than fifteen thousand dollars and less than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars;
 - (E) twenty percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars and less than twenty thousand dollars;
- (F) twenty percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of nineteen thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such 52 taxable year is equal to or greater than twenty thousand dollars and 53 less than twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars;
- 54 (G) fifteen percent, where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for 55 such taxable year is equal to or greater than twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars and less than forty thousand dollars; 56

(H) fifteen percent reduced by the product of two-tenths of a percentage point (0.002) and the amount of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year in excess of thirty-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars, where such taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than forty thousand dollars and less than forty-two thousand five hundred dollars; and

- (I) ten percent where the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for such taxable year is equal to or greater than forty-two thousand five hundred dollars.
- 10 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall apply to taxa-11 ble years beginning on and after January 1, 2022.

12 PART UU

- 13 Section 1. The administrative code of the city of New York is amended 14 by adding a new section 11-144 to read as follows:
- 15 <u>§ 11-144 Child care credit against certain business income taxes. a.</u>
 16 <u>Definitions. For purposes of this section:</u>
- 17 1. Child care program. The term "child care program" means a child
 18 care program for which a permit to operate such program has been issued
 19 by the department of health and mental hygiene pursuant to article
 20 forty-seven of the health code.
 - 2. Child care rate. The term "child care rate" means the weekly child care subsidy market rates, based on the sixty-ninth percentile of the 2017-18 New York state child care market rate survey, for infant and toddler care provided by a permitted day care center in county cluster five, as reflected in the 2019 child care market rate survey report published by the New York state office of children and family services in compliance with section 98.45 of title forty-five of the code of federal regulations, provided that the department of finance may, by rule, revise such rates based on subsequent editions of the child care market rate survey report, as published by such office, or any other similar report published by such office in compliance with such section.
 - 3. Child care seats. The term "child care seats" means the maximum number of children to be allowed on the premises of a child care program at any time that such program is in operation as specified on the permit issued for such program by the department of health and mental hygiene.
 - 4. Child care seats that are occupied. The term "child care seats that are occupied" means, for each service year in which a child care program is in operation, the average daily number of children in attendance on the premises of such child care program.
 - 5. Creates child care. The term "creates child care" means the making available of child care seats in a child care program by a taxpayer, directly or through a third party, for employees of such taxpayer, where such child care program was not available prior to April first, two thousand twenty-two, provided that the costs imposed on such employees for such child care program do not exceed forty percent of the child care rate.
 - 6. Expands child care. The term "expands child care" means the increase in the number of child care seats in a child care program made available by a taxpayer, directly or through a third party, for employees of such taxpayer, provided that such increase requires a new or amended permit issued by the department of health and mental hygiene pursuant to article forty-seven of the health code on or after April first, two thousand twenty-two, and, provided, further, that the costs

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imposed on such employees for such child care program do not exceed 1 forty percent of the child care rate. 2

- 7. Service year. The term "service year" means the twelve-month period commencing on October first and ending on September thirtieth in the <u>subsequent calendar year.</u>
- 6 b. Credit allowed. A taxpayer that creates child care or expands child 7 care shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by chapter five, or by subchapter two or three-a of chapter six, of this title to be 8 9 credited or refunded, without interest, in accordance with the 10 provisions of subdivision (q) of section 11-503, subdivision twenty-11 three of section 11-604 and subdivision twenty-three of section 11-654 12 of this title. The amount of such credit shall be, for the portion of the service year in which the child care program was in operation, the 13 14 sum of: (i) the product of the number of infant child care seats that 15 have been created or expanded and twenty percent of the child care rate 16 for such infant child care seats; and (ii) the product of the number of 17 toddler child care seats that have been created or expanded and twenty percent of the child care rate for such toddler child care seats; 18 provided that such infant and toddler child care seats are child care 19 20 seats that are occupied. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a cred-21 it shall not be allowed for more than twenty-five child care seats that 22 are occupied, and the amount of such credit may be reduced as a result of an allocation of available funds, as described in subdivision e of 23 this section, for such credit. 24
- c. Application process. A taxpayer must submit an application for such 25 credit by November first of the calendar year in which the service year 26 27 has ended.
 - 1. Such application shall include but not be limited to:
 - (a) a permit issued by the department of health and mental hygiene to operate a child care center indicating the number of child care seats or, in the case of a child care center that has experienced an expansion of child care seats, a permit issued by such department demonstrating such expansion; and
- 34 (b) a certification from an independent certified public accountant 35 that provides:
- 36 (1) the total number of child care seats that are child care seats 37 that are occupied during such service year;
 - (2) of such total number of child care seats that are occupied, the number of infant child care seats that are occupied and the number of toddler child care seats that are occupied; and
 - (3) to the extent the taxpayer has expanded child care, the number of child care seats in existence before such expansion and the number of such child care seats that were occupied before such expansion.
 - 2. No later than January thirty-first of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the application was submitted, the department of finance shall approve or deny such application and provide a calculation of the amount of such credit as determined by subdivision e of this section for any application that has been approved.
- d. Application of credit to tax year. The credit, as approved and calculated by the department of finance pursuant to paragraph two of 50 subdivision c of this section, shall be applied to the tax year in which 52 the service year concludes, except that: (i) for a taxpayer whose tax year concludes on or after September thirtieth and before December thir-53 ty-first, the credit shall be applied to the tax year immediately 54 following the tax year in which the service year concludes; and (ii) to 55 56 provide the credit in a tax year consistent with this subdivision, the

