STATE OF NEW YORK

9364

IN SENATE

May 20, 2022

Introduced by Sen. MATTERA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, the education law and the executive law, in relation to enacting Paige's law

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as "Paige's law".

§ 2. Subdivision one of section 2500-a of the public health law, as amended by chapter 730 of the laws of 2021, is amended by adding a new paragraph (k) to read as follows:

(k) Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia and thoracic aortic aneurysms and dissections through gene sequencing, Marfan syndrome and related disorders.

§ 3. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 2500-l to read as follows:

§ 2500-l. Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, thoracic aortic aneurysms, Marfan syndrome and related disorders prenatal screening awareness. 1. As used in this section, "health care practitioner" means a medical professional that provides prenatal care.

2. A health care practitioner caring for a pregnant woman shall provide to such woman materials promulgated by the commissioner which include information on being a potential carrier of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, thoracic aortic aneurysms, Marfan syndrome and related disorders and the availability and options for prenatal screening for such conditions and disorders.

§ 4. The education law is amended by adding a new section 3001-e to read as follows:

§ 3001-e. Brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm and stroke awareness and response training. 1. (a) Teachers shall annually complete a course or training in the identification of and response to a pupil experiencing a brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm or stroke.

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD15690-01-2

(b) Documentation showing the successful completion of the instruction required pursuant to this section shall be kept in such teacher's personnel file.

2. The training required pursuant to this section may be performed by the registered nurse at the school in which the teacher is hired to work or by a recognized training program approved by the commissioner through any method available, including but not limited to courses online or in person.

§ 5. Section 206 of the public health law is amended by adding a new subdivision 32 to read as follows:

32. The commissioner, in consultation with municipal police training council and the superintendent of state police, shall develop a training program and associated training materials to be given annually, to provide instruction and information to police officers and emergency medical services personnel on protocols for the identification of and response to an individual experiencing a brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm or stroke.

§ 6. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 3055 to read as follows:

§ 3055. Brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm and stroke response training. The commissioner shall provide the training program relating to protocols for the identification of and response to an individual experiencing a brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm or stroke pursuant to subdivision thirty-two of section two hundred six of this chapter to all emergency medical services personnel including, but not limited to, first responders, emergency medical technicians, advanced emergency medical technicians and emergency vehicle operators.

§ 7. Section 840 of the executive law is amended by adding a new subdivision 7 to read as follows:

7. The council shall, in addition:

(a) Develop, maintain and disseminate, in consultation with the commissioner of health, written policies and procedures consistent with subdivision thirty-two of section two hundred six of the public health law, regarding protocols for the identification of and response to an individual experiencing a brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm or stroke. Such policies and procedures shall make provisions for the education and training of new and veteran police officers on such protocols; and

(b) Recommend to the governor, rules and regulations with respect to the establishment and implementation on an ongoing annual basis of a training program for all current and new police officers regarding the policies and procedures established pursuant to this subdivision.

§ 8. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 214-h to read as follows:

§ 214-h. Brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm and stroke response training. The superintendent shall, for all members of the state police:

1. Develop, maintain and disseminate, in consultation with the commissioner of health, written policies and procedures consistent with subdivision thirty-two of section two hundred six of the public health law, regarding protocols for the identification of and response to an individual experiencing a brain arteriovenous malformation, brain aneurysm or stroke. Such policies and procedures shall make provisions for the education and training of new and veteran police officers on the protocols for response to victims of suspected drug overdose and the administration of opioid antagonists; and

2. Recommend to the governor, rules and regulations with respect to the establishment and implementation on an ongoing annual basis of a training program for all current and new police officers regarding the policies and procedures established pursuant to this subdivision.

§ 9. The education law is amended by adding a new section 924 to read as follows:

§ 924. Brain arteriovenous malformation and brain aneurysm awareness. Each school shall provide to the parent or guardian of every child entering kindergarten educational materials promulgated by the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of health, regarding brain arteriovenous malformation and brain aneurysms, as well as information on being a potential carrier of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, thoracic aortic aneurysms, Marfan syndrome and related disorders and the availability and options for genetic testing for such conditions and disorders.

§ 10. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after it shall have become a law; provided, however, that if chapter 730 of the laws of 2021 shall not have taken effect on or before such date then section two of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as such chapter of the laws of 2021, takes effect. Effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized to be made and completed on or before such effective date.