STATE OF NEW YORK

3536

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 27, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. O'DONNELL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law and the penal law, in relation to granting certain individuals youthful offender status; to add a new category of individuals eligible for young adult offender status and first offender status; and to repeal certain provisions of the criminal procedure law relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 720.10 of the criminal procedure law, as added by 2 chapter 981 of the laws of 1971, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 411 3 of the laws of 1979, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 416 of the laws 4 of 1986, paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 316 of the 5 laws of 2006, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 6 2003, and subdivisions 4, 5 and 6 as renumbered by chapter 481 of the 7 laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:

8 § 720.10 Youthful offender procedure; definition of terms.

9 As used in this article, the following terms have the following mean-10 ings:

11 1. [<u>"Youth"</u>] <u>"Eligible youth"</u> means a person charged with a crime 12 alleged to have been committed when he <u>or she</u> was at least sixteen years 13 old and less than nineteen years old or a person charged with being a 14 juvenile offender as defined in subdivision forty-two of section 1.20 of 15 this chapter.

16 2. ["Eligible youth" means a youth who is eligible to be found a 17 youthful offender. Every youth is so eligible unless:

- 18 (a) the conviction to be replaced by a youthful offender finding is
- 19 for (i) a class A-I or class A-II felony, or (ii) an armed felony as
- 20 defined in subdivision forty-one of section 1.20, except as provided in
- 21 subdivision three, or (iii) rape in the first degree, criminal sexual

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	act in the first degree, or aggravated sexual abuse, except as provided
2	in subdivision three, or
3	(b) such youth has previously been convicted and sentenced for a felo-
4	ny, or
5	(c) such youth has previously been adjudicated a youthful offender
б	following conviction of a felony or has been adjudicated on or after
7	September first, nineteen hundred seventy-eight a juvenile delinquent
8	who committed a designated felony act as defined in the family court
9	act.
10	3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision two of this section,
11	a youth who has been convicted of an armed felony offense or of rape in
12^{11}	the first degree, criminal sexual act in the first degree, or aggravated
13	sexual abuse is an eligible youth if the court determines that one or
14	more of the following factors exist: (i) mitigating circumstances that
15	bear directly upon the manner in which the crime was committed; or (ii)
16	where the defendant was not the sole participant in the crime, the
17	defendant's participation was relatively minor although not so minor as
18	to constitute a defense to the prosecution. Where the court determines
19	that the eligible youth is a youthful offender, the court shall make a
20	statement on the record of the reasons for its determination, a tran-
21	script of which shall be forwarded to the state division of criminal
22	justice services, to be kept in accordance with the provisions of subdi-
23	vision three of section eight hundred thirty-seven-a of the executive
24	law.
25	4.] "Youthful offender finding" means a finding, substituted for the
26	conviction of an eligible youth, pursuant to a determination that the
27	eligible youth is a youthful offender.
28	[5-] 3. "Youthful offender sentence" means the sentence imposed upon a
29	youthful offender finding.
30	[6.] <u>4.</u> "Youthful offender adjudication". A youthful offender adjudi-
31	cation is comprised of a youthful offender finding and the youthful
32	offender sentence imposed thereon and is completed by imposition and
33	entry of the youthful offender sentence.
34	§ 2. Subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 720.15 of the criminal procedure
35	law are REPEALED.
36	§ 3. Subdivision 1 of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, as
37	amended by chapter 652 of the laws of 1974, is amended to read as
38	follows:
39	1. Upon conviction of an eligible youth, the court must order a pre-
40	sentence investigation of the defendant. After receipt of a written
41	report of the investigation and at the time of pronouncing sentence the
42	court must determine whether or not the eligible youth is a youthful
43	offender. Such determination shall be in accordance with the following
44	criteria:
45	(a) If the eligible youth is charged with a violation or a misdemeanor
46	offense, a class D or E felony offense, a class C felony as described in
47	subdivision one of section 160.10 of the penal law or any offense
48	contained in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, the court
49	shall find that he or she is a youthful offender.
50	(b) In all other cases, if in the opinion of the court the interest of
51	justice would be served by relieving the eligible youth from the onus of
52	a criminal record and the attendant collateral consequences of that
53	permanent criminal record and by not imposing an indeterminate term of
54	imprisonment of more than four years, the court may, in its discretion,
55	find the eligible youth is a youthful offender[} and
55	The che errypte youch is a youchtur orrender [7 and