department of finance may establish procedures governing the application of such credit where the tax year of a taxpayer who has applied for such credit is less than twelve months, or where such tax year varies in accordance with subsection f of section four hundred forty-one of the internal revenue code.

- e. Maximum amount of credit available. For each of the three tax years in which the credit authorized by this section is available, the aggregate amount of such credit shall be a maximum of twenty-five million dollars. To the extent that the department of finance has determined that the aggregate amount of such credit, as calculated pursuant to subdivision b of this section, would exceed twenty-five million dollars, such department shall reduce the amount of credit to be granted to each taxpayer who has applied for such credit in accordance with a process to be developed in rules promulgated by such department. In developing such process, the department may consider factors including, but not limited to, the date of application, the number of child care seats in a child care program that are occupied, and the extent to which the taxpayer bears the cost of the child care that is provided to the employees of such taxpayer.
- § 2. Section 11-503 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new subdivision (q) to read as follows:
- (q) Credit for the provision of child care. In addition to any other credit allowed under this section, a taxpayer whose application for a credit authorized by section 11-144 of this title has been approved by the department of finance shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter. The amount of the credit shall be determined as provided in such section. To the extent the amount of the credit allowed by this subdivision exceeds the amount of tax due pursuant to this chapter, as calculated without such credit, such excess amount shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section 11-526 of this chapter, provided, however, that notwithstanding the requirements of section 11-528 of this chapter to the contrary, no interest shall be paid thereon.
- § 3. Section 11-604 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new subdivision 23 to read as follows:
- (23) Credit for the provision of child care. In addition to any other credit allowed under this section, a taxpayer whose application for a credit authorized by section 11-144 of this title has been approved by the department of finance shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter. The amount of the credit shall be determined as provided in such section. To the extent the amount of the credit allowed by this subdivision exceeds the amount of tax due pursuant to this subchapter, as calculated without such credit, such excess amount shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section 11-677 of this chapter, provided, however, that notwithstanding the requirements of section 11-679 of this chapter to the contrary, no interest shall be paid there-
- § 4. Section 11-654 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new subdivision 23 to read as follows:
- is amended by adding a new subdivision 23 to read as follows:

 (23) Credit for the provision of child care. In addition to any other

 credit allowed under this section, a taxpayer whose application for a

 credit authorized by section 11-144 of this title has been approved by

 the department of finance shall be allowed a credit against the tax

 imposed by this chapter. The amount of the credit shall be determined as

 provided in such section. To the extent the amount of the credit allowed

by this subdivision exceeds the amount of tax due pursuant to this subchapter, as calculated without such credit, such excess amount shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section 11-677 of this chapter, provided, however, that notwithstanding the requirements of section 11-679 of this chapter to the contrary, no interest shall be paid thereon.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately, provided that the credit authorized by section 11-144 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section one of this act, shall be available to be applied to the tax year beginning between January 1, 2023 and December 31, 2023, inclusive of those dates, and to the two tax years immediately following such initial tax year.

