STATE OF NEW YORK

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2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

March 22, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. WEINSTEIN, JOYNER, CAHILL, GALEF, GOTTFRIED, MAGNARELLI -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABINANTI, AUBRY, BENEDET-TO, BICHOTTE HERMELYN, BRONSON, BURDICK, BURGOS, CLARK, CYMBROWITZ, DICKENS, DILAN, DINOWITZ, ENGLEBRIGHT, EPSTEIN, FAHY, FORREST, FRON-TUS, HYNDMAN, LAVINE, McDONALD, McMAHON, O'DONNELL, PEOPLES-STOKES, PERRY, PICHARDO, RAJKUMAR, J. RIVERA, D. ROSENTHAL, L. ROSENTHAL, SEPTIMO, SILLITTI, SIMON, STECK, TAYLOR, ZEBROWSKI, ZINERMAN -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the civil practice law and rules, the banking law and the debtor and creditor law, in relation to exempting COVID-19 stimulus relief for individuals and families with children from money judgments

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (1) of section 5205 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 24 of the laws of 2009, is amended and a new subdivision (p) is added to read as follows:

- 2. For purposes of this article, "statutorily exempt payments" means any personal property exempt from application to the satisfaction of a money judgment under any provision of state or federal law. Such term shall include, but not be limited to, payments from any of the following sources: social security, including retirement, survivors' and disability benefits, supplemental security income or child support payments; veterans administration benefits; public assistance; workers' compensation; unemployment insurance; public or private pensions; railroad 12 retirement; [and] black lung benefits; and emergency relief funds.
- 13 (p) Exemption for emergency relief funds. Any payments to individuals, 14 including tax refunds, recovery rebates, refundable tax credits, and any advances of any tax credits, under the federal Families First Coronavi-15 16 rus Response Act (FFCRA), Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security 17 Act of 2020 (CARES Act), Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021, and

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD10569-02-1

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1 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA), except payments levied as of the effective date, are exempt from application to the satisfaction of a 3 money judgment.

- Subdivision (e) of section 5222 of the civil practice law and § 2. rules, as amended by chapter 575 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- (e) Content of notice. The notice required by subdivision (d) of this section shall be in substantially the following form and may be included in the restraining notice:

NOTICE TO JUDGMENT DEBTOR OR OBLIGOR

11 Money or property belonging to you may have been taken or held in order to satisfy a judgment or order which has been entered against you. 12 13 Read this carefully.

YOU MAY BE ABLE TO GET YOUR MONEY BACK

State and federal laws prevent certain money or property from being taken to satisfy judgments or orders. Such money or property is said to be "exempt". The following is a partial list of money which may be exempt:

- 1. Supplemental security income, (SSI);
- 20 2. Social security;

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- 3. Public assistance (welfare);
- 22 4. Spousal support, maintenance (alimony) or child support;
- 23 5. Unemployment benefits;
- 24 6. Disability benefits;
- 7. Workers' compensation benefits; 25
- 26 8. Public or private pensions;
- 27 9. Veterans benefits;
- 28 10. Ninety percent of your wages or salary earned in the last sixty 29
- 30 11. Twenty-five hundred dollars of any bank account containing statu-31 torily exempt payments that were deposited electronically or by direct deposit within the last forty-five days, including, but not limited to, your social security, supplemental security income, veterans benefits, public assistance, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, public or private pensions, railroad retirement benefits, black lung benefits, 35 36 or child support payments;
 - 12. Railroad retirement; [and]
 - 13. Black lung benefits; and

14. COVID-19 stimulus relief for individuals and families with chil-39 40 dren.

If you think that any of your money that has been taken or held is exempt, you must act promptly because the money may be applied to the judgment or order. If you claim that any of your money that has been taken or held is exempt, you may contact the person sending this notice.

YOU MAY CONSULT AN ATTORNEY, INCLUDING ANY FREE LEGAL SERVICES 46 ORGANIZATION IF YOU QUALIFY. You can also go to court without an attorney to get your money back. Bring this notice with you when you go. You are allowed to try to prove to a judge that your money is exempt from collection under New York civil practice law and rules, sections fiftytwo hundred twenty-two-a, fifty-two hundred thirty-nine and fifty-two hundred forty. If you do not have a lawyer, the clerk of the court may 51 52 give you forms to help you prove your account contains exempt money that the creditor cannot collect. The law (New York civil practice law and 54 rules, article four and sections fifty-two hundred thirty-nine and 55 fifty-two hundred forty) provides a procedure for determination of a

56 claim to an exemption.

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§ 3. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (b) of section 5222-a of the civil practice law and rules, as added by chapter 575 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

4 4. Content of exemption notice and exemption claim form. a. The exemption notice shall be in the following form:

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"EXEMPTION NOTICE
as required by New York Law
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YOUR BANK ACCOUNT IS RESTRAINED OR "FROZEN"

The attached Restraining Notice or notice of Levy by Execution has been issued against your bank account. You are receiving this notice because a creditor has obtained a money judgment against you, and one or more of your bank accounts has been restrained to pay the judgment. A 12 money judgment is a court's decision that you owe money to a creditor. You should be aware that FUTURE DEPOSITS into your account(s) might also be restrained if you do not respond to this notice. 15

You may be able to "vacate" (remove) the judgment. If the judgment is vacated, your bank account will be released. Consult an attorney (including free legal services) or visit the court clerk for more information about how to do this.

