## STATE OF NEW YORK

3309

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 22, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. STECK -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. DeSTEFA-NO, DICKENS, EPSTEIN, FERNANDEZ, GOTTFRIED, HYNDMAN, KIM, MONTESANO, PICHARDO, REYES, SIMON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Banks

AN ACT to amend the state finance law, in relation to establishing the empire state public bank; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. The state finance law is amended by adding a new article 17
2	to read as follows:
3	ARTICLE 17
4	EMPIRE STATE PUBLIC BANK
5	Section 254. Legislative intent.
6	255. Definitions.
7	256. Creation.
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8	257. Commission.
9	258. Transition board.
10	259. Deposit of public funds.
11	260. Investment of state moneys.
12	<u>261. Infrastructure loans.</u>
13	262. Student loans.
14	263. Business, non-profit and individual loans.
15	264. Treasury and banking services.
16	265. Management.
17	266. Advisory board.
18	267. Financial regulation.
19	268. Reporting requirements.
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- 20 <u>269. Ethical requirements.</u>
- 21 270. Fees and taxes.
- 22 271. Bank records.

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD03702-01-1

1	272. Capitalization.
2	273. Public depositary.
3	274. Application of this chapter to the president.
4	275. Cash and demand deposits available.
5	276. Permitted investments.
6	277. Severability.
7	§ 254. Legislative intent. 1. The legislature finds that there are
8	significant public infrastructure, higher education and business devel-
9	opment needs of the state that are unmet. The legislature further finds
10	that there are opportunities to use the state's depository assets to
11	generate additional benefit for the people and the economy of the state.
$12^{11}$	Therefore, the legislature intends to create the empire state public
13	bank as a legacy institution that amasses sufficient capital reserves to
$14^{13}$	address opportunities now and in the future.
15	2. The legislature intends that the public bank may:
16	(a) Facilitate investment in, and financing of, public infrastructure
17	systems that will increase public health, safety, and quality of life,
18	improve environmental conditions, and promote community vitality and
19	economic growth;
20	(b) Assist students who are in need of additional low-cost student
21	loans in order to finance the cost of higher education;
22	(c) Provide businesses, communities and low income areas of our state
23	access to low-interest capital; and
24	(d) Leverage New York's financial capital and resources, and work in
25	partnership with financial institutions, community-based organizations,
26	economic development organizations, guaranty agencies, and other similar
27	organizations.
28	3. The mission of the bank is to use New York's depository assets in
29	ways that afford most efficient use of taxpayer revenues and public
30	resources for the benefit of the people and economy of the state. The
31	legislature intends for the bank to apply business strategies to manage
32	taxpayer revenues while concurrently meeting identified needs and stra-
33	tegic opportunities across the state. In achieving its purpose of
34	improving public infrastructure and increasing access to higher educa-
35	tion, the legislature intends for the bank to adhere to the following
36	priorities:
37	(a) Institutional safety and soundness;
38	(b) Long-term viability;
39	(c) Social return and monetary return on investments;
40	(d) Prudent and best banking and business practices;
41	(e) Highest ethical, accountability, and transparency standards; and
42	(f) Insulation from political influence.
43	§ 255. Definitions. The definitions in this section apply throughout
44	this article unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
45	1. "Board" means the advisory board of the empire state public bank.
46	2. "Commission" means the empire state public bank commission.
47	3. "Department" means the department of financial services.
48	4. "Director" means the director of the department of financial
49	services.
50	5."Superintendent" means the superintendent of the department of
51	<u>financial services.</u>
52	6. "Public infrastructure system" means a system of a local government
53	or political subdivision, a special purpose district, a public school
54	district, an institution of higher education, a federally recognized
55	Indian tribe, or the state, including but not limited to a system
56	involving: Wastewater treatment; storm water management; solid waste