14 PART VV

15 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 45 to read 16 as follows:

§ 45. Empire state digital gaming media production credit. (a) Allowance of credit. (1) A taxpayer which is a digital gaming media production entity engaged in qualified digital gaming media production, or who is a sole proprietor of or a member of a partnership, which is a digital gaming media production entity engaged in qualified digital gaming media production, and is subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chapter, shall be allowed a credit against such tax to be computed as provided herein.

- (2) The amount of the credit shall be the product (or pro rata share of the product, in the case of a member of a partnership or limited liability company) of twenty-five percent and the eligible production costs of one or more qualified digital gaming media productions.
- (3) Eligible digital gaming media production costs for a qualified digital gaming media production incurred and paid in this state but outside such metropolitan commuter transportation district shall be eligible for a credit of ten percent of such eligible production costs in addition to the credit specified in paragraph two of this subdivision.
- (4) Eligible production costs shall not include those costs used by the taxpayer or another taxpayer as the basis calculation of any other tax credit allowed under this chapter or allowed in any other state.
- (b) Allocation of credit. The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this section, subdivision fifty-five of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (nnn) of section six hundred six of this chapter in any taxable year shall be twenty million dollars. The aggregate amount of credits for any taxable year must be distributed on a regional basis as follows: twenty-five percent of the aggregate amount of credits shall be available for qualified digital gaming media productions that incur at least sixty percent of eligible production costs for a qualified digital gaming media production in region one; ten percent of the aggregate amount of credits shall be available for qualified digital gaming media productions that incur at least sixty percent of eligible production costs for a qualified digital gaming media production in region two; and sixty-five percent of the aggregate amount of credits shall be available for qualified digital gaming media productions that incur at least sixty percent of eligible production costs for a qualified digital gaming media production in region three. If such regional distribution is not fully allocated in any taxable year, the remainder of such credits shall

be available for allocation to any region in the subsequent tax year. For the purposes of this section region one shall contain the city of 2 New York; region two shall contain the counties of Westchester, Rock-3 4 land, Nassau and Suffolk; and region three shall contain any county not 5 contained in regions one and two. Such credit shall be allocated by the empire state development corporation among taxpayers in order of priori-7 ty based upon the date of filing an application for allocation of digital gaming media production credit with such office. If the total 8 9 amount of allocated credits applied for in any particular year exceeds 10 the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this 11 section, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the 12 first day of the subsequent taxable year.

(c) Definitions. As used in this section:

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(1) "Qualified digital gaming media production" means: (i) a website, the digital media production costs of which are paid or incurred predominately in connection with (A) video simulation, animation, text, audio, graphics or similar gaming related property embodied in digital format, and (B) interactive features of digital gaming (e.g., links, message boards, communities or content manipulation); (ii) video or interactive games produced primarily for distribution over the internet, wireless network or successors thereto; (iii) animation, simulation or embedded graphics digital gaming related software intended for commercial distribution regardless of medium; and (iv) a digital gaming media production in which qualified digital gaming media production costs equal to or are in excess of seven thousand five hundred dollars if incurred and paid in this state in twelve months preceding the date on which the credit is claimed. Provided, however, if such production costs are incurred and paid outside the metropolitan commuter transportation district in this state, such production costs shall be equal to or in excess of three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars to be a qualified digital gaming media production for purposes of this paragraph. A qualified digital gaming media production does not include a website, video, interactive game or software that is used predominately for: electronic commerce (retail or wholesale purposes other than the sale of video or interactive games), gambling (including activities regulated by a New York gaming agency), exclusive local consumption for entities not accessible by the general public including industrial or other private purposes, and political advocacy purposes.

(2) "Digital gaming media production costs" means any costs for property used and wages or salaries paid to individuals directly employed for services performed by those individuals directly and predominantly in the creation of a digital gaming media production or productions. Digital gaming media production costs include but shall not be limited to payments for property used and services performed directly and predominantly in the development (including concept creation), design, production (including concept creation), design, production (including testing), editing (including encoding) and compositing (including the integration of digital files for interaction by end users) of digital gaming media. Digital gaming media production costs shall not include expenses incurred for the distribution, marketing, promotion, or advertising content generated by end-users or other costs not directly and predominantly related to the creation, production or modification of digital gaming media. In addition, salaries or other income distribution related to the creation of digital gaming media for any person who serves in the role of chief executive officer, chief financial officer, president, treasurer or similar position shall not be included as

digital gaming media production costs. Furthermore, any income or other distribution to any individual who holds an ownership interest in a digital gaming media production entity shall not be included as digital gaming media production costs.