20 Under state and federal law, certain types of funds cannot be taken from your bank account to pay a judgment. Such money is said to be 21 22 "exempt."

DOES YOUR BANK ACCOUNT CONTAIN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF FUNDS? 23

24 1. Social security;

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- 25 2. Social security disability (SSD);
 - 3. Supplemental security income (SSI);
- 27 4. Public assistance (welfare);
 - 5. Income earned while receiving SSI or public assistance;
- 29 6. Veterans benefits;
- 30 7. Unemployment insurance;
- 31 8. Payments from pensions and retirement accounts;
- 32 9. Disability benefits;
- 33 10. Income earned in the last 60 days (90% of which is exempt);
- 34 11. Workers' compensation benefits;
 - 12. Child support;
 - 13. Spousal support or maintenance (alimony);
 - 14. Railroad retirement; [and/or]
- 38 15. Black lung benefits; and/or

16. COVID-19 stimulus relief for individuals and families with children.

If YES, you can claim that your money is exempt and cannot be taken. To make the claim, you must

- (a) complete the EXEMPTION CLAIM FORM attached;
- (b) deliver or mail the form to the bank with the restrained or "frozen" account; and
- (c) deliver or mail the form to the creditor or its attorney at the address listed on the form.

You must send the forms within 20 DAYS of the postmarked date on the 48 envelope holding this notice. You may be able to get your account 49 released faster if you send to the creditor or its attorney written 50 proof that your money is exempt. Proof can include an award letter from 52 the government, an annual statement from your pension, pay stubs, copies 53 of checks, bank records showing the last two months of account activity, 54 or other papers showing that the money in your bank account is exempt.

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1 If you send the creditor's attorney proof that the money in your account
 2 is exempt, the attorney must release that money within seven days. You
 3 do not need an attorney to make an exemption claim using the form."
    b. The exemption claim form shall be in the following form:
 5 NAME OF COURT, NAME OF COUNTY
 6 -----x
 7 PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER/CLAIMANT
                                             INDEX NO.
 9 DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT
                                             EXEMPTION CLAIM FORM
10 -----x
11 NAME AND ADDRESS OF JUDGMENT
                                             NAME AND ADDRESS OF FINANCIAL
12 CREDITOR OR ATTORNEY
                                             INSTITUTION
13 (To be completed by judgment
                                             (To be completed by judgment
14 creditor or attorney)
                                             creditor or attorney)
15 ADDRESS
                                             ADDRESS
16 A____
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18 Directions: To claim that some or all of the funds in your account are
19 exempt, complete both copies of this form, and make one copy for your-
20 self. Mail or deliver one form to ADDRESS A and one form to ADDRESS B
21 within twenty days of the date on the envelope holding this notice.
22 **If you have any documents, such as an award letter, an annual state-
23 ment from your pension, paystubs, copies of checks or bank records show-
24 ing the last two months of account activity, include copies of the docu-
25 ments with this form. Your account may be released more quickly.
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27 I state that my account contains the following type(s) of funds (check
28 all that apply):
   ____Social security
   ____Social security disability (SSD)
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   ____Supplemental security income (SSI)
31
   ____Public assistance
32
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   ____Wages while receiving SSI or public assistance
34 _____Veterans benefits
35
   ____Unemployment insurance
   ____Payments from pensions and retirement accounts
36
   ____Income earned in the last 60 days (90% of which is exempt)
37
38
   ____Child support
   ____Spousal support or maintenance (alimony)
39
   ____Workers' compensation
   ____Railroad retirement or black lung benefits
41
      COVID-19 stimulus relief for individuals and families with children
43 Other (describe exemption):
44 I request that any correspondence to me regarding my claim be sent to
45 the following address:
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1 (FILL IN YOUR COMPLETE ADDRESS)

I certify under penalty of perjury that the statement above is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

5 DATE

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SIGNATURE OF JUDGMENT DEBTOR

- 6 § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 9-g of the banking law, as added by chapter 10 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:
- 8 1. (a) No banking institution shall assert, claim or exercise any right of set off against any deposit account into which social security 9 10 or supplemental security income payments are deposited pursuant to an agreement with such banking institution which provides that such 11 payments be deposited directly into such deposit account without presen-13 tation to the depositor at the time of deposit.
- (b) No banking institution shall assert, claim or exercise any right of set off against any payments referred to in subdivision (p) of 15 section fifty-two hundred five of the civil practice law and rules.
 - § 5. Section 3 of the debtor and creditor law is amended by adding a new fifth undesignated paragraph to read as follows:
- The right of any person to payments, including tax refunds, recovery rebates, refundable tax credits, and any advances of any tax credits, 20 under the federal Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA), Coro-21 navirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act of 2020 (CARES Act), 22 23 Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021, and American Rescue Plan Act of 24 2021 (ARPA) shall not be transferable or assignable, at law or in equity.
- 26 § 6. This act shall take effect immediately.