1	disposal; drinking water treatment; flood control levees; energy effi-
2	ciency enhancements; roads, streets, and bridges; transportation infras-
3	tructure, including freight and passenger rail and public transit;
4	broadband and telecommunications infrastructure; outdoor recreation and
5	habitat protection facilities; community, social service, or public
6	safety facilities; schools and educational facilities; and affordable
7	housing.
8	7. "State-chartered bank" means any corporation organized under the
9	laws of this state that is engaged in banking, other than a trust compa-
10	ny, savings association, or a mutual savings bank. It does not include
11	the empire state public bank.
12	8. "State moneys" means all moneys or funds belonging to or in the
13	custody of the state under the control of the state comptroller shall be
14	<u>considered as state moneys or funds.</u>
15	9. "Comptroller" means the comptroller of the state of New York.
16	10. "Bank" means the empire state public bank.
17	§ 256. Creation. The empire state public bank is created.
18	§ 257. Commission. 1. The empire state public bank commission is
19	created as the primary governing authority of the bank. The commission
20	shall consist of the governor, the lieutenant governor, the chair of the
21	assembly banking committee, the chair of senate banking committee, and
22	the state comptroller.
23	2. The commission shall adopt rules regarding the:
24	(a) Safety and soundness standards of the bank;
25	(b) Criteria for evaluating, approving, and monitoring loans;
26	(c) Eligibility requirements and limits for borrowing;
27	(d) Transparency requirements for bank operations;
28	(e) Ethics and conflict of interest requirements for the commission,
29	the board, and officers and employees of the bank, including rules to
30	ensure that they perform their functions in compliance with the public
31	officers law; and
32	(f) Other topics as needed for efficient administration of the bank.
33	3. The commission shall commence bank operations by April first, two
34	thousand twenty-two.
35	4. The commission may delegate to the bank president such duties and
36	powers as deemed necessary to carry on the business of the bank and
37	enforce this article efficiently and effectively. The commission may not
38	<u>delegate its rule-making or policy-making authority.</u>
39	5. The commission shall adopt policies and procedures for its own
40	governance.
41	6. The commission may establish technical advisory committees or
42	consult with public and private sector experts in substantive areas
43	related to the bank's mission, objectives, and duties.
44	§ 258. Transition board. 1. (a) The bank transition board is estab-
45	lished, with members as provided in this section.
46	(i) The temporary president of the senate shall appoint one member
47	from each of the two largest caucuses of the senate.
48	(ii) The speaker of the assembly shall appoint one member from each of
49	the two largest caucuses of the assembly.
50	(iii) The temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the
51	assembly jointly shall appoint seven citizen members with a substantial
52	background in banking or financial issues.
53	(b) The temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the
54	assembly jointly shall select the chair from among the citizen member-
55	ship. The chair shall convene the initial meeting of the bank transition
56	board within forty-five days after the effective date of this section.

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2. The bank transition board shall develop and recommend the following to the commission within the timeline established by the commission:

3 (a) A start-up business plan for the bank that includes plans and 4 timelines for functions that are new and functions transitioning to the 5 bank that were previously performed by another entity;

б (b) Initial capital requirements of the bank;

7 (c) Options for capitalizing the bank; and

8 (d) Other items requested by the commission in order to commence bank 9 operations by April first, two thousand twenty-two.

10 3. Legislative members of the bank transition board must be reimbursed 11 for travel expenses in accordance with the rules of their respective houses. Non-legislative members are entitled to be reimbursed for 12 13 expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties under this article.

14 4. The bank transition board may appoint an interim president and other necessary staff who are exempt from the provisions of this chap-15 16 ter, and who serve at the board's pleasure on such terms and conditions as the board determines. The department must provide technical assist-17 ance to the bank transition board. The board may also contract with 18 19 additional persons who have specific technical expertise if the exper-20 tise is necessary to carry out the requirements of this section.

21 § 259. Deposit of public funds. 1. (a) The bank shall serve as the depository for state moneys once the bank has built sufficient capacity 22 to accept and manage state moneys, as determined by the commission. The 23 24 commission shall establish a process and time frame for the deposit of 25 state moneys into the bank.

26 (b) The comptroller shall deposit state moneys in the bank in accord-27 ance with the time frame and guidelines determined by the commission under this section. 28

29 2. All deposits in the bank are guaranteed by the state.