(b) Where the conviction is had in a local criminal court and the 1 eligible youth had not prior to commencement of trial or entry of a plea 2 of guilty been convicted of a crime or found a youthful offender, the 3 court must find he is a youthful offender.] 4 5 (c) There shall be a presumption to grant youthful offender status to б an eligible youth. The district attorney may challenge this presumption by filing a motion with the court, with at least seven days' notice to 7 8 the eligible youth and his or her attorney, showing by clear and 9 convincing evidence that the interests of justice require the court not 10 to grant youthful offender status. 11 § 4. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 220.30 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 410 of the 12 13 laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows: 14 (i) A plea of guilty, whether to the entire indictment or to part of 15 the indictment for any crime other than a class A felony, may not be 16 accepted on the condition that it constitutes a complete disposition of 17 one or more other indictments against the defendant wherein is charged a class A-I felony as defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal 18 19 law or the attempt to commit any such class A-I felony, except that an 20 eligible youth, as defined in subdivision [two] one of section 720.10, 21 may plea to a class B felony, upon consent of the district attorney, for purposes of adjudication as a youthful offender. 22 23 § 5. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new article 721 24 to read as follows: 25 ARTICLE 721 26 YOUNG ADULT STATUS 27 Section 721.10 Young adult status procedure; definition of terms. 28 721.15 Young adult status procedure; sealing of accusatory instrument; privacy of proceedings; preliminary 29 30 instructions to jury. 31 721.20 Young adult status determination; when and how made; 32 procedure thereupon. 721.30 Young adult adjudication; post-judgment motions and 33 34 appeal. 35 721.35 Young adult adjudication; effect thereof; records. § 721.10 Young adult status procedure; definition of terms. 36 37 As used in this article, the following terms have the following mean-38 <u>ings:</u> 39 1. "Eligible young adult" means a person charged with a crime or 40 offense alleged to have been committed when he or she was at least nine-41 teen years old and less than twenty-five years old. 42 2. "Young adult finding" means a finding, substituted for the conviction of an eligible young adult, pursuant to a determination that 43 44 the eligible young adult shall be granted young adult status. 45 3. "Young adult sentence" means the sentence imposed upon a young 46 adult finding. 47 4. "Young adult adjudication" means an adjudication comprised of a 48 young adult finding and the young adult sentence imposed thereon and is completed by imposition and entry of the young adult sentence. 49 50 § 721.15 Young adult status procedure; sealing of accusatory instrument; 51 privacy of proceedings; preliminary instructions to jury. 52 When an accusatory instrument against an apparently eligible young 53 adult is filed with a court, it shall be filed as a sealed instrument, 54 though only with respect to the public.

