## STATE OF NEW YORK

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5685

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

February 23, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. GOTTFRIED, GUNTHER, GALEF, CLARK, TAYLOR, PAULIN, ABINANTI, BICHOTTE HERMELYN, McDONALD, HEVESI, BRONSON, WALLACE, STECK, DINOWITZ, THIELE, PERRY -- read once and referred to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to establishing a required resident care spending ratio for nursing homes

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 2 2805-ee to read as follows:
- § 2805-ee. Nursing home direct care ratio. 1. As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (a) "Resident care" means: (i) direct care by certified nurse aides, licensed practical nurses, and registered nurses; (ii) support services
- 7 <u>including housing, laundry, housekeeping, food service, nurse adminis-</u> 8 tration, activity program, social services and transportation as identi-
- 9 fied in reports required by the department; (iii) ancillary program
- 10 services including medical, dental, podiatric and laboratory services,
- inhalation and other physical, mental, occupational therapeutics as identified in reports required by the department; and (iv) program
- 12 <u>identified in reports required by the department; and (iv) program</u>
  13 <u>services for residents including personal grooming, as identified in</u>
- 14 reports required by the department. Resident care does not include
- 15 administrative costs other than nurse administration, capital costs,
- 16 rent, or debt service.
- 17 (b) "Resident care amount" means the amount spent by the nursing home 18 for care of residents of the nursing home; provided that for any amount
- 19 spent for contracted or purchased personal services, only eighty percent
- 20 of that amount shall count as spending on resident care.
- 21 (c) "Total operating revenue" means the revenue received by the nurs-
- 22 ing home from or on behalf of residents of the nursing home, government

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 payers, or third-party payers, to pay for a resident's occupancy of the 2 nursing home, resident care, and the operation of the nursing home.

- (d) "Required resident care percentage" means the ratio of a nursing home's resident care amount to its total operating revenue, expressed as a percentage, for a calendar year, required by subdivision two of this section.
- 7 (e) "Direct care service amount" means the portion of the resident
  8 care amount attributable to costs under subparagraph (i) of paragraph
  9 (a) of this subdivision.
  - (f) "Resident care deficit" means the amount, in dollars, by which the nursing home's resident care amount is less than the amount necessary to achieve the required resident care percentage, where it is less.
  - (g) "Direct care service deficit" means the amount, in dollars, by which the nursing home's direct service amount is less than sixty percent of the resident care amount, in dollars, necessary to achieve the required resident care percentage, where it is less.
  - 2. Every nursing home shall, in every calendar year, spend at least (a) the resident care amount necessary to achieve the required resident care percentage and (b) a sufficient direct care service amount so it does not have a direct care service deficit. For the calendar year two thousand twenty-two, the required resident care percentage shall be seventy percent. For the calendar year two thousand twenty-three, the required resident care percentage shall be eighty percent. For the calendar year two thousand twenty-four and every year thereafter, the required resident care percentage shall be ninety percent.
- 3. For any calendar year in which a nursing home has a resident care deficit or direct care service deficit, it shall pay to the department an amount equal to what the nursing home would have had to spend to avoid having either deficit, payable in a manner and time determined by the commissioner in regulations. Where a nursing home does not pay as required by this subdivision, the commissioner shall sue the nursing home to obtain the unpaid amount, deduct the unpaid amount from medical assistance payments otherwise due to the nursing home, or a combination of those methods. Moneys so collected shall be transferred to the nurs-ing home quality improvement demonstration program, to be used under subdivision six of section twenty-eight hundred eight-d of this article in support of projects or programs designed to improve specific areas of quality of care.
  - 4. For purposes of this section, a nursing home's spending, revenue and percentages of various amounts shall be calculated on an accrual basis, under regulations of the commissioner.
- 5. The commissioner shall make regulations, make medical assistance state plan amendments, seek waivers from the federal centers for Medicare and Medicaid services, and take other actions reasonably necessary to implement this section.
- 6. The commissioner shall, by regulations and otherwise, make sure that reports by nursing homes under section twenty-eight hundred five-e of this article include information as to all items referred to in this section and organize that information consistent with the terms of this section.
  - § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.