30 3. All income earned by the bank on state moneys that are deposited in 31 or invested with the bank must be credited to and become a part of the 32 revenues and income of the bank.

33 4. The bank may accept deposits of public funds, but is exempt from 34 the requirements of section one hundred five of this chapter.

35 5. The bank may accept funds from any source, including federal funds or other public funds. 36

6. The commission shall review state accounts that contain public 37 funds that are not state moneys, such as the state insurance fund, and 38 make recommendations to the governor and the appropriate committees of 39 the legislature as to which accounts should be deposited in the bank. 40

41 7. The bank shall make disbursements to the state funds as necessary 42 for the function of state government.

43 <u>§ 260. Investment of state moneys. The bank may invest state moneys</u> 44 deposited in the bank that are not reasonably expected to be necessary 45 to meet the short or intermediate-term liquidity needs of the state. The 46 state comptroller retains authority to manage and invest the amount of 47 funds necessary to meet the operational needs of state government.

48 § 261. Infrastructure loans. The bank is authorized to facilitate 49 investment in, and financing of, construction, rehabilitation, replace-50 ment, and improvement of new and existing public infrastructure systems. 51 Before initiating operations, the commission must present an implementation plan and any necessary legislation to the governor and appropriate 52 53 legislative committees, that:

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1. Identifies the public infrastructure systems that the bank plans to 55 target initially;