1	2. When a young adult is initially arraigned upon an accusatory
2	instrument, such arraignment and all proceedings in the action thereaft-
3	er may, in the discretion of the court and with the consent of the
4	accused, be conducted in private.
5	§ 721.20 Young adult status determination; when and how made; procedure
6	thereupon.
7	Upon conviction of an eligible young adult, the court must order a
8	pre-sentence investigation of the defendant. After receipt of a written
9	report of the investigation and at the time of pronouncing sentence the
10	court must determine whether or not the eligible youth shall receive
11	young adult status. Such determination shall be in accordance with the
12	<u>following criteria:</u>
13	1. If the eligible young adult is charged with a violation or a misde-
14	meanor offense, the court shall find that he or she is a young adult
15	offender;
16	2. In all other cases, if in the opinion of the court the interest of
17	justice would be served by relieving the eligible young adult from the
18	onus of a criminal record and the attendant collateral consequences of
19	that permanent criminal record and by not imposing an indeterminate term
20	of imprisonment of more than ten years, the court may, in its
21	discretion, find the eligible young adult is a young adult offender; and
22	3. There shall be a presumption to grant young adult status to an
23	eligible young adult, unless the district attorney upon motion with not
24	less than seven days' notice to such person or his or her attorney
25	demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court that the interest of
26	justice require otherwise.
27	§ 721.30 Young adult adjudication; post-judgment motions and appeal.
28	The provisions of this chapter, governing the making and determination
29	of post-judgment motions and the taking and determination of appeals in
30	criminal cases, apply to post judgment motions and appeals with respect
31	to young adult adjudications wherever such provisions can reasonably be
32	so applied.
33	§ 721.35 Young adult adjudication; effect thereof; records.
34	1. A young adult adjudication is not a judgment of conviction for a
35	crime or any other offense, and does not operate as a disqualification
36	of any person so adjudged to hold public office or public employment or
37	to receive any license granted by public authority but shall be deemed a
38	conviction only for the purposes of transfer of supervision and custody
39	pursuant to section two hundred fifty-nine-m of the executive law.
40	2. Except where specifically required or permitted by statute or upon
41	specific authorization of the court, upon receipt of notification of a
42	young adult adjudication:
43	(a) every photograph of such young adult and photographic plate or
44	proof, and all palmprints and fingerprints taken or made of such young
45	adult pursuant to the provisions of this article in regard to the action
46	or proceeding terminated, and all duplicates and copies thereof, except
47	a digital fingerprint image where authorized pursuant to paragraph (d)
48	of this subdivision, shall forthwith be, at the discretion of the recip-
49	ient agency, either destroyed or returned to such young adult, or to the
50	attorney who represented the young adult at the time of the termination
51	of the action or proceeding, at the address given by such person or
52	attorney during the action or proceeding, by the division of criminal
53	justice services and by any police;
54	(b) any police department or law enforcement agency, including the
55	division of criminal justice services, which transmitted or otherwise
56	forwarded to any agency of the United States or of any other state or of

1	any other jurisdiction outside the state of New York copies of any such
2	photographs, photographic plates or proofs, palmprints and fingerprints,
3	shall formally request in writing that all such copies be destroyed or
4	returned to the police department or law enforcement agency which trans-
5	mitted or forwarded them, and upon such return such department or agency
б	shall, at its discretion, either destroy or return them as provided
7	under this subdivision;
8	(c) all official records and papers relating to the arrest or prose-
9	cution, including all duplicates and copies thereof, on file with the
10	division of criminal justice services, police agency, or prosecutor's
11	office shall be sealed and not made available to any person or public or
12	private agency;
13	(d) the records referred to in paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall
14	be made available to the young adult accused or to such young adult's
15	designated agent, and shall be made available to (i) a prosecutor in any
16	proceeding in which the accused has moved for an order pursuant to
17	section 170.56 or 210.46 of this chapter, or (ii) a law enforcement
18	agency upon ex parte motion in any superior court, or in any district
19	court, city court or the criminal court of the city of New York provided
20	that such court sealed the record, if such agency demonstrates to the
20 21	satisfaction of the court that justice requires that such records be
21 22	made available to it, or (iii) any state or local officer or agency with
23	responsibility for the issuance of licenses to possess guns, when the
24	accused has made application for such a license, or (iv) the New York
25	state department of corrections and community supervision when the
26	accused is under parole supervision as a result of conditional release
27	or parole release granted by the New York state board of parole and the
28	arrest which is the subject of the inquiry is one which occurred while
29	the accused was under such supervision, or (v) the probation department
30	responsible for supervision of the accused when the arrest which is the
31	subject of the inquiry is one which occurred while the accused was under
32	such supervision;
33	(e) at no time shall such notification be used for any purpose other
34	than those specified in this subdivision, provided, however, that infor-
35	mation regarding an order of protection or temporary order of protection
36	issued pursuant to section 530.12 of this part or a warrant issued in
37	connection therewith may be maintained on the statewide automated order
38	of protection and warrant registry established pursuant to section two
39	hundred twenty-one-a of the executive law during the period that such
40	order of protection or temporary order of protection is in full force
41	and effect or during which such warrant may be executed. Such confiden-
42	tial information may be made available pursuant to law only for purposes
43	of adjudicating or enforcing such order of protection or temporary order
44	of protection; and
45	(f) where fingerprints subject to the provisions of this section have
46	been received by the division of criminal justice services and have been
47	filed by the division as digital images, such images may be retained,
48	provided that a fingerprint card of the individual is on file with the
49	division which was not sealed pursuant to this section or section 160.50
50	of this chapter.
51	§ 6. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new section
52	440.48 to read as follows:
53	<u>§ 440.48 Resentencing; youthful offender.</u>
54	1. Any person under the age of twenty-five at the time the crime was
55	committed who was convicted of a misdemeanor or violation offense who
56	would have been considered an "eligible youth" pursuant to subdivision