- (3) "Qualified digital gaming media production costs" means digital gaming media production costs only to the extent such costs are attributable to the use of property or the performance of services by any persons within the state directly and predominantly in the creation, production or modification of digital gaming related media. Such total production costs incurred and paid in this state shall be equal to or exceed seventy-five percent of total cost of an eligible production incurred and paid within and without this state.
- 13 <u>(d) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in</u> 14 <u>this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:</u>
 - (1) Article nine-A: section two hundred ten-B, subdivision fifty-five.
 - (2) Article twenty-two: section six hundred six, subsection (i), paragraph one, subparagraph (B), clause (xlvi).
 - (3) Article twenty-two: section six hundred six, subsection (nnn).
 - § 2. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 55 to read as follows:
 - 55. Empire state digital gaming media production credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer who is eligible pursuant to section forty-five of this chapter shall be allowed a credit to be computed as provided in such section forty-five against the tax imposed by this article.
 - (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. Provided, however, that if the amount of the credit allowable under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter, provided, however, no interest shall be paid thereon.
- 34 § 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 35 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlvi) to read as 36 follows:
- 37 (xlvi) Empire state digital
 38 gaming media production
 39 credit under subsection (nnn)
 40 Empire state digital
 40 Amount of credit
 40 under subdivision
 40 fifty-five of section
 40 two hundred ten-B
 - § 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection (nnn) to read as follows:
 - (nnn) Empire state digital gaming media production credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer who is eligible pursuant to section forty-five of this chapter shall be allowed a credit to be computed as provided in such section forty-five against the tax imposed by this article.
 - (2) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowable under this subsection for any taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded as provided in section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon.
- § 5. The state commissioner of economic development, after consulting with the state commissioner of taxation and finance, shall promulgate regulations by June 30, 2022 to establish procedures for the allocation

of tax credits as required by subdivision (a) of section 45 of the tax law. Such rules and regulations shall include provisions describing the application process, the due dates for such applications, the standards which shall be used to evaluate the applications, the documentation that will be provided to taxpayers substantiate to the New York state department of taxation and finance the amount of tax credits allocated to such taxpayers, under what conditions all or a portion of this tax credit may be revoked, and such other provisions as deemed necessary and appropri-ate. Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act, such rules and regulations may be adopted on an emergency basis if necessary to meet such June 30, 2022 deadline.

- § 6. The economic development law is amended by adding a new section 242 to read as follows:
- § 242. Reports on the digital gaming industries in New York. 1. The empire state development corporation shall file a report on a biannual basis with the director of the division of the budget and the chairpersons of the assembly ways and means committee and senate finance committee. The report shall be filed no later than thirty days before the mid-point and the end of the state fiscal year. The first report shall cover the calendar half year that begins on January first, two thousand twenty-four. Each report must contain the following information for the covered calendar half year:
- (a) the total dollar amount of credits allocated pursuant to section forty-five of the tax law during the half year, broken down by month;
- (b) the number of digital gaming projects, which have been allocated tax credits of less than one million dollars per project, and the total dollar amount of credits allocated to those projects distributed by region pursuant to subdivision (b) of section forty-five of the tax law;
- (c) the number of digital gaming projects, which have been allocated tax credits of more than one million dollars, and the total dollar amount of credits allocated to those projects distributed by region pursuant to subdivision (b) of section forty-five of the tax law;
- (d) a list of each eligible digital gaming project, which has been allocated a tax credit enumerated by region pursuant to subdivision (b) of section forty-five of the tax law, and for each of those projects, (i) the estimated number of employees associated with the project, (ii) the estimated qualifying costs for the projects, (iii) the estimated total costs of the project, (iv) the credit eligible employee hours for each project, and (v) total wages for such credit eligible employee hours for each project; and
- (e) (i) the name of each taxpayer allocated a tax credit for each project and the county of residence or incorporation of such taxpayer or, if the taxpayer does not reside or is not incorporated in New York, the state of residence or incorporation; however, if the taxpayer claims a tax credit because the taxpayer is a member of a limited liability company, a partner in a partnership or a shareholder in a subchapter S corporation, the name of each limited liability company, partnership or subchapter S corporation earning any of those tax credits must be included in the report instead of information about the taxpayer claiming the tax credit, (ii) the amount of tax credit allocated to each taxpayer; provided however, if the taxpayer claims a tax credit because the taxpayer is a member of a limited liability company, a partner in a partnership or a shareholder in a subchapter S corporation, the amount of tax credit earned by each entity must be included in the report instead of information about the taxpayer claiming the tax credit, and (iii) information identifying the project associated with each taxpayer

