8522

## IN SENATE

March 8, 2022

- Introduced by Sen. O'MARA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Budget and Revenue
- AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a home heating tax credit; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new
2	subsection (11-1) to read as follows:
3	(11-1) Home heating tax credit. (1) For purposes of this subsection
4	the term "qualified taxpayer" shall mean a resident individual of the
5	state, who maintained his or her primary residence in this state on
б	December thirty-first of the taxable year, and who was an owner of such
7	property on such date or renters who are responsible for paying for
8	their own heat, and who are not eligible for the home energy assistance
9	program. An individual shall be considered a qualified taxpayer with
10	respect to no more than one primary residence during any given taxable
11	year.
12	(2) The tax credit under this subsection shall be determined as
13	<u>follows:</u>
14	(a) For single individuals that are qualified taxpayers, a credit of
14 15	(a) For single individuals that are qualified taxpayers, a credit of three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five
15	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five
15 16	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less.
15 16 17	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file
15 16 17 18	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two
15 16 17 18 19	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less.
15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less. (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord-</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less. (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less. (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord-</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less. (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord- ance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this arti-
15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less. (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord- ance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this arti- cle, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon. For each
15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25	three hundred dollars for those with income of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or less. (b) For married individuals that are qualified taxpayers and file jointly, a credit of six hundred dollars for those with income of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less. (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord- ance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this arti- cle, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon. For each year such credit is allowed, on or before October fifteenth of such

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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## S. 8522

1	information available to the commissioner on the taxpayer's personal
2	<u>income tax return filed for the taxable year two years prior to the</u>
3	taxable year in which such credit is allowed. For those taxpayers whom
4	the commissioner has determined to be eligible for such credit, the
5	commissioner shall advance a payment in the amount specified in para-
6	graph two of this subsection, which payment shall be issued, to the
7	<u>greatest extent practicable, by October thirty-first of each year such</u>
8	credit is allowed. A taxpayer who has failed to receive an advance
9	payment that he or she believes was due to him or her, or who has
10	<u>received an advance payment that he or she believes is less than the</u>
11	amount that was due to him or her, may request payment of such claimed
12	deficiency in a manner prescribed by the commissioner.
13	§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to the
14	taxable year 2021 and shall expire and be deemed repealed December 31,
15	2022.