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appeal.

one of section 720.10 of this chapter and an "eligible young adult" 1 pursuant to subdivision one of section 721.10 of this chapter after the 2 3 effective date of this section shall have their conviction automatically replaced with a youthful offender adjudication or young adult offender 4 5 adjudication within six months of such date. The division of criminal б justice services shall establish standards to ensure that such process 7 occurs automatically for all persons prior to such six month deadline. 8 2. Any person under the age of twenty-five at the time the crime was committed who would have been considered an "eligible youth" pursuant to 9 subdivision one of section 720.10 of this chapter and an "eliqible young 10 11 adult" pursuant to subdivision one of section 721.10 of this chapter after the effective date of this section, upon notice to the appropriate 12 13 district attorney, may petition to be resentenced to a youthful offender 14 adjudication or young adult offender adjudication in accordance with articles seven hundred twenty and seven hundred twenty-one of this chap-15 16 ter in the court which imposed such sentence. Even if a person is eligi-17 ble for automatic youthful offender adjudication or young adult offender adjudication sealing pursuant to subdivision one of this section, such 18 19 person may still petition the court for resentencing prior to the six 20 month period described in subdivision one of this section. 21 3. The court shall consider the factors outlined in subdivision one of 22 section 720.20 and subdivision one of section 721.20 of this chapter in determining whether or not a person who would have been an eligible 23 youth may or shall be granted youthful offender status or young adult 24 25 offender status for the prior conviction. 26 (a) In cases where granting youthful offender status or young adult 27 offender status is discretionary and not required by paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 720.20 or paragraph (a) of subdivision one of 28 29 section 721.20 of this chapter, the court shall also consider any addi-30 tional evidence presented by the person seeking resentencing, including: 31 (i) the amount of time that has elapsed since the petitioner's last 32 conviction; 33 (ii) the character of the petitioner, including any measures that he or she has taken towards rehabilitation, such as participating in treat-34 ment programs, work, or schooling, and participating in community 35 service or other volunteer programs; 36 37 (iii) the circumstances and seriousness of the offense for which the 38 petitioner is seeking relief; 39 (iv) the impact of sealing the petitioner's record upon his or her rehabilitation and upon his or her successful and productive reentry and 40 41 reintegration into society; and 42 (v) the impact of collateral consequences of the conviction on the 43 defendant and his or her family. (b) The district attorney may challenge the presumption to grant 44 45 youthful offender status pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision one of 46 section 720.20 and paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section 721.20 of 47 this chapter. § 7. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new article 726 48 49 to read as follows: 50 ARTICLE 726 51 FIRST OFFENDER STATUS Section 726.10 First offender status procedure; definition of terms. 52 53 726.20 First offender status determination; when and how made; 54 procedure thereupon. 726.30 First offender adjudication; post-judgment motions and 55