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for which a tax credit was claimed under section forty-five of the tax 2 law.

The empire state development corporation shall file a report on a triennial basis with the director of the division of the budget and the chairpersons of the assembly ways and means committee and senate finance committee. The first report shall be filed no later than March first, two thousand twenty-five. The report must be prepared by an independent third party auditor and include: (a) information regarding the empire state digital gaming production credit program including the efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting, compliance with laws and regulations and distribution of assets and funds; (b) an economic impact study prepared by an independent third party of the program with special emphasis on the regional impact by region and the total dollar amount of credits allocated to those projects distributed by region pursuant to subdivision (b) of section forty-five of the tax law; and (c) any other information or statistical information that the commissioner of economic development deems to be useful in analyzing the effects of the programs.

§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2022 and before January 1, 2027; provided that sections one through four of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed December 31, 2026.

23 PART WW

The opening paragraph and paragraph (d) of subdivision 7 Section 1. of section 1367-a of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, added by section 4 of part Y of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as follows:

A platform provider may be licensed by the commission only after having been selected for potential licensure by the commission following competitive bidding process in which the commission shall issue a request for applications no later than July first, two thousand twentyone; provided however, that additional mobile sports wagering licenses may be licensed by the commission only after having been selected for potential licensure by the commission following a competitive bidding process in which the commission shall issue a second request for applications no later than July first, two thousand twenty-two; and provided however, that the deadline for submission of applications shall be no later than thirty days after the date upon which the commission issues such request for applications.

(d) The commission shall award a license to each of the [two] highest scoring platform providers that submit applications; provided however, that such awards shall require that [both] winning platform providers pay the same tax rate; and provided further, that the commission shall [require that no less than four] authorize up to sixteen mobile sports wagering operators [will] to be operating in the state. The commission may award additional licenses if it determines that such additional awards are in the best interests of the state; provided however, that any additional platform providers awarded licenses must also agree to pay the same tax rate as those platform providers that were initially awarded licenses by the commission. The award of any such license shall require each applicant to remit the highest percentage of gross gaming revenue from mobile sports wagering contained in an applicant's bid 53 selected by the commission considered for licensure. A qualified appli-54 cant shall be afforded the ability to revise its bid in any such manner

in order for such bid to meet the percentage of gross gaming revenue from mobile sports wagering as required by the commission for license award, provided that the bid does not incorporate any additional operators not already included in the bid; and provided however that it is not determined by the commission that the revised bid no longer meets all requirements and criteria established pursuant to this section and the request for applications. Any applicant that does not revise its bid to meet the percentage of gross gaming revenue from mobile sports wagering required by the commission for license award shall not be awarded a license.

- 11 § 2. Section 1367-a of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding 12 law is amended by adding two new subdivisions 8 and 9 to read as 13 follows:
 - 8. Pursuant to subdivision seven of this section, the commission shall award up to sixteen mobile sports wagering operator licenses.
 - (a) Applicants that participated in the request for proposal issued pursuant to subdivision seven of this section and not awarded a mobile sports wagering license shall be eligible to reapply for consideration pursuant to this subdivision.
 - (b) Nothing herein shall prohibit a platform provider that did not previously respond to the request for application from applying. New applicants shall submit applications demonstrating the criteria outlined in subdivision seven of this section.
 - 9. The commission shall establish a goal to award thirty percent of mobile sports wagering licenses pursuant to subdivisions seven and eight of this section to businesses owned by members of a minority group as defined in subdivision eight of section three hundred ten of the executive law.
 - § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.
 - § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
- 39 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 40 the applicable effective date of Parts A through WW of this act shall be 41 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.