1	2. Identifies any existing state programs that the bank recommends be
2	transferred under its umbrella, and the steps and timelines for the
3	transitions;
4	3. Describes additional financing products and services the bank plans
5	to offer, the target markets, anticipated rates, terms, and conditions;
б	4. Demonstrates how bank products and services will increase access to
7	capital for public infrastructure systems and complement those of exist-
8	ing public and private sources; and
9	5. Demonstrates how the bank plans to maximize revenues and public
10	benefit.
11	<u>§ 262. Student loans. The bank is authorized to administer a state</u>
12	guarantee loan program to assist students in need of low-cost student
13	loans and related loan benefits to address educational needs as neces-
14	sary to support student success. The commission shall develop an imple-
15	mentation plan that:
16	1. Identifies the needs and benefits to selected students that the
17	program will target initially;
18	2. Demonstrates how the bank plans to maximize revenues and public
19	benefit while minimizing public risk;
20	3. Demonstrates how the bank will coordinate with the office of
21	student financial assistance; and
22	4. Identifies the ways that the program will address the following
23	issues related to loans:
24	(a) Qualification criteria for students;
25	(b) Obligations and options for loan repayment;
26	(c) Requirements for loan quarantees and reserves;
27	(d) Fee and interest rate structure;
28	(e) Maximum loan amounts; and
29	(f) Ensuring student awareness of grants, federal loans, and other
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29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<ul> <li>(f) Ensuring student awareness of grants, federal loans, and other financial aid programs.</li> <li>§ 263. Business, non-profit and individual loans. The bank is authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to businesses, entrepreneurs, non-profit community-based organizations, start-up businesses and below average income areas and individuals of this state to further economic growth, create jobs and build and sustain affordable housing for the residents of this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to bring fiscally sound and financially successful businesses into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to established businesses in this state for the purpose of providing financial stability for the bank as provided for by this section.</li> <li>1. Purchase, guarantee or hold loans made by private banks, credit unions or other financial institutions doing business in this state.</li> <li>2. Make loans in the form of participation loans with community banks</li> </ul>
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$\begin{array}{c} 2  9 \\ 3  0 \\ 3  1 \\ 3  2 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  4 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  7 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  9 \\ 4  1 \\ 4  2 \\ 4  4 \\ 4  5 \\ 4  6 \\ 4  7 \\ 4  8 \\ 9 \\ 5  1 \\ 5  1 \end{array}$	(f) Ensuring student awareness of grants, federal loans, and other financial aid programs. § 263. Business, non-profit and individual loans. The bank is author- ized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to businesses, entrepreneurs, non-profit community- based organizations, start-up businesses and below average income areas and individuals of this state to further economic growth, create jobs and build and sustain affordable housing for the residents of this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capi- tal to bring fiscally sound and financially successful businesses into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to established businesses in this state for the purpose of providing financial stability for the bank as provided for by this section. 1. Purchase, guarantee or hold loans made by private banks, credit unions or other financial institutions doing business in this state. 2. Make loans in the form of participation loans with community banks in this state to qualified individuals and businesses residing or doing business in this state when the originator of the loan is a private bank, credit union or other financial institution. 3. Serve as a banker's bank for chartered banks in this state by
$\begin{array}{c} 2  9 \\ 3  0 \\ 3  1 \\ 3  2 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  7 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  9 \\ 4  1 \\ 4  2 \\ 4  4 \\ 4  5 \\ 4  7 \\ 4  8 \\ 9  0 \\ 5  1 \\ 5  2 \end{array}$	(f) Ensuring student awareness of grants, federal loans, and other financial aid programs. § 263. Business, non-profit and individual loans. The bank is author- ized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to businesses, entrepreneurs, non-profit community- based organizations, start-up businesses and below average income areas and individuals of this state to further economic growth, create jobs and build and sustain affordable housing for the residents of this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capi- tal to bring fiscally sound and financially successful businesses into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to established businesses in this state for the purpose of providing financial stability for the bank as provided for by this section. 1. Purchase, guarantee or hold loans made by private banks, credit unions or other financial institutions doing business in this state. 2. Make loans in the form of participation loans with community banks in this state to qualified individuals and businesses residing or doing business in this state when the originator of the loan is a private bank, credit union or other financial institution. 3. Serve as a banker's bank for chartered banks in this state by providing correspondent banking services and other related services in
$\begin{array}{c} 2  9 \\ 3  0 \\ 3  1 \\ 3  2 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  4 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  7 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  7 \\ 3  3 \\ 4  1 \\ 4  2 \\ 4  3 \\ 4  4 \\ 5  1 \\ 5  1 \\ 5  2 \\ 5  3 \end{array}$	(f) Ensuring student awareness of grants, federal loans, and other financial aid programs. § 263. Business, non-profit and individual loans. The bank is authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to businesses, entrepreneurs, non-profit community-based organizations, start-up businesses and below average income areas and individuals of this state to further economic growth, create jobs and build and sustain affordable housing for the residents of this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to bring fiscally sound and financially successful businesses into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to established businesses in this state for the purpose of providing financial stability for the bank as provided for by this section. 1. Purchase, guarantee or hold loans made by private banks, credit unions or other financial institutions doing businesses in this state. 2. Make loans in the form of participation loans with community banks in this state to qualified individuals and businesses residing or doing business in this state when the originator of the loan is a private bank, credit union or other financial institution. 3. Serve as a banker's bank for chartered banks in this state by providing correspondent banking services and other related services in keeping with its mission.
$\begin{array}{c} 2  9 \\ 3  0 \\ 3  1 \\ 3  2 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  5 \\ 3  7 \\ 3  3 \\ 3  9 \\ 4  1 \\ 4  2 \\ 4  4 \\ 4  5 \\ 4  7 \\ 4  8 \\ 9  0 \\ 5  1 \\ 5  2 \end{array}$	(f) Ensuring student awareness of grants, federal loans, and other financial aid programs. § 263. Business, non-profit and individual loans. The bank is author- ized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to businesses, entrepreneurs, non-profit community- based organizations, start-up businesses and below average income areas and individuals of this state to further economic growth, create jobs and build and sustain affordable housing for the residents of this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capi- tal to bring fiscally sound and financially successful businesses into this state as provided for by this section. The bank is also authorized to leverage its financial capital and resources to provide access to low-cost capital to established businesses in this state for the purpose of providing financial stability for the bank as provided for by this section. 1. Purchase, guarantee or hold loans made by private banks, credit unions or other financial institutions doing business in this state. 2. Make loans in the form of participation loans with community banks in this state to qualified individuals and businesses residing or doing business in this state when the originator of the loan is a private bank, credit union or other financial institution. 3. Serve as a banker's bank for chartered banks in this state by providing correspondent banking services and other related services in

56 5. Be authorized to issue bank stock loans to state-charted banks.