1	726.35 First offender adjudication; effect thereof; records.
2	<u>§ 726.10 First offender status procedure; definition of terms.</u>
3	As used in this article, the following terms shall have the following
4	meanings:
5	1. "Eligible first offender" means any person who stands charged with
б	a felony or misdemeanor offense alleged to have been committed when he
7	or she was aged twenty-five years or older unless:
8	(a) Such offender has been previously convicted and sentenced for a
9	felony, or
10	(b) Such offender has been previously adjudicated a youthful offender
11	following conviction for a felony or has been adjudicated a young adult
12	offender following a conviction for a felony.
13	2. "First offender finding" means a finding, substituted for the
14	conviction of an eligible first offender, pursuant to a determination
15	that the eligible first offender shall be granted first offender status.
16	3. "First offender sentence" means the sentence imposed upon a first
17	offender finding.
18	4. "First offender adjudication" means an adjudication comprised of a
19	first offender finding and the first offender sentence imposed thereon
20	and is completed by imposition and entry of the first offender sentence.
20	§ 726.20 First offender status determination; when and how made; proce-
22	dure thereupon.
23	1. Upon conviction of an eligible first offender, the court must order
24 25	a pre-sentence investigation of the defendant. After receipt of a writ-
25	ten report of the investigation and at the time of pronouncing sentence
26	the court must determine whether or not the eligible defendant shall
27	receive first offender status. Such determination shall be in accordance
28	with the following criteria:
29	(a) If the eligible first offender is charged with a violation or a
30	misdemeanor offense, the court shall find that he or she is a first
31	offender;
32	(b) In all other cases, if in the opinion of the court the interest of
33	justice would be served by relieving the eligible offender from the onus
34	of a criminal record and the attendant collateral consequences of that
35	permanent criminal record, the court may, in its discretion, find the
36	eligible offender is a first offender; and
37	(c) There shall be a presumption to grant first offender status to an
38	eligible first offender, unless the district attorney upon motion with
39	not less than seven days' notice to such person or his or her attorney
40	demonstrates to the satisfaction of the court that the interest of
41	justice require otherwise.
42	2. When an authorized court determines, pursuant to subdivision one of
43	this section, that the defendant is an eligible first offender, the
44	following sentences may be imposed:
45	(a) An authorized prison sentence pursuant to article seventy of the
46	penal law;
47	(b) An authorized sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or
48	unconditional discharge pursuant to article sixty-five of the penal law;
49	or
50	(c) Any other authorized disposition pursuant to article sixty of the
51	penal law.
52	§ 726.30 First offender adjudication; post-judgment motions and appeal.
53	The provisions of this chapter, governing the making and determination
54	of post-judgment motions and the taking and determination of appeals in
	criminal cases, apply to post judgment motions and appeals with respect

1	to first offender adjudications wherever such provisions can reasonably
2	be so applied.
3	§ 726.35 First offender adjudication; effect thereof; records.
4	1. A first offender adjudication is not a judgment of conviction for a
5	crime or any other offense, and does not operate as a disgualification
6	of any person so adjudged to hold public office or public employment or
7	to receive any license granted by public authority but shall be deemed a
8	conviction only for the purposes of transfer of supervision and custody
9	pursuant to section two hundred fifty-nine-m of the executive law.
10	2. Except where specifically required or permitted by statute or upon
11	specific authorization of the court, upon receipt of notification of a
12	first offender adjudication:
13^{12}	(a) every photograph of such offender and photographic plate or proof,
14	and all palmprints and fingerprints taken or made of such first offender
15	pursuant to the provisions of this article in regard to the action or
16	proceeding terminated, and all duplicates and copies thereof, except a
17	digital fingerprint image where authorized pursuant to paragraph (e) of
18	this subdivision, shall forthwith be, at the discretion of the recipient
19	agency, either destroyed or returned to such first offender, or to the
20	attorney who represented the first offender at the time of the termi-
21	nation of the action or proceeding, at the address given by such person
22	or attorney during the action or proceeding, by the division of criminal
23	justice services and by any police department or law enforcement agency
24	having any such photograph, photographic plate or proof, palmprints or
25	fingerprints in its possession or under its control;
26	(b) any police department or law enforcement agency, including the
20 27	division of criminal justice services, which transmitted or otherwise
28	forwarded to any agency of the United States or of any other state or of
29	any other jurisdiction outside the state of New York copies of any such
30	photographs, photographic plates or proofs, palmprints and fingerprints,
31	shall formally request in writing that all such copies be destroyed or
32	returned to the police department or law enforcement agency which trans-
33	mitted or forwarded them, and upon such return such department or agency
34	shall, at its discretion, either destroy or return them as provided
35	under this subdivision;
36	(c) all official records and papers relating to the arrest or prose-
37	cution, including all duplicates and copies thereof, on file with the
38	division of criminal justice services, police agency, or prosecutor's
39	office shall be sealed and not made available to any person or public or
40	private agency;
41	(d) the records referred to in paragraph (c) of this subdivision shall
42	be made available to the accused first offender or to such first
43	offender's designated agent, and shall be made available to (i) a prose-
44	cutor in any proceeding in which the accused has moved for an order
45	pursuant to section 170.56 or 210.46 of this chapter, or (ii) a law
46	enforcement agency upon ex parte motion in any superior court, or in any
47	district court, city court or the criminal court of the city of New York
48	provided that such court sealed the record, if such agency demonstrates
49	to the satisfaction of the court that justice requires that such records
50	be made available to it, or (iii) any state or local officer or agency
51	with responsibility for the issuance of licenses to possess guns, when
52	the accused has made application for such a license, or (iv) the New
53	York state department of corrections and community supervision when the
54	accused is under parole supervision as a result of conditional release
55	or parole release granted by the New York state board of parole and the
56	arrest which is the subject of the inquiry is one which occurred while

1	the accused was under such supervision, or (v) the probation department
2	responsible for supervision of the accused when the arrest which is the
3	subject of the inquiry is one which occurred while the accused was under
4	such supervision;
5	(e) at no time shall such notification be used for any purpose other
6	than those specified in this subdivision, provided, however, that infor-
7	mation regarding an order of protection or temporary order of protection
8	issued pursuant to section 530.12 of this part or a warrant issued in
9	connection therewith may be maintained on the statewide automated order
10	of protection and warrant registry established pursuant to section two
11	hundred twenty-one-a of the executive law during the period that such
12	order of protection or temporary order of protection is in full force
13	and effect or during which such warrant may be executed. Such confiden-
14	tial information may be made available pursuant to law only for purposes
15	of adjudicating or enforcing such order of protection or temporary order
16	of protection; and
17	(f) where fingerprints subject to the provisions of this section have
18	been received by the division of criminal justice services and have been
19	filed by the division as digital images, such images may be retained,
20	provided that a fingerprint card of the individual is on file with the
21	division which was not sealed pursuant to this section or section 160.50
22	of this chapter.
23	§ 8. Subdivision 2 of section 60.00 of the penal law, as added by
24	chapter 481 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:
25	2. The sole provision of this article that shall apply in the case of
26	an offense committed by a juvenile offender [is] or a defendant adjudi-
20 27	<u>cated a youthful offender or young adult in</u> section 60.10 of this arti-
20	alo and no other provisions of this article shall be deemed or construed
28	cle and no other provisions of this article shall be deemed or construed
29	to apply in any such case.
29 30	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by</pre>
29 30 31	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:</pre>
29 30 31 32	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding</pre>
29 30 31 32 33	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison-
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered purguant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered purguant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a</pre>
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29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sontence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows:</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the oriminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 5 46 47 48	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a torm of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 1. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law.</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of gubdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law.</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 42\\ 43\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\end{array}$	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was substituted[, except that if the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 12. This act shall take effect on the first of November next</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 7 48 49	<pre>to apply in any such case. § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 60.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 471 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows: (1) If the sentence is to be imposed upon a youthful offender finding which has been substituted for a conviction of an offense other than a felony, the court must impose a sentence authorized for the offense for which the youthful offender finding was entered pursuant to paragraph (b) of gubdivision one of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, the court must not impose a definite or intermittent sentence of imprison- ment with a term of more than six months]; or § 10. Subdivision 4 of section 80.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law. § 11. Subdivision 6 of section 80.05 of the penal law is amended to read as follows: 6. Exception. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a corporation, or eligible youth as defined in section 720.10 of the crim- inal procedure law.</pre>