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1	<u>§ 264. Treasury and banking services. 1. For financial institutions</u>
2	that make the bank a reserve depository, the bank may serve as a clear-
3	inghouse, including all facilities for providing domestic and foreign
4	exchange, and may rediscount paper, on terms the commission provides.
5	2. The bank may provide corporate trust services for the state and its
б	political subdivisions including trustee, escrow agent, paying agent,
7	bond registrar, and transfer agent.
8	3. The bank may buy and sell federal funds; issue letters of credit
9	for public deposits; and provide a safekeeping service for United States
10	treasury securities, federal agency securities, corporate bonds, tax-
11	free bonds, money market investments, and mortgage-backed securities.
12	4. The bank may perform services currently contracted out by the
13	office of temporary disability services regarding electronic benefits
14	transfer cards.
15	§ 265. Management. 1. The commission shall appoint a bank president
16	with demonstrated and substantial experience in banking. The president
17	shall serve at the commission's pleasure, on such terms and conditions
18	as the commission determines.
19	2. The president shall provide support to the commission and the advi-
20	sory board, carry out bank policies and programs, and exercise addi-
21	tional authority as may be delegated by the commission.
22	3. Subject to available funding and consistent with commission direc-
23	tion, the bank president:
24	(a) May employ such additional personnel as are necessary to the
25	bank's operations. This employment shall be in accordance with the
26	state civil service law; and
27	(b) May contract with persons who have the technical expertise needed
28	to carry out a specific, time-limited project.
20 29	<u>§ 266. Advisory board. 1. (a) A public bank advisory board consisting</u>
	of eleven members is created to review the bank's operations and make
30 21	recommendations relating to the bank's management, services, policies,
31 32	
33	<u>and procedures.</u> (b) The governor shall appoint members of the advisory board, subject
34 25	to confirmation by the senate. The members of the advisory board must be
35	knowledgeable in banking or finance and must represent a diversity of
36	experience relevant to activities of the bank. Six or more of the
37	members must have expertise in banking or finance. Two members must be
38	from a consumer advocacy or social justice organization or have a back-
39	ground in the area of consumer advocacy or social justice. Advisory
40	board members serve at the pleasure of the governor.
41	(c) The board shall choose its chair from among its membership.
42	2. The term of the members is three years. Five of the initial board
43	members must be appointed to serve an initial term of three years, three
44	must be appointed to serve an initial term of two years, and the three
45	remaining members must be appointed to serve an initial term of one
46	year. All subsequent terms are three years. To ensure that the board can
47	continue to act, a member whose term expires shall continue to serve
48	until his or her replacement is appointed. In the case of any vacancy on
49	the board for any reason, the governor shall appoint a new member to
50	serve out the term of the person whose position has become vacant. A
51	board member may be removed for misconduct inconsistent with the mission
52	of the bank by the governor.
53	3. Members of the advisory board are entitled to reimbursement for
54	expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties under this article.

1	<u>§ 267. Financial regulation. 1. The bank must maintain capital adequa-</u>
2	cy and other standard indicators of safety and soundness as is appropri-
3	ate for a publicly owned financial institution.
4	2. The superintendent may examine the bank in the same manner as a
5	state-chartered financial institution. The superintendent shall take
6	into consideration the unique circumstances of a publicly owned finan-
7	cial institution when examining the bank. The bank shall pay the direc-
8	tor for the reasonable costs of examinations.
9	3. The bank must undergo independent audits on the same basis as
10	state-chartered banks.
11	§ 268. Reporting requirements. 1. The bank shall submit quarterly
12	reports to the commission in a manner and form prescribed by the commis-
13	sion. Late reports are not permissible and shall be cause for removal
14	of the person or persons responsible.
15	2. The commission shall make a report to the legislature on the
16	affairs of the bank by December first of each year.
17	§ 269. Ethical requirements. The bank may not make a loan to any advi-
18	sory board member, the president, public officers or employees of the
19	bank. Advisory board members, the president, and employees of the bank
20	must follow any applicable ethical requirements in rules, policies, and
21	procedures adopted by the commission.
22	§ 270. Fees and taxes. The bank is exempt from payment of all fees and taxes levied by the state or any of its subdivisions.
23 24	§ 271. Bank records. 1. Certain bank business records and records of
24 25	the department relating to the bank are exempt from public disclosure as
26	authorized by the department of financial services.
27	2. Financial and commercial information and records submitted to
28	either the department or the commission for the purpose of administering
29	this article may be shared between the department and the comptroller.
30	These records may also be used in any suit or administrative hearing
31	involving any provision of this chapter.
32	3. This section does not prohibit:
33	(a) The issuance of general statements based on the reports of persons
34	subject to this article as long as the statements do not identify the
35	information furnished by any person; or
36	(b) The publication by the director or the commission of the name of
37	any person violating this article and a statement of the manner of the
38	violation by that person.
39	§ 272. Capitalization. The commission must make recommendations to the
40	appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature on options for capital-
41	ization of the bank. Any recommendations must include draft legislation
42	for consideration by the legislature.
43	§ 273. Public depositary. The empire state public bank created in
44	section two hundred fifty-six of this article may accept deposits of
45	public funds, but is not a public depositary.
46	§ 274. Application of this chapter to the president. The provisions of
47	this chapter outside this article do not apply to the president as
48	defined in section two hundred sixty-five of this article.
49	§ 275. Cash and demand deposits available. The state comptroller shall
50 E 1	maintain at all times cash, or demand deposits in the empire state
51 52	public bank or qualified public depositaries in an amount needed to meet the operational needs of state government. The state comptroller shall
52 53	not be considered to be in violation of unlawful issuance of checks or
53 54	drafts if he or she maintains demand accounts in public depositaries in
55	an amount less than all treasury warrants issued and outstanding.

1 276. Permitted investments. Subject to the limitations in section S two hundred sixty of this article, wherever there is in any fund or in 2 3 cash balances in the state treasury more than sufficient to meet the 4 current expenditures properly payable therefrom, the bank may invest or 5 reinvest such portion of such funds or balances as the bank deems expeб dient in the following defined securities or classes of investments: 7 1. Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, or other obli-8 gations of the United States or its agencies, or of any corporation 9 wholly owned by the government of the United States; 10 2. In state, county, municipal, or school district bonds, or in 11 warrants of taxing districts of the state. Such bonds and warrants shall be only those found to be within the limit of indebtedness prescribed by 12 13 law for the taxing district issuing them and to be general obligations. The state comptroller may purchase such bonds or warrants directly from 14 15 the taxing district or in the open market at such prices and upon such terms as it may determine, and may sell them at such times as it deems 16 17 advisable; 18 3. In motor vehicle fund warrants when authorized by agreement between 19 the state comptroller and the department of transportation requiring 20 repayment of invested funds from any moneys in the motor vehicle fund 21 available for state highway construction; 4. In federal home loan bank notes and bonds, federal land bank bonds 22 and federal national mortgage association notes, debentures and guaran-23 teed certificates of participation, or the obligations of any other 24 25 government sponsored corporation whose obligations are or may become 26 eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the 27 board of governors of the federal reserve system; 5. Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market; 28 29 6. Negotiable certificates of deposit of any national or state commer-30 cial or mutual savings bank or savings and loan association doing busi-31 ness in the United States, provided, the comptroller shall follow the 32 investment policies and procedures advised by the investment advisory committee pursuant to subdivision b of section four hundred twenty-three 33 34 of the retirement and social security law; 35 7. Commercial paper, provided that the comptroller shall follow the investment policies and procedures advised by the investment advisory 36 committee pursuant to subdivision b of section four hundred twenty-three 37 of the retirement and social security law. 38 39 <u>§ 277. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision,</u> section or part of this article shall be adjudged by a court of compe-40 tent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair 41 42 or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its opera-43 tion to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of 44 this article directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment 45 shall have been rendered. 46 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 47 section 258 of the state finance law, as added by section one of this 48 act shall be deemed repealed on April 1, 2022. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation neces-49 50 sary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date. 51